SECTION ONE—PAGES 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1897 FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

CARPET SALE!

Handsome Velvets, with borders, a yard	65c
Brussels, a yard	50c
Moquet and Axminster, a yard	90c
Best Body Brussels, a yard	90c
Good Body Brussels, a yard	75c
Ingrain, good quality	25c
All-Wool Ingrain, a yard	45c
All-Wool Ingrain, a yard	55c
Agra Ingrains, a yard	65c

Minn. Hist. Society

Terms Arranged to Suit You.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

KNABE, THE QUEEN, It is conceded, the world over, that the KNABE PIANO is the Queen of all Pianos made. The Colonial style is ARTISTIC, BEAUTIFUL, CHASTE. Sold only by

E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager. SALESROOMS—Phoenix Block—Second Floor, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street. **DULUTH MUSIC CO.**

July Magazines

Are arriving every day. Wedding, Reception and At Home Cards at the lowest possible prices. Souvenirs of Duluth.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

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COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER CO.,

Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.

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Furnish Electric Current *For Light and Power.*

L. MENDENHALL. *Established 1889.* T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property

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OFFICE 524 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

F. S. KELLY, Prop. Telephone 591. All work guaranteed. **CARPETS** Taken up, cleaned, laid, lined and made over at moderate prices.

GREAT REMOVAL SALE AT O. G. HULBERG'S, Jeweler,

(Successor to Hulberg Bros.) *Eighteenth Ave. West, Duluth.*

From now until I move into my new store, now under construction near Twentieth avenue west, I have decided to close out my entire stock of

High-grade Silverware, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

at prices that will open the eyes of the most skeptical, in order to get everything new, bright and shiny when I get into my new store.

Until July 1, 1897.

ZWEIFEL'S

BEST CABINETS PER DOZEN $2.50

Take advantage of this special reduction in price on high grade Photos. *STUDIOS: 20.21 Phœnix Block.*

If you wish to drink a choice glass of Lager call for Fitger's Beer.

Imported Hand-Made English Lace.

Mrs. R. W. Wright, formerly located on Tower avenue, West Superior, has removed to 1830 Belknap St., near Spicer-Fanning's dry goods store, and has a large assortment of Imported Hand Made English Lace which will be sold at **a discount of 20 per cent from now until July 1.** At home all day Tuesdays and Thursdays and Saturday mornings.

CLOT OF BLOOD

Senator Pettigrew Suddenly Prostrated While Making a Violent Speech.

MUST BE KEPT QUIET

The Trouble Caused By a Clot of Blood on the Brain.

Washington, June 26.—Senator Pettigrew was overcome in the midst of a violent speech in the senate at 2:25 p. m. today. He hesitated, failed to enunciate his words and then, without serious agitation, took his seat with his sentence unfinished.

Water was brought him and his friends gathered about. He appeared to revive quickly, and business proceeded. He left the senate soon after.

Senator Pettigrew went on to the cloak room, and Senator Deboe, who is a physician, made an examination. He pronounced Senator Pettigrew's case as quite serious. He said it might be a hemorrhage of the brain, though nothing definite could be said. A physician was sent for to attend the senator. He could speak only with difficulty, though in reply to questions said he was not feeling badly.

Dr. Baine, who was summoned to attend Senator Pettigrew, said his illness was caused by a blood clot on the brain but that there would be no serious results if he should be kept free from excitement.

Senator Pettigrew was removed to his home at 1750 Q street, N. W., accompanied by Dr. Baine, Senator Mantle and Sergeant-at-Arms Bright. He walked to the carriage at a sprightly gait and without assistance. He said he was in no pain, but he talked with great difficulty, and very indistinctly. Dr. Baine said there was no immediate danger, though he pronounced the attack to be in the nature of a slight stroke of apoplexy, causing facial paralysis.

FORGER SENTENCED.

Given Five Years Though Medical Experts Said He Was Insane.

Cleveland, June 26.—Charles N. Cunningham, who forged Judge E. T. Hamilton's name to a check for $75,000, was sentenced by Judge Stone today to five years in the penitentiary. The motion for a new trial was overruled.

The case excited the attention of the medical world, in that expert physicians held that owing to a depression in Cunningham's skull which pressed upon the brain, he was virtually insane and irresponsible for his actions. He underwent an operation to remove the pressure and claimed that it cleared his reason.

The court held, however, that there was no evidence that the depression affected Cunningham's sanity and accordingly sentenced him to the penitentiary.

ANSWER TO JAPAN.

Secretary of State Replies to Hawaiian Protest.

Washington, June 26.—The reply of the secretary of state to the protest of the Japanese government against the annexation of Hawaii has been forwarded to the Japanese legation here and by them cabled to Tokio.

The legation probably will file a supplemental statement upon receiving instructions from the home government. It is said that this will take some time, as the note of the state department is worded in a most careful and diplomatic manner, and its meaning is somewhat obscure as to the points raised by the Japanese officials.

SUIT INVOLVING $2,000,000.

Wichita, Kan., June 26.—The trial of the suit brought by Thomas A. Shedd, of Boston, against George Troutman, of Philadelphia, which involves $2,000,000, has begun in the district court. It is a result of the failure of the Lombard Investment company, of Kansas City. The main questions to be decided are: Can a stockholder be sued directly by a creditor without first proceeding against the company? also, can a corporation, organized under the Kansas laws, sell its business to a Missouri corporation, which assumes its liabilities, without the express consent of the creditors of the Kansas company? This corporation was afterwards succeeded by the Lombard Investment company, a Missouri corporation, which assumed all the liabilities and assets of the Kansas corporation.

ROBISON DENIES IT.

Milwaukee, June 26.—M. E. Robison, one of the owners of the Cleveland baseball club, who is now in this city, denies the report that the Cleveland club is to be transferred to Milwaukee. He says he will not leave the Ohio city unless he is beaten in the courts on Sunday baseball. In that event Milwaukee will be his first choice. He also denies the report that he had traded Catcher Creiger and Blake for Pitcher Jones. Jones has been purchased by the Cleveland club, but will not join the team until the end of the season. Blake has been sold to the Milwaukee club, but there is no deal for Creiger.

DECLARED A DIVIDEND.

New York, June 26.—The directors of the Postal Telegraph company today declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent, payable July 1.

CORNELL'S TWO CREWS.

Courtney Has a Second Crowd in Reserve.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 26.—The college boat races of the coming week have taken on a new interest because of the victory of Cornell yesterday. The defeat of Cornells' 'varsity crew by either Pennsylvania or Columbia would make a very interesting complication, and the winner could justly demand recognition by Yale and Harvard.

It is believed that Mr. Courtney has anticipated such a thing. He has a second 'varsity crew, not as finely trained as the one that rowed yesterday, but if any of the men of the regular crew show any signs of staleness they will be immediately supplanted by substitutes from the "short cake" crew, and it would not be surprising to see an almost entirely new crew start. In other words, Mr. Courtney will not take any chances, for he appreciates that both Pennsylvania and Columbia are doing splendid work.

TARIFF BILL NEARLY COMPLETE.

Judge Morris Need Not Return on Its Account.

Washington, June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is wholly unnecessary for Representative Morris to return from Duluth on account of the tariff bill. That measure will probably be out of the senate early next week and completed in conference by July 10.

All the important schedules are now agreed on, and there is little prospect of any more trouble. In the matter of iron, lumber, hides, wool and other products the West is well protected by this bill, which is said to be more favorable to Western interests than any bill ever passed before.

FORTUNATE ESCAPE.

Head End Collision of an Excursion Train With an Engine.

Akron, Ohio, June 26.—The first section of the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus train, having on board the employes of the Goodyear Rubber company, the Diamond Rubber company and the Akron India Rubber company was run into by a Baltimore & Ohio engine at Millersburg this morning. Several people were seriously injured.

Shortly after the wreck occurred a brief dispatch was received at the local offices of the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus company, at Cleveland. The dispatch stated that no one was seriously injured. The employes of the Goodrich Ruber company, at Akron, were on their way to Hiawatha Park, at Mount Vernon, for their annual outing. It was not intended to stop at Millersburg and the train was going through the town at a high rate of speed when the engineer suddenly discovered a Baltimore & Ohio train on the track ahead of him standing in front of the depot.

He whistled for brakes and applied the air brakes, but there appeared to be no check on the speed. It dashed on and struck the Baltimore & Ohio train. The collision was terrific. The engineers and firemen of both engines jumped and saved themselves. Both engines were badly wrecked and both baggage cars badly damaged. There were 500 on board the excursion train and great excitement prevailed.

As nearly as can be learned but five persons were injured. The blame for the accident has yet to be determined.

The names of the injured are as follows:

Philip Rosemond, left leg broken at the hip, very seriously hurt.

John Wiese, internally injured.

Alias Capron, back and left leg badly bruised.

Champ Lilly, nose broken, severe bruises.

Frank Hilton, leg severely injured.

Edward Hilton, injured about head.

Arthur Cope, broken ankle and internal injuries.

All of the above were riding in the baggage car, being bicycle riders and having their wheels with them.

MOTOR LINE SOLD CHEAPLY.

Milwaukee, June 26.—The Milwaukee & Wauwatosa Motor line sold at public auction today for $45,500. The property was bid in by C. F. Rosenkrantz. While the purchase is popularly supposed to be for the street railway company, this is strongly denied. The sale has been the most disastrous ever conducted in Milwaukee, so far as railroad property is concerned, in the building and equipment of the line $396,000 was expended, and it is maintained that the right-of-way is worth more than $250,000 alone.

LUETGERT PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

Chicago, June 26.—Adolph L. Luetgert, the wealthy sausage manufacturer, accused of murdering his wife and disposing of her body in a vat of acid at his factory, was today refused release on a writ of habeas corpus. Judge Gibbons held him for trial without bail. The prisoner was at once arraigned and entered a plea of not guilty, his attorney, ex-Judge Vincent, asking for an immediate trial.

AN ENERGETIC ATTITUDE.

Madrid, June 26.—Don Francisco Silvela, the leader of the dissenting Conservatives, has published a manifesto demanding the adoption by the Spanish government of an energetic attitude towards the United States in regard to Cuba.

COL. PRYOR IS RECOVERING.

London, June 26.—The condition of Col. Pryor of the Canadian contingent of troops, who met with an accident, after which blood poisoning set in, is much improved.

Fine Dramatic Company.

Of the Marks Bros.' Dramatic company that opens at Turner hall Monday evening, July 5, for a month's engagement, the Daily Advertiser of London, Ont., says:

"No better proof of the favors in which the Marks Bros.' company is held by London theater-goers could be adduced than the fact that this is the company's third week, and the Music hall has contained large audiences every night. "The Lost Heiress," a four-act melodrama, brimful of romance and stirring incident, was presented last evening to an audience large enough to please the managers of any theater. The company did clever work, whether in their acting or the songs they rendered, and ought to have been satisfied with the applause that was showered upon them."

HE TALKS RIGHT OUT

Franklin Rockefeller Tells Why He Cannot Operate His Mines Now.

HIGH FREIGHT RATE

He Will Give All His Business to Any Independent Railroad.

Franklin Rockefeller arrived in the city today from Ely, where he has been looking over his Zenith mine. He also visited his Franklin mine on the Mesaba range. This afternoon he left for the Gogebic where he also has heavy interests and where he says he has a chance to make some money.

A reporter for The Evening Herald met Mr. Rockefeller at the Spalding this afternon and asked him what the prospects were for his resuming mining operations at the Franklin and Zenith.

"I will not take out a pound of ore this year," he replied, "and cannot as long as conditions remain as they are. It is impossible for me to compete in the open market at present prices without loss, for every bit of ore sold now must be sold at a loss. Yes, I can mine ore just as cheap as anybody else and can have it hauled to market as cheap as anybody else, for we all pay the same freight rates, but if I sell ore at prices now quoted I must lose from 40 to 50 cents on every ton and that I can't afford to do. I am credibly informed that the Minnesota Iron company is offering and selling Fayal ore at Cleveland for $2.10 a ton. This is 30 or 40 cents a ton less than it costs to produce it and pay freight rates. Of course the railroad which is owned by the Minnesota Iron company makes more than this out of the freight secured for hauling the ore to Two Harbors at 80 cents a ton and can possibly afford to lose on its mines in order to make a profit on the haul, but as I have no railroad to reimburse me there is nothing left but to close my mine.

"There is not a mine in Minnesota owned outside of the two big companies that is worth a dollar. I was offered 200 acres of land adjoining the Zenith yesterday at a price which would have been considered dirt cheap a year ago, and I told the man that I would not give him $4 for it and what is more I could not even afford to spend time talking about it.

"Now mind you, I don't say that I would not do just as the Minnesota Iron company is doing if I had a chance. I simply throw up my hands and admit that I am squeezed out."

And Mr. Rockefeller, who evidently is not in with John D. held his hands as high above his head as he possibly could have done were he looking into the shining barrel of a six-shooter in the hands of a highway robber in the active practice of his profession.

Continuing Mr. Rockefeller said: "I can't do business in Minnesota and neither cany any other independent mine owner as long as the legislature of the state gives charters to railroad companies that enables them to do a mining business and manipulate freight rates so as to exclude competition. I have $1,000,000 invested on the Vermilion and Mesaba ranges, and so long as present conditions continue there is no hope of realizing anything from it. I have 2,500,000 tons of Mesaba ore blocked out, but I will never raise a pound of it to the service just because it is impossible to sell it and get my money back.

"I do not know what the policy of the Consolidated may be, but they are evidently willing to let others sell ore at losing prices and keep their property until they can do better. In the meantime they are doing a good business with their railroad and can afford to wait.

"Yes, I am through with iron mining in Minnesota, and am going to the Gogebic range where I can make some money."

"But how is it," asked the reporter, "that you can make money there and not here?"

"That suggests another phase of the situation," said he. "Without asking for it the fee owners of my mines reduced royalties to 10 cents a ton, and the railroad companies, not being miners themselves, as they are on the Minnesota ranges, reduced freight rates to 45 cents. That gives us a show to do business with a little margin of profit. The fee owners on the Minnesota ranges are destroying their own interests by insisting on fancy royalties. They must come down now and have some leases on land joining the Franklin. If I can't operate the Franklin, of which I own the fee, I certainly can't do anything with property on which I must pay a heavy royalty. What will be the outcome of it all? Why, the leases will have to be thrown up, but beyond that I can't say what the future will bring forth.

"Since coming here I have heard some talk of an independent line of road to Ely. I do not know anything about it, but if one is built and it will make a reasonable reduction in freight rates, and will keep out of a combination with the other roads I will give it all of the business of the Zenith mines.

"As a matter of fact a reduction of freight rates, so long as the railroad companies continue to do a mining business, or the mining companies operate railroads—it does not matter which way you whip the devil about the bush—will not entirely remedy the evil. Just as long as there is a profit in freight just that long can these companies sell ore at a lower price than all competitors, although, of course, they can't afford to quote such ruinously low prices as they are now doing."

FATAL SCAFFOLD ACCIDENT.

Milwaukee, June 26.—A special to the Wisconsin from Stephenson, Mich., says: A scaffolding upon which N. B. Vincent and Joseph Dumoulin, shinglers, were at work, broke and both men were precipitated to the ground. Vincent was instantly killed and Dumoulin probably fatally injured. He has rich relatives in Illinois.

FAIR CONSPIRACY CASE.

Judge Aitken Continues His Remarkable Testimony.

San Francisco, June 26.—In the trial of the Angus-Craven case, after a long argument, ex-Judge Aitken has been permitted to relate the conversations which he had with Martin Kelly with reference to the pencil deeds which Mrs. Craven had asked him to swear to having seen in 1895. He stated that Kelly urged him to get into the case as it was the opportunity of a lifetime for making his fortune. Witness replied that he hid not wish to have anything to do with the matter. Kelly assured him that there was no possibility of his endangering himself, as a notary public had already testified that the certificates upon the deeds were all right. Finally Aitken asked Kelly by whom the deeds were written. Objection of counsel for Mrs. Craven to this question was sustained, but witness was permitted to state that Kelly had urged him twenty times or more, that he get into the case, promising him if he did so he would never be called upon to testify as the matter would be settled out of court.

A BAD MILL FIRE.

A Large Rye Mill at New Orleans Burned at Noon Today.

New Orleans, La., June 26.—Fire broke out shortly after noon today in the 4-story building at the corner of Julia and Magazine streets owned and occupied by Frederick and Felix Ernst as a rye mill. The fire spread to all portions of the building in a short space of time, and despite the quick work of the department the structure will be totally destroyed. At 1 o'clock the fire spread to the old mill, just in the rear, and is burning fiercely. The loss will amount to more than $100,000.

There was a panic in Hernsheim's tobacco factory, where several hundred girls were employed, but all managed to get out in safety. The buildings are opposite each other, and Hernsheim's is in imminent danger.

BLAZE AT UTICA.

Utica, Ohio, June 26.—Thirteen buildings were destroyed and four badly damaged by fire today. They were in the center of the town and the whole village was threatened with destruction. The loss is estimated at $30,000. The arrival of the Newark fire engine saved the remaining part of the town.

A NEW BRIGADIER.

Col. Carlton Promoted and H. G. Truesdale Made Chief Justice of Arizona.

Washington, June 26.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

War—Col. Caleb. H. Carlton, Eighth cavalry, to be brigadier general.

Justice—Hiram C. Truesdale, of Arizona, to be chief justice, and Fletcher M. Doan, George R. Davis and R. E. Sloan, all of Arizona, to be associate justices of the supreme court of the territory of Arizona.

Interior—Edward W. Beattie, of Montana, to be surveyor general of Montana.

Treasury—To be collectors of internal revenue: Michael W. Sutton, of Kansas, for the district of Kansas; Herschel S. Harkins, of North Carolina, for the Fifth district of Carolina.

Navy—List of naval cadets, graduates of the naval academy, nominated to be second lieutenants, ensigns and assistants engineers of the navy.

Postmasters—A. S. Ellingson, Northwood ,N .D.

ROUTED THE ROBBERS.

Springfield, Mo., June 26.—At Buffalo, forty miles north of here, last night, Frank Taylor was killed and his brother John badly wounded while attempting to rob the Wood mill. The Taylors were members of a recently organized gang of robbers, made up of young Dallas county men. Two of the number weakened and notified the sheriff that an attempt would be made to rob the mill. The sheriff's men surrounded the premises while the robbers were at work, and on their refusal to surrender, fired into the building. Frank Taylor was instantly killed; John Taylor, though wounded, managed to escape through a rear entrance.

BARTLEY'S HEAVY FINE.

Omaha, Neb., June 26.—Ex-State Treasurer Bartley, convicted of embezzlement, was sentenced this morning to twenty-one years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $300,000.

The North Land's List.

The steamer North Land left this afternoon for Buffalo with a fairly large passenger list. Owing to a delay in transit the bookings from St. Paul and Minneapolis did not arrive until just before the boat left, so it was impossible to obtain them. The Duluth bookings were as folows:

To Buffalo—Miss A. Guin, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hugo, Victor Hugo, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Brinkerhoff, Miss Brinkerhoff, Margaret Helen and Janet Brinkerhoff, New York: A. Hamilton, Miss J. Hamilton, Miss B. Hamilton, Albany, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. J. T. McBride, Mrs. Buchanan, Miss Snyder, Duluth.

To Detroit—William Lockes, Minneapolis; F. B. Drubaker, New York; Mrs. A. Sutton, Mrs. H. L. Sutton, Duluth; Mrs. F. L. Waters, Miss Maud Waters, Martin, Minn.

To Cleveland—F. M. Sanderson, Miss Lucia Sanderson, Cleveland; E. L. Dobbins, Frederick Frelenghuysen, Eugene Vanderpool, Newark, N. J.

To Mackinac—Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, Duluth.

Robbed of His Valuables.

A man named John Rotter was robbed of $12 and a watch at the Bethel last night. The thief cut the valuables out of Rotter's pocket while the latter was asleep. William Morris, a fireman on the City of Traverse, in which Rotter was a passenger to Duluth, was arrested this afternoon at Superior on the suspicion that he is the thief.

WILL FILE CHARGES

Two Members of the Board of Public Works May Have Trouble.

ALDERMEN ARE MAD

The Pumphouse Investigation Responsible For This Turn of Affairs.

No less a sensation than the preferring of charges against two members of the board of public works is likely to be the outcome of the pumphouse contract investigation, it is said. And it will come in the near future, too, according to an echo from the "inside," not later than Monday's meeting of the council. The two members are President Smith and John Flood.

The investigating committee was in consultation with its legal adviser yesterday afternoon and this morning, the evidence obtained by the committee was being gone over for the purpose of determining what charges should be made. The committee has before it all the documentary evidence relating to the matter, except the originals of the two propositions from Contractor Frederickson, which were attached to a communication from the board to the council, May 24. When the committee called for the communication at the city clerk's office, it was found that the board of public works had taken them, giving a receipt for them. Inquiry was made at the office of the board for them, but it was stated that they could not be found.

This morning it was stated by the clerk of the board that they had been returned to Mr. Frederickson. On whose or what authority these documents, which had become part of the regular files, had been returned could not be learned, none of the board being in. However, the figures were given in the board's communication referred to. There were two propositions, the highest figure, proposition No. 1, being $5407. This is $279.50 less than the figure at which the contract was actually let. Proposition No. 2, which the board recommended in its communication, placed the price at $3293, or $2393.50 lower than the contract.

Ex-City Engineer Patton said this morning that if President Smith, of the board, said that he, Mr. Patton, had refused to give Mr. Smith or any member of the board a copy of the expert committee's specifications, he stated what is absolutely false. Mr. Patton said that Mr. Smith did not ask him for the specifications. It would hardly be necessary for Mr. Smith to do so, he said, inasmuch as the board had been furnished with the original on May 17 or thereabouts.

"It is fortunate for Mr. Smith that he did not swear that the boiler house walls had been torn down." Mr. Patton continued. "I was out there yesterday. They were standing, and no attempt had been made to change them."

A member of the committee said this afternoon that the report had been finished and would be submitted to the council Monday evening. "It's a report that finds something," he remarked significantly.

WORDEN'S PLOT DISCOVERED.

Sacramento, Cal., June 26.—Half a dozen fine steel saws, made with a file out of a watch spring, have been found concealed behind a court plaster on the back of Salter D. Worden, the condemned train wrecker at Folsom prison. Pieces of iron used as a handle for the files were found in the sole of his slipper securely imbedded. A plot has been hatched on the part of Worden and other prisoners confined alongside and above him to escape.

SWING CAUSES A MURDER.

Galena, Kan., June 26.—Ed Martin shot and killed John Johnson and fatally wounded Claude Tuttle. The trouble originated over a swing which was put up in the suburbs of this city. Johnson and Tuttle wished to remove the swing, but Martin objected. Martin escaped.

EMBEZZLEMENT CHARGED.

Chicago, June 26.—John S. Moyer, bookkeeper and cashier of the New York Insulated Wire company, has been indicted on a charge of embezzlement and larceny. He is under arrest. Moyer has been in the employ of the company since 1893 and was practically in charge of the Chicago branch of the concern. The amount of the alleged embezzlement is said to be about $10,000.

ARE AFTER RATCLIFFE.

Chicago, June 26.—Officers from New York arrived in this city today to take back Edward J. Ratcliffe, the actor accused of brutally beating his wife, and who is now at liberty on $5000 bail. An effort will be made to persuade Ratcliffe to return without the usual legal formalities, but should he refuse to do so, requisition papers will at once be forwarded from New York. Mrs. Ratcliffe is said to be in a very serious condition.

QUIET AT FORT GIBSON.

Washington, June 26.—The disturbances at the scene of the payment of the Cherokee freedmen (negroes) at Fort Gibson, I. T., is believed to be at an end. Secretary Bliss received the following telegram today from Indian Inspector McLaughlin, dated last night: "Gen. Wisdom disbursed $23,600 of the Cherokee freedmen fund today. Payment progressed very satisfactorily. All trouble has subsided and the freedmen are behaving orderly."

AN ATTORNEY SUICIDES.

Ottawa, Ill., June 26.—George D. Ladd, attorney, and one of the most prominent and wealthy business men of Peru, committed suicide today by shooting. He was one of the promoters of the Illinois Valley & Northern railway. The village of Ladd, Bureau county, is named after him. Ill health was the cause.

LONDON GROWLS

Seat Speculators and Tradesmen Did Not Make Any Jubilee Fortunes.

AFTER THE JUBILEE

Presents For the Queen---Americans Were Prominent ---Gossip of the Stage.

London, June 26.—(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.)—After the jubilee festivities there has been a deluge of grumbles, begun by the speculators who, almost without exception, have lost money owing to their foolishness in demanding fortunes for seats. Then, the caterers did not find the crowd as hungry and thirsty as they considered the people ought to have been, the tradesmen found that the jubilee visitors could not buy to any great extent, as it took most all their savings to see the show, and there has been considerable grumbling on the subject of the jubilee honors. The men whose names have been left out of the list are notably Liberal politicians and former ministers who declare that the honors were given on the strictest party lines. With the exception of Sir William Vernon Harcort, no former Liberal minister was invited to be present at the ceremony before St. Paul's cathedral and the members of the house of commons who arrived too late at Buckingham Palace to be in the audience declare the queen should have waited for them.

The charitable society women think that the princess of Wales' dinner to the poor was a kindly thought, but they claim it was a mistaken idea, and that the money had better been given to the societies dealing habitually with this work. An undertaker got ready 1000 coffins, and no one needed them. The temperance people are wildly raving at beer being given to the outcast poor and there are thousands of complaints, based upon the fallacy that everybody could not get a front seat at a favorable place, and at every end.

The queen has received a small museum of costly presents and many more are on their way to her majesty. Whatever form they take, most of these gifts are studded with gems. The present of the prince and princess of Wales and their children is a large diamond brooch with a jubilee inscription, and that of the duke and duchess of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, the duke and duchess of Connaught, prince and princess Christian of Schelsweig-Holstein, the marquis and marchioness of Lorne, princess Henry of Battenberg, and the duchess of Albany is a long chain of diamond links, also jubilee inscribed. The Cinhalese sent an address in an ivory and gold casket encrusted with 680 gems and all the chiefs of India are sending presents.

Americans were much in evidence at the jubilee procession. Mrs. Bradley Martin, dressed in blue, was at the Bachelors' club; William Waldorf Astor with a large party, was at Lord Normanton's house on Pall Mall; Lady William Beresford entertained a large luncheon party, and Mrs. John W. Mackay received a few intimate friends. Mrs. Cavendish Bentinck and a number of others, including Mrs. Ogden Goolet and her daughter and Mrs. Ronalds, was at the Clarence house. Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, wife of the United States special envoy, gave a luncheon to a party after the procession, as did Mrs. John Hay, wife of the United States ambassador. Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain went to all the functions. At St. Paul's cathedral she wore a very attractive costume of light green silk, and Mrs. George N. Curson was dressed in pale lilac. Mrs. James N. Roosevelt, who with Mrs. Howard Kingscote, has taken Warkick house, St. James, gave a large concert on Monday. The house was draped with white roses and orchids in American profusion.

The Winnipeg oarsmen who are to take part in the Henley regatta viewed the procession from the Cambridge enclosure and returned to Henley in time to take a spin over the course. They have taken quarters at the Manor farm and are delighted with the hospitality shown to them on all sides. They rowed over the full course on Thursday for the first time in good time and with plenty of power.

Vanity Fair's cartoon for the current week is Col. John Hay, the United tates ambassador, who thus joins the "gallery of the most famous men of the day." After a flattering notice of Col. Hay as a journalist, poet, author, soldier and diplomat, Vanity Fair concludes: "He has a wife and a charming daughter who have immediately taken places in London society. Altogether, he is quite a cultured American who can talk exceedingly well. He is a kindly, rather serious, good-natured, polite gentleman, who speaks with a slight accent when warmed to the subject."

There is considerable comment at the Canadian premier, Wilfred Laurier, accepting a knighthood after repeatedly declining the honor, and contrary to precedent in the case of Canadian premiers.

The prince of Wales has started a new type of hat, based on the mode of a fluffy beaver, with broad, curled brim of many years ago.

Charles Frohman has returned from Paris and has completed all arrangements to become a London theatrical manager. But his interest in the United States is so large that it is impossible for him to give up their management entirely. Therefore, Mr. Frohman will divide his time between London and New York.

Mr. Willard is so well pleased with his reception in America that he is fully determined to return there next season. He is now looking around for new pieces to take over with him, and has about made up his mind to secure "The Physician," with which Charles Windham made such a success this season. He is alos thinking of adding "The Princess and the Butterfly" to his repertoire.

The design for the monument to be erected to the late Lord Leighton, in St. Paul's cathedral, where the late president of the Royal academy is buried, has been submitted to the prince of Wales and approved by his royal highness. The memorial is to be in the form of an alter tomb, supported by emblematic figures, and will be executed by Thomas Brock, R. A. The committee, of which the prince of Wales is chairman, announce that the monument will cost $2500, of which amount all but $100 has been subscribed.

It has been decided at the admiralty to build a new yacht for the queen, and the design has been submitted to and approved by her majesty. The new vessel, which will be built at the Pembroke dock yard will, in general, outline, resemble the great Atlantic liners. It will be 420 feet long, with only fifty feet beam, and be fitted with powerful engines, so as to have a great speed. While no expense will be spared in order to make the vessel the finest of her class afloat in her decorations and fittings, she will closely resemble her majesty's present yacht, the Victoria and Albert.

The advantage of a policeman over a burglar is that the officer has the law on his side. Health has the same advantage over disease. The Law of Nature is for people to be healthy. When they are sick, Nature helps to cure them. Nature's law is the guide for curing sick people. There is no way but Nature's way. What the doctors call many different diseases Nature cures in one way; by nourishing the whole body with good, pure, rich, red blood. That is Nature's way of curing scrofula, erysipelas, kidney and "liver complaint," consumption and every form of eruptive and wasting disease. When you want to help Nature with medicine the medicine must work the same way as Nature works, then it has the laws of Nature on its side to make it powerful. That is the secret of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery's wonderful cures. It assists Nature according to her own laws; it is on Nature's side and Nature helps it; it imparts new power to the nutritive and blood making organs to create a large quantity of fresh, red, healthy blood which drives every germ of disease out of the system and builds up strong healthy tissues and *solid* flesh. The "Discovery" completely clears away every form of blood-disease from the system; It even cures consumption. It is the only true radical cure for that disease; facts and testimony to prove it.

"I would like to tell the whole world what your 'Golden Medical Discovery' has done for me. The doctor, who is considered an expert on lung troubles, told me I had consumption. He said both my lungs were diseased and I could not live long. I felt down-hearted for I have dear little children to live for. I just went to him to get his opinion. I am glad I did for now I know what your medicine will do. When I started on the second bottle I was better in every way and was able to take a walk on every fine day. I enjoyed my sleep, my appetite was good, and by the time I had finished the second bottle I began to feel like a new woman. I still had a cough, so I got a third bottle and by the time it was half gone I was completely cured."

(Mrs.) James Gatfield

77 Mary St., Hamilton, Ont., Can.

GREATER NEW YORK.

What it May Cost to Run the Consolidated City.

New York, June 26.—One hundred million dollars is the sum it may cost to run the city of Greater New York next year. There is no basis or precedent for estimates. The board of estimate and control has absolute charge of the supplement budget and bonds without limit may be issued for the expenditure of the enormous sum named.

Formal notices will be sent by the finance department to the heads of the various municipal departments requesting them to forward to the board of estimate and a reapportionment provisional estimates of the amount of money that will be required to run their departments for 1898. These notices will be sent out earlier this year to give the board time to figure on all emergencies growing out of the consolidation of Greater New York. The same action has been taken by all the cities of Greater New York. The board of estimate of Brooklyn has completed its provisional estimate, placing the amount needed at $12,500,000.

A feature of general interest and one that will be the subject of serious consideration by the board of estimate is the latitude allowed by the charter for expenditures next year in all departments. The officers of Greater New York will simply have to feel their way along in the matter of spending money and if they are disposed to be liberal or extravagant there will be no precedent or law to hold them in check. The charter does not place any limit on the amount of revenue bonds that may be issued to met the supplementary estimates. The votes of three members of the board of estimate will be sufficient to issue bonds. If this board decides to spend $100,000,000 next year there is no law in or out of the charter to prevent it.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston, 10; Baltimore, 9.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 11; Philadelphia, 13.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 6; St. Louis, 4.
At Washington—Washington, 6; New York, 11. Second game—Washington, 6; New York, 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Columbus—Columbus, 6; Indianapolis, 4.
At Detroit—Detroit, 16; Grand Rapids, 8.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 8; St. Paul, 4.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 5; Minneapolis, 4.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	50	37	.740
Baltimore	49	24	.491
Cincinnati	47	30	.638
New York	48	29	.604
Brooklyn	50	25	.500
Cleveland	49	24	.490
Pittsburg	49	24	.490
Philadelphia	53	25	.472
Washington	48	21	.438
Louisville	48	19	.396
Chicago	50	18	.360
St. Louis	53	11	.208

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Columbus	51	36	.706
Indianapolis	50	33	.660
St. Paul	58	37	.638
Milwaukee	56	31	.554
Detroit	55	25	.455
Grand Rapids	56	20	.357
Kansas City	59	20	.339
Minneapolis	53	18	.327

TENNESSEE'S WHEAT CROP.

Knoxville, Tenn., June 26.—The most remarkable wheat crop ever known is now being harvested throughout East Tennessee. The season has been a perfect one and the farmers had planted an unusually large crop. The output will be enormous. Already the sale of new wheat has begun and 6000 bushels of the first and earliest crop was delivered here today at 90 cents. This is not the price to be paid for all wheat as the opening quotations are 68 and 70 cents. Shipments to the East will begin next week. The price paid last year at the opening was 60@65 cents.

CURRENCY REFORM

Will Be Chief Work of Congress During the Next Winter.

THE PLAN OF ACTION

Secretary Gage Will Prepare an Administrative Measure ---Eckels to Assist.

Chicago, June 26.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says: Currency reform is to be the chief business of congress next winter. The president has decided fully that he will not send to congress at this session a message suggesting the creation of a currency commission as he had intended a short time since. Instead of a commission to investigate the subject and report of congress an administration bill is to be drawn and presented to congress next winter.

The preparation of this measure is to be the special work of Secretary Gage, but he is to have the assistance of Comptroller Eckels and of a number of other officials and public men who are close students of the currency and banking problem. This measure, when prepared, is to be submitted to the president and after receiving his approval will go to Speaker Reed and to a number of leading Republican senators. If any of these have serious objections to its details an effort will be made to harmonize all the differences, so that when the work of passing it through congress is entered upon there may be no delays through Republican dissension.

It is said that this administration measure will be a comprehensive and adequate treatment of the currency question. It will be in line with the best and most progressive state of the science of banking and currency, and an effort will be made to put the national banking and national currency systems upon a thoroughly modern and scientific basis. There will be ample provision for a safe and elastic credit currency, on some plan similar to that employed in Canada, or to that recommended in what is known as the Baltimore plan. The gold reserve will be protected as other nations protect their bullion reserves by destroying the endless chain.

The vexing problem of what to do with the greenbacks will be met fairly and squarely. It is not proposed to retire them summarily, but to gradually convert them into other forms of paper money which will not possess the power of draining the gold reserve whenever exporters or foreign bankers wish to do so. All that is done in this line will be done gradually and in such a way that the country will not notice the change.

NEW COREAN TROUBLES.

Mysterious Steamship Robberies---The Manila Insurgents.

Tacoma, Wash., June 26.—The Northern Pacific steamer Victoria has arrived from Yokohama. Within a week four full cargoes of Oriental freight, aggregating 18,300 tons, have been landed here. The Victoria brings news of a fresh trouble at Seoul, Corea. June 11 an intrigue was discovered having for its object the return of the king to one of the forign legations, the ousting of the pro-Chinese and pro-Japanese factions and the appointment of a regent. On the date named the imperial tutor, Kogen Tetsu, and thirty others were arrested for connection with the plot and imprisoned.

Several mysterious robberies have occurred on steamers touching at Hong Kong. The steamer Tai Yuan on arriving there recently from Australia, reported that boxes containing $25,000 in gold sovereigns had been stolen from her treasure room. A few days later $3100 in gold leaf was stolen from the treasure chest on the steamer Loosok while she was loading at Hong Kong.

A large band of insurgents who left Cavite have reached the neighborhood of Manila, and on May 18 were within an hour's drive of the capital. This was after Comander-in-Chief Rivers had published his latest proclamation declaring the rebellion ended and offering a pardon to the insurgents. Late Yokohama papers received today print a letter written from the rebel camp at Balinkupang on May 18. The writer asserts that during the campaign just ended the Spanish have lost no less than 7,000 men killed and mortally wounded. The rebels started with but nine efficient guns, while now they have nearly 10,000 captured Mauser and Remington rifles. Three important towns had just risen in rebellion, one in Tambales, another in Tayabes and one in the inside Negros.

Many cases of gross malversation have recently been reported in Japan and commercial circles, the largest being the mysterious disappearance of about 1,000,000 yen from the funds of the Osaka Alkali Manufacturing company. The shareholders will be compelled to make good the company's indebtedness and this will probably involve many of them in ruin.

"OLD HOSS" HOEY.

His Mental Ailment Threatens to Be Permanent.

New York, June 26.—William F. E. Hoey passed a bad night at the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. M. T. French, in this city. He whistled and sang and went through several scenes of the part of "Old Hoss" which made him famous. His wife, Minnie French, known in "A Parlor Match" as "Innocent Kid," is ill, and her condition was made worse by the insane antics of her husband. His physician said today that he had not completed his diagnosis of the case, but was sure that it was a mental ailment that threatened to be permanent.

MINISTER DRAPER'S RECEPTION.

Rome, June 26.—King Humbert will formally receive William F. Draper, the new United States ambassador to Italy, on Tuesday next, when he will present his credentials.

PARK POINT.

Subscribers to The Evening Herald who intend camping on the Point this summer can have the paper delivered to their camp by notifying this office.

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The best defense against Chills and Malaria. Druggists and Grocers sell it. For pamphlet write to

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

BIXBY WAS MODEST.

He Did Not Try to Make Himself Conspicuous.

Washington, June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Tams Bixby left Washington for his home in Minnesota today. Bixby did not attempt to make himself at all conspicuous when here, wherein he differs from most Minnesota Republicans who come to the national capital. He got well acquainted with Secretary Bliss, whose department he is under as a member of the Dawes Indian commission. So far as can be ascertained he did not pust himself forward at the White House at all during his stay here.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Winners at the New York Sheepshead track races yesterday were: Nick, Lady Mitchell, Kilsfoot, Voter, Haphazard and Lame Quickly.

William Hoey, the actor yidely known in theatrical circles as "Old Hoss" Hoey, who has been taking the baths at Mount Clemens, has lately developed signs of mental unsoundness and yesterday a party of friends started with him for New York city where he will probably enter Bellevue hospital for treatment. He became quite violent and it is feared he may not recover.

Trouble has broken out afresh at Fort Gibson, Indian territory, where the Cherokee freedom payment has just been resumed, and the Washington authorities have been appealed to for assistance in averting further disorders.

Present indications point to Milwaukee as the successor to Cleveland in the national baseball league in 1898, as President Frank DeHaas Robinson and Secretary M. S. Robinson were in Milwaukee yesterday for the express purpose of buying out the Milwaukee magnates and transferring the Clevelands to this city in 1898.

The condition of Mrs. E. J. Ratcliffe is said to be slightly improved at New York. It is believed that she will recover and be able to appear in court when her husband, actor Ratcliffe, is arraigned in court upon the charge of murderously assaulting her.

The torpedo boat Foote made the required time of 24½ miles an hour over the measured course on the Chesapeake yesterday. The crew was badly used up by the heat and the bursting of a pipe of the after boiler. Assistant Engineer Winship was overcome and one of the oilers, supposed to be John Waddell, of New York, died from the effects of the heat and escaping steam.

Ex-Champion James J. Corbett was seen last night at Boston regarding the statement that he and Charley Mitchell would be matched to a finish fight for a purse of $15,000. Corbett said: "I rather think that the experience of this same Mitchell at Jacksonville should prove conclusively that he has seen his best day as a pugilist and should remain in retirement. I will meet no man unless it is for the championship of the world, and the only man from whom I can recover that title will be either Fitzsimmons or the man who conquers him, if such a thing should come to pass."

Angus McDonald, a laborer on the Fort Custer, Montana ditch, was struck by lightning yesterday. The bolt struck his left temple and passed down the body to the ground. The body and head were almost entirely skinned. The watch chain on his vest was melted. McDonald is now in Fort Custer hospital with a chance for recovery.

QUIET AT KEY WEST.

Government Officers Say Mob Danger Has Passed.

Washington, June 26.—The alarm at Key West, Fla., over the threatened race war which it was feared would be precipitated if the purpose of a mob of whites to lynch a negro charged with rape was carried out, apparently has subsided. Delayed information received by the secretary of war from the officer in command of the United States troops stationed at Key West is to the effect that there were threats of lynching, but no attempt to carry it out. The negro is stated to be protected by the sheriff and he is safe in confinement.

There was some drunken pistol firing Thursday night and one white man was shot. The local authorities, it is stated, took steps to preserve order. The officials here are of the opinion that the dangers, if any existed, have passed over, and no further trouble is anticipated.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

After being out forty-one hours the jury in the Norman murder case at 4:15 p. m. yesterday at Grand Forks, returned a verdict of guilty, fixing the penalty at imprisonment for life. It is understood the majority of the jury were for hanging, but finally rather than disagree, conceded the life imprisonment penalty. Public sentiment here is almost solid for the death penalty and there is much feeling against the action of the jury. Norman will be tried again on a second charge of murder on July 13, for killing the younger of the boys. Norman killed two and seriously wounded two other of the Hillstead children in order to frighten their mother and then criminally assaulted her.

William H. Colby, an old prosperous farmer, died at Jamestown yesterday from a paralytic stroke. He was 68 years of age.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Irritated by the refusal of the legislature to provide for the expenses of the National Guard, Company D at Elk Point has announced that it will no longer foot its own bills. Col. Frost mustered them out, and other companies throughout the state contemplate adopting a similar course.

The supreme court has granted an order returnable next Wednesday at Pierre, to show cause why the regency case should not be set for argument July 7. The attorneys for the board will consent to the hearing without argument, and the question will come up for final argument on July 7.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

ENGLAND'S PRIDE

Grandest Naval Display the World Has Ever Seen Occurred Today.

THE FOREIGN SHIPS

Prince of Wales Reviews Many Miles of the Fighting Vessels.

Portsmouth, Eng., June 26.—The most magnificent display of naval strength ever witnessed occurred off Spithead today, the occasion being the grand naval review held in honor of the completion of the sixtieth year of the reign of Queen Victoria. The prince of Wales, representing her majesty, reviewed a fine fleet of foreign warships, representing the maritime nations of the world. The heir apparent also inspected about thirty miles of British warships, in which were 166 fighting ships of different classes, carrying about 900 heavy guns, manned by over 45,000 men and of about 600,000 tons in all. Each maritime nation sent an admiral in his flagship to witness the review. They formed a line abreast of the British battleships, where they were favorably placed to compare their own naval architecture with that of other nations. Each nation sent its best available ship, and a magnificent display resulted.

The following is a list of countries represented at the review and their respective ships and commanding officers

France by the Pothna, Rear Admiral the Marquis De Counthillo.

Italy, by the Lepanthe, Vice Admiral Morin.

Germany, by the Koenig Wilhelm, Rear Admiral Prince Henry, of Prussia, K. C. B.

Austria-Hungary, by the Wein, Vice Admiral Hermann, Baron Von Spann.

Spain, by the Vizzaya, Rear Admiral Zegiemonda Barnejo Y. Mercelo.

Portugal, by the Vasco Di Gama, Capt. Barretto De Vasconcelles.

Netherlands, by the Evertson, Rear Admiral F. K. Engelbrecht.

Denmark, by the Heligoland, Rear Admiral H. H. Koch.

Sweden, by the Gotha, Rear Admiral Klintberg.

Norway, by the Frithjof, Rear Admiral Von Krogh.

Russia, by the Rossia, Rear Admiral Nicholas Skrydloff.

United States, by the Brooklyn, Rear Admiral J. N. Miller.

An interesting feature of the British fleet was the training ships, which comprised three of the early ironclads; a squadron of cruisers, which usually winters, with a training crew on board, in the West Indies, or in some other warm latitude, and a fleet of training brigs which cruise in the neighborhood of the British ports. The British fleet assembled June 22 and was drawn up in four lines extending from abreast of Portsmouth harbor to a distance of about five miles to the westward.

Following the precedent of former naval reviews there was free access to the review ground up to the hour named for the official inspection, when all vessels with visitors anchored in their assigned positions, and the tour of the fleet was commenced by the prince of Wales. As usual on such occasions the Trinity yacht Irene, with the elder brethren on board, led the way, the Victoria and Albert, with the prince of Wales on board, being accompanied by the royal yachts Osborne and Alberta, the admiralty yacht Enchantress, the Cunard liner Campania, with the members of the house of lords and house of commons on board, and a vessel conveying the foreign ambassadors and their suites.

The commander-in-chief of this port, Sir Newell Salmon, V. C., K. C. B., transferred his flag from the Victory to the battleship Mars, one of the latest additions to the fleet, and which has been built and fitted out in two years, a great advance in rapidity of construction. The battleships Jupiter, Victorious and Renown also made their first appearance in the commissioned fleet. These four ships as well as the Majestic and Magnificent are armed with the new 12-inch wire guns, of which each ship carries four mounted en barbette, two forward and two aft. These guns have a range of about fifteen miles. In addition, they carry twelve 6-inch quick-firers, eighteen 12-pounder Hotchkiss, and are fitted with five torpedo discharge tubes.

Another important addition to the fleet was seen in the two cruisers Powerful and Terrible, the former commissioned for the China station, vessels of 25,000 horse power and a speed of 22 knots. They include in their armament twenty-nine 12-inch guns and a number of quick-firers and Maxims.

The following is a list of the ships comprising the British fleet at the review:

BATTLESHIPS.

Name.	Heavy guns.	Tonnage.	Horse-power.	Crew.
Majestic	16	14,900	10,000	775
Magnificent	16	14,900	10,000	758
Prince George	16	14,900	10,000	759
Mars	16	14,900	10,000	758
Jupiter	16	14,900	10,000	758
Victoricus	16	14,900	10,000	712
Repulse	14	14,150	9,000	713
Resolution	14	14,150	9,000	712
Royal Sovereign	14	14,150	9,000	713
Empress of India	14	14,150	9,000	712
Renown	14	12,350	10,000	682
Collingwood	12	9,500	7,000	480
Benbow	12	12,000	7,500	525
Alexandra	18	9,490	7,000	685
Colossus	9	9,420	5,500	474
Edinburgh	9	9,420	5,500	473
Howe	14	10,300	7,500	516
Inflexible	12	11,880	6,500	485
Devastation	4	9,330	5,500	410
Thunderer	4	9,330	5,500	410
Sana Parell	15	10,470	7,500	583

FIRST-CLASS CRUISERS.

Blake	12	9,000	13,000	591
Blenheim	12	9,000	13,000	590
Australia	12	5,690	5,500	454
Galatea	12	5,690	5,500	485
Powerful	14	14,200	25,000	840
Terrible	14	14,200	25,000	840
Royal Arthur	38	7,700	10,000	583
Endymion	12	7,350	10,000	544
Edgar	12	7,350	10,000	544
Warspite	14	8,400	8,000	555
Aurora	12	5,600	5,500	481

SECOND-CLASS CRUISERS.

Hermoine	10	4,360	7,000	318
Charybdis	10	4,360	7,000	318
Mersey	12	4,050	4,000	227
Melampus	8	3,400	7,000	273
Aeolus	8	3,600	7,000	273
Spartan	8	3,600	7,000	273
Minerva	11	5,600	8,000	450
Flora	10	4,360	7,000	318
Bonaventure	10	4,360	7,000	318
Naiad	8	3,400	7,000	273
Latona	8	3,400	7,000	273
Venus	11	5,600	8,000	450
Diana	11	5,600	8,000	450
Dido	11	5,600	8,000	450
Isis	11	4,300	5,000	450
Phaeton	10	4,300	5,000	318
Leander	10	4,300	5,000	308
Appollo	8	3,400	7,000	273
Andromache	8	3,400	7,000	273
Thetis	8	3,400	7,000	273
Tribune	8	3,400	7,000	273
Terpischore	8	3,400	7,000	273
Brilliant	8	3,600	7,000	273
Sappho	8	3,400	7,000	273
Juno	11	5,600	8,000	450
Doris	11	5,600	8,000	450
Sirius	8	3,600	7,000	273

THIRD-CLASS CRUISERS.

Pelorus	8	2,133	5,000	224
Medea	6	2,800	5,000	218
Medusa	6	2,800	5,000	218
Magicienne	6	2,950	5,500	218
Barracouta	6	1,580	1,750	159

GUN VESSELS.

Curlew	1	950	850	46
Landrail	4	950	850	46
Raven	4	465	360	62
Cockchafer	4	465	360	44
Starling	4	465	360	45

TORPEDO GUNBOATS.

Halcyon	2	1,070	2,500	121
Speedy	2	810	2,150	91
Jaseur	2	810	2,500	91
Spanker	2	735	2,500	91
Niger	2	810	2,500	91
Leda	2	810	2,500	91
Sheldrake	2	735	2,500	91
Renard	2	810	2,500	91
Onyx	2	810	2,500	91
Gossamer	2	810	2,500	91
Jason	2	810	2,500	91
Sharpshooter	2	735	2,800	91
Spider	1	525	1,600	67
Alarm	2	810	2,500	91
Antelope	2	810	2,500	91
Hazard	2	1,070	2,500	120
Skipjack	2	735	2,500	91
Gleaner	2	735	2,500	91
Rattlesnake	1	550	1,600	67

TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYERS.

Hasty, Lightning, Hunter, Rancher, Hardy, Contest, Jamon, Sturgeon, Salmon, Snapper, Haughty, Decoy, Ferret, Lynce, Daring, Skate, Sunfish, Opossum, Quail, Virago, Thrasher, Sparrowhawk, Desperate, Fame, Havoc, Hornet, Spitfire, Rocket, Foam, Whiting; crews, fifty each; guns, five each.

TORPEDO BOATS.

Torpedo boats—Nos. 64, 65, 67, 68, 72, 73, 74, 66, 71, 76, 77, 81, 83, 52, 53, 55, 57, 58 and 85. Each of these vessels has a crew of twenty men, is of 700 horse power and is of sixty tons register.

TRAINING SHIPS.

Active	12	3,080	2,400	329
Volage	12	3,080	2,400	329
Calypso	16	2,770	2,700	283
Champion	12	2,380	2,000	265
Northampton	12	630	4,500	580
Calliope	16	2,770	2,700	283
Curacoa	12	2,380	2,000	265
Agincourt	17	10,600	4,000	687
Minotaur	21	10,600	4,000	707
Racer	8	970	350	125
Wanderer	..	925	.....	125
Admiral H. H. Koch	..	508	.....	125
Sealark	..	311	.....	125
Seaflower	..	454	.....	125
Pilot	..	501	.....	125
Nautilus	..	501	.....	125

SPECIAL SERVICE VESSELS.

Name.	Crew.	Tonnage.	Horse-power.
Hearty	23	1,300	2,100
Jackal	23	750	1,200
Albacore	59	560	900
Magnet	43	430	650
Speedwell	29	700	1,100
Seahorse	29	650	1,100
Research	70	520	450
Triton	48	410	350

THE NIGHT ILLUMINATION.

All the warships will be illuminated this evening with "rainbows" of electric lights extending from the stem to the bow, over the mastheads. In addition, the hulls of all the vessels present will be outlined by electric lights. There will be no moon visible, and the effect of simultaneous lighting up every ship of the gigantic fleet, and switching off may be expected to be magical. On the occasion of the visit of the Italian squadron to Spithead in 1895 when they were welcomed by a fleet of English ships, the electric illuminations formed one of the prettiest features of the fetes.

The naval guests include Rear Admiral H. R. H. Prince Henry of Prussia; K. G. Vice Admiral H. R. H. the Duke of Genoa; Rear Admiral Miller, United States navy, and other distinguished flag officers. Banquets, balls, garden parties, dockyard visits and athletic sports, will be included in the program which it is supposed will fill the week subsequent to the review.

International exhibitions have become common occurrences, and the Spithead review of 1897 may be regarded as a great International naval exhibition from which doubtless the seamen and constructors of the various nations will carry away much valuable information.

The waters of the Solent have previously witnessed many magnificent reviews of the naval forces of England. On April 23, 1856, at the close of the Crimean war, a great review was held there when there were columns of screw line-of battleships—at that period the latest development of naval power—of screw frigates and corvettes, a fleet of sidewheel vessels, and of "floating batteries" of the Merrimac type, while four squadrons of 160 gunboats brought up the total number of ships to 240. This fleet carried 2002 guns and was of 30,671 horse-power. Admiral Sir George Seymour was in chief command of this fine fleet which was reviewed by her majesty on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert.

The changes in naval architecture which have taken place during the last fifty years have swept away all these wooden vessels, the classes to which they belonged no longer exist, the sole remaining vessel which still takes the seas being the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, which today flies the standard of the prince of Wales at the naval review. Probably a more beautiful vessel of her class has never been launched and the recent announcement that the model of a new steel yacht to replace her has been submitted to the queen was not read without regret.

The next great review held at Spithead was on July 17, 1867, when her majesty, accompanied by the sultan of Turkey, reviewed a fleet of wooden vessels and ironclads (of which the most modern of the latter were the Minotaur, Achilles, Warrior, Black Prince, Bellerophon and Lord Clyde), under the command of Sir Thomas Pasley, Bart, K. C. B.

On June 23, 1873, the waters of Spithead were again the scene of a naval review—this time in honor of his majesty, the shah of Persia.

On Aug. 13, 1878, her majesty inspected the fleet at Spithead, and on July 23, 1887, on the occasion of the queen's first jubilee a large fleet was again assembled there and reviewed by the sovereign. The most modern ships present, on that occasion were the Collingwood, Imperieuse and Conqueror. The fleet was composed of 134 vessels, the personnel of 20,200 officers and men.

During the past decade enormous advance has been made both in the number and construction of the ships of the royal navy, and this cannot better be exemplified than by the fact that of the twenty-one battleships reviewed by the prince of Wales, in behalf of the queen today, four only took part in the jubilee ceremony of 1887, whilst of the forty-three cruisers present not one existed in 1887. Needless to say the thirty torpedo boat destroyers are of a class which has only been introduced during the past five years and which appears to be destined to play a very important part in modern sea warfare.

THE REVIEW.

Ryde, Isle of Wight, June 26.—The admiral of the fleet, his royal highness, the prince of Wales, has just concluded, on behalf of the sovereign of the realm, the review of ships gathered in her honor. The review itself did not add very much to the picture framed for the spectator this morning, saving always the battle-like roar of great guns which was enough to waken the dead, when the salute of twenty-one guns was fired. The prince of Wales, accompanied by Admiral H. R. H. the duke of Saxe-Coburb and Gotha, and the duke of York, the princess of Wales and other royalties, with their suites, arrived at Portsmouth at 1 o'clock. The party immediately proceeded on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, in which forty-one years ago her majesty inspected the fleet, whereupon her royal highness' standard was hoisted.

After lunching on board at 2:30, the Victoria and Albert, with the principal royalties, left the harbor for Spithead. She was followed by the yacht Irene, by the Pando, the Carthage and the Elfin, an admiralty yacht, these vessels carrying the distinguished visitors. Then came the Enchantress, an admiralty yacht with the Hon. George J. Goschen, first lord of the admiralty, and after her the admiralty's yacht Wildfire, with Mr. Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies and the colonial premier. She was followed by the Eldorado, carry the ambassadors and special envoys, including the Hon. Whitelaw Reid. Then came the Danube with the members of the House of lords, the Campania with the members of the house of commons and the Fire Queen, the yacht of the commander-in-chief at Portsmouth.

As the Albert and Victoria was seen approaching, the fleet, led by the Renown, and echoed by the foreign vessels present, fired a deafening royal salute of twenty-one guns. Simultaneously the blue jackets and marines "manned ship," standing on the iron-clads in solid lines around the outer edges and filling their tops, while on vessels of the older type, the yards were quickly dotted. It was very theatrical and interesting. The Victoria and Albert, followed by the other yachts, then steamed through the lines, the sailors heartily cheering, the bands playing "God Save the Queen." The Victoria and Albert afterwards anchored between the Renown and the foreign war vessels. Immediately the steam launches of the foreign commanders left the sides of their big ships and made for the Victoria and Albert, on the quarter deck of which the commanding officers were received by the prince of Wales. This ended the review. The royal yacht then returned to Portsmouth.

After dinner his royal highness and guests will come out again to the fleet to witness the illuminations.

NO. 10
FOR
DYSPEPSIA

No. 10 settles the Stomach.
No. 10 corrects the Digestion.
No. 10 relieves Heart-burn.
No. 10 stimulates the Liver.
No. 10 gives zest to the appetite.
No. 10 prevents distress after eating.
No. 10 dissipates Biliousness.
No. 10 clears the complexion.

You have tried "77" for Grip, and Colds, now try No. 10 for Dyspepsia.

INFANTS.—For Teething, Colic, Crying and Wakefulness, use No. 3.

All druggists, or sent for 25c, 50c or $1.00.
MEDICAL BOOK.—Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of all Diseases mailed free.
Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts.,

A CORNER IN JULY

The Wheat Pit at Chicago In a Condition Approaching a Panic.

THE SHORTS SCARED

Liverpool Prices Were Lower and Crop News Was Mainly Favorable.

Wheat opened with a rush of buying orders today. There was more talk at the opening of a possible corner in July wheat than there has been at any time during the past week, and the attention of traders was centered on this one feature, the usual routine being almost entirely ignored. Minneapolis wired that Pillsbury was a large owner of July there, which increased the anxiety of shorts in the Chicago market and for the first half hour's trading the pit at Chicago was in a condition closely bordering on a panic. The market there changed so fast that it was difficult to keep track of it. The surprising part of it, however, was the small amount of wheat that came out, offerings or bids for comparatively small lots sufficing to start the market either way. Liverpool ignored yesterday's American advance and came ¼d lower. The world's shipments were estimated by Beerbohm at 5,760,000 bus. Crop news was favorable in the main, although the weather was reported too cold and wet in some sections.

September wheat, although nearly 9 cents below the July price at Chicago, was strangely neglected for a time. Then it appeared to occur to some watchful individuals that it was cheap at the difference between it and July and they commenced buying it. It soon added something handsome to its price when competition for it got fairly started, and so lively did the demand for it become, that July in its turn was for a time neglected and September rose 1¾c.

The receipts at Chicago were twenty-two cars, Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 295 cars against 580 last year. The exports of wheat and flour for twenty-four hours from the Atlantic ports were equal to 290,000 bus. A London cable was said to report 25 per cent shortage this year, compared with last, in the English crop and claimed that for months the Atlantic ports of America would be called upon 2,500,000 of wheat.

Trading was fairly active on the Duluth board. The July option was the feature of the trading. A week ago Chicago was 4c under the Duluth price for July, and today it was ¾c over at one time and closed at ⅞c under. July opened here ¾c higher at 74c, declined 1c during the first hour, reacted later to 75½c and sold down near the close to 73¼c. The close was at that figure, being unchanged from yesterday. Shippers bought 20,000 bus of cash stuff at the July price. The mills took three cars at ½c over July, but were practically out of the market. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 74c. No. 1 northern, cash, 73¾c; July, 73¼c bid; September, 69c bid; December, 66¾c. No. 2 northern, 71c. No. 3 northern, 68¾@69¾c. Rejected, 49¾c@49½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 74c; No. 1 northern, 73¼c. Rye, 35c. No. 2 oats, 21c; No. 3 oats, 20½c. Flax, 78½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 102; corn, 2; oats, 32; rye, 7; barley, 17; flax, 18. Receipts—Wheat, 58,359; oats, 36,90; rye, 2468; barley, 10,957; flax, 18,510. Shipments—Wheat, 3815; barley, 1800.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, June 26.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 28,000; left over, 1700; market active and generally 5c lower. Light, $3.35@3.55; mixed, $3.35@3.50; heavy, $3.10@3.45; rough, $3.10@3.20. Cattle, receipts, 100; market dull and nominally unchanged. Sheep receipts, 1500; market quiet, but steady. Native sheep, $2.25@4.25. Westerns, $3.20@4.00. Lambs, $3.00@5.50. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 25,693; shipments, 4216. Cattle, receipts, 1825; shipments, 2681. Sheep, receipts, 7892; shipments, 312. Estimated receipts hogs for Monday, 45,000.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 25.—Close—Wheat: Quiet, unchanged to ½d lower. July, 5s 9d; September, 5s. 6¾d; December, 5s. 7¼d. Corn: Dull, ½d lower; June, 2s 1½d; July, 2s 3½d; September, 2s. 9¾d.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, June 26.—Close—Wheat: June, 77¾c; July, 72¾c; December, new, 67½c; old, 68¾c. Corn: June, 24⅝c; July, 25c; September, 28c. Oats: June, 18c; July, 18¼c; September, 18@18¼c. Pork: June, $7.45; July, $7.47; September, $7.57. Lard: June and July, $3.95; September, $4.05. October, $4.10; December, $4.15. Ribs: June, $4.40@4.42; July, $4.40@4.42; September, $4.47@4.50. Cash—Wheat: No. 2 red, 80@84c; No. 3 red, 72@76c; No. 2 spring, 72½@73c; No. 3 spring, 64@66c; No. 2 hard winter, 50c; No. 3 hard winter, 64@67c; No. 1 northern, spring, 74@75c. Corn: No. 2, 25½@25¼c; No. 3, 24¼c. Oats: No. 2, 18¾c; No. 3, 17@20c. Cash, No. 3 barley, 27@33c. Cash—Rye, 34½c; July, 34½c; September, 35¾c. Flax—Cash, Northwest, 80½c; July, 78¾c; September, 78c. Timothy—Cash and August, $2.85; September, $2.80.

NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, June 26.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, increase ..... $ 843,200
Loans, increase 3,170,800
Specie, increase 250,000
Legal tenders, increase 1,679,800
Deposits, increase 1,566,400
Circulation, decrease 121,800

The banks now hold $48,259,150 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 26.—Money on call easy at 1@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers bills at $4.87¼@4.87½ for demand, and at $4.86@4.86½ for sixty days. Posted rates, $4.87@4.87½ and $4.88@4.88½. Commercial bills, $4.85¾. Silver certificates, —. Bar silver, 60¾c. Mexican dollars, 47¾c. State bonds, dull. Railroad, strong. Government, strong. New 4s, registered, $1.05; coupon, $1.25¾; 5s, $1.14¾; coupon, $1.14½; 4s, registered, $1.11⅝; coupon, $1.12; 2s, registered, 96½c; Pacific 6s of '95, $1.01½.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 26.—Close—Wheat: June, 77¾c; July, 76¼c; September, 71¾c; December, 73c. July—Corn: 29⅝c. Oats, 22½c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, June 26.—Wheat, firm; June, 72⅝c; July, 72⅝c; September, 63½c; No. 1 hard, 74¾c; No. 1 northern, 73¼c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, June 26.—Wheat: July wheat opened higher and advanced 1¼c on buying by shorts at the advance there was heavy selling by some leading local traders whose names, however, are not mentioned in connection with any supposed manipulation. At the close the advance was lost. The trade in July seemed evidently to flatten, but while yesterday it was equal to September today it was only one-fifth as large, showing that few new contracts are being made and old ones rapidly closed. September wheat advanced sharply, closing 1¼c over yesterday, the impulse came from the seaboard where foreigners were reported active buyers owing to the numerous reports of crop damage from France, England and Eastern Europe. There is a large short interest in September, and sellers have been too confident considering the low price and low stocks. Corn, steady; better weather reported West, and some depression incident to discouraging reports of corn arriving abroad out of condition. The strength in wheat prevented a decline. Oats, weaker on heavy selling credited to St. Louis longs.

Provisions, weaker on large receipts of hogs and moderate local selling.

Puts, July wheat, 70¼@70c.
Calls, July wheat, 75@74c.
Curb, July wheat, 72c.
Puts, September wheat, 65¼c.
Calls, September wheat, 66¾@67c.
Puts, September corn, 26c.
Calls, September corn, 26@26⅛c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Atchison, preferred ...	24⅛	24¼	24	24¼
Sugar Trust	124⅜	125⅜	124⅜	125⅛
C. B. & Q.	83½	84⅛	82⅛	84½
St. Paul	80⅞	81⅜	80⅝	81⅝
Chicago Gas	91⅝	92½	91⅜	92½
General Electric	33⅛	33⅝	33⅜	33⅝
Omaha	62¾	62⅞	62	62⅞
Reading	21⅞	22	21⅝	29⅞
L. & W.	50⅜	51⅛	50⅜	51¼
Manhattan	88⅞	89⅛	88⅜	88⅝
Missouri Pacific	19⅜	19⅝	19¼	19⅝
Leather	59⅜	59⅝	58¾	59¼
C. & N. W.	117	117⅜	116¾	117½
Northern Pacific, pfd..	41⅜	42	41¼	41¾
Rock Island	73⅜	76	72¾	76
Union Pacific	5¾	5⅞	5¾	5¾
Western Union	84	84¼	83¾	84¼
Tobacco	76¼	78⅜	76¼	78

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Yesterday was a record breaker on Michigan street in strawberry handling. One firm, between 7 a. m. and noon, cleaned out 1000 boxes of Michigan berries —fine ones, too—and another house got away with a large number. Other supplies were in good demand and with a large supply.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.

Cream, separators, fancy..	16	@	17
Dairies, fancy, special make	11	@	14
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	9	@	12

CHEESE.

Twins, flats, full cream, new	11½@		12½
Full cream, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1.....	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10		
Limb., full cream, choice..	9	@	10
Primost	6		

EGGS.

Candled, strictly fresh	8	@	8½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	12½@		13
Fancy white clover, in jars unstrained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½@		12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00

POPCORN.

Choice, per lb	2½@		3

NUTS.

Soft shell almonds, per lb...	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb..	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb.	11		
Brazils, per lb.....	8		
Pecans, per lb	9	@	11
Filberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb.....	7		
Raw peanuts	4½@		5½

VEGETABLES

New potatoes, in sacks, bus	1 00	@	1 10
Carrots, per bus.....	35	@	40
New beets, per qts	1 25	@	1 40
Onions, new, per bus.....	1 00		
New turnips, per bus.....	90	@	1 00
Asparagus, per doz.....	25	@	30
New wax beans, per bus....	1 25	@	1 40
Cucumbers, per doz...	50		
Cucumbers, Southern, bus..	1 50		
New beets, per doz bunches.	45	@	60
Green peas, per bus	1 00	@	1 10
Mobil cabbage, per crate..	2 75	@	3 00
Pie plant, per 100 lbs.....	80	@	1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 00	@	1 25
Potatoes, per bus	45	@	50
Mint, per doz	75		
Parsley, per doz.....	50		
Parsnips, per bus	55	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 25	@	1 75
Horse radish, per lb.....	6	@	7
Mississippi cabbage	2 75	@	3 00
Mississippi tomatoes, crate.	90	@	1 00
Oyster plant, doz bunches..	50		
Green onions doz bunches.	12	@	20
Spinach, per bus.....	30		
New beets, per bus.....	1 25		
Lettuce, per bus	40	@	50
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Long radishes, per doz	12	@	15
Round radishes, per doz....	15		

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus.....	90	@	1 00
Medium, hand picked, bus..	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus..	90		
Green and yellow peas.....	75	@	90
Green peas, bus.....	65		

FRUITS.

Limes, per case	3 25		
Red raspberries, 24 qt cases	2 25		
Gooseberries, per case.....	1 25	@	1 50
Blackberries, per case.....	2 00	@	2 25
Michigan and Wisconsin strawberries, 16-qt cases..	75	@	1 00
Michigan and Wisconsin strawberries, 24-qt cases..	90	@	1 00
California cherries, per case	90		
Oranges, Mediterranean sweets	3 75	@	4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25	@	3 50
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@	1 50
Lemons, per box	3 50	@	4 00
Cocoanuts, per doz.....	70		
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapple, per doz.....	1 25	@	1 50
Pineapples (Union River) crate	4 00		
California peaches, case	1 25		
California apricots, case...	1 25		
California plums, case.....	65		
Dates, per lb.....	9	@	10

APPLES AND CIDER.

Apples, per bbl	3 00	@	4 25
Mich. sweet cider, per keg..	2 50	@	2 75
Fruit juices, per keg.....	4 50		

DRESSED MEATS.

Veal, fancy	7½@		8
Veal, good	7	@	7½
Veal, coarse	6½@		7
Pork	5	@	5½

LIVE POULTRY.

Live turkeys	10	@	11
Spring chickens, per lb.....	9	@	10

DRESSED POULTRY

Turkeys, per lb	12½@		13
Chickens, per lb.....	10	@	11
Geese, per lb	10	@	11

BRAN AND SHORTS. CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks included	3 00	@	3 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc..	10 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc..	9 00		
Red dog	12 00		
Grome feed, No. 1.....	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2.....	10 00	@	10 50

HAY, CAR LOTS.

Choice south Minn.....	7 00	@	7 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy.	8 00	@	9 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 26.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 11@12c; Elgins, 15c; factory, 7½@10½c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 11@11½c; Western, 10@10½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 26.—Butter, firm; creamery, 12@14c; dairies, 9@12c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 8½c.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

J. Idzioreck to W. Poterek, lands in section 22-50-14 ..... $ 327
Gust Dryklind to N. E. Johnson, half lots 1 and 2, block 131, Portland division 725
E. SFardbault to C. H. Davis, lands in section 27-59-19 405

3 transfers ..... $ 1,457

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

AT WEST DULUTH

West Duluth Ball Team Will Play at West Superior Tomorrow..

HAS NEW PLAYERS

The Prescott Company May Get a Big Dredging Pump Contract.

The West Duluth ball club is scheduled for a game with West Superior tomorrow afternoon on the West Superior grounds. The club expects to be able to give a much better account of itself than it has been able to for the past few weeks. Four players from the old West Duluth club, which a few years ago made such a fine record, have been secured, and it is thought they will strengthen the weak spots in the nine. They are Frank Wade, catcher; Herman Kringle, short stop; Mike Day, center field, and George Method, right field. Since the West End ball park at Thirty-second avenue west is being abandoned, the club is looking about for suitable grounds in West Duluth, and it is probable that the old diamond in the hollow will be marked out and made to do duty once more.

DREDGING PUMP CONTRACT.

Frederick R. Lingham, of Johannesburg, S. A., in the city negotiating with the D. Clint Prescott iron works for the construction of a dredging pump, to be used in a contract with the Portuguese government for dredging Delagoa bay. Mr. Lingham represents a London company that has been in correspondence with D. C. Prescott for some time. It is not likely that a contract will be concluded until it receives the approval of the board of directors in London, although it is possible that Mr. Lingham may practically decide upon it before leaving America. The contract will be a valuable one, and will amount to about $50,000.

A STRANGE ACCIDENT.

A strange accident befell the infant child of Edward Wiles, a butcher, employed by the Sutphin Packing company, and living on Thirty-ninth avenue west. The little one was lying on its mother's breast, and in moving about caught an eyelid in a corset hook. The pain caused the child to shut the eye tightly, holding the lid to the hook. The mother was unable to lower it, and with the little one clasped tightly, ran about to the neighbors seeking assistance. A physician was sent for, but before he arrived the child was released from its painful position. The eyelid was badly lacerated, and the eyeball scraped and bruised.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A strawberry and ice cream social will be given tonight in Good Templars hall, on Central avenue, by Our Savior's Ladies' Aid society of the Norwegian Lutheran church. An address will be delivered by Rev. A. F. Elmquist.

At the meeting of the Trades and Labor assembly last night there were no delegates present from the Sawmill Workers' Protective union, and but one from the 'Longshoremen's union, although each was entitled to three.

The 3-year-old son of Louis Drapo, living in Polk stret, became curious yesterday over the working of a clothes wringer, and thrust a thumb between the rollers. It was badly mashed, and a physician had to be called in to dress the wound.

For rent, a brand new seven-room house, with city water. Will be ready for ocupancy about July. Dr. I. T. urnside.

Ring up tel. 3060, West Duluth Steam laundry.

There will be no services at Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow the pastor, George W. Keithley, who was expected to arrive home today from Missouri falling to arrive.

The ladies of Pearl Hive, No. 4, West Duluth, entertained a number of their friends in a most enjoyable manner Thursday evening at Gilley's hall, in honor of their lady commander, C. McLennon, to whom a beautiful engraved silver tea set was presented as a token of the affection of each and every member of the Hive.

Next Friday evening a concert will be given at Normanna hall for the benefit of a poor family. Those taking part in the program will be Mrs. Olund, Mrs. G. Tonning, a male quartet, Gerard Tonning and others.

Solomon Oreckovsky, son of Israel Oreckovsky, who was reported as having run away, returned home yesterday. He was out camping and says his mother knew where he was. He was not in company with the Mallory boy at all, he claims.

Should Be Repaired.

There is a bad sag in the street near the alley between Superior and First streets on Third avenue west. A stick about three feet long has been placed upright at the spot to warn teams and wheelmen. The place has been in this condition for three or four days, and as yet not a move has been made by the board of public works or the people working under it to repair the damage. The board is probably so badly agitated over the turn the pumphouse trouble has taken that it can think of nothing else. In the meantime somebody will have an accident there and the city will have a damage suit.

Special Excursions.

Excursion tickets as follows are on sale via "The North-Western Line:" San Francisco, Los Angeles, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Kansas City and intermediate points at greatly reduced rates, one way, on June 29 to July 3. All points within 200 miles, July 3, 4 and 5, one and one-third fare, round trip.

ROUND TRIP TO

Milwaukee, July 3 to 5, $13.30.
Detroit, July 2 to 6, $18.75.
Chautauqua, N. Y., July 12, 13, $23.50.
Detroit, July 10, 12, $18.75.
Toronto, July 12, 13, $23.90.
Chattanooga, July 12 to 15, $27.80.
Salt Lake, July 8, 9, $40.00.
Salt Lake, July 16, 17, $40.00.

Other excursions later. For particulars call at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS, Agent.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN COOK AT once at the Cadillac hotel.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COOK AT 120 First avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD KITCHEN GIRL 102 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD COMPETENT COOK. 329 West Second street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply between 9 and 11 a. m. at 119 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. No other need apply. 7 Chester terrace.

WANTED—A HOUSEMAID, WHO IS A good seamstress at Twenty-seventh avenue east and Superior street.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Seibold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR PORTER work. 227 West Superior street.

WANTED—INTELLIGENT, INDUSTRIous young man, about 23, for desirable position. Good salary when familiar with business. R 3, Herald.

WANTED SCANDINAVIAN, GERMAN and English speaking salesmen. Salary and commission. Work in city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

MEN AND WOMEN TO WORK FOR US day or evening at their homes; pleasant work; no canvassing; experience unnecessary; we pay salary; enclose stamp for particulars. Standard Manufacturing company, 142 West Twenty-third street, New York.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—GIRL'S BICYCLE, WITH 26-inch wheel. Must be in good condition. Will pay cash. Address "Wheel," Herald office, giving price and where can be seen.

FIRST CLASS SECOND-HAND PIANO. Give full description and lowest cash price. R 6, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—EIGHT OR NINE ROOM house, suitable for two small families; centrally located. State price and address E, care of Herald.

FAMILY OF FOUR, NO SMALL CHILDren, want rooms and board with private family. Must be first class. R 52, Herald.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—HORSE FOR HIS FEED TO use as delivery horse. Inquire at 101 East Superior street.

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

THE DULUTH TRANSIT EXPRESS line is prepared to move pianos and furniture. Trunks removed for 25 cents. Office 501 West Michigan street. Tel. 523.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKroach perishes. Sure death to vermin. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

INSTRUCTION.

K. A. OSTERGREN, AT 206 EAST SIXTH street, gives instructions to pupils who desire to prepare themseives for higher grades in the public schools.

TO EXCHANGE.

UNENCUMBERED REAL ESTATE IN St. Louis and Itasca counties to exchange for stock of general merchandise. Enquire of F. Blackmarr, Duluth.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Quiet Opening, the Only Changes Being Advances.

New York, June 26.—The stock market opened quiet and prices of many leading shares were unchanged from yesterday's close. Where there was any change, an advance was shown extending to ⅛ in Sugar and New Jersey Central.

The upward movement soon abated, and under vigorous demonstrations by the bears against the grangers values generally receded a fraction. The specialties were less conspicuous in the dealings and fluctuated narrowly except for Bay City Gas, which rose 1½ per cent on liberal realizing. Tobacco also displayed aggressive strength and rose 1½. In the last hour's trading a strong and steady upward movement was resumed, which extended through the list. The bulls rallied to the support of the market, and under heavy purchases advanced the prices of the leading stocks to the best prices of the week, the grangers leading in activity. Brooklyn Rapid Transit moved up over 2 per cent. Bay City Gas recovered the previous loss, and important improvements were also registered in the investment stocks. Tobacco continued its upward movement. The closing was strong and at top prices. Sales for the day were 154,600 shares.

Farming in St. Louis County.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I have read with interest your report of June 21 of Dr. Humason's views of farming in this county, and think the doctor is giving some very good advice. It is true the soil is not as rich as in some other counties, nor is the climate as mild and the summer as long as desirable, but if the work is done intelligently, and the farmers given a fair show, we will get along better and be more useful, both morally, mentally and financially to society than the real estate business men that are now preying on the land. I have seen such grain as barley, rye, oats, and even wheat, grown that will take second place nowhere, especially barley and rye. Hay, potatoes and general garden truck are first class. Even sugar beets, that are now going to give us "prosperity" if the tariff bill does not do it, have been grown here with success. Cows, horses, sheep, pigs, berries and chickens will also do well here, and what more do you want? Come on and try it, gentlemen. There is room for 10,000 families between here and Duluth. If we don't get as rich as Rockefeller it is because the county does not give us $250,000 as a present. The county commissioners could do a great help to the farming interest by appointing a practical road builder for road overseer, a gentleman who would be friendly to the honest settlers, and see that they were justly treated. Yours truly, ERIK S. ERIKSSON.

Independence, Minn., June 25.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 23, work of any kind. Had experience in grocery business. Good collector; willing to work for any reasonable wages; best of references given. Address R 76, Herald.

BAND FILER WANTS SITUATION. Satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. Address Filer, Herald.

scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

MIDDLE-AGED LADY WOULD LIKE situation as housekeeper in small family. Address Mrs. E. Metcalf, postoffice, general delivery.

SITUATION WANTED BY FIRST-class male cook; has good recommendations for meats, vegetables and pastry. Address E, 316 West Second street, city.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY, SEWing, washing or ironing by competent woman. Mrs. Peterson, 4624 Cook street, Lakeside.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework in small family. Address R 45, Herald.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT DRESSmaker, engagements for next week, in private families. Dressmaker, 18 East Second street, city.

WANTED—A PLACE TO DO GENeral housework. 2115½ West Superior street.

NOW IS YOUR TIME FOR TO GET A good steady and industrious young man 17 years of age, for office work, who is a fair penman and has had a fair education. Can give city references. Address A. E. K., Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER will work for 75 cents a day. R 32, Herald.

EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRAPher desires position. Can operate any machine. Fully competent. Address R 4, Herald.

YOUNG GERMAN GIRL WOULD LIKE situation as second girl or to take care of children and help with family sewing. Address B 18, Herald.

WANTED—PLACES TO WASH AND iron by the day by German woman. Leave word at 327 East Superior street.

SITUATION WANTED—AN ACTIVE man wants employment from 2 to 6 p. m. Good in any line from taking dictation on Remington to carrying a hod. R 51, Herald.

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND, janitor or porter, or elevator man. Can take care of his work and do his own repairs, painting or varnishing or repairing of roofs if such is required. Address R 5, Herald.

WANTED—ANY POSITION IN AN OFfice or in a store by a young man just graduated from a business college. I can refer you to the principal for testimonials. Must have work at once. Address Box 356, West Duluth.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER would like to make a few more engagements in families. Cutting done by actual measurement. Will take sewing home if preferred. Address 30 Lake avenue north.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM IN strictly private family by young married couple. Address stating terms and location, F, Herald.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—DENTAL PRACTICE AND office. Address R 71, Herald.

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE—JUST REceived, two carloads of household furniture from the Newell Furniture company, which failed last week. Folding beds, desks, parlor goods, etc., at great bargains. Sale opens Tuesday, June 8. Markus & Co., 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

FINANCIAL.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

Fire Insurance, ... Life Insurance, ...Investments....

I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500.00 up.

A. R. Macfarlane,
13 Exchange Building.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife. 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMANENTLY REMOVED.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMANENTly removed. Latest process, superior to electricity. Complexion cleared of freckles, pimples, black heads. Facial massage for wrinkles, medicated shampoo and scalp treatment a specialty. Hair restored to its natural color. Not a dye. Mrs. McKiel, 202 Lowell block.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT applications have been made in writing to the common council of the city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors by the following named persons and at the following named places, respectively, to-wit:

Robert N. Loomis, No. 204 West Superior street.

Charley Hill, No. 328 Lake avenue south.

Hannah M. Hendrickson, No. 601 Garfield avenue.

Marshall & Ignaziak, No. 121 West First street.

Knuto C. Mohn, 528 West Superior street.

Myles Prendergast, No. 423 West Superior street.

Duff & Boyer, No. 419 West Superior street.

Charles Teske, No. 111 East Superior street.

E. B. Dunphy, No. 1103 West Michigan street.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, on Monday, the 12th day of July, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

C. E. RICHARDSON, City Clerk.

Duluth Evening Herald, June 28-July-5.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily.	†Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
†9 00 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis.		*6 30 am
*1 54 pm			*1 10 pm
*11 15 pm			†7 45 pm

From UNION DEPOT. CITY TICKET OFFICE, 401 W. Superior street, corner Palladio building. Telephone 218.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

Office: 405 West Superior Street. 'Phone No. 20.

Leave	*Daily.	†Except Sunday	Arrive
†10 45 am	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West		†5 10 pm
*11 00 pm	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West		*7 00 am
*5 10 pm	..... Chicago Limited		*10 30 am

Parlor cars on day trains; Wagner's Finest Sleepers on night trains.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

8-ROOM HOUSE, TWO BLOCKS FROM Merchants hotel; all improvements. R. P. Paine, No. 206 West Superior street, room 4.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, ALL conveniences. Fifteenth avenue east and London road. E. R. Brace, Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, East End, to Nov. 1. Snap. McGregor, Providence building.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR RENT FOR summer, with stable. House has nine rooms; hardwood finish; five fireplaces and all conveniences. Terms reasonable. Apply to N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—A FIVE-ROOM MODERN flat, London road and Eighteenth avenue east. Apply to Commercial Investment company, Torrey building.

INGALLS' FLATS, STEAM HEAT, GAS, range. 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

LARGE, WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, bath, electric lights, screens and piano. Fine views. 729 West First street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, with alcove. 314 Second avenue west.

FOUR GENTLEMEN CAN FIND NICEly furnished rooms, home comforts, modern conveniences. 12 West Second street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with all modern conveniences. 324 West Third street.

FOR RENT, JUST VACATED, FURnished room for light housekeeping. 313 West Second street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED rooms. All modern conveniences. 121 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 912 EAST Sixth street. Good well and soft water. Arthur A. Fider.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

WAKELIN HOUSE, 206 EAST FIRST street, facing the Armory. First class room and board at moderate rates.

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN FIND ROOM and board, with modern conveniences, fine location, for the summer, at Lakeside. Call at Albertson's, 330 West Superior street.

FURNISHED ROOMS. BOARD IF DEsired; price reasonable. 120 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD, if desired; centrally located. Modern conveniences. 211 Third avenue west.

FIRST CLASS TABLE BOARD AND rooms at Cadillac hotel, opposite High School. Mrs. J. T. Condon.

DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST AVENUE W.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 529 West Second street. $1.50 per day.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting July 5, 1897. Work. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.
Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.
Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth
Official Paper of the City of Duluth.
Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark,
17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), June 26.—An extensive high pressure area has advanced eastward to the upper lake region, and the barometer has fallen decidedly in the districts west of the Missouri river.

The heavy rainfall of 2.48 inches is reported at Kansas City, with a thunderstorm. Thunderstorms have also occurred at Omaha, North Platte and Denver, and light showers have been general in Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, Eastern Colorado, Western Missouri and Northern Kansas. The weather is now generally cloudy in the Missouri valley, and over the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains, and fair elsewhere.

The temperature has risen generally in the districts west of the Mississippi river and in the Canadian Northwest, but still continues decidedly below the normal in all districts except the southwest.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 56; maximum yesterday, 66; minimum yesterday, 51.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Showers tonight and Sunday; cooler Sunday; light northeast winds probably increasing to fresh and brisk by Sunday morning.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 26.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday with possibly showers in southwest portion; warmer in west portion tonight; warmer Sunday; fresh easterly winds. For Minnesota: Increasing cloudiness and probably local showers tonight or Sunday; warmer in the west and south portions; fresh easterly winds.

JUDGE LOCHREN'S DECISION.

State Auditor Dunn's nerve has not deserted him, and he requires plenty in his business of fooling the dear people by "grand stand plays," professedly in their interest, but really with the idea of making political capital for Bob Dunn and advancing his declining chances of getting a renomination next year. The extent of this nerve is exhibited by an interview which he had published in his Minneapolis organ last night, claiming that the reports given of Judge Lochren's decision relating to the Duluth & Iron Range land grant were all wrong, and that the state has not lost the case. He claims that the judge only restrained the state from selling or disposing of the land in controversy, and is quoted as follows:

"It (the decision) did not touch the merits of the proposition at all, and the court expressly states that we may at any time bring an action on the main issue—the right of the road to the lands—in any court in the state."

It is astonishing that a state official of even Mr. Dunn's remarkable nerve should make such reckless assertions in the face of the court records. The complainant in the case asked the court to prevent the state from issuing a patent of the lands involved, to enjoin the sale of any of the timber or minerals thereon or therein, and finally to restrain the institution of any suit by the state to determine the validity of the state's grant. In his decision for the complainant, Judge Lochren reviewed the history of the grant. He held that the condition of the grant was fully performed by the Duluth & Iron Range before any attempt to declare a forfeiture; that the constitutional amendment of 1893, prohibiting the granting of swamp lands in aid of a railroad, could not affect this prior grant of 1875, and that all questions affecting the right of the railroad company to this land grant seem to have been decided in its favor by the supreme court of Minnesota (45 Minn. Rep. 104.) Surely language could not be employed more plainly to show that the judge believed the company is entitled to the grant.

But the court went further and practically declared the act of April 3, 1897, unconstitutional, using the following language: "The objection urged by the defendants is that this suit is really against the state of Minnesota, which, under the eleventh amendment to the United States constitution, cannot be sued without its consent. The decisions on the subject are numerous and not conflicting. A state is bound by the constitution of the United States as much as any citizen, and any enactment of a state impairing the obligation of a contract or interfering with vested rights is absolutely void, and though no action can be maintained against the state without its consent to collect indebtedness of the state or compel it to perform its contracts, or for any kind of positive or affirmative relief, yet if, by its enactments, it directs its officers to do acts impairing the obligations of a contract or tending to divest vested rights, any threat or attempt of such officers to carry out such void enactments, whether in the name of the state or otherwise, will be restrained, and such void enactments will not be recognized as the acts of the state, or as any color of authority to the officials."

Having thus laid down the law, holding in effect that the forfeiture act of the last legislature is void, Judge Lochren issued the injunction against Auditor Dunn et al. Mr. Dunn says the decision expressly states that the state may at any time bring an action on the right of the road to the lands. This is false. Judge Lochren has not decided yet whether the state will be permitted to begin any action. Upon this point his decision reads: "The injunction will be granted as prayed for, except that I will hear counsel farther as to whether it may not be so framed as to allow a single action to be commenced against the railroad company and the complainant to test the validity of this land grant."

July 9 was agreed upon as the date for the further hearing, and until that time Mr. Dunn will not know whether he will be permitted to begin any action in any court, either state or federal. The best thing he can do in the meantime is to subside and try to keep cool.

THE TREND OF TRADE.

The improvement in business continues to increase slowly, but steadily. To all but those people who expect prosperity to return by leaps and bounds, the situation contains no disappointing feature. The reports of the commercial agencies this week are distinctly encouraging, and the extracts from leading newspapers in different sections of the country, which are published in another column, repeat the story of improved conditions. It is well, however, not to jump to the conclusion that, because there are signs of betterment, prosperity is already here, because it is not. Prosperity is a creature of slow growth, and it should be entirely satisfactory to every one to learn that the factors which produce prosperity are steadily making their appearance. The truth is good enough for the present, and it is a mistake to misrepresent the situation. The people and newspapers which are shouting that prosperity is already here are making a mistake, because the people generally know the statement is untrue and, knowing this, they will lose confidence in correct statements concerning the favorable trend of events.

For this reason, Bradstreet's reads a rebuke this week to those who have been misrepresenting the actual state of trade throughout the country during the past month, in an endeavor to make the prospective improvement in business appear to be its present condition. Bradstreet's presents condensed results of interviews with representative manufacturers and merchants at more than fifty important commercial and industrial centers east of the Rocky mountains. The demand, except in a few lines, is shown by these interviews to be less pronounced than it was two months ago. There is no material increase in the volume distributed compared with a year ago, and prices for many staples are lower. But there has been an improvement compared with the situation prior to the presidential election of 1896, and as contrasted with last January. Many of the larger merchants and manufacturers characterize the business record for the first half of 1897 as a disappointment in contrast with anticipations in December, 1896. On the other hand, confidence in a revival of demand this fall is widespread. Of the three great manufacturing industries, iron and steel, cottons and woolens, the first shows relatively most improvement and woolens next, although the tariff delays have taken the edge off demand in that line, and permitted importers to stock up with nearly two years' supplies. Cotton goods still suffer from cut prices, excessive competition and heavy production.

Dun's report is equally encouraging as to the prospective improvement. While it does not find that prosperity has actually returned, it reports that there is no step backward in business, although the season of midsummer quiet is near. Improvement continues, gradual and prudently cautious as before, although in many branches evident where no signs of it appeared a few weeks ago. Business men of the highest standing in all parts of the country having gradually perceived that the tide has begun to rise, are regulating their contracts and investments and their plans for the future with a confidence quite unknown to them a short time ago. Great changes before the adjournment of congress are hardly to be expected, but the renewal of uncertainty is with reason expected to bring in operation buying forces that have been restricted for months.

Remembering that "iron is the barometer of trade," the statements made by the Iron Trade Review this week are decidedly interesting and calculated to raise the spirits of every one. It says that the railroads, in consequence of their liberal rail purchases in the winter and early spring, have been, thus far in 1897, very poor customers of locomotive and car-building works; but expenditures for rolling stock are next in order, and the movement of the crops is expected to demonstrate the need of such investments on the part of Western roads, as well as to help in solving the financial problem involved. So far as the foundry, engineering and machinery trades are concerned, the situation is a mixed one thus far. All have complained seriously since the year opened, both of the disappointing volume of business and of the further havoc made of prices long notoriously bad. Yet it can be said that in the past month a better outlook is visible so far as demand is concerned.

The Iron Trade Review has advices from fifty to sixty representative concerns, in engine, boiler, power transmission, machine tool and other lines, particularly those in position to note any improvement in inquiry for steam power plant for industrial uses, and those in closest touch with the users of machinery for finishing iron castings. Boiler manufacturers say that inquiry that has recently come up gives promise of a perceptible improvement in the second half of the year over what has been done since the November election. One company notes more inquiry in the second ten days of June than in the preceding ten weeks. Another says that prices are very low, but a little stronger than a month ago, though they are likely to continue below the normal until boiler makers generally are busy. From another firm the response comes that the great trouble is that of low prices, prevalent in all manufacturing lines, and that while its works are fairly busy there is not, as yet, evidence of such a revival in the business of its customers as would lead to expectations of large orders from them. The amount of business now being figured on for manufacturing establishments is the hopeful indication noted by engine builders. There is more talk of new installations than in 1896, and manufacturers of high-speed engines report that for power purposes, aside from electric lighting, there is more figuring than for some time. Foundries that depend on rolling mill and steel works demand write that while business is far from normal, there is a greater willingness to place orders than for some months.

These encouraging facts, obtained from thoroughly reliable sources, are satisfactory to those who understand that the process of recovery from such a severe and long depression as has visited the country is naturally slow and cautious. The fact alone that the people feel that the improvement has begun will do much to aid the recovery.

TELLS FOR GOOD ROADS.

"Good roads are essential to the development of any country."

That is the way a leading Wisconsin paper began a half-column article devoted to practical talk and figures on good roads. In the course of the article it announced that the county board had appropriated, in cash, for the building of new roads and improvement of old ones $7000, together with $6000 for the construction of bridges, making the sum of $13,000. The paper urged a thoroughly practical use of the money, putting particular stress upon the demand for an entire absence of the old-fashioned way of "working" roads. It is proposed to make the best possible showing for the money expended in that county and then invite members of the county board from all of the counties which join it to inspect the work with a view to inducing them to inaugurate the same kind of work in their respective counties. It is believed that "working out" the road tax, after the old fashion, is at an end forever in that county, and that its example will be imitated by many counties, both because roads can be made and improved by practical methods at much less cost than by any of the previous methods introduced. Thus it will be seen that the agitation which has been going on so vigorously by the wheelmen and others is bearing substantial fruit. It could not be otherwise. Talk on the subject of good roads—that is, practical talk—will never fail to attract the attention of people interested in such roads, and that means nearly the entire public.

Here is another illustration—another fact which demonstrates the truth of what has just been said:

The town of Raymond, Racine county, Wis., is one of the finest farming sections of the state, but in the spring and fall, during wet weather, the roads have been about as bad as it is possible for roads to become. There have been certain times, some years, when a farmer did not pretend to take his team out and start on a journey for any purpose, unless in a case of great emergency. The good roads agitation has taken deep root in that town. The farmers are going to work methodically, scientifically, to furnish themselves with a system of good roads, and are already actively engaged in urging their neighboring towns to imitate their example. The town has invested in materials and machinery for the work in hand. Among its purchases is an expensive stone crusher. There is no division of sentiment; all of the farmers and others are interested in the new enterprise, and determined to carry it out.

The change of sentiment in the town of Raymond is a direct result of agitation and sentiment building. The press of the county has used some of its space nearly every week, for a long time, in agitating for better roads. What has been done in Marathon, the county alluded to at the opening of this article, and in Raymond can and will be done in most of the counties. Let us keep on agitating.

The Philadelphia Times notes the almost complete annihilation of circular and poster advertising. People do not look at the glaring things on the walls and board fences, will not accept the printed "dodgers" thrust at them on the street, and as a rule refuse to look at the printed or even engraved circulars sent through the mails. The only announcements that seem to hold their own and retain popular favor are those that appear in the magazines and newspapers, especially of the higher grade, that enter households. Even in this the old "slap-dash" idea has been abandoned and they are so thorough and made so entertaining that they are read almost as extensively as the news columns.

Dr. Depew's friends urged him upon the president for the English mission, but this was denied him in order that the son-in-law of a Cleveland millionaire might have that place. Still further to care for the millionaires rich by fortunate marriage, Whitelaw Reid was accredited needlessly as special ambassador upon the occasion of the queen's jubilee. He took his place beside John Hay, but Dr. Depew, who has no official position, goes to England and outshines both officials; even Miles and all his gold bullion is not in it with Dr. Chauncey. All of which goes to demonstrate, concludes the Chicago Chronicle, that you can't keep a good man down.

James G. Cannon, vice president of the Fourth National bank of New York, made the statement in an address last week before the National Association of Credit Men, that the wealthy class gives the most trouble in retail credits. He had consulted a large number of merchants in various parts of the country and found it almost invariably their experience that "the slowest customers are those who could most easily pay cash; it is almost impossible to collect from them."

Dr. C. W. Chancellor, the United States consul at Havre, whose unfavorable report in regard to French wines was disavowed by the state department at Washington, has returned home to Baltimore. He maintains that his report was correct, and no doubt it was, but he should remember that a diplomat should be more careful in the language that he employs. In diplomatic circles, language is used to conceal thoughts.

The Herald's Washington correspondent says that Judge Morris need not return to Washington on account of the tariff bill, because it is practically settled. The correspondent's intentions may be good, but Judge Morris is going back—he has probably started now. The judge is convinced that the weather is cooler in Washington than in Duluth at this season of the year, and he likes cool weather.

The average wife, even of a New Yorker, is not easily fooled by endearing terms. When a Gotham woman who suspected an intruder called out: "Is that you, Henry?" and heard in reply: "Yes, dearie," she didn't hesitate, but blazed away and winged a burglar. House breakers have much to learn about family salutes.

An intimate friend of Munkacsy declared the other day that if that artist had been so inclined he might have earned a big fortune. American dealers, in particular, offered him big sums if he would paint such and such pictures, his one ambition being to paint a picture that would win him lasting fame.

John Callicott, the prophet of Posey county, Indiana, predicted that the world would come to an end last Saturday, but his prediction failed to connect, and he proposes retiring from the business. It is not every prophet who knows when to quit.

Oom Paul Kruger rises with the sun and begins snoring when it gilds the West. He retires at 8 p. m. and rises at 3 a. m., spends the first two hours in prayers and then examines his gun.

The voice of the people of Minnesota has declared in favor of Minnesota stone only being used in the construction of the new state capitol.

The Herald is deeply grateful to numerous exchanges for the many flattering words brought forth by its new dress.

By the way, how does Congressman Morris like the Heatwole plan?

Forging to the Front.

The Mesaba Range: The Duluth Herald appeared Monday in a bright, new dress which greatly improves its appearance. The Herald is rapidly forging to the front as one of the solid institutions of Duluth and deserves its prosperity.

DOMESTIC IDYLS.

Brooklyn Life: Dort—He said there was one thing about me he didn't like.
Cora—What was that?
"Another man's arm."

Detroit News: "Marry my daughter! No, sir; you young jackanapes! I forbid you the house."
"Oh, sir, we didn't expect this house. We would be satisfied with a much smaller one."

New York Journal: Wife—You snored awfully last night, my dear.
Husband—Humph! Why didn't you wake me up?
Wife—Because I prefer snoring to profanity, darling.

Chicago Journal: "I think a woman should always allow someone else to choose her husband."
"What is your reason?"
"So she won't have to blame herself if he doesn't turn out well."

Boston Transcript: Fuddy—They say you have a liking for Miss Sponte.
Duddy—Nonsense! The woman is insupportable.
Fuddy—That's just it. You won't have to support her. She's got enough for two.

Truth: "Does your wife perform on any musical instrument?"
Brown-Smythe (wearily)—Yes, she plays on the ear-drum.

Chicago Post: Will you have me for better or for worse?" he asked.
"What a foolish question, George," she answered. "How can I tell whether it will be for better or for worse? We've just got to take chances. That's all."

Detroit Journal: "So he didn't give his stag party?"
"No, he encountered opposition from an expected quarters."
"Ah?"
"Yes, his better half came home from the seaside a week ahead of schedule time."

Chicago Tribune: "The bride was temporarily disabled, in consequence of having fallen down a stairway the day before and she made the bridegroom sit down by her side when the clergyman married them."
"I don't think much of that bridegroom. He ought to have stood up for his rites."

Harper's Bazar: "Wait—hold on, for heaven's sake!" cried George, as Amelia was about to salute him in the usual way.
He extracted two cigars from the upper lefthand pocket of his vest and laid them on the piano.
"Now, then," said he, "come to my arms!"

Bright and Handsome.

Hibbing News: The Duluth Herald has donned a new dress, and looks as bright and handsome as a new silver dollar. The Herald is one of the best papers published at the head of the lakes and well merits the success it has achieved.

THE CUBAN SITUATION.

Indianapolis Journal: It is said that Cuba's exports will be three times as large the present year as they were during the year just ended and that the increase comes from the portion of the island held by the insurgents.

New York Sun. The Spaniards speak contemptuously of the Americans as "traders," not knowing that the chief industry of this country is farming. It is a curious circumstance, too, that the most violent assailant of the trading Americans is the Havana organ of the retail grocers, which bears the name of El Comercio. This champion of the unterrified retailers slings Spanish by the wholesale at the Yankees.

St. Louis Republic: The United States have a right to protest against methods of war which devolve upon the American people the loss of $100,000,000 of trade. They have a right to declare such destructive methods barbarous and intolerable to a neighboring people who occupy a friendly attitude toward Spain. They would be justified in demanding that these destructive methods cease as the price of continued friendliness.

Minneapolis Journal: As an exterminator of human life Gen. Weyler seems to be a success, as the death rate in Cuba is something fearful. The Spanish policy is more devilish than that of Abdul Hamid in Armenia. In blaming Russia and Great Britain for complacently permitting the Armenian massacres, Americans should always remember the slaughter pen near our own southern coast. It is manifestly the duty of the United States to interfere promptly in Cuba.

New York Times: Curiously persistent ill luck seems to attend the efforts of our blockading fleet to prevent the dispatch of arms to Cuba. The trips of the Dauntless and other vessels engaged in that traffic are not quite so regular as those of the trans-Atlantic liners, but they are frequent enough for most practical purposes, and as there is no difficulty at all in breaking through the cordon of Spanish gunboats the slow progress of the Cuban cause is even more remarkable than the source of all the money these expeditions must cost.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The Spanish papers make threats against the United States, yet if indemnity is demanded for the murder of Ruiz Spain will pay it without protest. The men running the Spanish government are not individuals of transcendent intelligence, but they know enough to keep out of controversies with the United States. A few fool newspapers in Havana and Madrid, whose editors would fly to some other country for safety in case of a war between the United States and Spain, may continue their howling, but their government will take care to maintain peace with this country.

Philadelphia Ledger: It is reported that Gen. Weyler has received strict orders from his home government to modify the policy of cruelty and extermination, and these orders are due to the dispatches of Minister Dupuy de Lome, who has so strongly represented that public feeling in the United States is unfavorably affected by the atrocities of Weyler's actions. If so, Senor de Lome is a practical humanitarian, although he probably looks at the situation from a purely diplomatic point of view. His representations convey the exact truth, and, as a good servant of the state, it is his duty to notify his government of a drift of sentiment so important to its interests. This is a form of intervention on the part of the American people which nobody can condemn and diplomacy cannot touch, and it seems to be productive of good results.

BUSINESS BETTERMENT.

Indianapolis Journal: So long as there is business there will be failures, but when the number of failures in the country fell from 276 the third week of June in 1896 to 198 the past week, it is very certain that business has improved.

Chicago Post: The reports of the commercial papers continue to point out the improvement that is taking place in the general business of the country. It is a pity that there should be men who feel it a duty to vehemently deny what conservative business men see and furnish many facts to prove.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The advance in the prices of pig iron and of most of the iron and steel products which is under way is, of course, due to an increase in demand, for there has been no falling off in supply. Indeed, in some lines supply is increasing, though apparently not quite so fast as the demand. The growth in demand carries its meaning upon its face. It represents trade expansion and general business improvement. The evidences of improvement come from all parts of the country, and they, it is safe to say, will grow rapidly in extent and importance after the tariff bill is enacted. Both the foes and the friends of the bill believe this.

New York Mail and Express: Transactions in the various branches of the iron and steel trade have recently experienced a marked expansion, including, during the last three or four weeks, nearly 240,000 tons of pig iron, upward of 50,000 tons of bar iron and large orders for export, one of the latter calling for 500 tons of steel rails for India. Many of the blast furnaces of Pennsylvania and Ohio which have been idle for months have resumed operations or are about to do so, and all conditions indicate a general increase of activity and higher prices. It is impossible to make a fair survey of the situation without realizing that better times are near at hand.

Pittsburg Dispatch The wholesale grocers add their testimony to that of many others concerning the improvement in trade conditions. They go further than the bankers and predict that they will soon bedoing a brisk business. It is fair to assume that these merchants do not differ in their views from others, and it is not to be supposed that all of them are mistaken in reading the indications, since that is a part of their business and in the line of their training. If it was possible to get at, in the same way, the views of clever investors there is little doubt they would be found sanguine and backing their judgment by preparing to venture their money. There are some who always profit largely by investing just before the clouds of depression break away, and this is the class that is doing the increased borrowing from the banks at the present time. They will not lose anything, either, by being thus early in the field.

New York Sun: The indications of improving business conditions begin to be recognized by the most conservative observers as unmistakable and they are appearing in all parts of the country simultaneously. The more hopeful outlook is practically demonstrated in the more confident tone of the Wall street speculation. The influences producing bear or bull markets there may seem to be capricious and ephemeral at the moment, but in the long run they are indicative of business conditions actually prevailing. The stock market does not rise steadily from a low level or descend steadily from a high to a low level, unless there is in such conditions a sufficient reason for the change. * * * Governor Flower and other cool and competent observers who have traveled recently over the Union have discovered evidences satisfying them that improvement has begun elsewhere, slowly but actually. The increasing confidence in a speedy settlement of the tariff question, not merely for this congress, but also probably for a long time to come, is giving a spur to business, which needs the basis of such a settlement on which to build substantially. Moreover, we have now an administration which depends for its justification on substantial prosperity for the country.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Fashion causes more wrinkles than disease.

All the world loves a lover, but especially the girl.

Women are vain naturally; men are vain because the women are.

If mosquitoes had any particular grudge against women corsets would go out of fashion.

One of the chief charms about a woman is that she can act as mean as dirt to a man and then cry when he doesn't kiss her.

Love is like a bird-of-Paradise. It is beautiful and probably exists somewhere, but most people only know it from seeing it in pictures.

Greatly Improved.

West Duluth Sun: The Evening Herald has donned a new dress of advertising type and has changed its style of heads, very greatly improving the general appearance of the paper.

ROYAL

The absolutely pure
BAKING POWDER.

ROYAL—the most celebrated of all the baking powders in the world—celebrated for its great leavening strength and purity. It makes your cakes, biscuit, bread, etc., healthful, it assures you against alum and all forms of adulteration that go with the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

ROCKEFELLER'S SPECIALTY.

New York Journal: John D. Rockefeller, who through the exercise of thrift and some other qualities has accumulated a very creditable competence in the oil business, made a curious admission in court Friday. Asked a question concerning the effect on oil of certain mixing operations he responded: "I am not an expert on the different qualities of oil. I really couldn't answer. I'm not an expert on those things at all."

This atonement rather adds to the perplexity which inquisitive individuals and not a few courts and legislative committees have frequently expressed concerning the source of Mr. Rockefeller's fortune. His wealth is a concrete fact, advertised sometimes by a gift of a few millions to a university, or the expenditure of as much more in the effort to get the monopoly of a great industrial enterprise like that of the Mesaba Iron range at the head of Lake Superior. It is known that he started in life without means, for he has recently caused to be printed the account books of his early days, showing the painful fashion in which he saved up 25 cents for the missionary cause. It is known that in point of income he is now the richest man in America. And all was made in the oil business without knowing anything about oil.

When Theodore Havemeyer died his eulogists pointed out that he had studied at first hand every process in the refining of sugar, and had himself invented so many improvements that he could sell sixteen pounds of sugar at a profit of only 1 cent and still make a fortune. That may have explained in part his rise to opulence, but the case of Mr. Rockefeller admits of no such explanation. What could it have been that the oil magnate was expert in which enabled him to bankrupt all his competitors and roll up a prodigious fortune while wholly ignorant of the qualities of oil?

SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

New York Journal: By announcing his retirement from politics and his intention of devoting his time to the pulpit Dr. Parkhurst has again demonstrated his ability to set the pace for up-to-date ministerial work.

Cincinnati Commercial: To the average sinner Bishop Cheney's clash with his church council in New York amounts to about rapids. A preacher may preach what doctrine he will, but the vestment he wears must be orthodox still.

Boston Globe: An evangelist in West Virginia has taken to preaching from high pulpits at open air meetings, and last Sunday preached from a rock 200 feet above his auditors. The idea is that this plan turns the thoughts of its hearers heavenward. It is certainly an original one.

Sioux City Journal: The Omaha congregation that voted unanimously to listen to the sermon the minister had prepared and not to let him off on account of the extreme heat of last Sunday showed a zeal wholly inconsistent with the modern fad of permitting the preacher to have a "vacation" all summer.

New York Tribune: The presentation to Rev. Mathew Bone, a colored preacher of Cow Island, La., of five consecutive pairs of twins is construed by his congregation as burdensome, and has become a serious matter of church discussion. The current sentiment is that so large a family imposes too great a tax on the finances of the parish and leaves nothing for foreign missions. The theory, too, prevails that there is no security against the continued repetition of these domestic visitations, and that the flock will have to look around for another pastor. According to one explanation of the phenomenon, twins happen so that cannibals can eat philopenas, and if it be accepted Rev. Mr. Bone might be sent as missionary to the Solomon Islands.

New York Sun: A Chicago clergyman whose evident shrinking from notoriety is here respected, has uttered a fiery commination against the bicycle, which he has discovered to be an angel of moral ruin as well as a provoker of "heart disease, kidney afffections, consumption and all sorts of nervous disorders." It is a singular thing that this flaming cyclophobist has not declared that the bicycle is the root of all evil and the twin brother of the trust octopus. There is no use in disputing about tastes and want of taste. Some folks ride a wheel and some a hobby. Some exercise their muscles and some their vocal apparatus. There are cynical philosophers who go so far as to aver that any man who is conscious of imperfections in his legs loathes the bicycle; but there is no reason to suppose that this Chicago clergyman's supports ar inadequate. It is his head which needs testing.

A Good Newspaper.

Sherburne County Star-News: The Duluth Herald has donned a new dress of type and is much improved thereby. The Herald is a good newspaper, though its politics are sometimes off color.

He Wants Prohibition.

To the Editor of The Herald:

May I trespass upon your good-will to ask the quiet church-going people of West Duluth who were annoyed by the picnic revelry of last Sunday, why they can consistently kick at brushing their skirts against the social drinking habit and its consequences, for it is only what they, in common with all citizens have voted for continually? Are not all citizens collectively responsible for the traffic, they being co-partners to the extent of about $80,000 per year under the guise of a license, each individual citizen being unanswerable for the traffic although some who vote for its prohibition are answerable under protest? We cannot blame our aldermen; they are elected to vote licenses which we collectively demand by the wishes of the majority of their constituency in public affairs, for if they want a re-election they could not obtain it as prohibitionists, as public sentiment is expressed at the polls at the present day. A large percentage of voters are too cowardly to vote on election day as they pray all the rest of the year, and prayers don't count but votes do at that particular time of the year. Now let the too quiet church-going people stop complaining and do their duty at the next election day in favor of the prohibition of the drink traffic and its attendant evil.

HUGH WAKEFIELD.

Duluth, June 25.

A Minneapolis Fight.

St. Paul Dispatch: The opposition of Mr. Washburn to Goodnow's confirmation is ill-timed and inappropriate, inspired purely by a desire for revenge, and in no way commits the Republicans of the state. Let it be distinctly understood that this is a Minneapolis fight. The rest of the state takes no interest in it beyond contemplating with the utmost complacency the regulation and always-to-be-expected row in the Minneapolis camp. If the president is, or thinks he is, under obligations to Goodnow and insists upon confirmation as a recognition of his personal desires in the premises, Mr. Washburn will probably have his trouble for his pains, and Goodnow the post at Shanghai.

A WHITE SEA SERPENT.

A white sea serpent, 40 or 45 feet long, was seen at sea Sunday by the officers and passengers of the Merchants' and Miners' Line steamer Gloucester, which arrived yesterday from Boston, says the Baltimore American. The monster was seen at 7:30 o'clock in the morning about sixty miles off New York, as the Gloucester was running between Gay Head and Winter Quarter Lightship. Lookoutman Lewis Madison first saw the serpent, and sang out a warning, which attracted the attention of Chief Officer Walter Eldridge. He in turn drew the attention of the passengers on deck. At first the object could not be made out, as it lay a quarter of a mile away. As the steamer came abreast of it all hands decided that it was a white sea serpent, formed like a gigantic eel, six inches in diameter, and with tapering head and tail.

It was stretched out its full length, and was apparently asleep on the waters. The gentle swell caused the serpent to gently writhe like a snake. There was a rush for glasses to get a better view of the curiosity, but before they could be obtained the swift steamer had left the serpent astern, still asleep. Chief Eldridge says he has caught big snakes in foreign seas, but he never saw a sea serpent, nor did he believe such stories, until the experience of this last voyage.

BLIND WATCHMAKERS.

There have been blind watchmakers. In former years there was one living at Holbeach, in Lincolnshire, England. His name was Rippin, and, although completely blind, he could take to pieces and put together again watches of most delicate construction with surpassing ease. He was robbed once of some of the tiny belongings of his trade, such as wheels, hair springs, etc., the thief was traced, and Rippin identified and swore to his property by the touch. At Barnstaple, too, in the early part of the present century, there was another such prodigy. His name was William Huntly. He was born blind, and was brought up by his father, who was a clock and watchmaker, to that business. The inhabitants had great faith in him, and he had plenty of employment; musical clocks and watches even were repaired by him without difficulty; and it is said that in some cases where other tradesmen had failed to discover a defect he detected the fault and set it right.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE PAVILION
Duluth's only recognized Summer Theater.
GRAND OPENING TOMORROW, SUNDAY, at 2 and 8 p. m.
THE NEW YORK STOCK COMPANY with HERSCHELL MAYALL and RUTH RUSSELL in
THE TWO ORPHANS
With New Scenery!
The best of Vaudeville Talent:
ROSS SNOW, the Original Tramp in "Rice's 1492;" MISS ALICE SMYTHE and HENRY DU TREUP, MISS GEORGIA IRVING.
Prices: 5c, 10c, 15c and 25c.
In consequence of length of program, performances commence after arrival—matinees 2 o'clock car, nights 8 o'clock car.
JULES S. KUSELL, Prop'r.
MATT KUSELL, Gen'l Acting Manager.
W. S. KUSELL, Sec'y and Treasurer.

TURNER HALL.
Sixth Avenue West and Second Street.
Four Weeks and Saturday Matinees
July 5th to 31st.
Marks Bros. Dramatic and Vaudeville Co.
Plays and Specialties Changed Nightly.
Admission Only 10c.
Best Reserved Seats only 15c.

In Duluth's Social Circles

Last evening the most brilliant Assembly of the season was given at the Spalding. A large number of outside people, both young ladies and young men, were present. The gowns were handsome and the ballroom scene was a brilliant one. Hoar's orchestra played and the music was perfect. There was a program of fifteen waltzes and two-steps with extras, extra-extras and ladies' choices. Those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Powell, of Superior; Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg, Mr. and Mrs. Renwick B. Knox, Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Dowse, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Silver, Mrs. D. H. Day, Mrs. A. W. Speyers, Mrs. J. P. Neff.

Misses Sanborn, Brown and Cornish, of St. Paul; Oliver, of Saginaw; McBride, of Nevada, Mo.; Abbott, of Faribault; Anna Bradshaw, Mary Bradshaw, of Superior; Chapin, Sellwood, Spencer, Eaton, Rosser, Margaret Graff, Martha Peyton, Comstock, Bradley, Springer, LaVaque, Brearly, Jennie Magoffin, Minnie MacLean, Margaret Murray, McLaren, Strayer, Parker, Elliott, Dickinson, Alice Peyton, Bull.

Messrs. Truesdall, of Minneapolis; Shores, of Ashland; Gay, of Boston; Weed, of St. Paul; Brown, of Eveleth; Smith and Coburn, of Superior; Walbridge, of Cleveland; Knox, of New York; Williamson, Cooke, Geggie, Walter Watrous, Laurence Horton, Parker, D. R. McLennan, C. P. McCormick, Upham, Sellwood, Hunter, Macdonald, Leslie, Reichert, McLaren, McBride, W. McCormick, Stocking, W. McLennan, Robson, W. R. Peyton, Hartley, Ames, Eaton, Shepard, Spencer, Bywater, Earhart, Watson, Miller, Dalrymple, Boldrich.

* * *

Last Wednesday Miss Blanche Howe, of 1515 East Superior street, entertained the Young Ladies' Luncheon club. The decorations were in red and consisted of carnations, ribbons, etc. The menu was a very dainty one and the cards were very pretty. The guests were Miss Sanborn, of St. Paul; Miss Bradley, Miss Strayer, Miss Spencer, Miss Sellwood, Miss Fitzgerald, Miss Dickinson and Miss Chapin.

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The Young Ladies' Card club will be entertained Monday afternoon at the home of Miss Martha Peyton on East Superior street.

* * *

A picnic party was given Wednesday evening on Park Point. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Coffey, of Ottawa; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burrows, Miss Tierney, of Pine City; Miss Copeland, of Pembroke, Ont.; Misses Springer, Corneille, Smith, Murray, Dodge, Margaret Murray; Messrs. Dunn, of St. Paul; Eaton, D. R. McLennan, Norman, Leach, J. Burrows, Sullivan and Stocking.

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Ms. G. W. Horton gave a trolley euchre party this morning at 11 o'clock and a large number of ladies were entertained.

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Miss Dickinson, of East First street, entertained a few friends for her guests, Miss Sanborn, Miss Brown, Miss Cornish and Mr. Weed, of St. Paul, on Thursday evening.

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The normal school scholars at Superior gave a dancing party on Park Point last evening and a number of the young people from Duluth went down.

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Miss Dickinson returned from St. Paul this week and is entertaining a house party, a number of her friends, society young people of St. Paul, having come up with her. In the party are Miss Sanborn, Miss Cornish, Miss Brown and Mr. Weed. Mrs. A. W. Speyers, daughter of Judge and Mrs. Dickinson, who has been South for several months, has returned.

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Last Friday at St. Paul, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shannon celebrated their golden wedding anniversary at their home on Taylor avenue in that city. Their sons Charles E. Shannon and Rev. W. A. Shannon, of Duluth, were present.

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Mrs. A. M. Miller and Mrs. L. J. Merritt, of this city, have been appointed by Governor Clough as delegates to the national conference of corrections and charities which will meet at Toledo July 7-14.

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Mme. Ohrstrom-Renard and Miss Rebecca McKenzie, who are touring in concert work, are to be home early in July for a rest of a few weeks.

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The lawn fete arranged by the ladies of Morley church, which was twice postponed, was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Church, at 28 South Twenty-first avenue east. Thursday evening. The lawn was handsomely decorated with lanterns and lights. There were a number of booths. Miss Smallwood told fortunes at one, Miss Margaret Smallwood, Miss Morrison, Miss Lou Blackburn and Fred Thwing sold fancy articles, Miss Flossie Morrison had charge of the flowers and Mrs. Blackburn was in charge of the apron booth.

A program of music was given. Miss Smallwood, Miss McKay, Mrs. James McAuliffe, the Aeolian quartet, Mr. Schultz and Mr. McDermaid rendering vocal numbers and Miss Mary Scott an instrumental solo.

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The Ladies' Missionary society of the First Presbyterian church will entertain the ladies of the congregation next Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Agnew, 1105 East First street. A collection of antiquities will be on exhibition, and there will be a musical program.

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An afternoon tea was given Wednesday by Mrs. Butchart at her home at Lakeside. Those present were: Mrs. Phineas Ayer, Mrs. J. J. Mintie, Mrs. H. Bridgman, Mrs. J. C. Perry, Mrs. Frank L. Magie, Mrs. T. J. Pierce, Mrs. Fitger.

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The annual excursion of the Unitarian Sunday school was given Monday. A large party went up to Fond du Lac on the steamer Mary Mann. They stopped at Spirit Lake on the way up.

* * *

At the home of Miss Gertrude Longstreet, 1327 East Third street, the high school class of '96 had a reunion on Tuesday evening. Twenty-nine out of the fifty-six graduates were present and were delightfully entertained. The house and grounds were prettily decorated and a number of pleasant games were played. Those present were: Misses Maud Wigdahl, Gertrude Wiggans, Pearl Swingle, Lizzie Coultra, Rena Smith, Jo Carey, Betty Brearley, Katherine Logan, Rose Butler, Jessie Cox, Ora Gridley, Belle McKay, Mary Cullyford, Minnie Jeffrey, Anna Burnham and Bertha Stahlnusch, Milton Stuart, Arthur Knauf, Douglas Rostwick, Gudmandson, Richard Close, George Litteau, Charles Meinhardt, Harry Burnham, Mildred Smith, Ralph Davis and Roger Weaver.

* * *

An art entertainment will be given at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church next Wednesday evening. Copies of noted pictures by the old masters will be given, with a brief history of each picture by young ladies. In addition to the art features a very pleasing musical program has been prepared.

* * *

About thirty members of the Meeker county old settlers' excursion party surprised Miss Thea Johnson, who was formerly a resident of Meeker county, at her home, 125 Nineteenth avenue west, last evening. A handsome rocking chair was presented to Miss Johnson as a memento of the occasion.

* * *

A piano recital was given by Miss Shepard's pupils Wednesday evening at Pilgrim church and a charming program was presented. Those who gave numbers were: Misses Gridley, Rebecca Bailey, Myrna McGuire, Lilly Abrahamson, Hannah Oleson, Ada Burke, Janie Frederick, Antoinette d'Autremont, Amy Burke and Burnsen. Miss Moon assisted, singing two numbers that were enthusiastically received.

* * *

On Tuesday last Miss Alys Cantwell, of Le Seuer, and Joseph M. Tambournino, of Duluth, were married at St. Ann's church in Le Seuer by Rev. Father Jung. The Le Seuer Sentinel thus describes the wedding:

"At 10:30 o'clock the bridal party entered the church, which was well filled with their friends, the bride leaning upon the arm of her cousin, Mathew Cantwell, immediately followed by Miss Grace Cantwell, maid of honor, and Miss Sadie Cantwell and Miss Cora Cameron, bridesmaids, the party being escorted down the aisle by Messrs Al Meier and M. T. Barger, groomsmen. At the altar rail they were met by the groom and his best man, Felix Tambournino, who followed the officiating clergyman from the vestry. The bride's dress was Paris muslin over white satin, trimmed with point lace, and she carried bride's roses. Miss Grace Cantwell wore white organdie over yellow and carried Marechal Niel roses. Miss Cora Cameron wore green organdie over white and carried American beauties. Miss Sadie Cantwell wore white Swiss over blue and carried pink roses. The gentlemen wore the conventional black and wore buttonaires of roses.

"The beautiful marriage ceremony of the church was then performed. At its close high nuptial mass was said and, the services concluded, the party left the church and were driven to the home of the mother of the bride, Mrs. Margaret Cantwell, where an elegant wedding collation was served, of which the party and others, relatives from Le Seuer and abroad, partook, and where the wedded pair received the congratulations common to such occasions. At 4:37 the bride and groom left on the Omaha train for Minneapolis, and will make their home at Duluth, where the groom occupies a very important position of electrician to the Duluth Street Railway company. Both of the high contracting parties were born and reared in this county, the bride having passed all her life in this city, where she has a deservedly large circle of friends, who now, one and all, wish her a long and happy life."

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Miss Clara Palmer, violinist, gave a concert at Grand Rapids last week. Mrs. A. Hoelscher, pianist, played her accompaniments.

* * *

A farewell entertainment and reception will be given at St. Clements' hall, corner of Twenty-first avenue west and Third sreet, Monday evening in honor of Rev. Father George, pastor of St. Clements' parish, who will leave next week for an extended visit at his home in Germany. Mrs. Franz Schultz has charge of the program. It is as follows:

Trio—"Praise Ye the Lord".....Verdi
Mrs. Schultz, Mr. Haben, Mr. Schultz.
Character sketch.....Selected
R. H. Cox.
Soprano solo—"Perhaps".....Lane
Miss Margaret Wolke.
Quartet—
(a) "Kerry Dance".....Molloy
(b) "Lullaby".....Gilbert
Arranged by A. F. M. Custance.
Aeolian Ladies' Quartet.
Mrs. F. Schultz, soprano; Miss Margaret Wolke, mezzo-soprano; Mrs. Bert Holcomb, alto; Miss Clara Hector, contralto.
Piano solo—"Pastrello".....Gregh
Miss May Miller.
Reading.....Selected
Miss Mary Flanigan
Bass solo—"Heart Bowed Down"..Balfe
(From "Bohemian Girl")
Franz Schultz.
Address.....
Rev. Father George Schefeld, O. S. B.
Duet—"Larboard Watch".....
J. Haben and Franz Schultz.
Miss Shesgren.
Piano solo.....
Quartet—"Old Folks at Home"..Root
Aeolian Ladies' Quartet.

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The German club will give a cotillion next Monday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Markell, on East Second street.

* * *

Mrs. Samuel Stewart Bradley is ill with typhoid fever.

* * *

Miss Myrtle Taber's pupils gave a piano recital at Grace Methodist church yesterday afternoon. Miss Carrie E. Wheeler assisted, rendering vocal numbers. Numbers were given by Florence Secor, Douglas McCulloh, Minnie Morterud, Belle Secor, Rosy Clumb, Esther and Gussie Rigdon, Kate Sargent, Hilda Miller, Ana Johnson, Meta Hansen, Graziella d'Aoust, Lizzie Meniece, Albert d'Aoust, Earl Taber, Kate Devaney, Myrtle Perry, Lole Moore and Emma Hanson.

* * *

At St. Clements' hall Wednesday evening a pretty drama "Captain Jack" was presented by a number of young people. Among those who took part were: Miss Rachel Knutson, Miss Ella Phillips, Messrs. Frank Byenka, J. Miller, Alfred Lyons, Henry Cairncross, Edward Lyons and John Golez.

* * *

The Zenith City Fife and Drum corps will give its first annual ball on Monday evening in Odd Fellows' hall.

* * *

St. John's day was observed Thursday by the French residents of Duluth with a picnic at Lester Park. In the evening there was a concert and dance.

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Miss Theresa Lynn and her pupils gave a recital at Proctorknott Tuesday evening in the village hall.

* * *

The Knights of the Maccabees will give a dance Thursday evening at the Kalamazoo block.

* * *

Wednesday evening Miss Ida Smith and G. D. Davis were married at the Colson house by Rev. G. H. Humason. A wedding repast was afterwards served.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick L. Gilbert have returned from Bay City, Mich.

Peter Patterson and W. Bray went down to Chicago on the Christopher Columbus. They will return next Wednesday.

Miss Angie Neff left today for a week's vacation. She will visit her sister at Minneapolis and her brother and father in Central Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Lachmund and Miss Winifred Holmes have returned from an outing at Deerwood.

Mrs. Winchester and Miss Evans will arrive from Phillips, Wis., next week to visit Mrs. F. N. Phelan.

Miss Florence Barrows left Monday for Fargo.

Misses Fannie and Merlyn Magner, of Lester Park, are visiting relatives and friends in Cloquet.

Mr. and Mrs. Cassius Jones, of Erie, Pa., and William F. Craig, of New Bethlehem, Pa., and his two sons are visiting in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Walker, of Washburn, Wis., were visiting here this week.

Mrs. W. D. Edson and son, Frank, have gone to Unadilla, N. Y., to spend the summer. Judge Edson's sister, Mrs. L. S. Higgins, and his nephew, George Edson, have come up from St. Paul and will be his guests during the absence of his family.

Mrs. Thomas M. Brady, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank V. Maas for the past few days, returned to Grand Rapids yesterday, accompanied by her grandson, Frank V. Maas, Jr.

The Misses Brady are guests of their sister, Mrs. Frank V. Maas. They expect to leave next Wednesday for the East, where they will spend the summer visiting friends.

Miss Annie Clegg, of Fall City, Neb., who spent the summer here two years ago, accompanied by Miss Mary Clegg, arrived in the city yesterday. They will remain through the summer as the guests of Miss Jennie Ralston, 122 East First street.

Miss Clara E. Sweet, of Mankato, and Miss Margaret Grierson, of Calumet, Mich., were visiting here this week.

Mrs. C. F. Temple and grandson, Burdette Temple, of Chariton, Iowa, are in the city and will spend the summer with Mrs. Temple's daughter, Mrs. Arthur N. Parsons, of 1027 East Second street.

Mrs. Joseph H. Davis, of 222 Fourteenth avenue east, returned today after a month's absence in Menasha, Wis., accompanied by Miss Harriet Northrup, who will spend the summer here.

Mrs. B. Silberstein left Tuesday for a trip down the lakes.

Miss Lulu Davis left Monday for Portland, N. Y., to spend the summer.

Miss Sarah Davis, of Pontiac, Mich., is the guest of Mrs. W. S. Albertson, of Lester Park.

Miss Lester Mahon, Miss Estelle Avery and Miss Emily Richardson left Monday for a two weeks' lake trip.

Dennison B. Smith, of Toledo, O., was here this week visiting his son, D. B. Smith, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. James Drewett and Sophia and George Drewett left Sunday for Montreal, from where they sailed Wednesday on the steamship Lake Ontario for England.

John A. Berkey, Sr., and wife, John A. Berkey, Jr., and Mr. Berkey's daughter, Mrs. A. J. Mayer, of St. Paul, were in the city Monday.

Miss Harriet Carmichael and Miss E. Eberle left yesterday for Elmira, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Roberts have gone to Montreal.

Mrs. H. Scobie and daughter, Alice, will leave shortly for a month's visit at Jamestown and Grand Forks, and will stop at St. Paul on their return.

James Todd, of Canada, is visiting with his brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Todd, of 117 Third avenue east.

Mrs. Anton Gronseth and children left Tuesday for Lake Park, Minn.

Mrs. Henry L. Pinco and children have gone to their place in the country, near Barnum, to spend the summer.

Mrs. Frederick L. Gilbert has returned from an extended visit at Bay City.

Miss Maud Wigdahl left Wednesday for a three weeks' visit at Minneapolis and Stillwater.

Mrs. W. H. Volk, and Miss D. Staff, of Marquette, are in the city for a two weeks' visit.

Mrs. William Getty has gone to Orelia, Ont., for a visit.

Miss Louise Noyes left Wednesday for Boston and Miss Bowen for Newmarket, N. H., where they will spend their vacations.

Mrs. Hovey, of Grand Rapids, Mich., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Clark.

Mrs. Henry Nolte and children have returned home after spending two months in Iowa.

Mrs. Albert Riepe, of Davenport, Iowa, is at the home of her brother, Henry Nolte, for a six months' visit.

Mrs. Thomas Chron, of Bay City, Mich., is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. G. Rand and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Comstock.

Mrs. Ellsworth Davis, of Covington, Ky., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Barber, and will be here about three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Lamb, of Saginaw, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Jackson, of 1531 Jefferson street.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

A dancing party was given Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Simpson, on Fifty-eighth avenue west.

The Knights of the Maccabees at New Duluth are completing arrangements for the celebration of the Fourth with a dance to be given in Kuloswitz hall on the night of Monday, July 5.

"Our Savior's" Ladies' Aid society of the Norwegian Lutheran church will give an ice cream and strawberry social in the I. O. G. T. hall on Central avenue tonight. A program, consisting of songs and recitations has been prepared.

Mrs. Doolittle, who has been visiting with Mrs. J. J. Robinson, has returned to her home in St. Paul.

Wednesday evening, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Towner, on Wadena street, the marriage of their daughter, Miss Lizzie Towner and George A. Toor was celebrated, Rev. Robert Forbes officiating. The bride was attended by her sisters and Miss M. Matthews. C. Towner acted as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Toor have already begun housekeeping at the corner of Sixty-fourth avenue west and Wadena streets.

The Good Templars elected officers Tuesday evening as follows: Mr. Ross, chief templar; Mrs. Schroder, vice templar; Blanch Murray, chaplain; J. Cook, secretary; Herbert Spohn, financial secretary; May Smith, treasurer; Eugene Smith, marshal; Miss Farleigh, superintendent of juvenile templars; Georgiana Ross, guard and sentinel.

Mrs. J. M. White and children left Tuesday for Ada, Minn., to join Mr. White, who went there recently to locate permanently.

The Ladies' Aid society of Asbury M. E. church met Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Joseph Cochrane, 610 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

A. Boyd and family, who formerly resided in West Duluth, but who have lived in Canada for the last two years, have returned and now reside in the Munger row.

Miss Mamie Kenny has returned from North Dakota to spend the summer vacation with her parents.

A dancing party was given by the Knights of the Maccabees Thursday evening.

The production of "Snow White," Wednesday evening, at Great Eastern hall, was well attended. It was given under the auspices of St. James' court C. O. F. Miss Clara Kenny represented "Snow White," Miss Mae Kennedy the queen and James Lynn the prince. Miss Finnegan recited "The Lightning Rod Agent" between the acts.

E. FLORADA DEAD.

Bright's Disease Claimed Him as Its Victim Last Evening.

The expected death of Capt. Edward Florada occurred at 7:30 last evening of Bright's disease at his home at 1231 East Second street. It has been regarded as inevitable for ten days that death was close at hand. Capt. Florada died peacefully, surrounded by his wife and several intimate friends. The funeral will be held in Duluth, after which the body will be taken to Berlin, Wis., for interment.

Capt. Florada was one of the best known and most successful mining men in the West, and at the time of his death was general manager of the Oliver Mining company. He was born at Milwaukee fifty-one years ago, and he enlisted at the age of 16 in the Sixteenth Wisconsin regiment. He served three years and saw much hard fighting. When his term of enlistment was up he re-enlisted and served till the close of the war. He was with Sherman in his march from Atlanta to the sea, and he took part in the great review at Washington after the war.

When he laid down his arms with the other victorious soldiers of the North, he went to Montana, where he remained nine years. In 1875 he became one of the pioneers of the Black Hills gold excitement. In 1880 he went to Colorado, remaining there nearly five years, after which he located on the Gogebic range for a time, removing subsequently to Duluth. He was now a recognized mining authority, and such he was until his death. He came to Duluth for Humphrey & Co., and was at various times in charge of the Hale, Cincinnati and Chicago iron mines. When Henry Oliver became interested in this company Capt. Florada went with him as general manager, and he continued in that capacity until his death.

Capt. Florada was popular among those who had occasion to come in contact with him, and his death will be generally regretted. Capt. A. J. Carlin, assistant manager of the Oliver and an old prospecting partner of the deceased, was with him at his deathbed.

The funeral of Capt. Florada will take place Monday at 2 p. m. at the home. The remains will be taken to Berlin, Wis., for interment.

OXFORD CRICKETERS WON.

London, June 26.—The cricket match between the gentlemen of Philadelphia and Oxford past and present, which began on Thursday last, was continued today. The Oxford eleven today made eighty-four runs for three wickets and won by seven wickets.

BEAUTIFUL SKIN

Soft, White Hands with Shapely Nails, Luxuriant Hair with Clean, Wholesome Scalp, produced by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest, for toilet, bath, and nursery. The only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the PORES.

Cuticura

SOAP is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.
ags "How to Purify and Beautify the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," mailed free.

BABY HUMORS Itching and scaly, instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Racing Wheelmen

Make a Good Discovery.

J. F. Fitch, the chairman of the bicycle committee of the Knickerbocker Athletic club, New York, writes: "I have experimented with many beverages among the members of my racing team and have found but one that completely fills the bill. It is needless for me to say that this is Postum Cereal. It courts neither sleeplessness nor nervousness, in fact, it seems to make the men stronger and I know personally that they ride better after using it."

When the trainer of athletes finds a liquid food, which looks like coffee and has much the taste of the milder grades of Java, and that so surely rebuilds and restores the human body, it well behooves the brain worker to test and see if his physical condition may not be improved by the same diet.

Ten days' trial will startle some people who have looked upon their ill feelings as permanent and irradicable.

Postum pleases all who have it properly prepared; enough in pot to make it black and rich, then boil all of fifteen minutes and there you are.

Across the Tea Table

"'Tis Heaven alone that is given away;
'Tis only God may be had for the asking.
There is no price set on the lavish summer,
And June may be had by the poorest comer."

June's soft breezes stir the draperies at my windows and waft me the incense from thousands of the censers of the summer. June is almost over, and though nature has led her procession of plants and flowers past us, we have hardly realized that the sweetest month of all the year was leaving us, and the flowers and plants in our gardens were taking on a "livelier iris." The seeds sown some time ago need resetting now, and enthusiastic gardeners spend their time about the plots of ground where are sown the hopes of summer flowers, and ardent devotees of outdoor life are over the hills and far away, wooed by summer winds and summer pleasures, and the picnicker is abroad in the land; indeed, the first warm days brought them out by legions. The bees and ants and dragon flies called forth to life did not make so brave a showing as the picnic worshipper with the mark of the order, a luncheon basket. The camper has hung the sign of the pine bough before his door, and everyone who loves a life in the open air or recognizes the necessity for outdoor exercise is gathering Junes' sunshine and pleasures while they may.

* * *

The lover of picnics and al fresco meals is a subject for consideration, and should be well provided with everything that will conduce to comfort. The first great desideratum is the basket. This should be stout and firm and as light as possible. The thrifty housewife always has napkins which are thread bare and worn, tucked away in corners of her linen closet, or else old tablecloths which can be hemmed napkin size for picnic purposes. Fresh and clean, these serve to line the basket and fold about food, and unless Japanese napkins are used, are very necessary, for there are few of us primitive enough or able to get along without these necessities of civilization. A picnic basket may be made to hold the most appetizing viands or the very opposite. Edibles may be good in themselves, and yet not proper to carry a distance. So, however we may search for novelties, there are a few old stand-bys, as they are called, which have always their place. The first of these is, of course, the sandwich. But you and I know, my dear sister, that there are sandwiches and sandwiches—good, bad and indifferent, but the best and freshest sandwich is the one made on the spot and eaten at once. The butter may be kept on the ice until the last moment, and then packed in a neat little jar or tumbler, it carries well and can be easily spread on the bread after the arrival in the woods. Or, better still, the bread may be cut and spread at home, folded in a Japanese napkin and then in a linen one and packed in a dry corner of the basket for use. The substance to be sandwiched can then be carried separately, and afterward it takes but a few moments to spread this and fold between the bread. Only those who have known the delight of a fresh, dry sandwich made a few moments before eating know the beauty of this arrangement. If a fire is to be made and a fish planked for the occasion, then a salad is positively necessary, and nothing is better for this than a potato salad. For this purpose new potatoes should never be used, but old potatoes boiled in the jackets and set away to cool. When quite cold, the jacket should be peeled off and the potato cut in dice. To this should be added thinly cut slices of Spanish or Bermuda onions and celery cut in small pieces, if possible to procure it. This should have a French dressing poured over it, oil and vinegar in the proportion of one tablespoonful of vinegar to three of oil; cayenne pepper and salt to taste. Very little of this dressing is necessary; just enough to dampen the salad. Toss it all together well and set on the ice for three or four hours. Prepare a mayonnaise and set on the ice in a jelly tumbler. Place the salad in a wooden platter, dress with lettuce leaves and parsley, pack in the basket, covering carefully with wax paper and linen napkins, in another portion of the basket set and pack firmly the tumbler of mayonnaise, about which has been folded a damp napkin, and after the destination is reached and a few moments before serving, add the mayonnaise to the salad and toss all together with a silver fork. This is best packed in a basket, without other edibles, and is a very delightful addition to the menu. Cool, crisp radishes, of the round red variety, may be used in decoration of this if desired. The one thing to remembre is that everything must be ice-cold before packing. The ham sandwich is such an abused article. Why will people place slices of ham between slices of bread and expect others to eat thereof? The whole slice of meat comes out at the first nibble, or the onlookers are witnesses of a struggle in which teeth and fingers take part in a manner anything but edifying. The ham should either be very finely chopped and then pounded to a paste in a mortar, or the devilled ham should be used. This is by far the most economical and appetizing way of fixing ham sandwiches. But the devilled ham should be taken from the can, seasoned with mustard, vinegar and pepper, and an addition of finely chopped olives or pickles gives it a relish. Devilled ham is also a pleasant addition to stuffed eggs. These should be hard boiled, sliced across the middle and a small portion cut from each end of the egg to make the white case stand on end. The yolks removed and rubbed smooth with the back of a silver spoon, mustard, vinegar, salt and pepper and the devilled ham added, the whole returned to the white cases, and packed evenly in a box. They carry remarkably well.

* * *

Cheese sandwiches are much liked by men. These, also, require the hard boiled egg. Grate one-fourth of a pound of good cheese and rub this up with the yolks of the eggs to a smooth paste, a pinch of mustard, a teaspoonful of melted butter, or olive oil, cayenne pepper and salt, fold between thin slices of bread. Iced tea is always relished, if the day is warm, and can be prepared and set upon the ice. This is easily carried in a tightly sealed fruit jar. Ice is nearly always a necessity of the modern picnic, and is nicely shaved for serving in cold tea or water by the new patent ice-shaver. The necessary lemon and sugar for ice-tea can be tucked into a corner of the basket. If hot tea or coffee is desired, and a member of the company is a successful fire-maker, either of these is frequently more appetizing than the cold. It takes but a few moments to get boiling water for either tea or coffee, but boiling it must be. Coffee made after the French fashion is then more easily prepared than any other. The coffee pot for this purpose may be procured at any house furnishing establishment, and cups, saucers, spoons, etc., can be all put away together. The successful "pickner" is full of forethought. She is not one who after getting to the woods, unpacks her basket, looks blankly around and says despairingly: "I forgot to put this or that in my basket." If she is wise and is given to these expeditions and excursions, all the necessary articles for her basket are tucked away together, to be gathered up at a moment's notice, and instantly she is able to say what we will take as her share of the feast, remembering with that backward mental glance women can give so quickly just what is the condition of her larder. Expeditions on the water were formerly more popular with us than those on land, but since the advent of the bicycle, bicycle picnics have been the rage. And an expedition on wheels to a distant point always includes the feast, food for the athleticly inclined.

* * *

The shirt-waist and the sailor hat are once more in our midst, and we welcome them with the same delight that we do the leaves and the flowers. Some years hence we will bid farewell to these pretty necessities of the summer girl and yet one hates to think of it. The shirt waist should always be made by a shirt maker, those of this year's make are small in the sleeves, and many of them are tucked, but last year's fashions are not so entirely out of date that they cannot be used for second best. The narrow string tie with the high white collar seems more popular than the stock, and it is certainly cooler. As for the sailor hat there is so much variety in style that last year's hats if freshened up retrimmed or pressed, serve quite as well as a new one would. To whiten a sailor hat if it is sun-burnt and dusty, wash off with a small brush dipped in oxalic acid or lemon juice, dry in the sun, as this bleaches the straw. The hat must be placed on a board so that the brim lies straight and flat, place a cloth or white paper over the brim and put cool irons upon it to press it flat and even. A fresh ribbon about the crown makes an old sailor as good as new. There is some agitation on the subject just now of the sailor hat and the elderly woman. Vogue, one of the ultra fashion magazines contends that the elderly woman has as much right to don the sailor hat as a man of the same age has and "we all know that the masculine mind knows restriction here. However, every one no her own tastes. Women of forty or even fifty, are right to wear this bare, unsoftened, untrimmed head-dress if it pleases them, but most women know and feel that the fine lines and wrinkles left by time, the faded and gray hair a part of added years are only made more apparent by such a bold pretense of a head-covering. Vogue has been preaching a crusade against the small bonnet for women hovering on the brink of a certain age, and yet there is nothing more becoming. The strings about the ears and under the face soften that harsh line immediately under the chin and just behind the ear, which in most women is the mark of forty. To be sure, the eyes are unprotected, but are they not always so, in anything but a larger hat, and the large hat is waning. The one delightful thing about the dictates of fashion now-a-days is the latitude one is allowed, the study of individual tastes and necessities; the only command being that of perfectly fresh and daintily cared for belongings.

* * *

Modern education is a much talked of theme these days. The traditions of our elders are passing away, and even "reading, writing and arithmetic" are losing their subtle distinctions, and being studied in a way to cause horror when viewed from the point of view of an older generation. A writer in a recent magazine protests against the use of masterpieces in our language for the purposes of mechanical drill. And as a much-abused example he cites Gray's "Elegy in a Country Church Yard," the subtle charm, the ennobling grace and flawless perfection of which cannot possibly be appreciated by the student who tortures the imperishable stanzas into abominable prose in making the verb agree with its subject, and mood and tense occupy their proper places from the standpoint of grammar, and analysis. To parse Shelly's "Ode to a Sky Lark" and teach the elements of rhetoric from "Paradise Lost" is as the writer says to batter away all their beauty under blundering hands. I have a sympathetic feeling for that writer. I have never until lately been able to appreciate the beauties of "The Elegy" or read with any delight "Paradise Lost." The sense of association is strong in most of us, and the thought of Gray's poem brings to mind figures of companions of long ago, lining out one verse at a time in sing-song voice, and "the curfew tolls the knell of parting day" recalls painfully acquired knowledge; and yet many of us are just in this way familiar with some of these great masterpieces; they were thus indelibly impressed upon us. If they must be used the plea is, that the teacher should be appreciative of thier beauty and capable of instilling this into the pupils' mind. Who of us that read Gilbert Parker's "Seats of the Mighty" failed to recognize the impression "The Elegy" made upon the mind of Wolfe. It came to us with new force and beauty as we read and felt anew the requisite charm of that one verse. Freed of childish impressions one drew inspiration from the picture of this youthful general floating down the dark river, lighted only by the dancing fireflies upon the shores, and as his boat drifted downward with the current, he recited softly the verse so associated now in our minds with the hero of the heights of Quebec. Indeed this is to my mind the finest scene in the book. One almost holds one's breath as one floats in spirit with Wolfe down the river on that perilous trip, and the sing-song words of childish memory faded out of mind, to be replaced by the beauty and work of the imperishable stanzas. The words of this writer are worthy of thoughtful consideration. "The best literature—and only the best should be placed before our children—is the consummate expression of the finest that has been thought or done in the world. The educative influence of this is most effectively exerted through the force of example and association. It shapes those who are brought into vital contact with it. It should be taught, therefore, in suh a way that the children will absorb from it impressions of moral and spiritual beauty rather than a realization of the undoubtedly important fact that a verb must agree with its subject in number and person, or that a complex sentence contains one principal and one or more subordinate clauses." I am sure that many of us agree with him and would like to have such a plea for consideration of this subject receive notice. AGATE.

BACKACHE

makes the young feel old, and the old feel that life is not worth the living. It's a danger signal of Kidney Disease—the unerring evidence of weak, inactive and sore Kidneys. Any person cured of Kidney weakness will tell you that when the back ceased to ache, all troubles ended. Neither liniments, nor plasters, nor electricity can cure it. The seat of the trouble is not in the skin, flesh or muscles. It's in the Kidneys.

It can be

CURED

Enclosed please find express order for 50 cents for which you yill kindly send me one box of Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills. I find the free sample has made great improvement in my back; I had no idea they would act so quickly.

D. H. KEMP,
Waverly Mills, Minn.

HOBBS Sparagus Kidney Pills.

HOBBS REMEDY CO., PROPRIETORS, CHICAGO.
Dr. Hobbs Pills For Sale in DULUTH, MINN., by S. F. BOYCE, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, 335 W. Superior St.

ITS CONDITION.

The Minnesota Iron Company Issued a Financial Statement Recently.

When the Minnesota Iron company met in Duluth this month no information was given out concerning its condition. All that was saved for use in Wall stret, where it would be effective in booming the prices of stock. Here is the story prepared for the information of stock speculators:

"The annual meeting of the company was held at Duluth last week, and the figures submitted showed that the company had earned in 1896 something over 6 per cent on the stock after deducting surplus earnings by the boats of $160,000, which were charged to depreciation account, and over $50,000 for other extraordinary expenses. The company has not paid dividends because it added to its ore lands, at a cost of $1,500,000, which it paid for out of earnings, and it made extensive improvements on the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, built a new dock, and put the mines in the best condition possible for cheap operation without issuing certificates, and wholly out of earnings. The company has so far sold 1,600,000 tons of ore for this season's delivery. Last year had two months of active business, but the remainder of the year was one of the dullest on record. Friends of the property say they investigated it carefully, going through the mines and over all the property, and found it in such a condition that further expenditures for betterments, either on the mines, the railroad, or the steamboats, are unnecessary."

In referring to this the Iron Trade Review has this to say:

"C. P. Coffin, secretary of the Minnesota Iron company, says that the main statements above are correct in all except one particular. That is that the company did pay dividends last year of 3 per cent, 1½ per cent each in April and July. It is also stated that additional sales of about 200,000 tons of ore have been made by the company since its annual meeting. Options are out for quite a large tonnage of ore, and it is likely that a large part of these will be taken up by the buyers. The total sales of the company cannot be estimated, but it is safe to say that they will be increased very materially over the 1,800,000 tons already sold. It has been stated lately by a stockholder of the company that the book value of its stock, based on conservative valuations of its property, is in the neighborhood of $125. The sales made this year, on the same authority, are such that it is practically assured that the company will have satisfactory earnings, although whether it will declare a dividend or not can only be determined later."

THE TRAIN ESCAPED.

Watertown, N. Y., June 26.—An attempt to wreck a passenger train on the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg railroad was made in the outskirts of this city last evening. A heavy pine tie was placed across the track, but the train, though it struck it, was not derailed.

Pleasing Result

The Family Benefited by Hood's.

"My wife and I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and are much pleased with the results. I have also taken Hood's Pills for constipation and headache, and have received great benefit from them. My wife has been relieved of that tired feeling by Hood's." R. W. BOUCKS, 420 Wabash St., St. Paul, Minn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

To Benefit Others.

The Editor of The Bloomfield Iowa Farmer Writes of the Good Done by DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE.

THERE ARE a great many unselfish men and women who wish others to know what has restored them to health and happiness. Mr. C. F. Davis, publisher of one of the best newspapers in Iowa, writes from Bloomfield Ia., Aug 18 1896. "My desire to benefit others prompts me to write this. We have used Dr. Miles' Remedies in my family for nearly two years with most gratifying results. We would'nt now do without them. My wife had been weakly and down nearly every summer for the past fifteen years. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is exactly what its name implies: a sure cure for a weak, fluttering, palpitating heart, and Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills are most excellent."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Closing Out Sale of Everything in Bedding Plants.....

After the first of the month we will commence to plant our houses to Roses and Carnations for winter blooming and must have our benches by that time. We have fixed up several houses with plants ranging in price from 2c to 25c each. Your choice of any plant on the bench at this price. Some of these plants are worth many times the price asked for them but we must have the room and they will have to go. There will be almost everything in bedding plants in these collections. We can furnish the box filled nicely for $1.00 each, or with large plants at $1.50 to $2.00. We still have a full line of vegetable plants, Cabbage, Celery, Tomatoes Peppers, Sage, Egg Plant, Tobacco, etc. Remember we have the largest place north of St. Paul. Remember we grow more plants than all of the other places at the head of the lakes and are fully equipped to do anything in the Florists line. We will fix up and care for your Cemetery lots, mow your lawns, cultivate your flower beds or anything in our line.

This Sale Will Begin Tuesday, June 29th.

W. W. SEEKINS, Florist.

Greenhouses 921 E. Third St., City Store 331 W. Sup. St.

NEWS OF THE LAKES.

One of the Schooner Gawn's Crew Lost in Lake Superior.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The schooner Gawn, in tow of the Santa Maria, reports the loss of a man in Lake Superior yesterday. His name was Graves and he lived in Toledo. He was not married.

WANTS HIM RESTORED.

Washington, June 26.—Congressman Corliss will insist upon the restoration of Capt. Samuel Rioux as commander of the lighthouse tender Marigold. He has produced affidavits to controvert the charge that Capt. Rioux is not sober and that he cannot read and write, his evidence to prove that he can write consisting of a letter written by Capt. Rioux himself. He will submit these documents along with the history of Capt. Rioux's long service as mate and master of the Marigold, and will demand that he be given his old place back. The sworn testimony is very complete.

MADE FAST TIME.

Buffalo, June 26.—The Cleveland and Buffalo liner City of Buffalo ran from Cleveland to Put-in-Bay Thursday with an excursion party, covering the distance of sixty miles in two hours and twenty-five minutes. This is claimed to be the fastest time ever made on Lake Erie, and averages better than twenty miles an hour.

MORE PEWABIC COPPER.

Alpena, Mich., June 26.—The wrecker Root came in yesterday from the Pewabic, bringing four pieces of mass copper weighing three tons. One piece was stamped O. M. & Co. and weighed 2400 pounds. Some silverware was also recovered marked "Pewabic." The clam grappler devised by Diver Smith works to perfection.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Pueblo, 8:30 last night; Pioneer, 8:40; Neosho, 9; the two Wallaces, 10:15; Trever and consorts, 12:20 a. m.; Flint, 1; Johnson, Helvetia, 2; Stafford and consorts, 2:20; Curtis and consorts, 2:30; Pathfinder and consort, 2:40; Burton, 2:20; Alva, 3:40; Choctaw, 5:20; Schiesinger, 8; Maumee Valley, 8:15; Venice, 8:30; Senator, 9; Pontiac, 10:45.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Viking, Vineland, Stone, 12:20 a. m.; Eber Ward, 3:20; J. Lockwood, 6:10; Queen City, 8:20; Peerless, 10; Zenith City, 11. Down: Orion, Muskoka, Waubesheno, Wawanosh, Neelson, 11 last night; S. Mitchell, Ed Smith, Shawnee, Angus Smith, 1 a. m.; Sauber, 1:30; Santa Maria, Teutonic, Gawn, City of Duluth, 3:40; Vega, 5; Murphy, 5:20; Kallyuga, Fontena, 6; Yuma, 7; Progress, 7:40; Glasgow, 8:30; Holland, Goshawk, Jenness, Tuttle, Dundee, 9:30; Barker, Wade, 10:20.

Later—Up: Colorado, Aurora, Urania, noon; Colorus, 2 p. m.; Northern Light, North Star, 2:20. Down: Montana, 11 a. m.; Sawyer, Tuxbury, Redfern, 1:40 p. m.

Up yesterday: Joliet, 2 p. m.; Marquette, 3; Hoyt and whalebacks, 4:30; Watt, Jenny, 5:30; Rhodes, Vanderbilt, 7:20. Down: Matoa, Marcia, 3:20 p. m.; Pontiac, Peck and whaleback, 6:40.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Godfrey, Thomson, Majestic, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Marina, Elphicke, Polynesia, Duluth.

Port Colborne—Up: Rosemount, Arabian, Fort William.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Wallula, Lorain; Mariska, Magna, Cleveland.

Lorain—Cleared: Roumania; Holland, Ashland.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Linden, Christie, Sonsmyth, Portage.

Ashland—Arived: Marshall, Tilden, Kingfisher, Peshtigo. Cleared: Bradley and tow, Duluth; Curry, Gladstone, City of Genoa, Yakima, Lake Erie ports.

MARINE NOTES.

During the trip down the lakes the steamer Kearsarge broke her wheel, and while moving up Buffalo creek without a tug she damaged the steamer Puritan to the extent of $50.

The steamer Jim Sheriffs is at Milwaukee taking on a cargo of iron for Duluth.

Andrew Walsh, the fireman on the tug C. W. Wells, who was severely scalded when the steamer Mconnhasett ran her down near Bullard's reef, Detroit river, is dead. He was only 17 years old and lived in Detroit.

The channel over the bar at the entrance to Sandusky harbor is from 75 to 200 feet wide, and varies in depth from 15 to 18 feet.

At the mouth of the Grand river, Fairport, a dangerous bar works across the entrance opposite the piers from the westward, with crest about 150 feet from the end of the west pier, and sometimes has less than eleven feet of water over it. There is an outer bar at a distance of 1000 to 1500 feet from the pier ends, and sometimes has less than thirteen feet on its crest. Both bars were dredged to a depth of eighteen feet in 1896.

O. M. Field, of Muskegon, has sold his interest in the firm of W. G. Watson & Co., to his partners and will devote his whole time to the business of the Crosby Transportation company.

The steamer Mary A. McGregor reached Muskegon on Wednesday with 650,000 feet of lumber from Duluth for Grand Rapids. She has several million feet of this lumber to carry.

The United States lighthouse tender Warrington has gone into commission after receiving a $9000 rebuild at Toledo.

Col. Marquette will receive the appointment of deputy collector at Cheboygan, Mich.

United States engineers maintain that if Lake Michigan is now rising it is because the basin which it drains has had more rain than in other seasons. Last year the rainfall was heavy in the Lake Superior basin and that lake had the highest stage of water known in its history.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Monarch, Sarnia, passengers and merchandise; North Land, Buffalo, passengers; McWilliams, Ericsson, Holley, Lake Erie, light for ore; North Wind, Buffalo, merchandise; Bradley, Woolson, Montgomery, O'Neil, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Gratwick, Griffin, Devereaux, Nelson, Mills, Lake Erie, coal; Crescent City, Nichols, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—Rawson, Winona, King, Wotan, Lake Erie, lumber; Vulcan, Cort, Russell, Lyon, Gratwick, (wood), Lake Erie, ore; Mitchell, 130, Grover, Two Harbors, light; Cranage, Shenandoah, Granada, Law, Buffalo, grain; Harlem, Northern Wave, Buffalo, flour; North Land, Buffalo, passengers.

THE PAVILION.

Grand Opening TOMORROW, SUNDAY, AT 2 P. M. AND 8 P. M. **Two Orphans**

And finest of Vaudeville Talent

HIS FATAL CUPIDITY.

A transaction in which figured a stranger of fine dress and appearance, and in possession of considerable nerve and well-displayed money, came to light in De Kalb, Ill., the other day, after having been kept quiet for some time. It is an alleged hard-times story with a moral, says the Chicago Record.

Two young men came to De Kalb from Chicago. They had the department store craze at fever heat, and negotiated with a citizen named Flush, of whom they rented two rooms in a brick block on the main street. It soon developed that the department store idea was of slow growth in De Kalb, and the venture proved to be unprofitable. The lessees approached the landlord with a proposition, asking to be released from the lease of the rooms, but the owner concluded to hold the men to their contract. Several days after the decisive answer had been given to the merchants a stranger made his appearance in town. He was tastefully dressed and wore a shining silk hat. Occasionally he displayed a roll of money, and everybody fell to wondering what sort of a new corn-sheller or barbed-wire was to be manufactured in De Kalb.

Mr. Flush was approached with an inquiry as to whether the department store building was for sale. The gentleman was willing to part with it for something less than twice its worth. The prosperous stranger wanted immediate possession, and Flush "guessed" he could have it. A small cash deposit was made to bind the deal, and the department store men were then waited on and informed that they would be released if they so desired. But the commercial wind was blowing from another direction, and they had concluded to stay out the year. A month's rent of $35 was due, and this was offered as an inducement to move. This was declined, as was also sundry sums ranging from $5 to $25. Then $50 and the back rent was offered, when the young men accepted. The department store was boxed up and shipped to Chicago, since which time Mr. Flush has been vainly looking for the man who made the cash deposit.

Lessons given in German by Miss Hartman. Address 1127 East Third street.

PACIFIC ROADS

Morgan Wants Immediate Action on the Proposed Sale By Foreclosure.

ALLISON TO RESIST

Iowa Senator Wants the Tariff Matter Disposed of First.

Washington, June 26.—Again today the acting chaplain of the senate, Rev. Hugh Johnson, referred in the course of his prayer to the advent of prosperity saying: "We thank thee for the signs of returning prosperity and that the long and wide-spread period of depression is passing." The attendance of senators was very meager, and as the tariff bill was about to be taken up, Mr. Vest called attention to the absence of a quorum. Fifteen minutes was required to secure one.

Mr. Harris of Kansas presented the report on the Pacific railways agreed to by the committee on Pacific railways yesterday. He also presented a report giving the views of himself and Senators Morgan and Rawlins which was not agreed to by other members of the committee. Mr. Morgan, who concurred in the report, said the situation demanded immediate action by the senate as the agreement made by the executive branch relative to the sale of the road on foreclosure at the minimum price was about to be consummated. He therefore announced that on Monday next he would ask the senate to consider the subject. Mr. Morgan also severely criticised the course of the government authorities.

Mr. Allison, in charge of the tariff bill, said he hoped the Alabama senator would take no action tending to delay the pending bill, as it was most desirable to get the tariff bill into conference. He would, therefore, feel compelled to resist taking up any other business until the tariff bill was disposed of. The resolution then went to the calendar.

The tariff bill was then taken up. A contest arose over paragraph 1, acids. Mr. Alison asked to restore salycilic acid to the dutiable list. Mr. Vest resisted at considerable length.

On motion of Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, of the finance committee, fuller's earth, wrought and manufactured, was added to paragraph 88 at $2 a ton. This precipitated a lively controversy between Mr. Platt and Mr. Pettigrew, (Silver Republican, S. D.) which came to an impressive climax when Mr. Pettigrew was overcome in the midst of a vehement speech.

The paragraph finally went over.

The paragraph on watch movements was then taken up, but finally went over at the request of Mr. Jones of Arkansas.

At 3 o'clock Mr. Allison asked to lay aside the bill and the senate went into executive session, adjourning soon after.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Ladies' Knox sailor hats at Big Duluth.

A marriage license has been issued to Christian M. Wold and Christinia Sophie Kasa.

The German-American National Bank of Little Falls this morning began suit against M. O. Hall et al to recover $1988.58 alleged to be due on a promissory note. Eckman & Stevenson are the atorneys.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A son to Gustav and Johanna Swenson, of 124 East Fourth stret; a son to James H. and Katherine Parker, of Duluth Heights.

The fire department was called to Thirty-first avenue west and Fifth street this morning by a small blaze, caused by a defective chimney. The damage was nominal.

The members of the board of public works and the city engineer this morning visited the granite quarry at Proctorknott to inspect the stone, with a view to its availability for use in building the low level reservoir. The city engineer also made a visit to the Hugo plant.

Rt. Rev. Bishop McGolrick will administer confirmation at St. Anthony's church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock. A class of thirty will be confirmed, among whom are several grown people.

The annual convention of the Turners of the state will be held here tomorrow and Monday. An entertainment will be given Sunday evening at Turner hall, to which everybody is invited. No admission will be charged.

For that tired feeling take your clothes to Kelly.

Five prizes have been donated to the children who stand the best examination in the Chautauqua card contest to be given at Morley Congregational church in July or the first of August. They are: First prize, a gold watch; second prize, a gold pen and pearl holder; third prize, a photograph box with quilted satin lining; fourth prize, a gilt edge set of Chautauqua cards; fifth prize, a paper cutter with agate handle; sixth prize, box of French chocolates.

The funeral of Mrs. William Harrison was held yesterday from the home of her sister, Mrs. Homer Collins, of 2027 East First street. Rev. T. H. Cleland conducted the services. The remains were interred at Forest Hill cemetery.

E. J. Duffies, assistant city engineer under Mr. Patton, has been reappointed to his old position. The appointment was confirmed by the board of public works yesterday.

Today at noon Maj. Sears opened bids for two tugs to be used in inspecting dumping. There were eighteen bids in all and they ranged from $396 to $1050 in price, for each tug. The engineer will not consider any bid above $500. An examination of the tugs will be made and the ones most suitable will be selected.

Dr. Pillsbury has moved his office and residence to 503 West First street, the Peyton property across the avenue from the postoffice.

Sailor Hats.

Special sale on ladies' and children's sailors at Miss Walsh's Millinery Parlors next week. 16 Third avenue west.

Do You Want a Bicycle?

IF so see our prices below; they will interest you, and we will be Glad to Show them.

Volunteer $28.50

THESE Prices cannot be Duplicated Anywhere, value considered, and we make them only for a limited period.

BELVIDERE $42.50

ELDREDGE Model L 1897 strictly high grade. $65.00

ELDREDGE Model C $47.50

LOCHINVAR $28.50

THESE Prices are so near manufacturers cost that we make them for cash only.

REGAL $35.00

409-411 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minnesota.

NORTHERN HARDWARE CO.

PERSONALS.

A. R. McDonald, who has been in charge of a Keely institute at Buffalo for over a year, has returned to Duluth to reside.

Mrs. C. F. Forsell and children left last night for Ortenville, Minn., to spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. Johnson.

Monroe Nichols and Ellsworth Benham left today for a fishing trip in Itasca county.

E. J. Nelson, of Eveleth, a chemist, arrived in the city today from the Rainy Lake country with a large quantity of samples of ore. He has been looking up some mining properties for Louis Roubleau.

George S. Durfee, of Grand Marais, was in the city today. Mr. Durfee is one of the members of the old First Minnesota regiment, and he is on his way to Gettysburg with the remainder of the survivors.

Miss Layton, of Tonawanda, Pa., is visiting Miss Marcia Scott.

Capt. A. J. Carlin, of Virginia, arrived in the city today and registered at the St. Louis.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., of Sagola, the well-known lumber man, is at the St. Louis.

Eugene Fifield and wife, of Bay City, Mich., and W. E. Boyden and wife, of Delhi Mills, are among today's arrivals at the Spalding. They are making a tour of the lakes.

R. B. Dear came down from Nahoming today and registered at the Spalding.

P. R. Vail and M. T. James are down from Ely today. They are guests at the St. Louis.

J. A. Shaughnessy and wife, of Stillwater, are registered at the St. Louis.

Charles L. Tompkins and wife, of New York, are at the St. Louis.

A SPIDER FIGHT.

I once had a spider pet of the kind the books enabled me to identify, says a writer in the Manchester News. He was a fine, big fellow. I caught him in the garden, carried him home, and for nearly two months he and I took a close interest in each other—he for the flies I introduced to him, and I for the amusement he introduced to me. I kept him in a milliner's box, letting him out when I visited him, specially delighting myself with allowing him to drop from one hand by his fine-spun thread, and then either catching him in the other or gently compelling him to climb back again by apparently eating his own ladder.

One day I captured another spider of the same species. I kept him for a few days in a separate box, and then, with the kindly idea of companionship, I introduced him to Tiger. I have seen dog fights; I have seen Chanticleer fight and slay his man; I have seen men fight; I have seen women fight—at least they once were women—till they became a confusion of blood and hair and shredded garments; but the fullest sense I ever realized of mad, murderous passion let ungovernably loose, centered in one destroying aim and summoning every physical energy to its devilish service, I realized when those two spiders rushed to mortal combat. I stood in boyish terror as their tangled legs dropped off, torn by mutual rage; and as, with vicious dexterity, they struck each other with their poisoned fangs, using for their own destruction the weapons and appliances with which nature has provided them for the capture and slaughter of their prey, I visibly turned pale.

Tiger was the victor; but even while with brutal wrath, all mangled as he was, he bit and spurned his dead and limbless foe, he was seized with symptoms I took to be paralytic, and in a minute or two I helped him to his death. And this fearless gladiator was afraid of, I remember, and never would tackle a big blue-bottle fly. What is courage?

EXPENSIVE VISITING CARDS.

J. Fount Tillman, of Tennessee, register of the treasury, does not use the conventional bits of pasteboard for visiting cards.

"I use these," Mr. Tillman tells his friends, flourishing a roll of paper money.

All notes issued by the government bear the indorsement of the register of the treasury, and everybody is familiar with the finely written, somewhat effeminate signature of Mr. Tillman, says the New York Sun. Like that of Grover Cleveland, who conferred public office on theTennesseean, Mr. Tillman's handwriting suggests a man entirely different in personal appearance from his real self. He is tall, broad-shouldered, and inclined to rotundity. His linen is always immaculate. A waistcoat cut U-shaped and extremely low allows a broad expanse of shirt bosom, embellished by a magnificent diamond stud, to be seen. His diamond, his shirt front, and his stalwart build have made Mr. Tillman a noticeable figure in Washington.

Just how Mr. Tillman began the practice of sending a dollar bill or a bill of any other denomination to a person whom he wished to see is not definitely known, but the friends of the register tell this story about it. Mr. Tillman went visiting one evening. When he opened his card case in response to the presentation of a silver plate by a servant he found it empty.

"I haven't a card with me," he explained, and was about to send up his name by word of mouth when a happy thought came. "This will serve as well," he said, fishing out a dollar note and placing it on the salver. "That's not for you, mind," added the Tennessean, detecting a look of cupidity in the servant's face. "Give it to Mr. ——; he'll understand."

But Mr. —— did not understand. He sent back the money, with a request for an explanation.

"Well, well," said Mr. Tillman. "How odd. There's my name, plain as daylight in the lower left-hand corner."

The register was received at once.

MRS. OLIPHANT DEAD.

London, June 26.—Mrs. Margaret Oliphant, the authoress, died last evening of cancer .She was 70 years old.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, June 26.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $234,164,498; gold reserve, $142,744,291.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Paris, from Southampton.

Hamburg—Arrived: Augusta Victoria, for New York, via Plymouth.

Glasgow—Arrived: Norwegian, Montreal.

New York—Arrived: La Tourraine, Havre.

Teachers!

An examination of applicants for schools in St. Louis county will be held in the High School building, Duluth, Tuesday and Wednesday, June 29 and 30.

W. H. STULTZ,
County Superintendent.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore the best advertising medium.

HE UNDERSTOOD.

The cross-examiner had had the witness on the stand for some time, and the latter was naturally getting a little weary, says the Chicago Evening Post.

"If you would only answer my questions properly," said the cross-examiner, who was called by courtesy a lawyer, "we would have no trouble."

The witness, who was a good witness, simply looked askance and let it go at that.

"If I could only get you to understand," continued the lawyer, "that all I want to know is what you know, we——"

"It would take you a lifetime to acquire that," interrupted the witness.

The lawyer recovered shortly after, being accustomed to knockout blows, and tried to explain himself.

"What I mean is that I merely want to learn what you know about this affair," he said. "I don't care anything about your abstract knowledge of law or your information in regard to theosophy, but what you know about this case."

"Oh, that isn't what you want," returned the witness in an offhand way. "I've been trying to give you that for some time, and——"

Of course the lawyer got in his deadly work in the line of objections at this point, and the witness had to stop.

"If I don't want to know what you know about this particular case and nothing else," inquired the lawyer later, "what do you think I do want to know?"

That seemed so easy to the witness that he almost laughed, and he showed a willingness to speak that made the lawyer prepare to object before a word was said.

"It isn't what I know that you want to know; it's what you think I know that you're after; and you're trying to make me know it or prove me a liar."

Then it was that every one in the court room knew that he had been on the witness stand before.

HOW HE STARTED.

A young German immigrant, who had not a dollar in the world and no relatives, friends or acquaintances in America, worked his way westward from New York until he reached a small town in Ohio, where he secured a position as clerk in a flour and feed store and went to work. In almost an incredibly short time he learned the English language and had mastered the few details of the business he was in, says the Chicago Times-Herald.

One day he walked into another feed store a few blocks away, said that he had heard htat the proprietor of the place desired to sell out and inquired the price. The feed dealer wanted $1500. After a few inquiries the caller said:

"All right. I vill call tomorrow at 10 and ve'll go over to the bank and get the money."

No one knew anything about the young German. The feed man who wanted to sell jumped to the conclusion that the prospective purchaser must have brought considerable money from Germany. The next day, promptly on time, the German called to take possession.

Together they entered the bank. The German approached the cashier's window, introduced himself and said:

"Dig is Mr. Jones, who keeps the feed store on Main street. I haf bought out his place for $1500, and ve haf called to get the money."

"I beg your pardon," replied the cashier, "but you have no account here, have you?"

"You don't understand," earnestly remarked the German. "I don't vant an account at all; I vant only the money."

"But you have no money in this bank," explained the official.

"Of course not," assented the caller. "If I had money I vould pay dis man myself. But I haven't any money at all, so I must come to you to get it."

"But we can't let you have money unless you give it to us."

"Then why is a bank?" excitedly demanded the would-be borrower.

The colloquy which ensued waxed so loud that the president of the bank came out of his private office to see what was the matter. He took the young German in hand personally. The latter told the banker all about himself and his aims, and in less than half an hour the bank had loaned him $1500 and held a first mortgage on a feed store owned by the happiest young foreigner in America.

That occurred many years ago, it is true; but that young German today is the head of a corporation capitalized at $4,000,000, and his name, if I were to give it here, would be recognized instantly as one of the leading business men of the country.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the Matter of the Receivership of R. R. Smith and Flora Von Suessmilch, Co-Partners as R. R. Smith & Company, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given, that the final account of Renwick B. Knox, receiver of the above named insolvents, and a petition on behalf of said receiver, have been made and filed in the office of the clerk of the above named court, and that an order of said court was made, on June 26th, 1897, fixing a time for the hearing of said account, and of said petition, for Saturday, July 17th, 1897, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said court, at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, at which time application will be made for the allowance of said account, for the granting of said petition, and for a final order distributing the funds in the hands of said receiver among the creditors of said insolvents who have filed proper proofs of claims and releases thereof, as required by law.

Dated June 26th, 1897.

RENWICK B. KNOX,
Receiver of the Above Named Insolvents.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Receiver.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-29-July-3-10

SUMMONS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Frank H. Ruger, Theodore W. Rogers and Edward Ruger, Plaintiffs,
Against
W. G. Tubbs, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer to the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, a copy of which complaint is on file at the office of the clerk of said court, at the court house, in the said city of Duluth, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the said city of Duluth, in said county and state, within twenty days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the said time aforesaid the plaintiffs will take judgment against you for the sum of six hundred and forty-one and 10-100 dollars ($641.10) with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum, from the 7th day of December, 1896, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

May 1st, 1897.

DANIEL WAITE,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.
Office, 706 Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.
Residence, No. 1422 East First street, Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-26-July-3-10-17-24-31.

Glimpses of the Humorous Side of Life

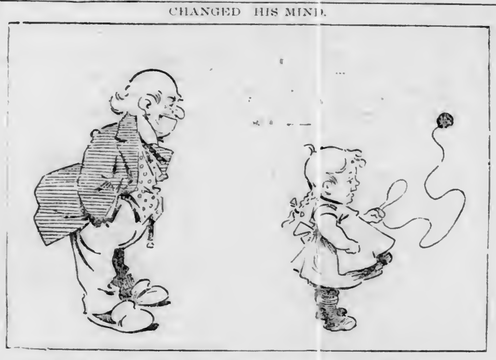
HAD ON HER BATHING SUIT.

Tom—I saw Marie down the beach just now.
Maud—Was she posing?
Tom—No. Exposing

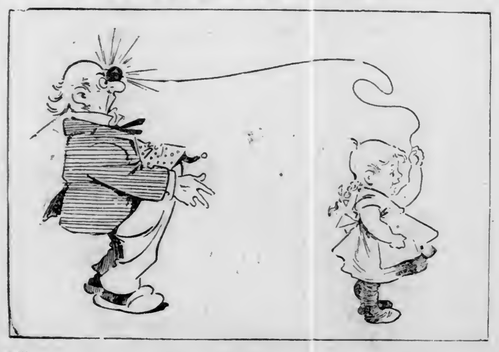
PLACED A VALUE ON IT.

Hirsute—Say, Bill, I wouldn't have that bald head of yours for a thousand dollars.
Baldy—And Jim I wouldn't part with it for ten thousand dollars.

CHANGED HIS MIND.



"Ah! How gentle and harmless such an amusement is for children."



"Wow!"

WHY 'TWAS.

"Why is it that Cholly Thoughtless and Miss Auburn Locks have had a falling out?"
"Well, you see, in dining the other evening he asked her if she would have red head duck."

A BAD COMMENCEMENT DAY ANNOUNCEMENT.

Professor Wisenere—Ladies and gentlemen, I am sorry to announce that the graduation exercises must be deferred on account of Grady's goat getting into my office and devouring the diplomas.

BUSINESS REVIVAL.

Hamlet Booth—Are you making good money out here?
Counterfelter—Passable.

SOUND ADVICE.

Mr. Slickman—In the card room just now, the fellows claimed that I was crooked, and threatened to throw me out of the window. What would you advise me to do?
Lounger—Never play except when the card room is on the ground floor.

IN SEASON.

Sister—I think I'll go out and get some air.
Brother—What are you going to do with it? Make a bathing suit?

Cupid—Here is where I leave you, miss. A happy summer to you. See you again in the fall.

CUT TOO LOW.

Howsoe—Miss Maude looks out of sight in her new bathing costume.
Comsoe—Well she isn't.

BASEBALL TERMS, ILLUSTRATED.

1—"The crack pitcher."

3—"Some beautiful curves."

2—"A close steal."

4—"A daisy cutter."

Services Free Until Cured For all Who Apply Before July 4.

PROF. S. CLAY TODD, M.D.

The Famous Nerve Specialist of Grand Rapids, Mich., Can be Consulted Free of Charge at

Dr. S. Clay Todd's Medical Institute, 1224 Tower Ave. West Superior, Wisconsin.

(All Street Cars Pass the Door.)

All Diseases and Deformities Cured.

Cures paralysis, twitching, pinching or prickling sensations, tremulous feelings, back of head ache, back of neck pains, sometimes running down the arms or back, dizziness and other symptoms leading to paralysis, nervous debility and female complaints and chronic diseases.

Consultation free and confidential.

No charge for services until cured, six months.

Directions in ten languages.

Rheumatism always cured, catarrh and head noises cured, dropsy cured, fits and all nerve and brain diseases cured, eye and ear diseases cured, nerves of tongue and nerves and muscles of limbs being developed.

REV. WEBER.

The Great Evangelist, Recovering From a Dreadful Case of Catarrh—He Had Been a Great Sufferor.

Dr. S. Clay Todd.

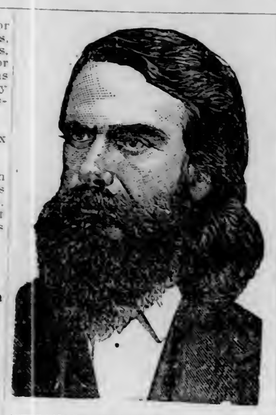
My Dear Brother—I do believe that medicine of yours will cure my catarrh. I am better now than ever before. Wonderful meetings here. Address me at Adrian, Mich., care of Lawrence house. Yours in Jesus.

J. H. WEBER.

ARE YOU ALWAYS SLEEPY?

Do you get up nights?
Can you control your urine?
Is there pain in your back?
Or nervous prostration?
Or nervous debility?
Or impotency?
Any inclination to paralysis?
Ever had rheumatism?
Is stomach weak?
Do you feel worn out?
Is there a sense of goneness?
Pains in back of head?
Are you dreadful nervous?
Not much or too much urine?
Does it hurt you to urinate?
Does it smart or burn?
Is there weight or pressure in lower parts of abdomen? Or in the lungs?
Does your urine settle?
Brickdust or cloudy deposit?
How long this way?
Married or single?
About what age?

Then call on Dr. S. Clay Todd. He is the famous specialist physician who is curing all these dreadful complaints.



HE CURES THE CHILDREN.

Is your child unable to stand, or walk, or talk or sit up?

Does your child not have perfect use of arms, hands, legs or feet?

Have your children or your neighbor's children spinal complaint?

Does anything all their back or hips or knees?

Did they fall on their backs when they were babies?

Is your child ruptured? In groin or navel?

Then take them at once to Dr. S. Clay Todd.

Under his treatment they will come all right.

People are bringing their children from all the United States and Canada, and they are getting well. Many come prepared to stay a week or more, and by Dr. Todd's treatments they receive their perfect health and shape.

All Can Be Cured if They Apply Soon.

This young lady had lost all hopes of ever regaining her health. The skill of Dr. Todd and a little medicine started her on the right track; she says: I had ulcers in the stomach and liver, vomited after eating; I doctored with five doctors without relief, and have been sick four or five years, the last year very sick, and had lost all hope of help. I had terrible thirst, felt if I could lie in the river and the water run right through me I would be all right, my stomach was terribly bloated, gas and water raised in my mouth, great pain in the side and stomach and awful weak and nervous. I was taken to Dr. S. Clay Todd Feb. 29, and he gave me one treatment and told me to return in three days and I would be better, and I feel so much better, I don't feel like the same person. I don't know when I felt so well and I do not vomit any more, or have to drink water, as I have no thirst; on the way home I began to get better notwithstanding the roughness of the roads, the pains all left me and have not since returned. MISS ANNA SWANSON.

Four and one-half miles northwest of La Porte, Ind., March 3, 1896.

CAN NOW STAND ERECT.

The Pieces of Bones Are Now Joined Together and the False Joint Has Disappeared.

The mother says: My little Albert, aged 4, had a joint above the right ankle, and the ankle was greatly swelled; also the left knee joint was so very weak and fell against the right leg for support when he tried to walk, and he swung himself from side to side when he tried to walk; now he walks and runs without difficulty. Under the treatment of Dr. S. Clay Todd from April 20 to April 28, the bones have joined together and the extra joint above the ankle has disappeared and the swelling has gone from the ankle—can now button his shoe—and the left knee joint is strengthened so as to support itself.

MRS. WILFRED BONNEEFANT.
April 29, 1897. Calumet, Mich.

Dr. S. Clay Todd has nearly a ton of Medicines at his Medical Institute, No. 1224 Tower Avenue, West Superior, Wis. Medicines sent everywhere, consultations free, Office hours 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Sunday, all but church hours.

MAYOR NOT TO BLAME.

Did Not Know the Excursionists Were Coming.

The mayor said this morning that he had been unjustly criticised for not taking steps to entertain the Meeker county excursionists. He said that it was not until 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the day the excursion arrived that he was notified of its coming, an agent of the Great Northern road calling on him at that hour and telling him. He told his informant that the officials had all left the city hall and that it was too late to call in any of the aldermen in time to do anything that evening. The agent told him, he said, that the party was going to spend the next day on the range and that he did not know whether they would remain in Duluth over the next night or go to St. Paul. It was agreed, the mayor said, that he was to be notified as to the plan for the return trip, but he heard nothing more about it. He regretted that something had not been done, but did not see that he could be blamed for the omission.

The mayor, in conclusion, said that a proper reception and courtesies to strangers, in his opinion, help the city, and that a contingent fund should be provided to meet the expense. It would be found a paying investment. The mayor suggested that the commercial bodies and the council appoint a standing committee to assist him on such occasions also.

Electric Curling Iron Heater.

Among the most recent inventions that are of interest to ladies is a curling iron heater, which is manufactured by the Electric Specialty company, of Binghampton, N. Y. The heater is of hard rubber, about an inch in diameter and about five inches long. It can be put in any electric light socket just the same as a globe, and will heat an iron in from ten to twenty seconds. It will not smoke, and a silver curling iron can be heated without being tarnished in the least.

It is absolutely safe, does away with the old lamp, gas stove, matches and black fingers, and when in a hurry, it will keep a woman good-natured in spite of herself. It is inexpensive, and makes a lovely holiday or birthday present.

Will Ask For a New Trial.

The defendants in the case of the Butler-Ryan company against W. B. Silvey et al, to enforce a mechanics' lien against the Providence building, have given notice of a motion for a new trial on the ground that the decision in favor of the plaintiff was not justified by the evidence.

In the case of the board of supervisors of Canosia township against C. E. Fenton et al, Judge Moer this morning ordered the case reopened for the purpose of allowing the plaintiffs to introduce additional testimony.

Judge Ensign this morning made an order setting the hearing of the final account of R. B. Knox, receiver for R. R. Smith & Co. for July 17.

HAS FILED NO ANSWER.

Defendant Fails to Appear in a Big Damage Case.

A personal injury suit took a peculiar turn in district court today, owing to the failure of the defendant to deem it of enough importance to put in an answer. In the suit of Angus O'Brien against Fred M. Ford, to recover $20,000 for the loss of a leg on a log drive while working for the defendant, Eckman & Stevenson, the plaintiff's attorneys, showed that twenty days had elapsed since the summons was served. The complaint was filed yesterday. On this showing Judge Ensign ordered judgment for the plaintiff for the damages sustained by him. He gave no judgment for a specific amount, but referred the question of damages to N. A. Gearhart, who is to ascertain and assess the damages and report to the court. Upon the filing of his report judgment is to be entered for the amount directed by him without further order from the court.

Bathing on Park Point.

The "old bath house," the popular bathing resort on Park Point, is again open for the season and bathers are once more enjoying the luxury of outdoor baths. Every accommodation is supplied by the management for the wants of patrons, and the "old bath house," as it is known, will doubtless be more popular than ever this season. One reason this place is the favorite resort of bathers is the splendid sand beach on which this bath house is located. To be "in the swim" go to the old bath house every time.

Will Take a Rest.

John T. McBride, general manager of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad, left on the North Land this afternoon for Buffalo, and he will remain in the vicinity of Niagara Falls a month for a much-needed rest. Mr. McBride has been suffering from serious nervous trouble for some time, brought on by overwork, and was advised by his physician that unless he dropped his work entirely he would be unable to avoid a complete break down. Mrs. McBride accompanied him.

THE PARK POINTERS.

Some of the Social Doings Among the Campers.

The hardy campers who have put up with the raw damp weather of the past few weeks now feel that their compensation has arrived in the shape of fine camping weather. Jubilee day was celebrated at Camp Gordon on the evening of June 22. As a start the arsenal of the camp was brought into requisition and the two revolvers were fired off till the ammunition was exhausted. After dark adjournment was made to the large tent, where an impromptu concert was held. Two Union Jacks, recently imported from Port Arthur, represented the decorative department. Dancing was indulged in to music of the piano played in turn by Miss and Mr. Willoughby and also by the Misses Gordon. Andrew Gordon did good work on the harmonica while the tin whistle was manipulated by W. D. Gordon. The fun grew fast and furious till the din attracted the surrounding campers who, stumbling over roots and bushes, wended their way to the tent. Among the guests were Mr. Willoughby, Mr. and Mrs. Carr, who are camping for the first time; Mr. and Mrs. Wade, Mr. Peck, Mrs. McMillan, Mr. and Mrs. Scott and Capt. Hamilton. Katty and Mary Gordon danced the Highland fling and sword dance and the audience joined in singing "America" and "God Save the Queen."

Last night Mr. and Mrs. Fred Russell tendered an informal reception to the neighboring campers by giving a dance at their pavilion. The McMillan boys played on their guitars, Mrs. Carr and Mr. Willoughby took turns at the piano and Andrew Gordon played the mouth organ. Mr. Chambers officiated as caller, while Mr. Russell, assisted by Mr. Gordon, acted as floor managers. Among the visitors were Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Campbell. Miss McLeod from Camp Cameron and Mrs. and Miss Willoughby. The Cherokees were well represented by Messrs. Kent, Becker and McKay. From up the track Mrs. Capron and daughter, as also Mr. Chambers, were among the guests. Many Superior people were present, amon gthem being Mrs. and Miss Wade and Capt. Hamilton.

Arthur Avenue Case.

Judge Cant is enduring about the sixth day of the Arthur avenue altercation today, but the end is in sight, and it was hoped today that it would be reached tonight. Yesterday afternoon the case of the St. Paul & Duluth against the city and the Duluth Street Railway company was taken under advisement, and this morning the case of the Northern Pacific against the city, the third and last of the series, was taken up. The fight narrowed down to City Attorney Richards and J. L. Washburn, who occupied today's sessions. It was expected that when the end is reached Judge Cant will take all three cases under advisement for a few days, after which he will announce his decision.

Mr. Geist's Funeral.

The funeral of Joseph M. Geist took place yesterday in St. Paul. It was held from the Assumption church. The body was placed in the vault in Calvary cemetery. Mrs. Geist returned this morning from St. Paul, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. M. J. Donnelly, of St. Paul. Emil Geist, of St. Paul, and Frank Geist, of Mineapolis, also came up.

Bargains in pianos at Coon's.

DYNAMITE EXPLODED

Heavy Charge Went Off Close to the Armory at Noon Today.

WINDOWS SMASHED

It Was Evidently Left There Some Time Ago By a Workman.

A terrific explosion took place in the vacant lot on the east side of the Armory and about thirty feet from that structure at 12:45 o'clock this afternoon. Nearly every pane of glass on that side of the building next the explosion was shivered, as were also some panes of heavy plate glass in the large bay windows of the Wakelin house across First street from the Armory. The walls of the Armory appeared, on a cursory examination, to be uninjured, and it is thought the damage is confined to the demolition of the glass. There were seventy-one panes broken in the Armory, which it will cost about $25 to replace. The damage to the Wakelin house windows will foot up about $30 or $40.

The concussion shook the windows of houses on Third street as far as Third avenue east, and was distinctly heard a mile away. The explosion was in a tool box left by the contractor, and the evidences indicate that it was dynamite. There was a hole in the ground where the box had stood, and a piece of the bottom of the box that was found shows part of the outline of a hole similar in size. A piece of 2-inch gas pipe was found, with the fragments of a pair of blue overalls wrapped around it. The pipe appeared as if sent from the inside by the explosion, and it is supposed that the dynamite was in it. The police say they believe that there is no mystery connected with the affair. Their theory is that the dynamite was a piece left over after the blasting for the Armory basement was finished, and that it was wrapped up in the pipe and stowed away by a workman. They attribute the explosion to heat.

A man who was at work about fifty feet from the point where the explosion occurred says he had seen no one in the vicinity for some time before it happened, with the exception of two men, whom he noticed hitching up a horse in the alley between First and Second streets, about 300 feet away.

A rock half again as large as a man's fist was thrown over into Superior street by the explosion, passing just over the top of a passing street car.

ENTERED A DEMURRER.

A. R. Macfarlane Appears in the Security Bank Case.

A. R. Macfarlane has entered a demurrer in district court to the suit of Nathan Marcus, to enforce the statutory liability of the stockholders of the Security bank. Accompanying the demurrer is a notice that it will be argued at a special term of district court to be held next Saturday, July 3. The demurrer is on the grounds that the plaintiff is not legally qualified to prosecute the action, and that the complaint does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action. The first ground is of especial importance, as it may be a test of a part of the law governing such actions. It was at first thought that a receiver was the only party qualified to bring such an action under late laws, and this consideration held this suit back for some time. Finally, however, the attorney who brought it concluded that his client was qualified, and the suit was begun. Whether he was right or not will probably be determined by next Saturday's argument.

The Summer Girl

Can get the jauntiest sailor hat imaginable at Miss Walsh's special sale next week. 16 Third avenue west.

IMPORTANT TAX CASES.

Judge Moer to Take Them Up on Monday.

Monday morning Judge Moer will take up what are possibly the most serious and most important tax cases ever brought to issue in this county. There are about 330 of them, but as they all involve practically the same question there will be no division of the bunch, but all will rest upon one argument and one decision. There are several points raised in the cases, which involve the delinquent taxes of 1895, but the most important matter relates to the Iron mining industry. The objectors base their principal objections to the proceedings upon the ground that they have been unjustly discriminated against in favor of the mining properties. They claim that the mines and mining locations have been valued at ridiculously low figures, a small fraction of what they are really worth, during the years 1894 and 1895. They therefore claim that the taxes were unjustly distributed and that the iron industry did not bear anywhere near its proper share, greatly to the prejudice of all other classes of property.

Mr. Woolley's Oratory.

Tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock John G. Woolley will speak on "Temperance" at the First Methodist church. His style is described by Joseph Cook, of Boston, as follows: "John G. Woolley is an orator of wonderful power. He somewhat resembles John B. Gough in his vivid and dramatic style, but he has the lawyer's training, and is as remarkable for incisiveness of thought as for keenness of phrase. He knows to the depths the experience of the man tempted by strong drink. He speaks from experience both of the alcoholic habit and the joys of the Christian triumph over it. No man holds sounder views than his on the moral, educational and political means of making the liquor traffic forever an outlaw."

Special Sale of "Sailors."

Miss Walsh, the milliner, will have a special sale on ladies' and children's "sailors" next week. They are neat and fashionable and just the thing for summer. 16 Third avenue west.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

Sailor Hats.

Special sale on ladies' and children's sailors at Miss Walsh's Millinery Parlors next week. 16 Third avenue west.

BOWMAN STILL AGITATES.

More Anxious Than Ever to See a Railroad.

Fred J. Bowman, the boomer of the American Rainy Lake country, is persistently agitating the question of railroad connection between his country and Duluth. He seldom visits this city without paying a visit to the Iron Range offices and offering suggestions with a view to interesting the officials of the road in his long-dreamed-of plans. He has hopes now that the Duluth & Winnipeg air line project may solve the problem at an early date. He yesterday presented a new plan to President Greatsinger and showed how extensive a region would contribute business to a railroad that touched at some point on the inland lakes, from which it could be taken by boat lines running in all directions, drawing trade to Duluth from Rat Portage itself. He says that this year will see the completion of the locks at Fort Frances, which will afford uninterrupted navigation between the Lake of the Woods, Rainy lake, Seine river and other lakes and rivers that extend in all directions through the gold fields. The traffic of all this country, he believes, would find an outlet to Duluth over any line of railroad that would touch Rainy lake, and he believes it would be sufficient to afford a good revenue from the first.

IRON RANGE GRANT.

Decisions Do Not Seem to Quiet the Agitators.

President J. L. Greatsinger of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company said to a reporter for The Evening Herald today that he had no idea that the decision of Judge Lochren of the United States circuit court in regard to the railroad land grant would finally settle the matter.

"The courts have already twice decided that we have earned title to the entire grant, and yet there are always those who have been found ready to reopen the question on one pretext or another, and it is not likely that Judge Lochren's decision will have any more weight with them than those of other judges. In fact, it would not seem natural to be free from all prospect of contention and litigation over the land grant, and it will probably continue until the end of time. Of course the courts have uniformly held, and will doubtless continue to do so, that the state has no claim to the land, but that does not appear to make any difference with the men who so greatly concern themselves over the state's interests."

Excursion TO Port Arthur

ON STMR. H. R. DIXON, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, Under the auspices of I. O. F.

Fare for Round Trip..... $2

Leave Booth's Dock Wednesday at 1 p. m., returning arrive Duluth Friday morning, giving an opportunity to enjoy Dominion Day celebrations.

Only a limited number of tickets will be sold, which can be obtained through any member of the order and at the office of A. Booth Packing Company.

ASSIGNMENT CLOSED UP.

Gust Bergguist Estate Settled By the Court.

In special term of district court this morning Judge Ensign wound up the assignment matter of Gust Bergquist, on petition of the assignee, P. George Hanson. It having been shown that the assignee had settled the estate and collected and distributed all the assets, he and his bondsmen were ordered discharged. The insolvent was also ordered released from all obligation to the creditors who filed releases, and judgment was ordered accordingly.

In the case of Clinton Markell as assignee for H. H. Bell against the stockholders of the Masonic Temple association, Judge Moer this morning made an order allowing the plaintiff to file a supplemental complaint including a number of stockholders who were not included in the original complaint. He also made orders allowing C. H. Graves and the American Exchange bank to become parties to the suit.

In the stockholders' liability case of J. C. Helm against the Smith-Fee company, Judge Ensign this morning made an order allowing C. H. McCutcheon, Ilter Bros. and H. G. Trout to become parties.

Asked For More Time.

When Judge Moer denied Mrs. Rachel Spellman's motion for a new trial this week her attorney, C. O. Baldwin, asked until today to decide whether he wanted to appeal or not. This morning he told Judge Moer that he had not yet reached a decision, and that he would like more time. Judge Moer therefore allowed him until Tuesday morning, when he will announce whether he will appeal or not. If not, Mrs. Spellman will probably receive her sentence at that time.

To the Traveling Public.

The Evening Herald is on sale at the news stands in the Great Northern hotel, Chicago; Windsor hotel, St. Paul; West hotel, Minneapolis.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

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BAKERIES.
Gray Bros., 13 E. Sup. St. 'Phone 258.

BICYCLES.
Duluth Cycle Co., 228½ W. 1st St. New and 2nd hand wheels for sale, rent or ex., repairing a specialty. E. E. Moseman, Mgr.

BATHS.
Turkish, Russian and Anadrosis Compound Vapor, 415 W. Mich. St.

Confectionery and Ice Cream
Gray Bros., 13 E. Sup. St. 'Phone 258.

DENTIST.
C.G. Von Suessmilch, D.D.S. 31 W. Sup st

DETECTIVE AGENCY.
Benson's Detective Agcy., Exchange Bldg

DREDGING CONTRACTORS.
Duluth Dredge & Dock Co., 416 Torrey.

DRUGGISTS.
Smith & Smith, 101 W. Sup. St. Phone 323

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES.
Burgess Electric Co., 24 3rd av. W. Tel. 465

HOTELS.
The Ralston, 122 E. 1st St. Transients will find the best accommodations. Rates to boarders.

JEWELERS.
F. D. Day & Co., 315 W. Sup. St.
E. C. Regli, 105 W. Sup. St., over Power & Settle, full line Jewelry. Manufacturing and repairing a specialty.

MEAT MARKETS.
Fulton Market, 101 E. Sup. st. Phone 231

MILLINERY.
Miss Walsh, 16 3rd Av. W. Fashionable Millinery.

OPTICIANS.
F. D. Day & Co., 315 W. Sup. st. Manufacturers of Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

PRINTING.
Rankin, Greer & Moore, Basement Torrey

RESTAURANTS.
Columbia, Jim Stetson, Mgr. 311 W. Sup. st. Open day and night, prices reasonable.

STEAM LAUNDRIES.
Lutes' Laundry, 808 E. 2nd. 'Phone 447. We aim to please, try us.
Peerless Laundry, 14 E. Mich. 'Phone 428.
Troy Laundry, 510 E. Sup. st. 'Phone 257.

TRUNK MANUFACTURERS.
Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. st. Full line Trunks and Traveling Bags.

WATCHMAKERS.
E.E. Esterly, 105 W. Sup. st., over Power & Settle. Watches cleaned and warranted, $1.

VILE MISCREANTS.

They Spread Tacks on the Street to Injure Bicycles.

Some individuals of that monkey type of brain, the chief characteristic of which is a delight in mischief, have been devoting time that they could undoubtedly use to better advantage in earning money to pay their debts, in scattering tacks between the car tracks on Superior street. The object might not be at first apparent to those who imagine that a two-legged animal without a tail is fairly to be credited with aims worthy his supposedly superior endowment in the matter of brains. When the truth dawns that these pitiable creatures are impelled solely by a desire to destroy property for fun, decent people are apt to feel apologetic to those humble first cousins of the human family referred to, whom they have so long treated as being beneath them.

There is protection for bicyclists in the ordinance, as well as for other folks, and the police department does not exist solely for the purpose of running in riders without lights. A part of its function is to apprehend those guilty of the criminal acts alluded to.

MORRIS BESIEGED.

Office Seekers Swarm Around Him During His Stay Here.

The life of a congressman may have a good share of glory connected with it, but it has its disadvantages. Today, yesterday and the day before brought troubles to Congressman Page Morris, and when he boarded the train this afternoon the smiles played merrily over his face, for he had shaken loose from the crowd of hungry office-seekers and others who wanted special favors at his hands, and would only have a few trivial matters such as the tariff, bankruptcy bill, Hawaiian annexation, the affairs of Cuba and other questions now being calmly and deliberately considered by the national congress. Affairs of state are nothing in comparison with the difficult problem of determining who shall have charge of a postoffice in a backwoods settlement.

All of today an anxious crowd has stood outside the doors of the congressman's office in the First National Bank building, each anxiously waiting an audience with him. Every man of them wanted something, frequently several were after the same thing. It was impossible in the limited time at his disposal to see them all, and of course many went away disappointed. Those who had an opportunity to whisper a few hurried words in his ear were envied by those not so favored, and finally when he had not a moment longer to remain with the patriots who helped him into office and left his office, those remaining followed him out, some succeeding in getting just a word to him. The congressman's visit was not an enjoyable one, and perhaps he has thought more than once that it would have been better for his peace of mind if he had remained in Washington and permitted the office-hunters to fight it out without his presence.

The Lots Taken Away.

Judge Ensign this morning filed findings this morning which provisionally take away from the Hebrew congregation of Moses Montefiore and the Hebrew synagogue of Moses Montefiore their claim to part of the East First street lots. The findings were in the case of the Duluth Building and Loan association against the above named societies. They are to the effect that in August, 1893, the association owned part of lots 15 and 15 East First street, Duluth proper, First division, and that thereafter the Hebrew congregation entered into a contract to purchase them. It is found that a number of the payments called for in the contract are delinquent, to the amount of $4817.05, and it is ordered that the defendants be deprived of their claim to the property if the amount is not paid within thirty days.

The Police Court.

Noel Touchette had touched it too many times; he acknowledged before Judge Edson this morning, and that was how he came by his awful jag. He will spend ten days on the hill touching up rock. Martin Joice, who made things howl in the vicinity of Third avenue west and Michigan street yesterday, went up for five days.

Frank Haynes, Joe Redding and Joe Butler, charged with vagrancy, told the court they were on their way to the harvest fields and were released with sentences suspended. Thomas Riley, a box car lodger, was given a suspended sentence.

At the Pavilion.

A visit to the hill top today revealed what could be compared to a man-of-war getting ready for action. Everybody was on the move. The company were getting their final rehearsals, the scenic artist was putting on his final touches to his new scenery, which has been painted for the production of "The Two Orphans" at the opening tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The vaudeville artists were rehearsing with the orchestra in another room, while Herschell Mayall was superintending the dramatic company; one of the Kusells was directing the vaudeville rehearsal, another one of the Kusells was arranging the seats, while the third Kusell was down in the city looking after everything in general. The Kusells are hustlers, and they are determined that nothing shall be left undone to give every satisfaction. In consequence of length of program, performances will commence immediately after arrival on the hill top of, at matinee's 2 o'clock car and 8 o'clock car at night.

A pint of good Whiskey for 25c at 227 West Superior Street.

All Aboard for the Butchers' Picnic
Chambers' Grove
Fond du Lac
Sunday, June 27.
Train leaves Duluth 9:30 and 11 a. m., and 2:30 p. m. Leave grounds at 6, 8 and 10 p. m.

YOUR MONEY, DIAMONDS, JEWELERY AND VALUABLE PAPERS ARE SAFE IN THE
Duluth Safety Deposit Vaults
Strictly Burglar and Fire Proof (Diebold's Safe—Yale time lock.) You are cordially invited to call and inspect them. 3 West Superior street.
ROBERT B. EYSTER, Mgr.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.
United States Government Depositary.
CAPITAL $500,000.00.
SURPLUS $250,000.00.
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Money Sent to all Parts of the World.
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Cuisine First-Class.
Excellent Service.
Newly Refitted Throughout.
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We will cut the price on Potted Choice Stock—
25%
GERANIUMS 30c and 40c per dozen.
We have them, but such stock is dear at any price. Address all mail to
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LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSE,
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Sold Everywhere.

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SECTION TWO—PAGES 9 to 14

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1897.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MEMBERS IGNORED

A Congressman Cuts Very Little Ice With the Present Administration.

HAS LITTLE TO SAY

Political Bosses Who Are Recognized and Fill All the Offices.

Washington, June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Members of the lower house from Minnesota have about reached the conclusion that a congressman cuts very little ice with this administration and that since the election Mr. McKinley has forgotten their existence. The facts would seem to warrant the assumption. Both in the recent batch of important Minnesota appointments and those made heretofore, there is no mark of the work of the representatives of the state in the lower house. The patronage brokers' club has been composed exclusively of the two United States senators, John Goodnow, Tim Byrnes and other political bosses, who pose as original McKinley men. The few appointments not dictated by these gentlemen have been purely personal ones with President McKinley, friends whom he has rewarded for fidelity to him or for old acquaintanceship. Mr. McKinley has a decided inclination to take care of his friends.

The senators and political bosses have kindly permitted the members of the lower house to dictate the fourth class postoffices, pension examining surgeons, and in one or two cases some registers and receivers, especially where the men selected were perfectly acceptable to the senators. The case of the collectorship at Duluth was one of this character. Mr. Wilcutts is a personal friend of both senators and would have had the appointment whether Congressman Morris wanted him or not. Representative Tawney made but one request for a more important appointment than that of a fourth class postmaster, but has so far been unable to land his man—J. M. Diment for collector of customs at St. Paul. In not a single case has a representative in the lower house from Minnesota been consulted about any foreign appointment or federal position outside the state. The senators have not only attempted to dictate all appointments, but have prevented the president from rewarding several ex-congressmen whom he was desirous of providing for.

A great deal was heard about the tremendous power wielded by Mike Doran, the Democratic boss under the last Cleveland administration, but Doran was never given the recognition that some of the Republican bosses have had under the present administration. Congressman Baldwin of the Sixth district, under the second Cleveland administration, secured the appointment of practically every local officer in his district, in addition to United States marshal for the state. He was able to have several men objectionable to him removed, and when he retired from congress secured a comfortable berth for himself which he has held ever since. The wildest-eyed prophet would never predict such success for the present representative of this district. A few days ago one of Congressman Eddy's constituents was appointed to an important consulship, and the first intimation the Seventh district congressman had of the matter was when he read of the appointment in the newspapers.

As a matter of fact members of the house, with a few exceptions, are given little consideration at the White House and half the time are unable to see the president at all, and sometimes are obliged to wait an hour to see even his private secretary.

There promises to be a lively scrap over the filling of the big postoffices at Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth. It is perfectly safe to predict that the senators and the bosses will take a hand in this matter. "Your Uncle" Loren Fletcher may be very shrewd and he may say a great deal in advance about what he intends to do, but the chances are that he will have to settle upon a man perfectly acceptable to the senators for postmaster of Minneapolis when Mr. Holbrook's term expires. Stevens, of St. Paul, may give way to Senator Davis in the selection of a postmaster at St. Paul, if he is in congress at the time. His present term expires before there is a vacancy in this office. Judge Morris probably will have little say in the selection of a postmasted at Duluth.

A similar situation exists in many other states, but scarcely to the extent that it does in Minnesota. In North Dakota, where there is but one representative and one Republican senator, there is a deadlock, and while these gentlemen are endeavoring to settle their difference some other state delegations working in more harmony are walking off with all the outside appointments.

* * *

There is a remarkable coincidence in regard to Congressman Morris and Senator Daniel of Virginia which is frequently commented upon at Washington. Both are natives of the same state, and Judge Morris once ran for congress in the Lynchburg district against this noted orator of the Old Dominion. As he ran on the Republican ticket in one of the white districts of the South, naturally he met defeat. Judge Morris is credited with considerable oratorical ability, 'and some of his enthusiastic Minnesota admirers say that as a speaker he is more than the equal of the senior Virginia senator, who has long been known as the "silver tongued orator of the South."' In personal appearance, manners and speech these two men are singularly alike. Both are clean shaven, with clear cut features and a copious crop of long, wavy, black hair. They are about the same size, and except for the differences in ages might be taken for brothers. In political affiliations, however, they widely differ. One is a gold Republican, the other an ardent free silver Democrat. The district in Virginia in which Judge Morris once ran for congress is now represented by a gold standard Republican, and had the present representative of the Sixth Minnesota district remained in his native state he might now be addressed by the speaker as "the gentleman from Virginia" instead of "the gentleman from Minnesota."

* * *

The prospect of a speedy wind-up of the affairs of the Chippewa Indian commission is most pleasing to certain minor officials of the interior department, who have had to deal directly with this vexatious question for the past eight years. Had this work been properly performed at the start, it is generally conceded by people familiar with the subject that it could have been completed in a couple of years. There has been more politics in it than almost any other question that has come up in Minnesota during this time. Each successive commissioner has pronounced the work of his predecessor erroneous, and has proceeded to go over the same work again. Estimates of tracts of pine have been made over and over again, and no two have agreed. Undoubtedly gross frauds have been committed, but in view of the fact that it does not seem possible to place the responsibility for this dishonesty, the department has grown very weary of these charges. Secretary Bliss is a business man, and the chances are that he will take an active interest in this work and get it off his hands long before the close of the coming fiscal year. This, however, will largely depend upon the competency of the men he puts in charge.

* * *

The chimerical scheme of Representative Kiefer of St. Paul for the construction of a canal from Duluth to the Twin Cities seems to have died along with the colonel's defeat for renomination to congress. About the only result of Kiefer's efforts in this direction was the expenditure of $10,000 of the people's money for a survey, which demonstrated the impracticability of the project. Had the same amount been spent in surveys for improvement of the water route from Duluth to the Atlantic ocean some benefit might have resulted. Experts have repeatedly stated that it would cost nearly as much to build this canal as it would the proposed Nicaragua ditch, and there is no commerce to justify the investment of even a tenth of this sum. The scheme seems to have met a timely death, and the prospects are that its sepulchre will not be disturbed.

VERY FREAKISH STREAM.

Rio Grande River Changes Its Bed Without Warning.

New York Sun: "It is a freakish river, the Rio Grande, and no mistake; for sudden turns and capriciousness woman herself can't equal it," said a former federal official of New Mexico, talking of the recent floods at El Paso. "For the 1500 miles of its course its character is everything by turns from navigable water to dry land. At its head, in the mountainous San Juan country, in Colorado, it is a cold, clear trout stream; in Northern New Mexico its waters are brown with sand in solution; further south, where the liquid mud of the Rio Puereo (Dirty river) pours into it, its waters become densely muddy, and all along, on its long way to the sea, this queer river takes on one or another new feature different from anything that has preceded it.

"The Rio Grande's habit of going under ground here and there along its course, leaving a dry channel above, from which it reappears anywhere from a mile to fifty miles below, has recently been told in the Sun, which also has published accounts of its quicksands and burrowing eels and catfish. But there is one performance by this river that never to my knowledge has been written except in local history or in the record of some land case in court. It is the way it served the town of Mesilla in Southern New Mexico. The place is a picturesque, dignified-looking old Spanish-American community, built about a plaza, with orchards and vineyards surrounding, and stood in the beginning on the west bank of the river. Before the railroad came it was an important point in the wagon-freighting trade, and its people were prosperous and happy. But they had one cause of complaint. The routes of all the traffic from Texas and the North lay on the east of the Rio Grande, and stages and wagons must ford the river in getting to and from Mesilla. This was inconvenient at all times, and involved danger and delay in times of flood.

"Que lastima' (what a pity), the people often said. 'If only our town stood on the east bank of the brave river!'

"Their wish came to pass at last in a startling way. There was an unusually heavy snowfall in the mountains of the upper country one winter, and, the spring opening warm, the snow melted rapidly, with the result of a tremendous flood in the lower Rio Grande. The waters overspread the level valley until Mesilla, which, luckily, had been built on an eminence, became an island, the refuge of those persons from the lower lands who had not drowned before they could reach it. The waters at last subsided, and then the discovery was made that the Rio Grande, instead of keeping to its old bed on the east, was flowing past the town, a mile to the west of the plaza.

"It was what the people had said they wanted, but it took them some time to become used to the change and get their landmarks and points of the compass to tally with the new order of things. Many a peon or Mexican of higher degree going or coming from the plaza with a load of aguardiente inside his skin got an unexpected ducking in the river when he had looked for dry land, or walked gingerly across the dry channel where the river used to run, wondering why he could not find the Rio Grande. Tales of such misadventures were stock stories in the lower valley for years after the flood. There was a more tragic aspect of the business in the epidemic which it took its rise in the exhalations from the vast extent of river bottom left exposed by the change of channel. Several hundred people died from this cause in the succeeding summer and autumn. There are orchards and alfalfa fields in the old channel now, but its course can plainly be traced on the face of the ground; and who knows when the Rio Grande may not take a notion to return to its old bed and set the maps at fault again."

COFFINS IN ADVANCE.

A peculiarity among Dutch farmers who live at a distance from a town is to have a coffin in readiness for their burial. It is by no means uncommon to see a still sturdy old patriarch going to an outhouse and gravely contemplating that which is to hold his body when he shuffles off this mortal coil. This characteristic has also appeared in President Kruger, who has recently imported a coffin, at a cost, too, of £100.

LODGE IN DULUTH

An Ironclad Secret Organization That Has a Representation Here.

ALMOST A MYSTERY

Humane Officer Haskins' Experience in Corraling and Driving Pigs.

There was, some months ago, considerable talk concerning a secret organization that had been formed in a Western state, the members of which, professing to despair of righting by the ballot matters that seemed to them wrong, bound themselves to refrain from voting at any election and to act together when the time became right to apply the remedy of force, to which they looked as the only recourse. Attention was called to the existence of the organization by a man prominently identified with an economic reform movement, who said that while he regarded the brotherhood with no especial favor, he was constrained to admit that it might serve a purpose that would in the end be useful to humanity.

The awesome interest that invests anything that is secret and powerful, as this organization was reported to be, attached to the slightest word concerning it. The stray paragraphs in the press that related to it in any way were eagerly read. This fact was early detected by the enterprising "string fiend," as that pestiferous human first cousin to the mosquito—and who, by the way, is no credit to the family—who purveys "fake" news is called. This pest desisted from his pernicious activity in other lines long enough to send out long stories purporting to contain new facts concerning the brotherhood and heralding the establishment of local lodges. There were, in fact, but comparatively few lodges organized, and quite no one member of the brotherhood except those in the inner circle could tell very much of the workings of the organization, even had he been so disposed, it will be seen that the large mass of information on the subject that was furnished by the "string fiends" aforesaid was fiction pure and simple. It may safely be said, too, that the men of the press, or the women either, no matter how enterprising, found no member of the brotherhood who was willing to give any information whatever. Those of the brotherhood were bound by the most formidable oath merely, but consideration for their own safety constrained them to be close mouthed. No member knew more than five others of his own lodge even, hence he could not be certain, if approached or disposed to betray his trust, that he was not placing himself in the hands of somebody who was bound by an oath to at once convey intelligence of his breach of trust to the inner council. In addition, there were officials designated as "visitors" whose business it was to inspect at times and by methods known only to themselves and the inner council the workings of the various lodges. Their identity was unknown to any but the inner circle. They did not even know each other, and hence were hedged in their own spheres by the same secret oversight as were the members of the local lodges. Unknown and unnoticed, they went on their mission, the eyes and ears of the inner council.

With all these measures to secure secrecy, is it any wonder that a lodge has for some time existed in Duluth? Such is the case. This is now known for certain, but this much is about all that is known concerning the local lodge. Its strength and the name of even one of the members are as a sealed book. Its membership may be legion, for all that is known to the contrary. Even the bare knowledge of the existence of the lodge might not have been obtained had it not been that somebody violated their oath by putting in writing the minutes of a meeting in such a way that the writing itself disclosed that it was a record of the brotherhood. The writing was found in an alleyway in the business part of the city. It was discovered in the early morning and was unsoiled, indicating that it had been dropped during the night. The conjecture is that a meeting of the section had been held during the night in some one of the buildings in the block, the members passing out by the rear entrance. A close watch of the locality was kept for some time after the find, but no further clue was obtained, and it is safe to say that the brotherhood watched the watchers a good deal more closely than the latter watched the alley.

The members of the local lodge refrained, it is said, from voting at the last presidential election and at the spring election since. Whether they can be induced to vote at the water election that is looming up as a possibility, remains to be seen.

The order is said to be rapidly growing throughout the country. There is not the rush to get in that there was at first, the impression being then abroad that members were required to abstain from work as well as from voting, but still there is a steady increase in the membership. There are said to be now more than 200,000 members in all parts of the country.

* * *

If anybody is looking for trouble they can find it by asking Humane Officer Haskins what he knows about driving pigs. As a matter of fact, he knows a great deal more about it than he did, say a week ago. He is reluctant to vaunt of his newly acquired wisdom. Since he has been able to be out, he has not been heard to speak of it, in fact.

Mr. Haskins, it seems, had some pigs somewhere up on the hill that he wished to transfer to his own premises. Court Officer Jensen offered his services, but Mr. Haskins declined them, remembering probably that Ed had once gone out after some chickens with a writ of replevin and had returned with an eagle. If he went after pigs, there was no telling what he would get. Mr. Haskins took along Officer Ryan, who knows a pig when he sees it, having had some experience in hunting the blind kind.

To make a long story short, the two found the pigs and started off with them. Later one of the pigs started off with Mr. Haskins. It happened in this way. Mr. Haskins and the pig, it seems, both tried to get through a gate at the same time. The pig preferred to go through alone rather than pass through in company with Mr. Haskins. At least, this is the conclusion that Officer Ryan, who described the affair, arrived at. The pig, he says, drew proudly to one side and allowed Mr. Haskins to pass through. The latter halted a short distance from the gate to stop several others of the drove that seemed averse to accompanying Mr. Haskins home. As he stood in the path to head them off, the pig that had done the polite at the gate, rushed in to join his companions. Mr. Haskins stood right in the path with his feet planted wide apart and everybody knows what a pig will do under such circumstances. As the porker dashed through, Mr. Haskins saved himself from falling backwards by grabbing its ears. And so they meandered down the pathway. Mr. Haskins watched until he saw a soft spot and then he rolled off.

Mr. Haskins fumed with rage, his demeanor in the trying situation affording a striking contrast to that of the pig, which maintained throughout an air of the utmost unconcern. This is the true story of an occurrence that has been variously described.

TARIFF TALKS.

Senate Hopeful of Closing the Consideration Before July Begins.

Washington, June 26.—The Republican tariff managers are very hopeful of being able to complete the consideration of the tariff bill in the senate by next Wednesday night, a result which would bring the end in the senate within the present month. They are led to this conclusion because the Republicans have adjusted most of their differences, and see their way clear to the settlement of others. The Democratic leaders do not concede the possibility of so early a conclusion. They generally place it a week further on or about July 7 or 8, but admit that the end may come by Saturday of next week.

Of the problems still unsettled by the Republicans, lead, ore, coal, iron ore, gypsum, tallow and a few chemicals are giving the most trouble, but there is no doubt of an adjustment on all of these, which will hold the full party vote. The disposition is to hold to the rates at present fixed on lead and iron ore, with the intention of making changes in conference. The rate on Canadian coal will probably be advanced to 68c per long ton. The advocates of a high rate on dead ore, apparently prepared to met their opponents half way, in conference and accept a rate of 1¼ cents.

The finance committee has practically decided to abandon the proposed tax, and the change in tobacco tax, was so favorably considered, and also the increase of 44c a barrel in the beer tax, and thec hange in tobacco tax. Indeed, it appears more than probable that all the changes in the internal revenue laws proposed by the bill will be abandoned.

There is some difficulty in the judiciary committee in agreeing upon the form of an anti-trust amendment, but all the probabilities point to the incorporation of the Pettus proposition directed specifically at the sugar trust, and of very little more. It is said that the reciprocity amendment will be ready for presentation by next Tuesday. The present indications are that it will make provision for negotiation of reciprocity treaties, but that there will be a requirement that they shall be submitted to the senate, differing in this respect from the reciprocity provision of the McKinley law. The necessity for subserving the revenue will render impossible that the provision should be made for the free admission of dutiable articles under reciprocal agreements, but that a maximum percentage for remission specified the rate of omission most favorably considered now is 20 per cent.

There probably will be objection to the retention of the house provision for the continuance of the Hawaiian reciprocity agreement on sugar, but the finance committee will favor such an arrangement and the probabilities are that the Republicans will support it solidly, pending action upon the annexation treaty. The action of the committee in withdrawing its amendments to the sugar schedule probably would have the effect of leaving the provision in force without further effort to that end, but there is no probability that some one will not offer an amendment that will open up the entire question. The Democrats also expect to discuss hides, chemicals, lead, iron ore, coal and various other questions at considerable length, and it is on this account that they put the date of conclusion so far beyond that fixed by the Republicans.

The question of the duty on tea is again receiving the attention of the committee. This was practically abandoned at one time, but since it has been found necessary to let the beer tax go and to forego the tax on checks, it is that the duty may be necessary to bring the revenue up to the requisite point. The inclinations of the committee are still against the tax, and if kept in it will only be on account of the necessity for so doing. The committee is now having a computation made that will determine this matter. The expectation is that the bill will not be long in conference.

Both the senate and house managers will agree upon the necessity for as early an agreement as possible, and working in this spirit they will not split hairs. Senator Aldrich is expected to return in time to act with the senators in conference. He is looked for on Sunday.

A POPULAR RESORT.

Lake Park hotel, at Lake Minnetonka, is the most popular tourist resort in Minnesota. It is only a half hour's ride from Minneapolis, and reached by frequent trains. The accommodations are in every way of the best and prices extremely reasonable. Good fishing, boating, yachting and bathing. Hotel will open for the season of 1897 on June 24. For further particulars and a beautifully illustrated pamphlet, address A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

IRON ORE SHIPPERS

The Volume of Shipments Is Now Up to the Normal Figures.

PROSPECTS BETTER

Vessels Nearly All Finding Cargoes, But Freights Still Rule Low.

Ishpeming, Mich., June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The volume of ore shipments is now up to normal, and the prospects for the balance of the season are much better than at any previous time since the opening of navigation two months ago. Vessels which are not too antiquated are nearly all finding cargoes, though freights still rule very low, and from the low figures fixed by the association for ore this season, cheap freights must continue to be the rule. A few vessel owners are still moving $1 ore, on contracts from last season which have not been filled, but the number of these fortunates is limited. The general movement of eastbound freight is encouraging in volume, and coal shipments to Western ports are also gaining. Attempts toward breaking down freight rates by shippers have been abandoned, and the desire to force a considerable increase in rates, manifested recently by some of the vessel owners, is not generally seconded by owners of lake craft. They are disposed to allow the market to take its own course, without interference from interested parties, and when the increase in freight rates comes, as it must come soon, it will probably be so small that it will in nowise hamper freight movements, though it will prove a great benefit to vesselmen. The owners of ore carriers and vessels engaging in the lumber and grain trades have not forgotten that it was impossible two months ago to induce a sufficient number of owners to tie up their boats, even for ten days, and that the shipping season opened in the midst of the most extreme depression in business that has prevailed in the carrying trade for many years. In view of their inability to get together a short time ago, anything like a concerted attempt to force an increase in rates would be foredoomed to failure, and the fact is patent to all sensible owners. They will take what cargoes they can handle at current rates, and any betterment brought about in conditions will be of a permanent nature, and not dependent upon the co-operation of a large number of vessel owners of all degrees of intelligence and rapacity.

The Commonwealth Iron company will probably take over the Arragon mine at Norway in the near future, though no public announcement of the purchase of the mine has been made. If bought, the mine will be worked with a strong force, and with the excellent business sense which has marked the operations of the Commonwealth company for the past fifteen years. Though not the largest producer, nor even one of the first class in point of tonnage, the Commonwealth company gets out a great deal of ore annually, and manages to pay good wages to its men and also give some return to the stockholders for their investments, two things very difficult to accomplish simultaneously under conditions that have existed for the past four years.

The first sale of Mesaba ore at less than the schedule rates was noted in The Herald several months ago, and it is no longer a secret that considerable blocks of Mesaba ore have been placed at as low as 25 cents per ton below the accepted figures, and a large amount of ore is now in the market at reduced prices. The schedule of prices for 1897 which was adopted by the Bessemer Ore association is a very complete and accurate compilation, every element entering into the desirability of iron ore having been taken into consideration and mathematically reduced to dollars and cents. Only a few Mesaba mines, those of the Minnesota Iron company, are included in the 1897 ore pool, and in consequence no price was set on the bulk of the Mesaba ore, but a differential of 25 cents per ton was thought by all parties to express the lesser value of fine-grained Mesaba ore as compared with old range ore of equivalent chemical composition, and the value of the product of the various Mesaba mines as based on the 1897 schedule of the ore pool was figured out by the owners and others interested in the trade. That the price has been cut shows that the differential allowed was not enough, or that some of the Mesaba mine owners, when put to it, can make ore even more cheaply than generally thought—perhaps both of these reasons may safely be accepted as factors in the situation.

The agitation against high royalties is also bearing fruit, and reductions of importance have been secured by many properties which otherwise would have been forced to remain idle or work at an actual loss upon every ton produced. The Rockefeller interests will economize this season by mining ore from properties owned in fee, removing only the minimum tonnage required to hold the leases from mines on which royalties are exacted. This policy must inevitably result in the capitulation of the fee owners, whose revenues will be much smaller with a high royalty than under a reduced rate. The fee owners of the older ranges have generally realized the necessity for reductions, and the Mesaba owners of mineral lands must do the same. A few may hold out, but the movement for lower royalties will soon place the Mesaba upon the same basis as the leased mines of the older ranges, and the battle for supremacy will then be reduced to a simpler equation. The lake freight rate from the Mesaba mines will remain a little higher than the rate paid by the old range mines, though the difference is now much less than formerly. The Mesaba mines will have the advantage of steam-shovel mining and the disadvantage of a higher rail freight rate. The Rockefeller interests will either absorb the principal independent mines of the Mesaba, reduce the present rail freight of 80 cents per ton, which is high in view of the existing conditions, or there will be built a competing railroad line to reduce rates. It may take several years for matters to work themselves out, but there seem to be no other ways in which affairs can shape themselves. Higher prices for ore, which will come with general business prosperity, may retard but cannot permanently obviate some such ending. The stand taken by Mr. Rockefeller and his lieutenants is that a reduction in freight rates would be of only temporary advantage to the mines, and they are unquestionably right in their view, for reductions in cost in other districts have invariably resulted in similar reductions for competing districts, the consuming public being the ultimate beneficiary of all reductions, yet they follow each other, and one district must follow the pace set by another or get out of the running.

Negotiations are in progress by which the Buffalo mines at Negaunee may be reopened shortly. The railroad companies are missing the big revenue that the tonnage of the mines has afforded in former years. Matters may yet come to such a pass that the railroad companies will go into the mining business in order to find freight for their lines. The mines have developed a strong tendency toward going into the railroad business of late, and the railroad magnates do not like the idea overly well. The charters of the railroads do not allow them to engage in extraneous business, but such a little matter would not long puzzle the able legal department of a large railway system in these days of progress, if the railroad managers once concluded to try the experiment. The owners of the fee of the Buffalo group are not feeling at all comfortable as matters now stand, yet have not reached the point where they are willing to cut the royalty to a figure that will allow the operation of the mines at a profit.

The Port Arthur, Duluth & Western, which was started to tap the Vermilion range, is now, and for some years has been, at the international boundary, within sixty miles of Lake Vermilion. It might handle ore from the Atikokan iron range, in Algoma, if mines are opened there, but could hardly hope to haul Vermilion or Mesaba ore to Port Arthur, for lake shipment, the distance being too great to allow a profit on the operation, even if the difficulties attendant upon hauling American ore through Canada and shipping from a Canadian port could be successfully overcome. If Senator Quay were to succeed in his attempt to secure the admission of iron ore duty free from foreign mines owned by Americans, iron mining would probably become important just across the Canadian border, where the Atikokan iron range presents to the mineralogist one of the largest stretches of high-grade hard ore to be found anywhere upon the globe.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

A NEW GHOST STORY.

Spirit of an Alderman That Complained Bitterly.

"You say you once saw a ghost?" inquired the man in the loud check suit.

"No," answered the man in the mackintosh. "I didn't say I had seen it myself. I got the story at second hand."

"A little shelf-worn, perhaps, but still serviceable," observed the man with his feet on the table. "Hand it down, please."

"If it isn't one of your own stories it will be easier to believe," said the man with the white spot in his mustache, yawning prodigiously. "Proceed."

"It's about an alderman," resumed the man with the mackintosh, heedless of the interruptions, "or the ghost of one, if aldermen have such things as ghosts. For a ghost," he added reflectively, "has no pockets in its clothes. Be that as it may, the story is that the alderman died. I think it was in New York city. It is a solmen thing to think of an alderman dying. Few die and none resign. For ten or twelve years he had represented the Plunkety-seventh ward in the council, and he was about an average member of that body—no better no worse than the others. Well, two or three days after he passed away the undertaker who had officiated at the funeral—a personal friend of the deceased, by the way—dreamed that the late alderman came to his bedside and touched him.

"Touched him?"

"For how much?"

"This is becoming interesting. Go on."

"Touched him on the shoulder and made a complaint about the way in which the undertaker had laid him out. The undertaker paid no attention to the matter—"

"What had he eaten for supper?"

"He paid no attention to the matter at the time, but when the deceased alderman visited him in his dreams night after night for a whole week, making the same complaint, and asking him to go quietly to the cemetery without saying anything about it to anybody and rectify the mistake, he got tired. The thing was becoming serious. And one morning very early he took a trusty assistant and a spade, repaired to the cemetery, and—and made everything all right and satisfactory. It is to be presumed he did, at any rate, for his dreams were not disturbed again."

"But what was it the alderman's ghost wanted him to do?"

"Well, the undertaker's own statement is that what the deceased alderman said to him was this: 'John, you laid me out with both hands folded in front of me, and it doesn't feel natural. I want you to take me up and put one hand behind me!'"

A dense silence of several minutes followed. At first the man in the loud check suit remarked in a hoarse, strained voice:

"I always did hate a liar!" and the assembly broke up.

FRESH SUPPLIES OF VITALITY

To renew a waning stock may be gathered from a source accessible to all, and never sought in vain by any whose constitution and vigor are not so much dilapidated as to be wholly past repairing. Evidence direct, convincing and ample, indicates Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a tonic of unexampled efficacy and perfect purity, and possessed of properties that constitute it an invaluable remedy for dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint, urinary and uterine weakness, rheumatic complaints and malarial fever. Delicate females and infirm old persons are invigorated and solaced by it, and the physical prostration which usually follows a severe illness is in a great degree remedied, and convalescence accelerated through its use. It occupies a leading position among medicinal staples.

CHURCH SERVICES

New Choir to Appear at the First Methodist Church Tomorrow Evening.

A VESPER SERVICE

Unitarian Church to Have Its Summer Vacation After Tomorrow.

Dr. Humason will preach tomorrow morning at the First Methodist church on "Father's House." In the evening the new choir under the leadership of Professor. F. E. Woodward will conduct a vesper service. Sunday school at 12 m. R. R. Briggs will lecture as usual at 9:30 a. m. Epworth League at 6:45 p. m., led by Paul Thompson, subject, "The Danger in Delay." In the afternoon at 3 o'clock John G. Wooley will deliver a temperance lecture.

At the vesper service the new choir will be introduced. Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward will be soprano soloist; Miss Clara Palmer, violinist; Mrs. John Lohman, organist; Miss Gall Briggs, pianist; H. D. Pearson, cornetist. A new quartet known as the Apollo male quartet, will be heard for the first time. It is composed of F. W. Maynard, first tenor; D. G. Black, second tenor; Francis E. Woodward, baritone; G. H. McCarthy, basso. The program is as follows:

Organ voluntary—"Andante," from fifth symphony.... .....Beethoven
Hymn—"My Faith Looks Up to Thee" ....
Scriptures ....
Chorus—"Sing Alleluia Forth" ....Dudley Buck
Tenor solo, Mr. Maynard; soprano solo, Mrs. Woodward.
Male quartet—"Jesus Lover of My Soul" ....Arr. F. E. W. Apollo Quartet.
Prayer.... ....
Male quartet—Response, "Still at Thy Mercy Seat"....Arr. F. E. W.
Recitative and airs—"Thus Saith the Lord," "But Who May Abide," ....Dudley Buck
Francis E. Woodward.
Address ....Dr. Humason
Offertory—"Chorus of Angels"..Clark
Chorus—"Glad Tidings"..J. C. Bartlett
Soprano obligato, Mrs. Woodward.
Violin obligato, Miss Palmer.
Hymn—"Come Thou Almighty King" ....
Soprano Solo—"Ave Maria" ....Bach-Gounod
Mrs. Woodward.
Violin, Miss Palmer.
Male quartet—"Nearer My God to Thee" ....Mason-Johnson
Apollo Quartet.
Postlude—March in E flat..... ....Lefebvre-Wely

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At the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. F. E. Southworth will conduct the last service before the summer vacation. He will preach on "The Victorian Age." Sunday school at 12 m. The church will be closed through July and August.

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Rev. Wilson Aull will preach at the Glen Avon church tomorrow morning at 10:45, the topic being "Discontent." Bible school at noon. Junior Endeavor society at 4 o'clock. Endeavor prayer meeting at 7:30.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church, the pastor, Rev. T. H. Cielland, will preach at 10:30 a. m. tomorrow, subject, "Everything Beautiful in Its Time." At 8 p. m., the subject will be "Fidelity in a Station."

* * *

In Pilgrim Congregational church tomorrow the pastor, Rev. C. H. Patton, will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "The Business of Living." In the evening he will discuss "Henry Ward Beecher," it being the fourth in the series of "American Prophets." Bible school at 12 m., and Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.

* * *

At St. Paul's Episcopal church tomorrow services will be conducted by Rev. F. I. Collins, of Evansville, Ind., and will be as follows: Holy communion at 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m., morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m., and evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Rev. M. G. Hodge, of Chicago, will preach both morning and evening.

* * *

At the Bethel tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. Rev. George Shorter, the evangelist, will preach. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m. In the evening at 7:30 o'clock Rev. C. C. Salter will preach on "Lessons of the Season."

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At Morley Congregational church, Nineteenth avenue east and First street, the pastor, Rev. W. W. Newell, will preach Sunday morning on "The Purpose in Life." Miss Smallwood will sing.

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At Plymouth Congregational church West Duluth, Rev. W. W. Newell will preach at 8 p. m.

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At the First Christian church, children's day exercises will take place at 10:30 a. m., instead of the usual sermon. Preaching at 8 p. m. by the pastor, Robert Grieve. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

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At the branch Bethel Rev. George Shorter will preach at 7:45 p. m.

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At Highland Presbyterian church there will be services at 3 p. m. tomorrow, conducted by John T. Dow. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

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At Grace Methodist church, Rev. G. T. Newcomb, pastor, services will be held as follows tomorrow: Class meeting, 9:30 a. m.; preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at noon; Epworth league a t7 p. m.; evening service at 8 p. m. Subject of morning

(Continued on page 10.)

In the Labor Field

The Trades' assembly, last evening, held its semi-annual election of officers. W. E. McEwen and J. F. McDonald were re-elected president and secretary, respectively, by acclamation. The other officers elected are as follows: I. Pierce, of the Tinners' union, vice president; Julius Dworschack, treasurer; J. A. Blix, financial secretary; Theodore Minder, sergeant-at-arms; delegates to the Superior assembly, Thomas Lyons and James Owens; delegates to the Label league, J. H. Stevens, Theodore Minder and C. H. Appleby; trustees, George C. Findley, J. W. Allen and H. W. Moeller.

President McEwen read a report reviewing the work of the past half year. It was carefully prepared and a very able document. A round of applause followed its reading and on motion of Delegate Findley, who referred to it as a commendable innovation in the custom of the past, the thanks of the assembly were voted unanimously. The report called attention to the new era in unionism inaugurated by the blue label crusade, which, it was stated, is already bearing excellent fruit. The fact that not a single applicant for county aid during the past winter was a member of a trades union was commented on and the unions congratulated thereupon. Politics had been shunned by the president, in accordance with his promise, and the maxim was laid down that the head of the Trades' assembly should at all times stand aloof therefrom. There had been several victories achieved by unionism during the term, and in no case, it was stated, had there been a complete failure when issues had been joined. It was recommended that the demand for a shorter day be not pushed at the present state of trade. Members of organized labor were enjoined to persistently demand union label goods and to not rest satisfied until sweat shop, tenement house and prison made goods shall have been banished.

The question was propounded whether, in the new investigation of the poor house and the pumphouse, the assembly had not been treading on dangerous ground. In such undertakings the assembly lost friends as well as made them. Would it pay to risk such loss and would it not be the better policy that the assembly should confine itself to matters that directly affect unionism, were the questions asked. The report recommended that in public matters such as those alluded to, the assembly act only in conjunction with other bodies.

The report insisted on the theory that unions should be educational in their methods as the true one. They should be schools for discussion of simple economic questions in order that the minds of the members might be strengthened and broadened. In every union there are men of ability, it was stated, who want only the advantage of education to make them of the highest service to themselves and their fellows.

The members of the committee appointed to investigate the matter of the Short Line park bridge said they had been informed that, owing to some misunderstanding between Contractor Horton and his bondsmen, the bridge had been built by the latter. The bridge is built of wood instead of iron, they had been informed, and would last but about fifteen years. Contractor Horton's plans, on which he has a patent, had not been available to the bondsmen after the trouble with the former, but they had been followed as closely as possible, and Mr. Horton himself had stated that the bridge would carry as great a load as his bridge would. In conclusion, the committee said the bridge had cost about $2000, but that the county had or would pay $1000, and that it is a matter for investigation by the grand jury. The committee was continued to dig up some more.

A communication was received from the A. F. L., asking the views of the assembly on the question of the restriction of immigration. It was referred to the public affairs committee.

A delegate informed the assembly that he had been told that men employed on the government dredging work in the harbor are being employed eighteen hours a day, and several other delegates corroborated the statement that such a rumor is afloat. Delegates Findley, Baker and Mahar were appointed a committee to investigate. The label adopted by the Machine Woodworkers' union was endorsed.

LABOR AND CAPITAL'S RETURNS.

The Statistical society of Paris recently took occasion to look up the matter of the proportionate return to labor and invested capital. It was begun by the presentation of an original thesis from Alfred Neymarck, which laid it down that the increase of wages has been more rapid than the increase of capital—as shown in the decline in the rate of interest, while the rate of remuneration to the laborer had steadily grown. The chief argument in opposition was by Adolph Coste, who made a plea that the returns of capital engaged in productive enterprises and capital represented by various forms of public debt should be separately considered.

Coste asserted that in all its forms the public debt of France has reached a total of $7,000,000,000, while, according to the last census, the national, state and local debts of the United States amounted to only $2,027,000,000 on July 1, 1890. The speaker reasoned that the great accumulation of debts had been a handicap on the industrial development of France, and had taken away part of the wage share due to labor. He admitted that in the United States there was no contention as to the increased advantages labor had received, but he claimed that this was due to the investment of capital in industrial and manufacturing enterprises. Had the same been true of France he insisted that there would have been a proportionate return to the toiler. It was shown that in this country the increase of capital between 1860 and 1890 had been in the proportion of 100 to 406, while the annual wages per head had increased from a proportion of 100 to 168.

THREE DAYS FOR A DOLLAR.

A workingman applied for a position in a manufacturing establishment. He was told to go to work, which he did, without making any agreement as to wages. He worked Thursday, Friday and Saturday, says the Journal of Labor. The first day he did odd jobs and on the second and third he worked at blacksmithing. When he was paid off he received a sealed envelope. When he opened it, after leaving the factory, he found $1 in it. He was surprised at the generosity of his employer and, fearing if he worked full time said employer might be bankrupt in the effort to make up his pay roll, he did not go back to the shop until Monday afternoon. He was told that he must have bad habits which prevented his coming to work in the morning. He kicked about the small sum paid him, but to no effect. He is now seeking another job. One dollar for three days' work for an able-bodied man seems rather small pay, but this employer is in favor of cheap men, and is not burdened with foolish notions about starvation wages. If he can get a man to work for 33 1-3 cents a day, what is the use of paying more. Right here we would like to ask the people who argue "that half a loaf is better than no bread" whether this man did wrong in refusing to work for 33 1-3 cents a day. We would also like to ask why it is that the workmen who have kept up their unions have not had their wages reduced, while those who allowed their unions to go to pieces are working long hours for low wages.

LABOR TO BACK A BANK.

A suggestion was made by President Mahon of the National Street Railway Employes' alliance a short time ago that the defense fund of the association, which is assuming large proportions, be devoted to the establishment of a bank. The proposition was taken seriously by at least one man, for Mr. Mahon has received an application for the position of cashier from J. E. Thompson, of London, Ont., who writes:

Referring to your article on banking, recently published, I would like to obtain a situation with you if you decide on starting a bank. I have been with the Bank of Commerce for ten years and am well up on banking.

A long list of Canadian banks is given by Mr Thompson as references, and he concludes his letter: "Would become an American citizen if given a situation."

"It seems to me," said President Mahon to a reporter for the Detroit Free Press, "that the federal law prohibits the importation of a Canadian banker on a contract or engagement. I must ask Immigration Agent McGlogan about that. However, there is no occasion for haste in this matter, in will be a year before the next annual convention of our association which must indorse or reject the project, if I conclude to make the recommendation. During the year I want the members to thoroughly discuss the subject and get clear ideas regarding it."

WAGE STANDARD DISCUSSED.

The wages of those who have employment can only be kept up to a living standard by strong organization and payment of out of work benefits to the unemployed, says a writer in the Labor Leader. Idle men cannot live on sentiment. However strong the union to which they belong might be, self-preservation is the first law of nature and must be recognized as such. In our opinion those unions that have no out of work benefit should use all their endeavors to establish a fund for that purpose. On it will largely depend the success of trades unionism in the future.

The hours of labor cannot be reduced unless the unemployed receive assistance from those in employment. Wages cannot be increased when so many men are out of work, unless some provision is made to support the idle. Of course, this cannot be done without money, and that money must therefore be paid. If any member of a labor organization in employment were to give a small proportion of his earnings toward the payment of out-of-work benefits his wages would be increased and the hours of labor reduced within a year.

GARMENT WORKERS CO-OPERATE.

The Garment Workers' union of Minneapolis has instructed its executive board to formulate plans for starting a shop, to be owned and controlled by members of the union. The board will render a report at the next meeting, when some definite action will be decided upon. A number of merchants have already agreed to handle the output of the proposed factory and the situation is very encouraging.

At the last meeting of the union the organizer was instructed to investigate the reported organization of a sick benefit society in a local factory. The objects of the union and of sick benefit societies are in hearty accord to a large extent, the difference being that the former has greater scope and opportunity for doing good and the union has ordinarily no quarrel with them, but in such instances as the one related it is claimed that they are instituted to antagonize and prevent organization of unions.

CLERGY AND HARD TIMES.

In the general avalanche of distress due to the hard times the woes they have brought among the clergy are overlooked. In New York a sort of organized movement has begun to relieve the positively crying misery of large bodies of the ministry, says the Twentieth Century. Most persons will learn with surprise that in all our great cities a very numerous body of impecunious clergy exists. These men are, to put it in plain English, starving for want of a job. They are as hard up as any group of mechanics "laid off" by capitalists. All denominations are affected, it appears. A recent investigation reveals, for instance, a Catholic priest reduced to the necessity of running errands for his meals, a Methodist doctor of divinity serving as a helper in a laundry, and ever so many pastors of flourishing churches who live on downright charity. In no case has any allegation been made against the character of the men. Indeed, rigorous investigation shows that the greater the personal worth of the individual, the keener their sufferings are today.

WAGES INTEREST MERCHANTS.

Merchants are deeply interested in the rate of wages paid to the mechanics and laborers to whose patronage they look for a large measure of support, says the Industrial Banner. When the artisan is well paid for his labor he is in a position to buy goods that he must dispense with if a lower rate prevails. The man who is earning $2 a day is most decidedly in a better position to be a good customer than one who only receives $1.25.

The union label on manufactured goods of any kind is a positive proof and guaranty that the union rate of wages has been paid for its manufacture, so that the operative who has aided in their production is enabled to earn a remuneration that makes him a better customer of the business man than would be the case with goods of a similar character where low wages are paid and children employed on the job. The merchant should always remember that low wages mean a low purchasing capacity, and the lower the rates paid in the production of an article the less will be the ability of the mechanic to obtain those goods that it is the desire of the storekeeper to sell. Low wages always cause hard times, so that the man who is engaged in mercantile pursuits is directly interested in seeing that the wages of labor are up to the living point.

In the past too many of our business men failed to recognize this point. They have, apparently, remained blind to the fact that every cut in wages or lowering of the remuneration paid to the producer is a direct cut at their own prosperity. You cannot reduce a man's wages to any appreciable extent and expect he will live as well or buy as much as formerly. The man who earns no wage whatever is not in a position to buy anything, and the lower the price received as compensation for their services by the laboring class is so much nearer that condition. Shorter hours and higher wages in a community is like new blood infused into mercantile pursuits; no locality where wages are failing enjoys good times, and they can only be enjoyed where the rate of wages is sufficient to give workingmen a fair living.

Business men should remember this; not only should they see that the union label is on all their bill heads and printed matter, but they should encourage the sale of all goods that bear the impress of the various labels. We offer these facts for the due consideration of those who are most materially interested, and next to the laborer himself the man most directly affected by the label is the merchant who caters for his support. Let business men help themselves by patronizing the union label.

PLEA FOR THE UNION LABEL.

The shrewd, progressive business man is fast beginning to learn that by using the union label on his merchandise it increases his sales. It is businesslike, says the Bulletin. The most successful business firms of today are those who advertise most extensively.

The union label is economical, because it is cheaper to teach 1000 men to use union-made products than to pay strike benefits to ten men.

It works injustice to no one. It is in every sense equitable that fair products should be used by fair men.

It is both pacific and lawful. No injunction can prevent unionists from demanding and insisting upon the demand for union made goods.

It is also scientific, as supply is based upon demand; and every consumer who is made a convert to union labelism becomes the most potent kind of an argument with employers of labor to unionize their establishments.

Who will deny that it is fraternal? How can a man who professes the fraternal doctrine of unionism consistently despoil his brother's home by buying non-union goods?

The union label is very cheap and can be conveniently used on all articles of manufacture.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Twelve new unions have been organized at Galveston, Tex., during the year.

Texas farmers are talking seriously of forming military branches to carry on their alliance work.

At the Tennessee state mines 100 coke ovens have been erected and many convicts will be employed.

On July the machinists will vote on the question of calling a national strike for eight hours next year.

In Butte, Mont., everybody that works for the city must belong to a labor union, from laborer to mayor.

Laborers on the Welch ditch, near Golden, Cal., have struck for an advance in wages from $1.50 to $2.25 per day.

Tobacco workers report that there are twenty-eight establishments in this country at present that use the label.

In Michigan 9000 workingmen have signed a petition asking the legislature to employ state convicts on road improvement.

There is every indication that there will be a law enacted in England preventing the importation of foreign prison-made goods.

Three new unions—the machine woodworkers, garment workers and horseshoers—were organized at Scranton, Pa., last week.

Joe Bell, one of the United Mine Workers says there are 350,000 miners in this country, or about 110,000 more than there are jobs for.

New brewers' unions formed at Fall River and Worcester, Mass., and beer drivers' unions at Indianapolis and Terre Haute, Ind.

New York has a Hebrew Typographical union of sixty members, and it isclaimed it is one of the most active unions in that city.

A mass meeting has been called in Marion, Ind., to protest against the employment of 250 Italians on a street railway being built there.

Cleveland Knights of Labor women garment workers have secured increases in wages averaging 30 per cent during the last six months.

There is a move on foot to have retail clerks from Toledo, Detroit, Saginaw, Cleveland an. other towns meet at Put-in-Bay some time in July.

A new law of Idaho provides that none but citizens or those who have declared their intention to become citizens may be employed in the mines.

Montreal druggists prosecuted department stores that cut rates on drugs, and they were fined on account of conducting a drug business without a license.

The coolies who recently rioted at Shanghai on account of increased taxation compelled the authorities to postpone the collection of the tax for three months.

The Ohio Federation of Labor has been granted a charter by the American Federation of Labor. It was formerly the state Trades and Labor assembly.

CURE FOR WOUNDS.

Tomorrow the Princess Louise will open a hospital in Fitzroy square for the treatment of wounds, ulcers, etc., by oxygen gas, says the London Mail.

The new method of treatment was suggested to the doctor by the Zulus. When they are wounded they climb an eminence and expose their wounds to the pure air of the mountain tops. After the Russo-Turkish war he noticed also that the invalids sat with their wounded limbs bare on the deck. Scientifically developed, and with the addition of oxygen—one part of oxygen to one part of purified air—that is the principle now adopted at the Oxygen home.

Boxes are filled with the mixture at the gasometer and attached to the chambers, which inclose the wounds. When a Daily Mail representative visited the hospital yesterday a merry little lad, afflicted with discharges from the ears, was running about with a tube in each ear attached to a gas bag hung like a school satchel across his back. A man with a diseased eye wore an appliance little larger than the ordinary shade. Patients lay in bed with diseased limbs inclosed in glass cases, fed automatically with the mixed gas. Comparisons with the photographs of the original wounds showed that remarkable improvements had been effected in a very short time.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

Genuine absolutely Pure; contains no Wood Alcohol, as many substitutes do; can be used with

PERFECT SAFETY

INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY.

POND'S EXTRACT

Subdues all Inflammations, Controls all Hemorrhages, Relieves all Pain.

For Insect Bites, Sunburn, Chafing and Summer Complaints

IT IS UNEQUALED.

Beware of worthless imitations said to be "just as good."

POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

A GREAT BORROWER

Some Stories About Beau Hickman, the Famous Social Highwayman.

Art of Living With Dignity on an Income of Nothing.

The fact that a play has been written around the queer life of "Beau" Hickman, whose personality was expensively familiar to public men in Washington more than a generation ago, has brought out a lot of reminiscences of the dignified and unsquelchable "Beau." It requires a man pretty well along in years to remember much that is characteristic about Hickman, for, although he only died twenty-four years ago, he was on the crest of his national fame as the most irresistible and oleaginous of borrowers back in the later forties, and had about reached the end of his tether when the war broke out, says the New York Sun.

For ten years before his death he had been gradually degenerating into one of the numerous tribe of decrepit hangers-on, a few of the last remaining members of which still drag on their existence around the corridors of Washington hotels. Yet up to the last year of his life he preserved a remnant of the singular dignity of the purely theatrical sort that had always marked him. A few days before he was stricken with the paralysis that killed him he was standing in a hotel rotunda when one of his old-time standbys for a "touch" came along. The Beau, who was hungry and looked it, asked his man for a dollar. He had timed his request for the loan unfortunately, however, and it was gruffly refused. Hickman, with a look of pained surprise, turned and swung his stiffened old frame over to another of his almoners who was standing at the other side of the rotunda, and, without any preliminary beating about the bush, preferred the same request for the loan of a dollar, and got it out of hand. Just then one of the little flower girls who used to be common figures around the Washington hotels passed along in tears. The Beau asked the child what ailed her, and she gave him a tale of woe about not having sold any flowers, the prospect of a beating when she got home, and so on. Hickman handed to the little girl the dollar that had just been given him, and she went out, drying her eyes on her apron. The man who had first refused the Beau's request for a dollar was looking in Hickman's direction when the incident occurred, and it moved him.

"That must have strapped you," he said to Hickman, walking up to him and holding out a hand containing a five-dollar gold piece. "This will compensate you."

The Beau clanked his heavy cane on the stone floor and drew himself up.

"Suh," he said, "when I asked you for a little sum of money a while ago you told me you did not have it. You either lied, or you have come by this money dishonestly. In either case I would not accept it." Then the old man spun around and walked away.

A couple of years before his death he came into a sum of money, a little more than $1000, which he dissipated with his usual prodigality in less than a month. He was walking along Pennsylvania avenue shortly after he got his money, and passed the jewelry store of a Washington man who knew him well. The jeweler pointed Hickman out to one of his out-of-town customers, and, presuming too much upon the Beau's hardness of hearing, remarked:

"That's the famous Beau Hickman, who used to keep this town awake o' nights with his extravagance twenty years ago; but he's way down in the ditch now, and hasn't a cent in the world."

"The Beau must have heard me," said the jeweler to the Sun reporter in describing the incident, "for he wheeled around and walked up to us. It happened that a great trotting race was to be run off in New York on that same day. Hickman calmly dug into his right hand trousers pocket and hauled out a roll of bills as big as my leg.

"'I'm looking for some gentleman to bet this pile with on my horse,' he said to me. 'Can you accommodate me?' The thing made me feel pretty small."

For twenty years after Hickman's arrival in Washington, back in the '30s, he gave every evidence of having solved Thackeray's famous problem of how to live well on nothing a year. He belonged to a fine Virginia family, but from his boyhood his life was so tumultuously irregular that his father finally concluded he could stand him at home no longer, and shipped him off to Washington with the outfit of a gentleman and $10,000 in cash. This was only a couple of years after Hickman had attained his majority. He had received a first rate college education, was of handsome and distinguished person, was skilled in horsemanship and the use of arms, and possessed all the graces of the gallant of his day. Upon his arrival here he immediately began to set a pace for the swift set of men who at that period were startling the more staid folks of the capital with their wild idiosyncracies in dissipation. It was a time when young men used to flush with gratified pleasure when their young women friends would clip them with their fans and call them "sad dogs" with mock mournfulness. The '30s saw the last expiring throes of the Bell's Life period, with its dicing, cock-fighting and apotheosis of six-bottle men, and Hickman found the atmosphere that suited him precisely in Washington. He was a munificent patron of the theater, if hovering about and spending money in green rooms may entitle him to such a denomination; he could drink great men under the table and appear on his horse a pattern of all that was spick and span, with a clear eye and a clear head, the next morning; and he had a large recklessness at hazard that won him many parasitic friends even if it made his pockets yawn. In less than a year after his auspicious entry into the Washington vortex his $10,000 had disappeared; he was not only broke, but badly in debt.

For nearly a dozen years after his money was gone he made no charge whatever in his mode of life. He still remained the dictator of proper form in men's attire, the creator of haberdashery for a considerable portion of this continent. He was never required to pay for anything he wanted in the way of wearing apparel, and on the periodical visits of the men's outfitters who at that time made a practice of coming to Washington from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore to get the trade of the famous men here, they would all look up Beau Hickman and offer him anything he wanted for the sake of the advertising his wearing of their goods would give them. He lived at the best hotels in the city, holding their best suites of rooms without ever paying a cent for his accommodations. When he would finally carry the thing too far for a landlord's submission at one hotel, he would calmly remove his effects to another. The hotel men of that time were different from what they are today, and they hesitated to dun a man who spent all his time cheek by jowl with the most famous men in the land. Hickman during this period was never lacking in pocket money; he had not degenerated into the pensioner, but was the elegant beneficiary of the scores of noted men on his list of intimates. The newly arriving senators and congressmen made a practice of greeting the Beauwith a gilded palmwhen they came to Washington; the younger public men, flushed with political success and ambitious for distinction among the rapid all-night set among whom the Beau introduced them here, considered it rather an honor to put so eminent a speeder as Hickman in their debt, and responded willingly to his taxation.

But this roseate period of the Beau's life came gradually to an end. A lowly goat was the cause of the beginning of his eclipse, for the goat caused him to be laughed at—and the doom of a famous man may be presaged when his friends feel it safe to smile at him in their beards. Hickman was in the act of making a sweeping bow of the most approved Chesterfieldian character to a lady of his acquaintance who passed him in her carriage on Pennsylvania avenue, when a notoriously disrespectful goat that then terrorized Washington plunged up behind him and butted him with a force that sent him sprawling a distance of ten feet, where he was stretched supine in the mud until some passers-by picked him up. He made a humorous picture of grief, and before night Washington was chuckling over Hickman. He afterwards killed the goat, but for the remainder of his life he always maintained that the incident marked the beginning of his decadence.

Once he began to slide the downward scale his descent was rapid. He was compelled to make his collections a matter of business, instead of a matter of social patronization. He never, however, put his demands in a begging or dependent manner, but approached his men in the spirit of one asking his just deserts for a valuable consideration. In time he came to consider himself a social pensioner for services rendered in his better days, when he contributed to the mirth and enjoyment of his friends.

He made a practice of taxing members of congress and other officials around Washington for a regular and specific amount, which he would collect in the most business-like fashion. When he first began this sort of thing they generally humored his demands on account of his brazen effrontery, and he would regard this compliasance as a virtual recognition of his demands. Every three months he would present to these friends his "bills for quarterage," and few of them succeeded in mustering sufficient ingenuity to escape the rapacity of his demands. He had such an exact knowledge of human nature that he rarely made a mistake in selecting the proper time and place to present his "bills." He would generally choose some public place in which his "debtor" happened to be surrounded by friends. In truth, it was at one time considered a slight not to be "patronized" by Beau Hickman, and the man who refused to honor his pretensions was accounted stingy. Occasionally his victims would pretend to protest against his frequent assessments or complain of excessive charges. Once he presented his "bill" to a wealthy Southern gentleman, a member of congress, who courteously intimated that he thought the "quarterage" excessive upon looking at the slip of paper upon which the assessment was regularly made out. The member suggested a compromise by paying half the amount. The Beau assumed the dignified attitude of a legitimate dealer, and unyieldingly declined any compromise.

"No, suh," he said, "your assessment is strictly in proportion to your means; and, suh, knowing that I am no damned money shaver, you should not expect me to compromise myself by entertaining such an unbusiness-like proposition. All or none, suh." He got all.

This sort of thing came to a natural death in time, and then the Beau, still a frequenter of hotels and saloons, became a teller of stories for a consideration. He was an ingenious story-teller and a good mimic. At the conclusion of a yarn, related to a party some of the members of which happened to be strangers to him, he would remark that the story was worth a specified sum of money. The stranger among his listeners would laugh and unsuspectingly reply, "It certainly is—it's a mighty good yarn," whereupon the Beau would startle him by saying, "All right, then; pass over the chips." The victim would be seized with blank amazement, and look quizzically at the Beau as he paid over the conceded value of the story amid the grins of the men present, who had seen the thing done before.

Hickman lost his good looks and became leathery-faced from dissipation while he was still a comparatively young man, and the poverty and hardships of his later years made a sad-looking wreck of the once distinguished Beau. Toward the end he was pinched for the actual necessaries of life. He was buried in Potter's field, without the knowledge of any of the friends who had encouraged him in his brazen way of living in former years by yielding to his hold-ups. Some of these got together the day after his interment in Potter's field and made up a purse to give him decent sepulture in the Congressional cemetery.

DR. POWELL

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Gentlemen—For nearly a year I have been giving your "Kola (Charcot's) Tablets" to my patients. Am now prepared to submit the names and address of thirty-seven cases cured of nervous maladies, twenty greatly benefited and seventeen upon which the remedy acted as a tonic. I consider your (Charcot's) Kola Tablets the best remedy ever offered to the public, as a proprietary medicine, and far superior to the prescriptions of the average doctor, in cases of nervous debility or broken down constitutions from excesses and overwork. This being an unsolicited endorsement, based upon the use of the Tablets for almost a year, you may use it as you like. Yours truly

D. FRANK POWELL, M. D.

Hundreds of physicians are prescribing Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets with great success for nervous debility, sleeplessness, nervous dyspepsia, neuralgia, impaired vigor and all other conditions resulting from a debilitated nervous system. Dr. Charcot's Tablets cure where many other medicines fail. A trial will convince you. Fifty cents and $1 per box. Write for testimonials of cures. Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing company, La Crosse, Wis.

QUEER PUNCHES.

Not Drinkables But Used By Conductors.

Mark Twain's familiar jingle—

Punch, brothers, punch, punch with care.

Punch in the presence of the passengaire,

suggests that there are several styles of ticket punches used, over 1000 kinds being carried in stock by the punch manufacturers and there are hundreds of other designs which have been made for traimen to fill special orders. On a slow freight the favorite punch is one which represents a turtle, couchant. A through "flyer" has its conductors provided with punches which represent a hawk in full flight, says the Chicago Chronicle.

Some of the conductors have ticket punches which bite out a silhouette of their best girls and certain conductor on one of the trains running out of Chicago had occasion not long ago to bitterly regret he had followed this custom. He had a punch made in the most elaborate style of the art, and it gave a lifelike silhouette of the girl who at that time was all the world to him. Time passed according to its invariable custom, and the conductor's fancies flitted to fields and pastures new. But he kept his punch. The next young woman who became the recipient of his affections one day got hold of this fateful punch and bit out a lot of silhouettes. Then she sat down and became immersed in a large, gloomy thought. The more she thought the more she became convinced that she was on the trail of a former sweetheart of the gay conductor. She found out the names of half a dozen of the conductor's women friends, and cultivated their acquaintance. One of them had a profile very much like that of the silhouette which the fateful punch outlined.

She struck up a friendship with this particular girl and finally confided to her that the conductor was making love to her and that she was a trifle suspicious of his vows of eternal fidelity. Her new-found friend smiled superior, and after some talk showed her certain letters which made the conductor "lose his job" with girl No. 2. When the conductor called to see his new sweetheart on the occasion of his next "layoff" he was introduced to sweetheart No. 1 and the girls had fun with him. And he never called again.

One style of punch which is extensively used is a kind that prevents the suburban traveler from picking up the part punched out and sticking it back into the ticket again to be repunched by some unwary conductor on another trip. Some of the old and hardened ticket punchers have a section of the female form divine for a punch mark, such as an arm, a foot and in some instances a leg. One conductor, who, like "Buck" Fanshaw, "never shook his mother," has a silhouette of the "old lady" on his punch, and as fast as it is worn out he gets it replaced. Some of the conductors who are sports have fish, deer or game birds for their punches. One young fellow who was quite a favorite with a high official on one of the roads received a Christmas gift a punch which showed the ace of spades. He had been playing poker pretty heavily, and he somehow had a "hunch" that the present was a hint as well as a gift. In a neat note he acknowledged the punch and added: "I think I needed it." He quit the game and his salary is now larger, and his bank account perceptibly on the increase. Some of the "bluffy" conductors have a "cock o' the walk" for a punch, and meerschaums, Indian clubs, anchors, shoes, locomotives and a thousand designs are used.

HUSBAND AND WIFE IN RUSSIA.

St. Louis Republic: "This is a curious custom you Americans have of referring to your wives by their husbands' names," observed Glanvock Kaplon, an intelligent Russian traveler. "I suppose the American holds his wife in as high esteem as the Russian holds his, but if at home I should speak of my better half as Mrs. Kaplon, my friends would at once conclude that my domestic relations were not as pleasant as they should be and that I was thinking of a legal separation. When I first heard an American speak of his wife as Mrs. Jones, for example, I felt almost like presuming on my acquaintance by intruding into his private affairs and asking him what the trouble was at home. Yet I soon learned that the custom was universal over here, but still I cannot get used to it. My wife, is the plain, blunt way I speak in Russia of the lady who, I suppose, I would have to call Mrs. Kaplon in polite society in America. In some of the more fashionable circles of St. Petersburg this American social custom has been adopted, though I was told by a prominent government official not long ago that the czar disapproved of it."

ELASTIC
LATEST
IMPROVED
STARCH
A GREAT INVENTION
REQUIRES NO COOKING.
MAKES COLLARS AND CUFFS STIFF AND NICE AS WHEN FIRST BOUGHT NEW.
PREPARED FOR LAUNDRY PURPOSES ONLY
ONE POUND OF THIS STARCH WILL GO AS FAR AS A POUND AND A HALF OF ANY OTHER STARCH.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
THE J.C. HUBINGER BROS. CO.
KEOKUK, IOWA. NEW HAVEN, CONN.

ELASTIC STARCH has been before the people of the United States for twenty-three years, and is without doubt the greatest starch invention of the Nineteenth Century. Last year its sales reached the unprecedented number of twenty million packages. It is prepared upon scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundrying. It makes ironing easy, restores old summer dresses to their natural whiteness, and imparts to linen a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen, and can be used even for a baby powder.

CHURCH SERVICES

(Continued from page 9.)

sermon "The Offering of Isaac," evening subject, "How to Test the Bible."

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church tomorrow services will be at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., with preaching by the pastor. At the morning service the subject will be "Preaching Above Miracle Working as an Arm of Christ's Work," and in the evening the story of "Redemption." Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.; pastor's Bible class at 10 a. m.

* * *

At Hazelwood Park Presbyterian church, Rev. T. M. Findley will preach at 3 p. m. tomorrow. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

* * *

At the Oneota Methodist church, Forty-sixth avenue west, Rev. R. H. Craig will preach at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Epworth league at 7 p. m.

* * *

Rev. J. W. Heard will preach at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church tomorrow morning at 10:45, subject, "Christianity and Childhood." The sermon will be followed by sacrament of baptism.

* * *

At the Nineteenth avenue west Baptist church services tomorrow, Rev. C. Hasselblad, of West Duluth, will preach in the morning at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m. In the evening at 8 o'clock there will be held a Sunday school mission meeting.

A HOT WEATHER STOVE.

Professor William M. Watts, of Still Pond, has a novelty in the form of a cold stove, says the Chestertown Transcript. The stove is for use in the heated months of summer for reducing temperature, just as stoves heated by fire are used to raise the temperature in winter. By the use of salt, a small quantity of ice and a patented chemical the most intense degree of cold is secured. So great is the cold that it is as dangerous to touch this cold stove when in operation as it would be to place the hand on a fire stove at a high degree of heat. The skin is instantly taken off and painful injuries are the result of the slightest contact. Professor Watts states that during the hottest weather the temperature of a room may be run down and made pleasant by the use of this novel device. The new process was discovered by a college mate of the teacher of the Still Pond school. The cost of operating the stove is very slight.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

SENT FREE TO MEN.

INDIANA MAN DISCOVERS A REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR LOST VIGOR.

Samples Will Be Sent Free to All Who Write For It.

James P. Johnston, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood has found the exact remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully but is willing to send a sample of the medicine to all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak back, varicocele and emaciation. The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act directly giving needed strength and development wherever needed. The remedy cured Mr. Johnston completely of all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the naturally ordained functions and is said to be absolutely reliable in every case.

A request to Mr. James P. Johnston, Box 1091, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you would like a sample of his remedy for men, will be complied with promptly and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is very much interested in spreading the news of this great remedy and he is careful to send the sample securely sealed in a perfectly plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity.

Readers are requested to write without delay.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED

BY SEVERAL MILLIONS OF CONSUMERS TO STATE, THAT

Blatz The STAR Milwaukee Beer

Fills the bill to perfection as a health beverage, as a pleasure beverage, or any way you drink it.

CALL FOR BLATZ. SEE THAT "BLATZ" IS ON THE CORK.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A.

Duluth Branch, Tel. 62.

What Better Proof

.....Of the Efficacy of.....

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Can be afforded than testimonials like this from persons who have suffered and been cured?

DODD'S MEDICINE CO.

Gentlemen:—I was troubled for a year and six months with Kidney Disease and weakness of the Bladder, causing frequent urination. I tried several medicines, but found no cure until I got a box of DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. After using them I found to my great surprise that they had cured me of this dreadful and painful disease. You are at liberty to publish this.

N. DANDELINGER.

202 West Seventh St., St. Paul, Minn.

WHAT CURED HIM WILL CURE YOU.

Don't neglect your Kidneys or they will neglect you. If you feel too weak to work, but not sick enough to quit, be sure your Kidneys are not working right. Restore them to normal action, and your health, energy, and vim will be re-established.

50 Cents a Box.

For Sale by Druggists Everywhere or DODD'S MEDICINE CO., (By Mail Prepaid.) BUFFALO, N. Y.

THE TRADE OUTLOOK

The Commercial Agencies Tell a Story of Steadily Growing Business.

New York, June 26.—R. G. Dun & Co's weekly review of trade today says: There is no step backward in business, although the season of midsummer quiet is near. Improvement continues, gradual and prudently cautious as before, although in many branches evidence where no signs of it appeared a few weeks ago. Business men of the highest standing in all parts of the country having gradually perceived that the tide has begun to rise, are regulating their contracts and investments and their plans for the future with a confidence quite unknown to them a short time ago. Great changes before the adjournment of congress are hardly to be expected, but removing of uncertainty is with reason expected to bring in operation buying forces that have been restricted for months.

The main factor at this time is the steadily brightening prospect for crops. Harvesting of wheat has already begun in some winter wheat states with surprising good results in the central region and California, so that 800,000 bales now called the minimum from the latter state and the statistics of repute calculate on 60,000,000 bushels winter wheat beyond the government estimate. Spring wheat is doing remarkably well with a practically unknown increase of acreage. The price has advanced 1½ cents during the week with a decrease of 1,200,000 bushels in western receipts, but it is just the season when figures have no value except when proving how erroneous were estimates of the crop of 1896. Cotton was lifted up an eighth without reason and has fallen back as much because everything points to a larger crop than has been commonly expected.

Iron and steel products average a small fraction lower in published quotations, but only because private concessions that are now disclosed were by various authorities complacently concealed two weeks ago. Pig iron is firmer, with a better demand at the East and at Chicago, but the impatience of valley furnaces to resume work keeps Bessemer and grey forge at last week's quotations at Pittsburg. The orders for plates, in part for shipping, in best of the news is a material increase in bars for agricultural implement works, in structural shapes for buildings and bridges, and in galvanized sheets. One heavy contract for 300 miles 30-inch and 100 miles 10-inch pipe, sought by the Australian government for gold regions, excites many hopes in the trade. The great ore producing companies are cutting prices, Mesaba, Bessemer, Fayal, to $2.10, apparently in order to score the biggest business of the year as a basis for future combination. Tin has slowly advanced to 14 cents in spite of heavy arrivals, 1200 tons of lead have been sold, moderate quantities now bringing $3.42½, and purchases advance lake copper to 11¼ cents.

There is an encouraging increase in the demand for all textile goods, even for cottons, which have so long been slow, and though it is moderate, there is nothing of a speculative character in the transactions, and prices are firmly held. Re-orders for woolens have been rather better than were expected from clothiers, and fairly good for dress goods. Operations in spring goods are still deferred. While mills are somewhat better employed and are buying to some extent, most of the purchases of wool are for speculation, almost three-fourths at Boston alone, and the aggregate was 8,733,800 pounds at the three chief markets, 5,619,200 of foreign wool. Domestic wool is still held at relatively high prices at the West.

Failures for the week have been 216 in the United States, against 217 last year, and 24 in Canada, against 24 last year.

WHAT BRADSTREET SEES.

New York, June 26.—Bradstreet's today says: The persistent misrepresenting of the actual state of trade throughout the country during the past month, in an endeavor to make the prospective improvement in business appear to be its present condition, demands an examination as to the facts, and Bradstreet's presents condensed results of interviews with representative manufacturers and merchants at more than fifty important commercial and industrial centers east of the Rocky mountains.

The demand, except in a few lines, is less pronounced than it was two months ago. There is no material increase in the volume distributed compared with a year ago, and prices for many staples are lower. But there has been an improvement compared with the situation prior to the presidential election of 1896, and as contrasted with last January.

Many of the larger merchants and manufacturers characterize the business record for the first half of 1897 as a disappointment in contrast with anticipations in December, 1896. On the other hand, confidence in a revival of demand this fall is widespread. Of the three great manufacturing industries, iron and steel, cottons and woolens, the first shows relatively most improvement and woolens next, although the tariff delays have taken the edge off demand in that line, and permitted importers to stock up with nearly two years' supplies. Cotton goods will suffer from cut prices, excessive competition and heavy production. There is a better demand for silks, millinery and confectionery, which, aside from the prosperity of the bicycle industry, constitute exceptions. Higher prices for leading cereals, for meats and Havana tobacco are noteworthy, and reflect respectively unusually small supplies of wheat and strength of the control of the meat supply and existing conditions in Cuba.

Exports of wheat—flour included as wheat—from both coasts of the United States and from Montreal this week amount to 2,156,248 bushels, compared with 2,357,000 bushels last week, 2,857,000 bushels in the week one year ago, 1,946,000 bushels two years ago, 1,717,000 bushels three years ago, and as contrasted with 4,761,000 bushels in the like week of 1893. Exports of Indian corn amount to 2,281,861 bushels this week, compared with 1,924,000 bushels last week, 1,736,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 884,000 bushels two years ago, 526,000 bushels three years ago, and 1,093,000 bushels in the like week of 1893.

There are 215 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, compared with 226 last week, 218 in the week a year ago, 215 two years ago and as contrasted with 189 in the third week of June, 1894. Only 17 business failures are reported from the Canadian Dominion this week, against 34 last week, 19 in the week a year ago, and 28 two years ago.

AUDITOR DUNN'S OPINION.

Thinks the State Bested the Iron Range People.

St. Paul, June 26.—State Auditor R. C. Dunn and W. P. Warner, counsel for the state in the Duluth & Iron Range case, which was heard Thursday before Judge Lochren in the federal court, insist with much emphasis and earnestness that all of the morning papers yesterday were wrong in their statements that Judge Lochren decided that famous case against the state, and that as a result there is nothing for the state to do but fold its hands.

Judge Lochren's decision, these gentlemen insist, was on an important issue in the case, but not on the main issue. The court held that the state would at any time have the right to institute proceedings, in any court of record, to test the main issue, and these proceedings are to be instituted in a short time, probably in the district court of St. Louis county. Whichever side loses will undoubtedly appeal to the supreme court of the state, and finally the issue will go to the United States supreme court.

FAIRFIELD'S FREE DELIVERY.

Washington, June 26.—The extension of the free delivery postal service to Fairfield, Iowa, has been postponed from Aug. 1 to Sept. 1.

Duluth Citizens!

Can always secure lowest round trip rates at the Eastern Minnesota city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

San Francisco, June 29, July 3..$29 00
Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5 ..... 13 30
St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6 ..... 4 20
Nashville and return (daily)..... 43 30

Independence Day Rates.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad has arranged to give all those who desire to celebrate the Fourth away from home an opportunity to do so at very cheap rates. Excursion tickets between all points on this road within a radius of 200 miles, including points on the B. C. R. & N. and C. R. I & P., will be on sale at one and one-third fare on July 2, 3, 4 and 5, limited to July 6.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

BAYHA & TIBBETTS, UNDERTAKERS.

Of Duluth's Neighbors

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. G. W. Burrell left Monday evening on the steamer Japan for a six weeks' visit in Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Knight and children called in Smithville Wednesday.

Rev. Mr. Seth, of the Swedish Mission church of Twentieth avenue, held religious services in Peterson's hall Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. John Nelson and children went on the excursion to the Apostle Islands on the Christopher Columbus Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Seymour and children and Miss Kittie Burnside, of the West End, spent Monday evening with friends in Smithville.

Charles Khdgren and family expect to leave Smithville soon and intend to make their future home in Northern Iowa.

Mrs. Edward Johnson and daughter and Miss Stava Carlson spent Sunday with relatives in New Duluth.

August Johnson and family and Aaron Lindstrom and family picknicked on Spirit Island Tuesday.

C. C. Teare and George Mallory, of Duluth, were looking after some business interests in Ironton Thursday.

Mrs. V. A. Dash and sons called in West Duluth Monday afternoon.

A very pleasant dancing party was given in Peterson's hall Friday evening by John Nacey and Fred Garrett. Dancing and card playing were indulged in until the small hours of Saturday morning. Among the out of town guests were Misses Gertrude Keys, Cora Reed, Kittie Stevenson, Maud Miller, Georgie Gifford and Lottie Watson, Messrs. Will McGill, Fred McGill, George and William Stevenson, Charles Crawford, Shaw McNaughton and Edward Hermann, of New Duluth.

Thomas Folkerts, of Duluth, visited with the family of his brother, R. A. Folkerts, Sunday.

M. M. Whitten spent Tuesday evening in Duluth.

The gospel song service will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Folkerts.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Overton and children visited relatives in West Duluth Sunday afternoon.

Thursday was the Swedish midsummer day and most of the Swedish people of this place celebrated the day by picknicking at Zenith Park.

Miss Kittie Boyd returned Thursday after an extended trip through the South and is now the guest of her sister, Mrs. Albert Overton.

John Low, commonly known as the "crazy man" who had been lurking about Smithville for more than a week, was arrested by Officer Briggs, of West Duluth, Tuesday afternoon and will probably be sent to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls.

G. A. Johnson, who has been employed on the Mesaba range for several months, is visiting his family of this place.

A delightful picnic party was given Friday on King's island by the pupils of the upper room of the Smithville school. Those in the party were Misses Lillian Stearns, Dorothy Dash, Helen Griffin, Lulu and Agnes Nacey, Grace Segl, Jennette Amundson, Amelia Nelson, Sullivan, Stewart and Jean Stewart and Richard Payne, Willie Sullivan, John Boyd, Irving Stearns, Walter Dash, Adolph Nelson, James Dunn, Walter Lindquist, Joe and George Nacey.

Mrs. Charles Kindgren and son, Enoch, made a trip to New Duluth Thursday morning.

Mr. Anderson, of Minneapolis, is the guest of his brother, G. A. Johnson, of Smithville.

An entertainment will be given in Peterson's hall next Thursday evening under the auspices of the Zenith and Junior baseball nines. The proceeds will be spent for suits. Ice cream and cake will be sold at the close of the entertainment. The program, which promises to be a very fine one, is as follows: Opening chorus; recitation, Nellie Sullivan; song, John Nacey; recitation, James Dunn; pantomime, Dennis Sullivan; recitation, Helen Griffin; duet, Mary and Lulu Nacey; "Professor Black's Phonmygraph;" recitation, William Harbenow; song, Fred Garrett; recitation, Lulu Nacey; recitation, John Boyd; "The Persecuted Dutchman," farce in one act; closing chorus.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Smith and children visited in Fond du Lac Sunday.

The Junior baseball nine played against the New Duluth nine at Ironton Saturday afternoon. The Juniors won by a score of 11 to 16.

Mrs. Provinski, of New Duluth, rode to Ironton on her wheel Saturday.

The friends of Ernest Stevenson, of Duluth, a former resident of this place, will undoubtedly be pleased to learn that he is recovering from his recent dangerous illness and is now on the road to good health.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, Minn., June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The baseball team from Superior, known as the Badgers, were defeated in two games by the Ely club Saturday and Sunday. In the Saturday game the score stood 13 to 8, and in the Sunday game 18 to 15. They were a gentlemanly crowd, and took their defeat in a good-natured way. Both games were hotly contested, and a fair crowd was in attendance. Dr. C. G. Shipman acted as umpire.

Miss Jessie Osler visited in the city over Sunday from Two Harbors.

Miss Eva Johnson returned from her school duties in Duluth Saturday evening.

William Cowling had one of the most remarkable escapes from death last Wednesday afternoon. He was engaged in unloading the skip in No. 3 shaft of the Chandler when, in some manner, he lost his balance and fell sixty-three feet down the incline shaft into six feet of water. He was pulled out of the water by a comrade and sent to the surface of the shaft and doctors summoned. A careful examination revealed no bones broken and, but for a few scratches, he is none the worse off.

Dr. William Goldsworthy left Wednesday morning for Round Lake, Minn., where he will practice his profession.

C. C. Pickard was in the city Tuesday from Tower.

Joseph Sellwood, of Duluth, was in the city Wednesday and Thursday.

C. G. Miller, the paper man, was in the city Wednesday.

Miss Katie Quick has returned home from the Hamline university, which she has been attending the past term.

Ed McIntosh spent Wednesday and Thursday in Duluth on business.

Frank Hodge is erecting a new blacksmith shop at the foot of Chapman street.

Manager and Mrs. H. B. Sturtevant spent a few hours in Duluth Wednesday.

Another switch engine arrived Wednesday morning, and another crew of switchmen were put to work. The arrival of the Zenith shovel made this more necessary.

Anton Kotchevar was up from Eveleth Tuesday.

At the Gun club shoot Sunday morning Leighton and Columbo carried off the honors.

S. G. Knox and M. Winton came up from Duluth Tuesday evening on a visit to the sawmill at Winton.

O. G. Korb spent Tuesday in Duluth. While there he purchased an elegant team of horses, which arrived Thursday.

Ed Crosman went to Duluth the first fo the week.

Miss Fenske, of Duluth, is visiting at the residence of her brother, A. J. Fenske, for a few weeks.

Mrs. R. T. Williams departed Monday for an extended visit in New York.

No. 1 shaft house of the Chandler is being torn down.

Miss Tena Westerin is up from Duluth spending her vacation with friends and relatives.

Joe Thomas was here over Sunday to witness the ball game.

Mrs. E. P. Nead is visiting in Duluth for a few weeks.

A meeting was held at the city hall Monday evening and another Thursday evening to decide upon a celebration for the Fourth of July. Thursday evening a committee was appointed to make arrangements for a ball game with some good outside team. At the Monday meeting about $300 was subscribed, and in all probability this will be doubled in a few days. The celebration promises to outstrip all previous attempts.

Thomas Polkinghorn is now employed in the Ely yards.

The dance Sunday evening at the boat house was a very pleasant affair.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, June 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Misses Gertrude Keyes and Cora Reed, Messrs. W. D. McGill, F. McGill and F. McNaughton went on the excursion of the Christopher Columbus Sunday.

Robert Mosher, who has been employed as time keeper for the Le Beau Lumber company, has left to accept a more lucrative position in Duluth.

Mrs. Daniel Bishop, of Fond du Lac, was calling on friends here Tuesday.

Miss Gassette, teacher of the seventh and eighth grades in the school here, left for her home at Albion, Mich., Monday.

Mrs. Alex Livingston, of West Duluth, was calling on old friends Tuesday.

The tug Mystic, Capt. Stevens, hauled a raft of the Hermann, Becklinger & Hermann logs Wednesday. There were 7500 pieces in the raft, being the largest one ever towed up the river.

The barge Plymouth, bound for Tonawanda, Penn., is taking on a cargo of 1,000,000 feet of lumber at the Le Beau Lumber company's dock.

The Misses Edith and Della Hermann visited the city Wednesday.

Mrs. Cooke, principal of the school here during the past year, left Thursday for her vacation. The citizens wish for her return at the opening of school.

Misses Maud Miller, Belle Hermann and Georgie Gifford made the trip to Duluth and return on their bicycles Thursday.

Harry Brockelhurst, stenographer and clerk of the school board, was here Thursday.

Mrs. George W. Keyes returned Thursday from Michigan where she has been for the past four months.

Peter Mintener, vice president of the John Tuthill Lumber company, is doing business here this week.

Mrs. Davis and daughter Sylvia, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Will Smith this week. They expect to leave soon to visit friends in Canada, and later will join Mr. Davis at Eau Claire, Wis., where they will make their future home.

Mrs. William Gallie, of Woodland Park, was visiting friends here Wednesday.

E. L. Brown, superintendent of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, was here Thursday.

Mrs. Ira Bowles returned Thursday from Virginia, Minn., where she has been for some weeks.

Mrs. Bert Hartman has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Cashin, at West Duluth, during the past week.

A. R. Ainsworth and Mr. Sauntry, of the Maurser-Sauntry Lumber company, were here Thursday.

A special meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of the Presbyterian church, will be held with Mrs. Kerr Saturday evening. Business of importance will be transacted and a full society is requested.

Rev. F. E. Higgins has been beautifying the grounds around the parsonage by grading and seeding the lawn and sodding the terrace. It surely is labor well spent as it presents a much better appearance.

Some of our young people picnicked up the river Monday evening, taking their suppers with them. It is needless to mention that they enjoyed themselves thoroughly. Those composing the party were the Misses Keyes, Miller, Gifford, Watson, Edith, Belle and Della Hermann, Messrs. Hermann and Mintener.

Rev. F. E. Higgins visited at Carlton Friday.

Industrial conditions in New Duluth seem to be attaining some of their old-time activity. The Le Beau Lumber company's mill is a busy place night and day. The lumber of last year's cut is being shipped as fast as possible both by rail and boat. The first lot of this season's cut went forward to Buffalo this week. The wood shipments for Minneapolis have also started in and will continue all through the winter. Hermann, Becklinger & Hermann have got nicely started on their contract, and the Heimbach Lumber company's mill adds its busy clatter to the general hum of industry.

Rev. Merritt, of Duluth, occupied the pulpit at the Presbyterian church of this place last Sunday.

VIRGINIA.

Steps have been taken to have a rousing celebration of the Fourth. The Virginian says that in addition to the customary events of such celebrations, bicycle races will be made a prominent feature of the occasion and a track with raised corners will be constructed around the square bounded by Chestnut and Maple street, Central and Wyoming avenues. This will enable the racers to scorch helter-skelter over the entire distance to be covered and will add matrially to the exciting nature of the races. Liberal prizes and appropriate trophies will be hung up for all the events of the day. The celebration will be held on Saturday.

Next Monday, June 28, the city board of review, consisting of Mayor Scott, Recorder Eaton and Assessor Fanning will be in session at the city council chamber.

A week ago at Mountain Iron mine Engineer C. E. Moore loaded 222 cars of ore in ten hours with one of the big shovels. This record broke all previous ones, showing 5605 tons upon return of weights, but was itself broken Monday last when Engineer C. W. Hayden loaded 232 cars. The loading capacity of these mammoth shovels seems to be unlimited.

Steve Benane, of Hibbing, was in the city Monday en route for home. He had just returned from a forty-day cruise in the Rainy Lake and Seine river districts and seems to be favorably impressed with that section of the country, and is of the opinion that a couple of years' development work will show up a rich and productive district. He had with him several fine specimens of gold-bearing quartz.

H. H. Solomon, of McKinley, was in the city for a few hours yesterday and states that the Roberts mine will begin shipping as soon as the spur is completed—probably about thirty days from now.

HIBBING.

A tail end collision occurred on the Mississippi road Monday, an engine telescoping the caboose of an ore train, says the News. Fortunately no one was seriously injured, the engineer and fireman jumping from their engine. They were somewhat bruised, but went to work again on the following morning.

Last Monday was pay day at the Lake Superior and it was a fairly good one too. There are now more men employed about Hibbing than at any other time in the history of the town.

Ed Wallace, an employe at the Hull mine, had the misfortune to fall from the top of an ore car Monday morning, sustaining painful injuries to his right arm and leg and a gash in the head. He was conveyed to his home by fellow laborers.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern company will let a contract for connecting its tracks between the Rust and Hull mines. Work will be commenced at once.

In all probability the members of the Hibbing fire company will have new parade shirts and fatigue caps for the Fourth.

The Hibbing Baseball club has accepted an invitation to play ball at Cloquet Monday, July 5.

Manager Brady is trying to arrange ball games with the Virginia team for July 2, 4 and 5, all to be played here. The Virginians were the '96 range association pennant winners.

WONDERFUL ALBATROSS.

The albatross has been the theme of poets and naturalists ever since the first one dawned upon the sight of man. The scientist has offered many theories for the bird's long-sustained power of flight, but it remains as much of a mystery as ever, says the Chicago Daily News. An albatross will follow in a ship's wake for days, sailing steadily along with no motions of the wings, silent and inscrutable as fate. No other motions than an occasional veer of the wings when the bird desires to turn an angle is observed. Despite the bird's marvelous power of sailing along, it is very hard for it to rise from the water. The home of the albatross is in the antipodes and the Auckland islands. No lighthouse rears its head here, and heavy fogs and treacherous currents swirl about the place. The land is rough and mountainous on the coast, but inland marvelous flowers grow: wonderful asters, marguerites, lilies and gentians, and here millions upon millions of birds make their homes.

Among the coarse herbage the pure white head of the albatross meets the eye. The body is larger than that of the swan, and its expanded wings measure seventeen feet from tip to tip. Its glory has departed, for while nothing can be grander than its flight over the ocean, nothing is more ludicrous than its waddle on the land. Its only sign of defense is to clap its beak in a defenseless manner, for it cannot use its wings.

The nest is a pile of earth like a child's sand castle, and in the cup-shaped top the albatross lays one egg. During the sixty days the egg is hatching the mother does not stir from the nest, for if she did the seahawks would swoop down on the egg and destroy it. The young bird is covered with fluffy down, pure white in color and silky as floss. The nestling is fed so assiduously that it becomes immensely fat and rivals its parents in weight. It is then deserted by its parents, who wander over the ocean, sometimes encircling the globe before returning home.

The most remarkable thing in the history of the albatross is that during the absence of the parents the young nestling does not receive a mouthful of food. During the whole time, sometimes four months, it lives on the fat it has accumulated. In the open nest on a bleak hillside the young albatross is exposed all winter to sharp winds and the fiercest gales that ever rush across the ocean, yet at the end of its fast the young bird is lively and in good condition.

The reason the parent birds go away is not known. Their desire for flight is a mystery, for it is not the same as the migration of our Northern birds to the South. When the parents return they unceremoniously bundle out the nestling, which has become a slaty-gray in color, and set about repairing the nest. The young bird still stays around, evincing in many pretty ways its fondness for its parents, and not till next year does it take its first flight to sea in company with its hard-hearted father and mother.

THERE IS NOTHING SO GOOD.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of throat, chest and lungs, there is nothing so good as is Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottles free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Regular size 50 cents and $1.00.

ALL THE STYLE.

The summer suits that Mueller.-Y. M. C. A. building, makes to order for $20.

A Local Disease. A Climatic Affection. Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure it.

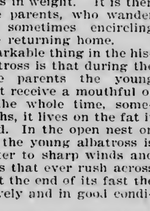
Get a well known pharmaceutical remedy,

Ely's Cream Balm

It is quickly absorbed.
Gives relief at once.
Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.
Allays Inflammation.
Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the sense of taste and smell.
No cocaine, no mercury, no injurious drug. Full size 50c; trial size 10c, at druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

Your Grocer Will Give You FREE This Silver-Plated TEASPOON with every large size cake of

White Cloud Floating Soap

OR---A Spool containing 20 yards of the best sewing silk with every small size cake **White Cloud Floating Soap**. The cost of this spoon and spool of silk comes out of our pocket entirely—it's one of our ways of advertising. We want you to get acquainted with the whitest floating soap on the market. If your grocer can not supply you, send us his address.

Made by the MONOTUCK SILK CO.

MADE ONLY BY JAS. S. KIRK & CO., CHICAGO.

THE LARGEST SOAP MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD. ESTABLISHED 1839.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouses for $1 per ton per month.

Duluth Van Co., 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of the sum of seven hundred thirty-six and 81-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is actually due at the date of this notice on a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ludwig Rusch, a widower, mortgagor, to Wilhelm Brown, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee, said mortgage bearing date the 21st day of April, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of April, 1894, at 10 o'clock and 45 minutes in the forenoon of that day, in Book 105 of mortgages, on page 148, which mortgage was executed to secure the payment of one certain promissory note of even date with said mortgage in the sum of six hundred dollars, payable in three years after the date of said note and mortgage with interest on said note at the rate of seven per cent per annum from date until paid, which interest was payable and due semi-annually, said note being signed by said mortgagor as maker and payable to the order of and delivered to said mortgagee; and said mortgage containing the provision that the said mortgagor should keep the property described in said mortgage unceasingly insured in some responsible stock insurance company for at least the sum of one thousand dollars, payable, in case of loss, to the said mortgagee or his assigns, and further providing that in case said mortgagor should not effect such insurance or fail to pay the premium therefor, then and in that case said mortgagee or his assigns, should be empowered to effect such insurance and pay all such unpaid premiums, and all sums of money paid for such purpose should be tacked and impressed as an additional lien upon said premises, and should be secured by and be collectible as a part of said mortgage and bear interest at the same rate as the indebtedness secured by said mortgage.

And, whereas, it was further understood and agreed by the terms of said mortgage that said mortgagor should pay all taxes and assessments that should for any purpose be payable, assessed or imposed upon said premises or any part thereof, before the same should become delinquent. And that upon his failure to do so, the said Wilhelm Brown, said mortgagee, was authorized to pay such taxes or assessments, and any and all sum or sums so paid should be tacked and impressed as an additional lien upon said premises, and should be secured by and collectible as a part of said mortgage and bear interest at the same rate as the indebtedness secured by the said mortgage and the note thereby secured, and,

Whereas, the said mortgagor having failed to effect insurance as required by the terms of said mortgage, and the said Wilhelm Brown, mortgagee, having heretofore been required to effect the same, and having heretofore, on, to-wit, the 1st day of May, 1897, paid and expended as the premium for the insurance so effected the sum of five dollars, and said mortgagor has repaid said mortgagee no part of said sum so expended for insurance, and,

Whereas, the said mortgagor having failed to pay and cancel the taxes on said premises in said mortgage described for the years, 1893, 1894 and 1895, and the same having become delinquent, the said mortgagee thereafter, and on the 1st day of May, 1897, did pay the taxes on said premises for said years 1893, 1894 and 1895, which with penalties and costs attached to said taxes because of such non-payment amounted to the sum of one hundred nine and 6-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, or the said amount of taxes and insurance so paid.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot number eighty-six, East Seventh street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes and insurance heretofore paid by said mortgagee as hereinbefore set forth, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front entrance door to the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 5th day of July, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

WILHELM BROWN,
Mortgagee.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, May 8th, 1897.
M. H. McMAHON,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
204 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-22-29-June-5-12-19-26.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 12th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of S. M. Scott, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Sophia L. Holt, formerly Sophia L. Scott, executrix of the will of S. M. Scott, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Tuesday, the sixth day of July, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 12th day of June, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, June-12-19-26.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the terms of a certain mortgage dated May 3rd, 1882, given by John D. O'Connell, unmarried, mortgagor, to the Zenith Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County Minnesota, on the 5th day of May, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 60 of mortgages, page 120.

Said default consisting in failure to pay successive installments with interest when due upon the note of $800 secured by said mortgage, whereupon by the terms of said mortgage the whole sum specified in said note and mortgage has become and is hereby declared to be due and payable, which said sum with interest now due amounts to eight hundred eighty-six and 60-100 dollars. Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such cases made and provided, notice is hereby given that the land embraced in said mortgage, viz: Lot number seven (7), of block number one hundred and twenty-nine (129), Portland Division of Duluth, according to the accepted and recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house, facing Second street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on the 26th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay said indebtedness and the interest thereon from date of this notice, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, together with all taxes and insurance premiums if any paid by said mortgagee and the legal costs of this foreclosure, including an attorney's fee of fifty dollars as stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, subject to redemption as provided by law.

ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
201-2 Burrows Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-12-19-25-July-3-10-17.

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Peter L. Peterson and Minnie L. Peterson, his wife, mortgagors, to Sarah E. Benson, mortgagee, dated the fifteenth (15th) day of October, 1891, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, 1891, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 98 of mortgages on page 123, which default consists in the non-payment of the principal of and interest on the note secured by said mortgage, the non-payment of taxes, assessments and insurance premiums at the times at which in and by said mortgage said mortgagors agreed to pay the same; and

Whereas, said mortgagee has in accordance with the terms of said mortgage heretofore paid the sum of thirty-two and 20-100 dollars ($32.20) for assessments on the mortgaged premises hereinafter described, and the further sum of eighteen ($18.00) dollars for premiums for insurance thereon; and

Whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage debt the sum of three thousand three hundred ten and 05-100 ($3310.05) dollars, principal and interest, thirty-two and 20-100 ($32.20) dollars assessments heretofore paid by said mortgagee, and eighteen ($18.00) dollars insurance premiums paid by said mortgagee, amounting in all to the sum of three thousand three hundred sixty and 25-100 ($3360.25) dollars, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the said mortgage debt, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale therein contained, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot numbered four hundred forty-seven (447), in block numbered one hundred sixteen (116), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; which sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay said mortgage debt and interest, taxes, if any, on said premises, seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, July 26, 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day.

Dated June 12, 1897.

SARAH E. BENSON,
Mortgagee.

McGIFFERT & HUNTER,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Herald Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-12-19-26-July-3-10-17.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

To Finley H. Frisbie:

Take notice that the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: East one-half (e½) of lot number forty-six (46), in block number one (1), Central Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof was on the seventh day of May, A. D. 1891, bid in for the state for the sum of one hundred eighty-seven dollars and nine cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the district court in the said county of St. Louis on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1894, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1892 for the said county of St. Louis, and was on the twenty-second day of December, A. D. 1896, assigned by the state of Minnesota for five hundred five dollars and eighty-seven cents. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such assignment exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice is the said sum of five hundred five dollars and eighty-seven cents with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said twenty-second day of December, 1896, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said assignment with interest thereon to the time of such redemption and the time within which said lands can be redeemed from said assignment will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in manner prescribed by Section 37 of Chapter 8, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.

Dated Duluth, this third day of June, A. D. 1897.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, June-12-19-26.

The World of Fashion

Anything strikingly novel in fashion is not in sight now that the modes have settled down to their summer pace; but there is no end to the variations in the details of dress, and they are very useful in making up the required number of gowns for weddings, graduation festivities, garden parties, and the races. These being the principal features of the amusements of June, a distinctive costume for each especial occasion is the rule if you would have perfection in dress, says the New York Sun.

That triumph of usefulness, the fancy waist, helps out the variety so much needed in summer with great success. It appears in all the varying degrees of simplicity and elegance which fancy can devise, and is worn by women of all ages for morning, afternoon, and evening dress. The difference is a matter of decoration and style of making rather than kind of material. Light pink, blue, green, and yellow glace silks are made up into the most simple sort of shirt waists with a yoke in the back, tucked front, sleeves worn with a turn-over cuff of linen, and a high linen collar. These same dainty silks trimmed with the lace and chiffon are transformed into the most dressy little bodices for afternoon and informal evenings. One of the prettiest among the simple waists of glace silks is made in box plaits a little less than an inch wide, with narrow spaces between. The silk is first plaited and then fitted into a spencer waist, with fulness at the belt and a blouse effect in front, and with a ribbon belt and collar. It is very complete without any trimming at all, providing the color is pretty.

PARISIAN BLOUSE EFFECT.

The special mode which is distinctly Parisian is the blouse effect in the back as well as the front. The fulness overhangs the belt in the same manner, only there is less of it, and the belt is often wider in the back than in the front. Some of these waists are made with basques, which may be a frill all the way round, or tab-like pieces directly in the back and front, but the style is not becoming except to very slim figures. It is distinctly chic, however, on a slight young girl, and both wool and cotton materials are made in this way, being especially pretty with the narrow colored leather belts so much worn. Pique dresses made with this sort of bodice are very stylish. One example in gray is trimmed with rows of yellow embroidered insertion around the skirt and revers, and completed with a yellow leather belt. Silk bodices slashed to show an under bodice of lace, net, or chiffon are very pretty, and full waists of printed gauze and plain chiffon, with short boleros of heavy lace, silk, or embroidery, afford a charming way of using up remnants of handsome materials.

PLENTY OF TUCKS.

Tucks are a feature of all blouse waists, especially those of plain glace silk, and the finer they are the more desirable according to the present whim of fashion. One unique imported model of pale blue glace is covered with an applique of tiny black velvet ribbon, sewed through the middle of half-inch white satin ribbon, and arranged in true lovers' knots all over the bodice. The sleeves have a finish of ribbon at the wrist.

Among the blouse waists is one of pink silk checked gauze, trimmed with fine cream lace, forming epaulette frills, edged with a narrow kilting of pink chiffon. The bolero jacket, forming a sailor collar, is one of the novel shapes for fine silk or embroidered linen, finished with a ruffle of lace. Another model is carried out in pale blue glace, with a round yoke of lace over white silk, and a frill of white chiffon down the side.

The silk shirt waist is as varied as the more dressy bodices, and kiltings of silk set around an epaulette collar and down either side of the box plait have a very pretty effect. Striped, plain, and checked silks are used, and the very latest is the jubilee silk of red, white and blue stripe, trimmed with lace insertion.

WHITE MUSLIN IN VOGUE.

For summer gowns to wear at the fashionable watering places white muslin certainly has an inning in the game of fashion. Dainty organdies, lavishly trimmed with lace, either black or white, lead in the display of pretty costumes shown in the shops, and the dressmakers are busy with all sorts and kinds of thin gowns of mull, grass lawn, Liberty muslin and mousseline de soie. This fancy for transparent dress might foreshadow a hot summer if the whims of fashion were ever prophetic of anything out of their especial line, but whether or not they are to be a necessity later on, they flourish now in every available space with an utter disregard of the prevailing low temperature.

Some years ago white muslin was the traditional material for graduation gowns, and, although other fabrics are employed, muslin is perhaps the most popular this season. It is not the simple gown of years gone by, however, but a dream of lace and frills which leaves simplicity quite out of the question. One model has three flounces edged with a row of insertion and a frill of lace and rows of lace insertion around the sleeves and bodice, which is made with a guimpe neck of finest tucks and insertion radiating from the ribbon collar band. Another gown has crosswise tucks and lace frills on the waist and tucks and frills on the flounces.

WHITE DOTTED SWISS.

An occasional white dotted Swiss appears among the thin gowns, but plain organdie seems to have the preference. There is one model in this fabric made over heliotrope silk and trimmed with yellow lace, heliotrope chiffon and ribbon. The use of chiffon on muslin and batiste gowns is very effective, especially on the figured organdies, when the color in the flowering is intensified by the same tint in the chiffon trimming. A pretty striped organdie in violet-green and white, trimmed with insertions of lace in the ruffle, and bodice pointing up in the back and down in front, has violet chiffon shirred on the shoulders, falling in a deep lace-edged frill back and front.

Low-necked organdies for evening are the prettiest of all the full-dress gowns. Kilted frills of chiffon or muslin with narrow lace on the edge trim the neck and sleeves very prettily, with the addition of bows of satin ribbon or bunches of flowers. Wide lace arranged to form a bertha is another pretty finish, and the bodice, as in the high-necked gowns, is a series of lace insertions alternated with narrow bands of the muslin. The quantity and quality of lace employed in the trimming are only limited by the dress allowance of the purchaser, as yards and yards are absorbed in one gown. Real valenciennes trims many of the daintiest white organdies for evening wear, and while the bodices are made on a closely-fitted lining, the blouse effect is given to the outside.

A FAD IN TRIMMING.

One of the fads this season is to trim white organdies with fine black French lace, either in applique flowers and figures with the muslin cut out underneath, or in rows of narrow insertion set in crossing squares or points all over the bodice and sleeves and around the skirt. Black lace is also used on the tinted muslins, being especially pretty on pale blue, pink and green. The lining of these gowns should be the same color as the muslin.

Some charming evening gowns are made of mousseline de soie, white over a color, or of some tint over a deeper shade of the same color. They are usually made with an extra skirt of the mousseline de soie between the outside and the lining, to give it body, and this should match the underskirt in color. Fine Chantilly lace is used on this dressy variety of gowns, and a large rose pattern in applique around the skirt of a white mousseline de soie made over pale green has a very striking effect. White and yellow laces are quite as much in fashion as ever, however, and one very effective gown in white mousseline de soie is made with five flounces, reaching to the waist, over other flounces of white silk patterned with green carnations. Rows of yellow Bruges lace insertion over plain green taffeta are set in up and down in the full waist, and a sash of green taffeta, edged around with a frill of green chiffon, falls at the back.

PRETTY GUIMPE BODICES.

The pretty fashion of making thin gowns with a guimpe bodice is a useful one for those who have to make variety with a few gowns. The neck may be cut round or square and the different guimpes quite change the effect of the dress. Among the other fashionable makeshifts are the various vests and collars of chiffon, batiste, silk lace and spangled trimming, which are worn to transform a simple bodice into a dressy one. The variety in these is only limited by their possibilities, for there are all sorts and kinds of shapes and combinations of materials. Plaited silk muslin, lace and spangled trimming are combined in one collar shown, and silk and lace form the other. White mousseline de soie vests striped across with rows of black or colored velvet ribbon and lace frills are one of the season's fancies, and tucked glace silk trimmed at the head of each tuck with a row of ribbon is also very effective with the coat and skirt gown of either wool or pique; colored chiffons, accordion plaited and striped with yellow lace insertions, make the daintiest kind of vests, and the gauzy effect forms a pretty contrast with a cloth gown. Tartan plaids and checked silks are made up into these full vests, the plaid trimmed with velvet, or tucked and edged with lace. And plaids of all kinds are in great demand for various uses In one costume the lower part of the skirt and the blouse bodice are of plaid silk made up on plain wool material and trimmed with braid.

THE LITTLE CAPE.

Fashion has dispensed with the extreme fulness in our sleeves and skirts, but the little cape, as full as and more fluffy than ever, is with us still in greater and more fascinating variety. Silk, velvet, lace, jet, and chiffon are variously combined in these little wraps, so that some of them have the appearance of being made of odds and ends which chanced to be at hand.

The one curious objection which many women have to the new summer cape is that it is made too fluffy around the neck and shoulders to be becoming to any but slender women, yet one peculiarity of the latest cape is the little fitted yoke, which can vary in width according to the style of figure. This yoke is made of satin, silk, or velvet, covered with lace or jet, often spreading out into deep, sharp points or squares, with the kilted chiffon and silk falling below. A yoke of colored satin or velvet makes a pretty contrast with the black fillings. Lace is very generously used on the summer capes, and on some of the more elaborate affairs. Lace plaitings fall over others of chiffon.

Black and white effects are very popular in outside garments, and one little model is simply a series of white taffeta knife plaitings with ruffles of black lace falling over them.

DAINTY CAPES.

Some of the daintiest, but perhaps not most durable capes are made of black chiffon frillings on a black satin foundation, with here and there a bow of black satin ribbon.

One pretty affair on this order, has additional bands of sequined net radiating out from the neck. Another dressy model is carried out in black satin cream lace and a new fancy gauze plaited into frills over the arm. A third one has a yoke and points of green velvet covered with jet, and black chiffon frills banded in with jet to form a sleeve effect.

Colored silks, velvets, and satins, in the tints of violet, heliotrope, green, and peachbloom, figure largely in this department of dress, and one very showy, Frenchy little confection is made of accordion-plaited gold tissue well covered with an applique of black lace and lined with rose pink silk also accordion plaited. A ruche of black silk net finishes the edge, and pink chiffon and gold tissue form the ruche at the neck. All the neck trimmings are very full and wide at the back. Green and black shot silk forms another novelty. It is covered with black Brussels net and trimmed with bands of Oriental and black lace insertion. A kilted frill of the silk finishes the edge, and black duchess satin forms the neck ruche. Capes of white ladies' cloth are trimmed with black velvet in applique designs or plain bands, and with a finish of gold or silver cord and black and white chiffon at the throat they are exceedingly stylish.

BROWN PATENT LEATHERS.

The latest novelty in footwear to appear in the windows of the shoe dealers is the brown patent leather shoe. Although a creation of last summer, it is quite new to New Yorkers, and no predictions can be made safely as yet regarding its popularity. For several years, on account of the growing popularity of black patent leather shoes, manufacturers have been attempting to apply the same finish to the brown leather, but not until recently did their efforts meet with much success. The process which leather undergoes before being made into russet shoes renders it rather difficult to put on a patent leather finish, as there was danger of its streaking. The foreign shoe manufacturers were the first to arrive at a proper solution of the problem, and in consequence brown patent leather shoes appeared in Paris and Germany before they did here. They were worn quite generally in Paris last year, and the success the innovation met with encouraged shoe dealers to introduce it here.

When the brown patent leather was introduced in Paris it was used at first more extensively for bicycle shoes, with leggings attached. The leggings were made with a 5-inch cuff of brown patent leather at the top. This style met with the approval of cyclists, and a great many leggings were sold. Toward the latter part of last summer the style was introduced here with considerable success. The leggings were made to wear with bloomers, which allowed the patent leather top to be shown off to great advantage. But the disapprobation which the use of bloomers as a cycling costume encountered some time ago prevented this style of bicycle leggings from attaining the popularity that was at first expected for it.

SCARCE AT FIRST.

The brown patent leather shoes appeared soon after the introduction of the cycling shoe, but they were made by only a few factories, and on account of their scarcity were not widely worn. This spring a considerable number of the shoes have been turned out, and the large shoe dealers seem to think that the style will meet with the favor of the public. The shoe is made in both the high and low styles, but the prevailing shade is dark, somewhat between the russet and ox blood shades, with the high polish which only the patent leather finish can produce. It is pronounced by persons who know something about shoes to be a very beautiful production. The leading salesman in one of the large stores said that just where the new shoe is to fit in is somewhat of a problem. The brown leather shoe has always been regarded as a neglige shoe, and it is doubtful whether the patent leather finish will give it the entry to formal gatherings. The brown leather shoe is used for almost everything but evening wear, and the patent leather style, it is thought, will be popular for a late afternoon shoe. Then, too, the fact that it will not have to be polished will appeal in its favor to those who regard that as a disadvantage of russet shoes. As is customary with shoes, the new style has been taken up more by women than by men. "Women are always quick to seize upon new ideas in shoes," said a salesman recently, "and this was no exception. Already we find the demand outgrowing the supply, especially in the low styles. The best of this variety are made in Worms, Germany, but several of our own manufacturers are turning out large numbers of an excellent quality. They are as yet quite expensive, owing to their scarcity.

FRILS OF FASHION.

The new silk petticoats of brocade and light shot silks are from three to three and a half yards around, made with one deep flounce from the knee, trimmed with a lace edge, and rows of insertion between clusters of tucks. A wide flounce with a narrow ruffle on the edge, falling over a double ruche on the skirt, is a favorite mode of trimming, as it assures the full effect at the bottom.

Purses to match or harmonize with the color of your costume is one of fashion's new whims, and dainty pocketbooks are made of mauve, green, blue and brown leather.

Fancy Oxford ties with a patent leather vamp and finish are made of moire velour in various tints of green, blue, dull red and brown.

A becoming veil, carefully adjusted, is an important item of dress, and the woman who makes a selection without any regard to the effect of the mesh on her complexion makes a mistake. Another point which adds to or detracts very much from the success of her costume is the way she puts it on. If it wrinkles across the face, and the ends are not carefully caught in at the back, it is the first object of interest in her appearance, no matter how elegant and attractive her gown may be. Too thin or coarse a mesh is not becoming to anyone, and if the pattern is fancy it is usually very trying. The plain meshes with medium-sized chenille dots, not too close together, are most generally becoming, but the elaborate meshes are very much worn, as they come in the finest veiling. Double veiling of plain white tulle, over black with dots, is one of the novelties for summer, but the fashion at summer resorts of wearing two veils, one of dotted chiffon over one of fancy net, still holds good as it affords a protection to the skin. Veils finished with an edging are worn, but they are not so becoming as the piece veiling, which is more easily arranged. Veiling with tiny flower sprays is a Victorian revival which is shown among the novelties, and you are informed that it is to be worn with large hats, hanging loose and straight down from the brim, after the manner of fifty years ago.

"Tyrolean hats of the brigand shape" are considered by English women to be the best and most becoming for cycling, and the brims and crowns are often of contrasting color. Canvas hats, too, are very much favored.

One of the many jubilee souvenirs is an umbrella with a Dresden handle, decorated with gold and a portrait of Queen Victoria in her coronation robes, copied from a picture at Windsor castle.

A wise authority asserts that a revolution in millinery is going on. That the large hat is not among the latest novelties, and that the proper thing is the medium shape, round and flat, trimmed round the crown, with no assertive osprey, or aigrette of ribbons, flowers or lace at the side. When feathers are used they are arranged to droop on the hair at the side.

TRIMMING EFFECTS.

Plain Skirts Are Seldom Seen Nowadays.

Entirely plain skirts are seldom seen and ornamentation from waist to hem is as often employed as is the circular style of trimming, says the Chicago Chronicle. The perpendicular naturally adds to the height and a princess effect is given by trimming extending down the front from waist to hem, which seems continued by similar trimming to the throat on the bodice, a folded sash making the only break at the waist line. In tailor-finish dresses too the skirt trimming may run up and down, but now that tailor gowns are freely trimmed the bands of trimming are usually well curved or curlequed in their up and down course. In one gown this method is illustrated, by a repetition of the skirt trimming's design upon the bodice, though without the previously mentioned princess effect. Light brown cloth was used in this gown. Havana brown woolen braid trimming it. The fronts of its jacket were double, the upper ones having slashed revers edged with braid and the under showing a row of buttons on each side and opening over a blouse of white China silk, with linen stock collar and plaid tie. Triple epaulettes edged with braid finished the sleeves. A coming form of dress trimming is the old-time gimp and fringe, which are reappearing. Everyone seems to expect the return of silk fringe, and doubtless we shall soon stop thinking of sofas and chairs when we plan to fringe our own curves.

It is permissible to wear white collar and cuffs with a plaid gingham shirt, but you may not wear a white collar and a plaid gingham shirt with cuffs to match the shirt. Seven times seven you must not wear one kind of shirt, another kind of collar and a third kind of cuffs! The soft four-in-hand stock is being made up in all sorts of ginghams, cheviots and muslins, and is at once comfortable and dressy, but it is not exact, and so the tailor-made girl will have none of it. But, then, she does not expect to be comfortable.

LACKING IN TASTE.

A writer in an English periodical confesses to feel humiliation because of the fact that in England there are only a very few women who dress really well. The gowns of the average English woman, at the present time, are far too often marred by over-gorgeousness. She allows her dressmaker to load her bodices with imitation jewels, laces, furs and ribbons. She will even be persuaded to carry about on her head and shoulders several years' income, in the shape of diamonds, but she misses altogether that chic elegance and crisp freshness that exact rightness of tone, which seem inseparable from the toilet of the French woman, even though she may be merely a Paris working girl, whose pretty head can boast no covering but that of her own daintily dressed hair. In fact, Daudet was right when, after staying for some little time in London, he gave it as his opinion that "there was a sense of color and shade, of harmony and elegance, in the French woman which he failed altogether to discover in her English sister."

A HUNTER'S LUCK.

How a Dude Nimrod Disgusted a Cape Cod Man.

The people on the shores of Cape Cod are much afflicted at the autumnal season with hunters who come down from Boston and tramp through all the region bordering on the bay, looking for birds. Sometimes these hunters are "greenhorns" of the rarest type, says the Youth's Companion. They come not alone in the fall, but also in the spring, for at that season wild geese and certain other wild fowl may lawfully be shot.

"Come in the spring?" said a farmer in Sandwich, repeating a traveler's question. "Bless your soul, I guess they do! And some on 'em is the all-firedest lunkheads that you ever see! Kind o' dudes, that never knowed anything, and come down here with leggins laced up their legs like women's shoes.

"Well, a feller that looked just like them chaps come down here last spring lookin' for wild geese. He couldn't find no wild geese, but out in Uncle Sim Nickerson's paster behind the barn he found Uncle Sim's old sow. He was crossin' over from the mash to the road, an' fust thing he knowed he run right a'most onto that old sow, an' she hed a litter o' young pigs, an' she was crosser'n all git-out. Well, sir, she made right after him, roarin' as fierce as a lion, an' he must 'a' ben scairt most to death, for he up an' shot her—both berreis, plumb right in the head an' face.

"Result was that the sow was killed, an' of course she was no use for pork, an' that young dude he was arrested by Obed Sears—he's constable, ye know—on a warrant that Sim Nickerson swore out; an' that dude he paid for the sow right on the spot rather than have any more trouble. Sim taxed him $12 for the sow, an' I guess that was a pooty fair estimate on her.

"Well, sir, what does Sim Nickerson do then but demand pay for the six pigs. Says he, 'Take the young 'uns, take care o' themselves, an' they'll die on my hands.' I think myself that Sim went a little mite too fur then. They were little pigs, but they were plump an' fat an' lively, an' I guess they would 've et swill all right. But I guess Sim he see a chance to get pay for the pigs an' have the pigs too.

"But that dude, he spoke up, an' says, says he, 'How much are your pigs wuth?' 'Well', says Sim, 'I could 'a' got $2 apiece for 'em as soon as they was old enough to wean, but I won't charge ye more'n $1.50 for 'em now.' Obed Sears, he give a kind of a whistle, as much as to say, 'Ain't you comin' it a little strong?' But what does that dude do but whip out $9 in addition to the $12 he'd paid for the sow.

"That made $21 that his huntin' that mornin' had cost him. Sim, he was lookin 'out to see how he was goin' to take care o' the pigs, an' he turned 'round to see the dude feller go away, when that dude, says he:

"'Now, Mr. Nickerson, I guess I'll take my pigs.'

"'What?' says Sim, a little surprised.

"'Well,' says the feller, 'I suppose the pigs is mine, now't I've paid for 'em.'

"'Yourn?' says Sim. He kind o' couldn't get over his surprise that that feller wanted the pigs.

"'Yes,' says Obed Sears, 'the pigs is hisn, of course.'

"Then what does that dude do but go over to the grocery store an' get a packin' box for 25 cents, an' put a little hay into it, an' he gethers up them pigs an' loads 'em into the box and nails some slats over the open end o' the box, an' hires me for 25 cents to haul 'em down to the depot, an' off he goes to Boston with the whole outfit. An' less'n month afterward John Phinney, that works up to Boston to the market, he comes down here, an' he says that that feller wa'n't any real dude, but his father is a big provision man in the market there, an' that youngster sold them live Cape Cod fat suckin' pigs to hotels, to roast whole, for $5 apiece! That let him out on the whole transaction with a clear profit, countin' all expenses, of about $8.

"An' Sim Nickerson! We hain't got done laughin' at him yet 'bout how he took advantage o' that greenhorn—or anyway, how he thought he did."

$25—ANNUAL PILGRIMAGE TO ST. ANNE DE BEAUPIRE—$25.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic will run its annual excursion to St. Anne de Beaupre from Duluth July 21, 6:30 p. m., making round trip fare of $25. Return limit Aug. 31. Tickets good for stop-over at any point in Canada. Tourist sleeping cars will run through from Duluth. Berth rate $3.

T. H. LARKE, Com'l Agent,
426 Spalding House block.

WHERE FISHING IS GOOD.

Those looking for the best fishing grounds are reminded of Lake Tetonka, at Waterville, and Madison lake, on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad.

Wall-eyed pike, bass and crappies are found in great abundance at both of these lakes, which have not been fished out to the extent of some of the older and better known localities.

Excellent hotel accommodations, boats, bait, etc., on hand, and all charges are very reasonable.

For further information, address,
A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.
Minneapolis, Minn.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

TRYING ORDEALS FOR WOMEN.

Mrs. Pinkham Tells How Women May Avoid Painful Examinations.

To a modest, sensitive, high-strung young woman, especially an unmarried woman, there is no more trying or painful ordeal than the "examinations," which are now so common in hospitals and private practice.

An examination by speculum, or otherwise, is sometimes a positive necessity in certain stages of many diseases peculiar to women, so at least it is declared by the profession. This would not be the case if patients heeded their symptoms in time.

If a young girl's blood is watery, her skin pale and waxy looking, her lips colorless, bowels torpid, digestion poor, her ears and temples throb and she is subject to headache, begin at once to build up her system with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Do not allow her to undergo a physical examination.

Here is a letter from a young lady who requests that her name should not be used, but gives her initials and street number so that any inquiry addressed to her will be received. She says:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—It affords me great pleasure to be able to say a few words in regard to the merits of your Vegetable Compound. I was tempted to try it after seeing the effects of it upon my mother, and now I feel like a new person. I am a stenographer and was troubled with falling of the womb and female weakness in general. I continued to work until I was so weak I could no longer walk, and the last day I was forced to stop and rest.

"I was then so ill that I was compelled to stay in bed, and so nervous that I could not hold anything in my hands. The least noise or surprise would cause my heart to beat so loudly, and I would become so weak that I could hardly stand. I suffered for almost a year. It is different now. I can go about my work with pleasure, while before, work was a drudge.

"Trusting that my words of praise may help some other afflicted person, and be of benefit to womankind in general, I remain, Yours in gratitude, L. H., 444 S. East St., Indianapolis, Ind."

A MONSTROUS PYTHON.

Caught in Sumatra and Brought to New York.

In an animal store on South street, coiled upon a big mattress, in a cage ten feet long, is probably the largest snake ever brought to this country alive. It is a great Indian python, one of the most formidable of the boa family, and a descendant of the serpent slain by Apollo near Delphi, says the New York Journal.

Two months ago this monster lay dormant in one of the wildest jungles of Sumatra. He had just dropped from the limb of a massive banyan tree, wrapped his powerful length about the body of a leaping antelope and, crushing his prey until every bone was broken, was in the act of swallowing the animal whole as the first course of his semi-annual meal. His huge jaws had encircled the entire body of the animal and only the spreading antlers remained outside as an index of what had occurred. The python was dozing away in a blissful state, waiting for the antlers to drop off so that he might thoroughly digest the morsel and then take a nap for some months.

While in this condition the great snake was surprised by a band of natives under the direction of George Arstingstahl, an Englishman, whose business is the capture of wild animals. The serpent was uncoiled and tied at full length to a long bamboo pole, which was then lifted by the natives and the burden borne to the port, where stood the good ship McDuff, Capt. Thompson in command, waiting to sail for America. And that is how this terror of the jungle happens to be now sleeping peacefully in the store on South street, still engaged in the task of digesting the antelope which he caught in the wilds of Sumatra.

This python is thirty-eight feet long and measures thirty-one and a half inches in diameter at the thickest portion of his body. The cage in which he is kept is of wood, wire and glass. There is no particular necessity for strength, so long as the snake is well fed. It is only after he has finished a three or four months' job of mastication that he wakes up and makes himself a terror.

"This is one of the largest snakes ever brought to America," said Mr. Arstingstahl last night. "It had been committing great depredations among the herds of cattle and sheep which abound in the vicinity of Pukatowoni, and was also charged with the death of two natives who were penetrating the forest in search of some sheep which had strayed.

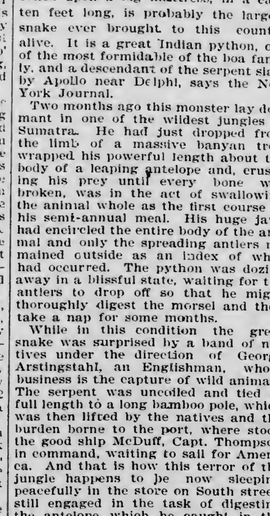
"In trying to effect the capture one of the natives, named Metio Skermiti, while attempting to put a rope around the snake's head, was struck on the forearm with its tail and had a bone fractured. Another native had several of the bones in his right hand broken. The serpent has eaten nothing since it left India, but it will be fed on a young lamb in a few days."

The big python has just shed his old skin, and now appears in a bright, shining coat. He is thought to be about fifteen years old.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.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The popping of a cork from a bottle of Hires is a signal of good health and pleasure. A sound the old folks like to hear—the children can't resist it.
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CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Unnatural Discharges, Inflammations, Irritations or Ulcerations of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Gerhard A. Tenbusch and Annie Tenbusch, his wife, mortgagors, to Charles E. Bullock, mortgagee, bearing date the fifth day of November, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 103 of mortgages, on page 215.

And whereas, said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of one hundred five dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage in two several installments of fifty-two and 50-100 dollars each on November 1st, 1896, and May 1st, 1897, respectively, all of which is yet due and owing upon said mortgage; and also in the failure to pay three and 35-100 dollars assessments duly levied upon the premises covered by said mortgage and heretofore paid by the undersigned. Now by reason of said several defaults and in the exercise of the option given in said mortgage the whole of the debt thereby secured has been and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice, to the sum of sixteen hundred twenty-one and 82-100 dollars, no suit or action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: The westerly one-half of lot number three (3), in block number two (2), in Fleischer and Cremer's rearrangement of block fifty-six (56), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Tuesday, the 3d day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, including taxes so paid as aforesaid, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated June 19th, 1897.

CHARLES E. BULLOCK,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-19-26-July-3-10-17-24.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Charles J. Fredrikson and Clara M. Fredrikson, his wife, mortgagors, to Charlotte P. Strong, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of February, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 9th day of March, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 125 of mortgages on page 29.

And whereas said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of one hundred fifty-four dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage, and the notes secured thereby in two several installments of seventy-seven dollars each on September 1st, 1896, and March 1st, 1897, respectively all of which is yet due and owing upon said mortgage, and also in the failure to pay two and 49-100 dollars assessments heretofore duly levied upon the premises covered by said mortgage and paid by the undersigned on June 12th, 1897, and in the failure to pay twenty-one and 45-100 dollars premium for insurance upon said premises as provided in said mortgage, and also heretofore paid by the undersigned; now by reason of said several defaults it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage to declare the whole debt secured thereby to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole amount of said debt has been and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice, with said assessments and insurance, to the sum of twenty-four hundred six and 13-100 dollars, to recover which no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default aforesaid, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises above described; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twelfth (12th) day of July, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage debt, with interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and the sum of $200 attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 29th, A. D. 1897.

MARTHA H. NORTON,
Executrix, and
GEORGE W. NORTON,
Executor of George W. Norton,
Mortgagee, (now deceased).

AGATIN, DAVIDSON & CAREY,
Attorneys for said Executrix and Executor of said Deceased Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-29-June-5-12-19-26-July-3-10.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain purchase money mortgage duly executed and delivered by John C. Hunter and Clinton Markell, mortgagors, to George W. Norton, (now deceased), mortgagee, bearing date the tenth (10th) day of January, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the twenty-first (21st) day of January, A. D. 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book Thirty-one (31) of mortgages, on page six hundred nineteen (619), which said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of $110,000, according to the conditions of seven promissory notes, one for $5000 payable February 19th, 1889, one for $5000 payable March 19th, 1889, and five notes for $20,000, each due respectively on the 19th days of January, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893 and 1894, and bearing interest at 7 per cent per annum from January 19th, 1889, payable annually as per the coupons for the annual interest attached to each of said notes, all of said notes bearing even date with said mortgage; which said mortgage conveyed and mortgaged all those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of section number thirteen (13), and lot number one (1), of section number twenty-four (24), all in township forty-nine (49), north of range fifteen (15), containing in all 102.32-100 acres, subject to the right-of-way of the Lake Superior & Mississippi Railroad company, the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad Company, and the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and all other rights-of-way.

And whereas, subsequently to the delivery and record of said mortgage as aforesaid, the mortgaged tracts of land above described were duly platted into lots and blocks under the name of "Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth," which said plat was duly filed for record and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis, on the twenty-eighth day of August, A. D. 1890, in Book "D" of plats, on page twenty-seven (27).

And whereas, after the execution, delivery and record of said mortgage, the said George W. Norton, mortgagee, died testate, and on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, letters testamentary were duly issued to Martha H. Norton, executrix, and George W. Norton, executor, of said George W. Norton, deceased, by the probate court of said county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and were duly recorded on the 25th day of March, 1890, in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the said county of St. Louis, in Book thirty-nine (39) of deeds, on page one hundred eighty-five (185).

And whereas, said Martha H. Norton, executrix, and George W. Norton, executor of George W. Norton, deceased, mortgagee, are now the owners and holders of said mortgage, and the indebtedness secured thereby.

And whereas, certain lots and blocks and parcels of land in said "Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth," according to the recorded plat thereof, covered by said mortgage as aforesaid, have been duly released from the lien of said mortgage by the said executrix and executor, leaving subject to the lien of and covered by said mortgage the lots and parcels of land hereinafter particularly described by reference to said plat of "Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth."

And whereas, there is claimed to be due, and is due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of $20,000 principal, and interest thereon at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum from July 19th, 1895, making in all the sum of twenty-two thousand six hundred five and 54-100 dollars ($22,605.54-100) due on the principal and interest at the date of this notice, which said sum of money is secured by the said mortgage upon the lots and parcels of land hereinafter described, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said sum of money or any part thereof.

And whereas, the following is a description of the premises, by reference to the recorded plat of said "Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth," covered and conveyed by said mortgage, which have never been released from the lien of said mortgage, to-wit: Lots one (1) to ten (10) inclusive in block four (4), lots one (1) and two (2), and lots six (6) to ten (10) inclusive in block five (5), lots seventeen (17) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block six (6), lots three (3) to six (6) inclusive in block seven (7), lots twenty-eight (28) to thirty-eight (38) inclusive in block eight (8), lots seventeen (17) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block fourteen (14), lots one (1) to seventeen (17) inclusive in block fifteen (15), lots fourteen (14) to eighteen (18) inclusive in block sixteen (16), lots ten (10) to nineteen (19) inclusive in block seventeen (17), lots six (6) to sixteen (16) inclusive in block nineteen (19), lots one (1) to sixteen (16) inclusive in block twenty (20), lots three (3) to twenty-eight (28) inclusive in block twenty-one (21), lots nine (9) to twenty-one (21) inclusive in block twenty-two (22), lots twenty (20) to twenty-six (26) inclusive in block twenty-five (25), lots one (1) to twelve (12) inclusive in block twenty-six (26), lots twenty-three (23) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block twenty-six (26), lots one (1) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block twenty-five (25), lots one (1) to twelve (12) inclusive in block twenty-six (26), lots twenty-three (23) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block twenty-six (26), lots one (1) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block twenty-seven (27), lots one (1) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block twenty-seven (27), lots one (1) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block twenty-five (25), lots one (1) to twelve (12) inclusive in block twenty-six (26), lots twenty-three (23) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block twenty-six (26), lots one (1) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in block twenty-seven (27), lots one (1) and

Wheels and Their Riders

The only bicycle event of the week was the first of the series of Y. M. C. A. races, which was to take place this afternoon on London road. It was originally to have occurred at the driving park last Saturday, but this arrangement fell through and the race was again fixed for 3:30 this afternoon on London road. It was expected that there would be about a dozen entries and the race was promised to be a lively one.

* * *

The principal race will be a 2-mile handicap for the club medals. This was to be followed by a mile handicap. In addition to the three medals, one of gold and two of silver, there are a number of useful and handsome prizes. The three leaders in each of the three 5-mile events will meet in a final 5-mile race for the medals. The other races will be held at convenient intervals during the summer.

* * *

About the only other bicycle event of near importance is the races to be held by the Duluth Cycle club at the fair grounds, July 5, in conjunction with the Caledonian games and sports by the members of the Scottish clans and others. There will be a well-arranged list of bicycle events, and the afternoon gives promise of being prolific of interest.

* * *

The new West Duluth Cycle club held a meeting Wednesday night for the purpose of further perfecting plans and organization, and considerable progress was shown. A number of new applications for membership have been received, and many women are expecting to join soon. The old skating rink is still in view as a club house, and it is proposed to place in it a cinder track which will make an excellent place for racing meets.

* * *

"Bicycle hallucinations are becoming a recognized nervous disorder," said a Cleveland doctor to a reporter. "I know of half a dozen cases or more. One woman came to me and claimed she couldn't ride on a street when a street car line was in operation. Every time a car came along she had a wild impulse to topple over toward it. She simply couldn't help it. Another woman said that whenever she rides her wheel she has an idea that somebody is scorching close behind her. She feels the scorcher's presence and expects every moment to be hurled to the ground. If she rides in company with friends she doesn't notice the unpleasant sensation, but it comes to her again as soon as she is alone. A man came into my office a few weeks ago and said there was something wrong with his eyes. I looked at them, and they appeared to be all right. He told me that whenever he rode his wheel—and he was very fond of riding—the ground began to slip away from in front of him, and the whole landscape seemed to curl up—and it kept on curling as long as he rode. I fancied I knew what ailed him. He watched his front wheel too closely. I told him to sit up straighter, and to keep his eyes off the wheel. I guess it cured his malady, for he hasn't come back. I have another patient, a young girl. When she rides she trembles violently, and this imparts a trembling motion to her wheel. It doesn't appear to exhaust her, but she is very much worried because she can't stop it. I think she will outgrow the tendency as she gets older and stronger."

* * *

The greatest test of the bicycle as a military conveyance yet undertaken in the United States began week before last, when twenty-four soldiers, under command of Lieut. Moss, left Fort Missoula, Mont., for St. Louis. The distance is about 2000 miles. At least two mountain ranges must be crossed and foothills without number, followed by hundreds of miles of almost trackless plains, which will test the physical endurance of the men as well as the wearing qualities of the wheel. The wheels are thirty-pounders, geared at 66½, made especially for the soldiers. In addition to the weight of the rider each wheel carries the regulation knapsack, a bicycle trunk, haversack, utensils for field cooking, one blanket and shelter tent. Ten of the men carry rifles, the others revolvers, all being supplied with fifty rounds of ammunition to the man.

* * *

Human extremes develop on the bicycle. A 7-year-old Philadelphia girl made a century with apparent ease a few weeks ago. An 8-year-old Jersey boy smashed a century record last Saturday and ran away with a pot of prizes which several veterans pushed for. Just as these events were pulled off Joe Grines, of Cleveland, dropped in from Europe, bringing with him a wealth of girth, tipping the scales at 540 pounds. Joe is giving the Easterners practical lessons on the value of weight and wind awheel.

* * *

Large exports of bicycles and bicycle material are a feature of our foreign trade at present. During the week before last from the port of New York alone $104,000 worth of bicycles went abroad, and bicycle material to the amount of $28,481 additional. Over thirty foreign countries and ports, including all continents, are mentioned a s the destinations of these shipments, the bulk going to London, Hamburg, Havre and Antwerp. During the month of April bicycle exports amounted to $1,-117,824. For the ten months of the fiscal year to May 1 the exports in this line were $5,285,000, against only $1,001,000 for the same period a year ago. It is thus a trade of very recent origin and is rising to remarkable proportions.

* * *

According to the Referee, there is every probability that the last national circuit will be that of 1897; all indications are that another year will see the racing men riding when and where they please. So long as the men are not compelled to ride on the circuit, and are permitted to go where they are best paid, the circuit must naturally fail in its purpose. It is becoming more apparent each day that the racing men are not prone to follow the route laid out by the racing board, for the small meet promoter frequently offers inducements which are of such a tempting nature that they cannot well be resisted, and the national circuit is the loser to the extent of this or that person's presence.

* * *

The one great argument that can be used for the divided skirt is its absolute safety. Primarily the skirt is used for riding a diamond frame wheel, though it can be worn on a drop frame machine equally as well. The skirt of this make is self-arranging; that is, the rider does not have to take the time and trouble of evenly dividing it before getting in the saddle. Another great advantage is that there is less liability, in fact, none at all, of its blowing up when riding in the wind, and perhaps the greatest advantage is that it does not blow back far enough with the wind to have the end wrap around the rear sprocket wheel, as is the case with the ordinary skirt when worn. While there are many makes of divided skirts on sale in the market, there are some that do not answer all requirements, and the rider in purchasing one will have to use her own judgment as to its practical value.

* * *

Wheelmen made Rome howl, it is said. The truth is, the aldermen of Rome made the wheelmen howl, and their howls were effective. It was not the seven-hilled city, but Rome, N. Y. The streets of the town are in bad condition, because a system of sewers is building. Yet only a week ago the common council, though it knew the condition of the streets, passed an ordinance forbidding bicycle ridlng on the side walks. A dispatch says: "The indignation of the people was marked, and some talked of holding meetings to protest. The aldermen who voted for the anti-bicycle ordinance have been boycotted in business. Today Mayor Kingsley, who is a enthusiastic wheelman, suspended the ordinance, and wheelmen are using the sidewalks."

* * *

The inefficiency of back-pedalling as a substitute for a brake was again illustrated in an accident which befell John Grelb, a Baltimore rider, on Sunday afternoon. He was riding down Rush hill, which is one of the steepest hills in the vicinity of Baltimore, and in his effort to keep his wheel under control by back-pedalling the left pedal of his bicycle broke. He was consequently thrown violently to the road, and was seriously injured. The accident which happened to the Baltimorean is only one of many that are possible without a good brake and easily avoidable by the use of one. The strain of back-pedalling is so severe that any imperfection which survives the "factory inspection" of the catalogues is liable to result in a severe accident. With the driving mechanism unavailable and with no means of checking the speed, there is but one result possible unless the rider is particularly favored by good luck. A powerful brake of quick action is the surest insurance against accidents on a down grade or even on a level.

* * *

The young men and women who have put all their spare cash into "bikes" within a year or two may soon begin to wish that they had not been quite so hasty. It is now said that an inventor has devised a little storage battery to go under the bike saddle, which will propel the machine, burn a brilliant lantern for night riding and sound a "buzzer" to warn off pedestrians, while another inventor has devised an automatic pair of feet on which the machine will stand until you mount, or while you stop and chat with a friend, and fold up out of the way with the first movement to start. This is a real approximation to the ideal "bike." A beer pump attachment would make it complete.

* * *

The executive committee in charge of the eighteenth annual meet of the League of American Wheimen, which will be held in Philadelphia Aug. 4, 5, 6 and 7, is determined that the prize list at the Willow Grove race meet on the two last mentioned days shall be sufficiently attractive to insure the presence of every professional and amateur rider of prominence in the country. To that end the sum of $2500 has been given to the race meet committee, the entire amount to be divided up into "juicy plums" for the "pros" and "pures."

As six of the thirteen events which will make up the two days' program will be championships (four professional and two amateur), it stands to reason that the purses for the remainder of the events will be especially seductive. Indeed, in every professional event the $100 limit will be passed by special sanction of the racing board, while in the professional open, which will be run off on the last day, $500 will be given—the largest amount awarded in any one race on the national circuit of 1897. In each open event there will be four prizes and in the handicaps the purses will be divided into six portions.

The results of the championships, both professional and amateur, will undoubtedly awaken great interest. The professional championships will be especially interesting, from the fact that through them will be brought to light the "top notchers" at the several distances, and at the same time will be revealed the identity of that much-sought-for individual, the professional mile champion of the United States.

Prospective bidders for the race meet program privilege are notified that the committee is ready to receive bids for that valuable franchise. All bids should be sent to C. A. Dimon, chairman race meet committee, 916 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

It will interest intending visitors to the national meeting to learn that the track on which the national championships will be decided is to be made of yellow pine. The veteran rider, Charles Ashinger, who knows a lot about the proper construction of a board track, will superintend the work, and with the object uppermost of making it as conducive as possible to fast riding.

* * *

Indianapolis Journal: The court reporter—With all due respect, judge, I should like to know why you gave one bicycle thief the limit of the law and let the other off with a light fine.

The judge—For very good reasons. The first man stole the wheel to sell and the other took it because he wanted a wheel to ride. I am a wheelman myself, you know.

* * *

Chicago Post: "I happened to remark a little while ago, in the presence of Miss Billmore, that some persons carried their fondness for cycling to extreme lengths. I'd like to know what there was in that observation to cause her to turn red and say: 'Sir!'"

"Great Scot! Don't you know? She is engaged to a young bicyclist nearly six and a half feet high."

* * *

THE SCORCHER.

He tumbled from his weary wheel,
And set it by the door;
Then stood as though he joyed to feel
His feet on earth once more;
And as he mopped his rumpled head,
His face was wreathed in smiles,
"A very pretty run," he said;
"I did a hundred miles!"

"A hundred miles!" I cried. "Ah, think
What beauties you have seen!
The reedy streams where cattle drink,
The meadows rich and green,
Where did you wend your rapid way—
Through lofty woodland aisles?"
He shook his head. "I cannot say;
I did a hundred miles!"

"What hamlets saw your swift tires spin?
Ah, how I envy you!

Crescent

Reliable Quality.

Crescent Bicycles are beautiful to look at; but their chief beauty is in their quality.

Crescents for 1897 have many important improvements. They are handsomer, stronger, easier running by far than ever before.

Crescents are more simple, too. Not a device anywhere that a child could fail to understand.

Sold at honest prices.

$75 $50

Bicycles.

WESTERN WHEEL WORKS,
Factory, Chicago.
CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

C. D. TROTT,
166 West Superior Street.
AGENT FOR THE
"Crescent Bicycle" in Duluth.

A WEDDING "AD."

Mining Camp of Randsburg Celebrates a Marriage.

During the brief history of this flourishing mining camp all sorts of important events have taken place, including births, deaths and weddings, but the historian of the camp was compelled to wait patiently until the evening of April 12, 1897, for an opportunity to record an event of the latter nature. Some time ago Edgar Scott fell a victim to Cupid's dart, and a few days ago it was announced in camp that he would lead Miss Ida Van Norman, one of Randsburg's fair ones, to the altar and make her a blushing bride, says the Randsburg correspondent of the Kansas City Star. This being the first wedding in the camp preparations on a scale in proportion to the importance of the event were at once begun. The skating rink, the largest hall in the camp, was engaged, and, though it is in the heart of the Mojave desert, it was converted into a veritable bower of loveliness. Wild flowers in profusion decked the walls on all sides. A raised platform at one end of the hall was converted into an altar and flowers were piled in profusion around and upon it, while suspended overhead hung a large floral bell.

To spread far and wide the news that Randsburg was to have a wedding, the following posters were printed and scattered about:

Attention, Citizens! Randsburg will Celebrate Her First Wedding on Monday Evening, April 12. Edgar Scott and Miss Lottie Van Norman will be united in marriage at the Skating Rink at 7 p. m. The hearty co-operation of every citizen of Randsburg and vicinity is solicited to make this a memorable event in the history of our camp.

A procession composed of the bridal party, city officials, miners, tradesmen and citizens will form at 6 p. m. on upper Butte avenue and proceed down Butte avenue to Rand, up Rand to Broadway, down Broadway to Butte avenue, up Butte avenue to the rink. The ceremony will be performed by Judge Maginnis, after which a reception will be tendered the couple. The guests will be entertained during the evening with a suitable program.

1. Street parade.
2. Wedding ceremony.
3. Reception.
4. Address by Chairman Clarke.
5. Toasts—"Our Camp; Its Past, Present and Future Possibilities;" "Our Country;" music, vocal and instrumental; "Our Homes," "Our Ladies," grand barbecue, moonlight burro race on Butte avenue, grand ball at rink, commencing at 11:30 p. m., grand floral decorations.

W. W. CLARKE,
Chairman of Committee.

H. E. DE REEMER, Secretary.

Promptly at 6 o'clock that evening the wedding party started for the hall and marched through the principal streets. The bride and groom were in a coach and four preceded by a band and followed by the entire populace. On arriving at the hall they alighted and marched down to the altar and took their positions under the floral bell, where Judge Maginnis awaited them, and in a few words gracefully tied the knot that made them one. Fully 150 couples were assembled to witness the ceremony.

Following the custom of all prosperous mining camps, the bride and groom were presented with a town lot and a complete outfit for housekeeping and provisions for the first six months of their wedded life. One enterprising physician donated six months' professional services. During the entire night a large portion of the camp population continued the celebration in honor of the first wedding on the Rand.

AFTER A DAY'S HARD WORK
TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

It makes a delicious drink, and relieves fatigue and depression. A grateful tonic.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van company, who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st. P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free, sealed, in plain envelope, on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
64 Niagara St.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

Among the Sports

The cricket game took place Tuesday afternoon at Superior between the British-Americans of Duluth and Superior, and, of course, the British-Americans of Duluth were victorious. Both sides were on their metal for the honor of Victoria, whose jubilee was thus celebrated, and the game was a lively one. It was a little incomprehensible to a great many people who had never seen a game of cricket before, but it was interesting, even to them, and from the enthusiasm with which the players entered into it it was manifest that they enjoyed it thoroughly. Duluth's score was 115, while Superior only managed to roll up 86. Another game was to be played this afternoon on the same grounds.

* * *

This afternoon the firemen and the street railway men were to play ball at the West End park for the benefit of the Children's home and the glory of their respective callings. Both nines were confident of victory, and each was accusing the other of smuggling in a few semi-professionals.

The West Duluth Baseball club which started out the season with good success and later fell into ragged work, is being reorganized, and it is expected that it will be strengthened all along the line.

The challenge of the Whiteback club has been accepted by the Missabe-Consolidated Baseball club, and it remains to be seen whether heaviness of body or heaviness of name will prove the greater mascot. The game is to be played Saturday afternoon, July 3.

* * *

There is every reason to believe that the racing matinee now preparing for July 3 will be a very pretty one. There will be several lively entries and the three events will be well filled. As that date will be a holiday for a good many people, the attendance is expected to be good.

* * *

Company G had a little outing planned on today, which was to include a ball game with the Superior normal school club, followed by an excursion on the Nautilus.

* * *

Wednesday's Minneapolis Journal says: "The date of the Minnesota-Winnipeg regatta for 1897 has not yet been settled on, but for the information of rowing enthusiasts in Minneapolis, who have certainly had plenty to discourage them in the last few years, the fact may be stated that Minneapolis will be represented at Minnetonka this year. The intention of the Larline club officials seems to be to prepare the crews for this season's work as unostentatiously as possible. A good deal of work has been done in paying off old scores, and the club credit is good enough to make the appointment of a trainer and the regular training of crews entirely practicable, if necessary. The managers of the club have decided, however, that it is better to go slowly for the present season, and there will be no trainer installed at the Larline club house during 1897.

The Duluth and Winnipeg Boat club crews will have all the best of things so far as training is concerned this year, but the Larlines have a few men at work who are liable to get down into pretty fast crew form before the actual hostilities occur. Walker, Sutton, Inmes and Hayden are working in the four and going well considering the time they have been at it. Messrs. Head and Roberts are working in the double and improving every day. The pet team of the Larline aggregation this season, however, is the double, made up of Pete Christian and Jimmy Louden. There is not a more promising amateur double in this country than the one here referred to, and the youngsters are working hard to get themselves ready for the Minnesota and Winnipeg events.

"Altogether there are fifteen or twenty men working for crew places at Calhoun, and Walker seems confident that he will be able to sift a bang up junior crew out of the lot. He certainly has some good material, and it would be a great honor to win a race this year, when rowing enthusiasm in Minneapolis seems to be at a lower ebb than it has ever been in the past. A good win under such conditions would do more to put rowing on a sound basis in Minneapolis than anything else that can be imagined."

* * *

Gymnasium work at the Y. M. C. A. is all over for the season. The women's class held its last session Tuesday and adjourned for the summer. The classes will reorganize in September.

The juniors leave Monday for their camp on Wisconsin Point, where they will remain several weeks in charge of James K. Driver of the Y. M. C. A. A good cook will go along.

* * *

Sport, the champion pacing dog, died at his birthplace, Galesburg, Ill., June 10. He was the property of George Redfield and Mr. Redfield at one time refused an offer of $10,000 in cash for this wonderful animal. Sport was reared to doghood, one may say, in the environment of Galesburg, and was known personally to almost every inhabitant of the town. He was not pure bred, but was noble just the same. He had a strain of setter and a strain of Newfoundland, and was one of the most knowing animals of his race. Mr. Redfield trained him to pace "to a sulky," as the turfmen would say, and by infinite patience a pure pacing gait was developed. The dog appeared on many race tracks and had a horse go with him for his running mate. He had great speed, and he held all records. In 1894, at Chicago, he won the largest prize that was ever offered for fast dogs. Although he has now passed away, Sport lives again in a son which is now 1 year old. The son is out of Flora, a beautiful Gordon setter, and this heir of Sport is already showing much talent and speed as a pacer. Mr. Redfield thinks he will have a worthy successor of Sport.

* * *

Having satisfied one ambition, Bob Fitzsimmons, the world's champion pugilist, is now after championship honors as a golf player, says the New York World. During a recent trip to Buffalo "Fitz" came in contact with some of this country's best golfers and accepted an invitation from one to a game in the park. Bob arrayed himself in all the accoutrements befitting an expert golfer, and journeyed to the scene of action. He looked the part, and it can be truthfully stated that he played it. Selecting a brand new white ball that his small blue eyes could not escape, and placing it in good position, he skipped around it in a feinting fashion, drew back his terrible right hand with his left over it, as if guarding the face, swung himself and club around terrifically and put the ball out with one swing. The ball was lost, of course, and as it was not found the same day "Fitz" won the game. It was a well directed shot, and "Fitz" showed his aim is perfect, even outside the prize ring. It was announced that "Fitz" had won by one point. "Fitz" declared himself champion golfer of Buffalo, but as his stay was short he could not stick to his assertion "that he would meet all comers, if they weighed a ton."

* * *

The transfer of games, even when the laws covering that point are observed, should be discouraged for obvious reasons, says the Sporting News. On a recent visit of the Louisvilles to New York four games were played, although but three were scheduled. Two games were played on Thursday, June 3, and it was stated that one of them was a game transferred from Louisville. Both games were won by the New Yorks, and it was said at the time that the first game would be thrown out, as it was illegally transferred. The rule covering that point provides that in case of the transfer of a game from the city in which it is scheduled the consent of three-fourths of the other league clubs must be secured. Also, that the game must be played on an open date. The penalty for this transgression of the rules is a fine of $1000 and the throwing out of the game played. Frank De Hass Robison arrays himself against Messrs. Byrne and Brush in their stand against Freedman. Mr. Freedman wired Mr. Robison about playing the postponed Cleveland game in New York Friday, and here is Mr. Robison's reply:

"Just returned home and read your telegram. We have perfect right to play our postponed game on your grounds. That is exactly what the league voted on a few weeks ago, at my request, and all but one club voted in favor of changing the rule to play postponed games any time or any place when both clubs agreed. I say play the games."

With Cleveland and Louisville in the same boat with the New York club, what are the other fellows going to do about it?

* * *

"Buying yearling thoroughbreds is no more uncertain than speculating in untried players," says Earl Wagner in the Washington Post. "Joe Kelley wanted to work for me once for $80 a month, and then there was the case of Bill Dahlen, whom I regard as one of the greatest shortfielders the diamond has ever seen. I have in my office at Philadelphia a letter from Dahlen, written by him from Cobleskiller, N. Y., in 1891. Billy hadn't developed that blase indifference that has marked his work in the past two years. He was young and ambitious. He offered to sign with me at $60 per month. I had never heard of Dahlen, and simply sized him up as one of the numerous army of country boys who write to club owners for positions. I could have signed Hughey Jennings that same year for $70 a month. Now, suppose luck had stood by me, and I had been sufficiently gifted with foresight to detect the budding talents that lay dormant in those future stars of the league. Why, I would have two of the cracker jacks of the diamond."

* * *

From present indications the big glove men, who are in line for championship honors will have to take their lessons from the mountains of Nevada for instant, says the Chicago Chronicle. A metropolitan city is not the place for the heavy-weight boxers, and the sooner than fact finds permanent lodgment in the brains of managers the better it will be for the sport. Boxers of the first-class have fought in all quarters of this country and in each case they have been the means of putting an end to boxing, which might have gone along indefinitely without them. Time and again managers have been warned to keep them out, but greed has always triumphed over judgment and the big fellows have been permitted to come in and kill the sport.

New York is now getting a taste of this sort of folly. Managers have been warned time and again to come to some sort of an understanding about pressing the big fellows up against the Horton law, but the temptation to secure these boxers on account of their drawing power has been greater than they could resist, and they have gone on and on, getting as close to a championship contest as they dared, until the patience of the people has been exhausted. The last straw was the Maher-Sharkey contest. This pair is only one remove from a Fitzsimmons-Corbett contest, and it was almost a foregone conclusion that the bringing together of these men would be a severe blow, if not the actual death of boxing in New York. They met and the result is the life of the sport is in danger. The men responsible for this are the very men who should have preached and practiced conservatism. The present outlook in New York is that nothing but the tamest sort of sparring contests will be permitted.

* * *

There are a number of important contests scheduled to take place in New York between middle weights and light weights, since the Maher-Sharkey contest has set so many people against boxing it is doubtful whether any of these first-class events will be tolerated. Had Maher and Sharkey been kept out of a New York ring the scheduled events of importance might be brought off in New York, but it looks now as though the champions, big and little, would be obliged to take to Nevada to settle their differences.

The biggest match arranged is the Creedon-McCoy affair. Had the New York management drawn the line at champion middle weights and moderate heavy weights this match might have been brought off without trouble in New York city, but now the chances are they will be forced to find a new battle ground. A larger purse has been offered them by William Brady of the Palace Athletic club, but it is with the mayor and police to say whether or not they will meet in Brady's club.

* * *

The experience Dan Stuart had in Nevada makes managers a little shy about going into a pugilistic venture in that state. There are enough high class boxers in the country to make a carnival of high quality possible, but about the profits of such a project there is much doubt. There are not enough people near Carson City to draw from, and experience has shown that only a comparatively small number will journey from points east of Denver to attend a contest at that place. Still, with an attractive card and picture prospects a carnival might be made to pay. But the purses would have to be on a reasonable scale. No manager could expect to give away $50,000 in purses and make any money out of his venture. However, men who would not be permitted to box in a metropolitan city might be willing to meet in Nevada for a reasonable purse. A half dozen championships might be decided for fair purses before an audience large enough to make the venture profitable. But there are not "millions in it" for anyone.

* * *

"You talk about a ball player faithfully and implicitly obeying his captain's orders!" says Al Johnson of the Louisvilles. "I guess I saw an incident once that comes pretty near being the boss example of unquestioning obedience that ever happened on a ball field. It was in a minor league town where I used to play and the play came up at the end of an exciting game between our club and one of a rival town. There was a young fellow named Butler with the visitors and his turn at bat came in the ninth inning after bases had been filled and the score stood tied. Everybody was excited, of course, and the players of both teams were straining their utmost to win the game. After a strike had been called on Butler the captain of the opposition called out to him: 'Use your noddle now!' The lad obeyed instructions literally. He pushed his head fairly in front of the next ball pitched, and while they were carrying him off the field the winning run came in. How is that for a case of blind devotion and patriotism to your own club, eh?"

The Dingley Bill.

The passage of this famous tariff bill will affect so slightly the price of the ingredients of the well-known catarrh remedy, Pe-ru-na, that it will continue to retail at $1 per bottle. This means much to the numerous families who have come to rely on this standard household remedy. Catarrh is nearly universal in this country. Almost everyone has it more or less. Had the duties on imported drugs been considerably increased the price of Pe-ru-na would have been, necessarily, raised. Owing to the immense demand for this remedy, this would have been almost a national calamity.

Dr. Hartman's free treatment for women continues to attract a multitude of applicants for treatment. Send name, symptoms, duration of treatment already received, and the doctor will send directions at once free of charge. Send for free book to the Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing company, Columbus, Ohio.

Special Excursion.

TO ALL POINTS EAST.

Ex Steamer Monarch leaving June 26. Ex Steamer United Empire leaving June 29. For rates and further information call on

H. HURDON, Agent.
No. 1 Lyceum building.

Summer Excursion Rates.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

San Francisco, Los Angeles, June 29, July 3, $29.

Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, June 29-July 3, $22.15.

Milwaukee, Wis., and return July 3, 4, 5, $13.30.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6, $4.20.

Detroit, Mich., and return, July 3-6, $18.75.

Lake Chautauqua, N. Y., and return, July 10, 11, 12, $23.50.

Detroit, Mich., and return, July 10, 11, 12, $18.75.

Chattanooga, Tenn., and return, July 12-15, $27.80.

Toronto, Ont., and return, July 12, 13, $23.90.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16-18, $18.55.

Indianapolis, Ind., and return, Sept. 7, 8, 9, $18.75.

Buffalo, N. Y., and return, G. A. R., Aug. 21, 22, announced later.

Nashville, Tenn., and return, Centennial, $42.30.

Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, $46.45.

Summer tourist tickets to Colorado, Yellowstone Park, Pacific coast, and to all Eastern and Western resorts.

For rates and particulars, call or address city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

THE
Remington
STANDARD TYPEWRITER

takes no liberties with its reputation.

The New Models

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therefore represent a marked advance in practical Construction, increased Usefulness, prolonged Durability, greater Economy.

Send for New Illustrated Catalogue.

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327 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

94 E. Fourth Street, ST. PAUL.
323 West Superior St., DULUTH.

Insist on the Genuine GOLD DUST

The best Washing Powder made. Best for all cleaning, does the work quickly, cheaply and thoroughly.

Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER,"
ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of twenty-four dollars interest which became due and payable on January 1st, 1897, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by John Lemieu and Mary Lemieu, his wife, mortgagors, to Calvin H. Carter, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the regis er of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 8th day of July, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 58 of mortgages, on page 18, time for payment of which mortgage was thereafter extended to July 1st, 1897, conditioned upon the prompt payment of interest semi-annually.

And whereas, said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage as extended. Now in the exercise of the option therein given the whole debt secured by said mortgage is hereby declared and claimed to be due, and is due, owing and unpaid, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of six hundred forty-seven and 20-100 dollars, to recover which no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot numbered nine (9), of block numbered seventy-four (74), West Duluth, Fourth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Tuesday, the 3d day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated June 19th, 1897.

CALVIN H. CARTER,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-19-26-July-3-10-17-24.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of three hundred forty-one and 60-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by John Hanson mortgagor, to Elisha G. Gay, mortgagee, bearing date the 25th day of March, 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 29th day of April, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book 25 of mortgages, on page 132, which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said Elisha G. Gay to the undersigned Mary Agnes Hall now Mary Agnes Potter, who is now the owner and holder thereof, by written instrument, bearing date the 19th day of July, 1888, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 29th day of March, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m. in Book 123 of mortgages, on page 258.

And whereas no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to wit: Lot number eleven (11), in block number two (2), in Gay's Division of the city of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Tuesday, the third day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fee stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated June 26th, 1897.

MARY AGNES POTTER, formerly
MARY AGNES HALL
Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-19-26-July-5-10-17-24.

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the terms of a certain mortgage dated October 1, 1895, given by Wendell P. Mosher and Carolyn M. Mosher, his wife, mortgagors, to the Zenith Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of November, 1895, at 8:50 o'clock a. m. in Book 95 of mortgages, page 384.

Said default consisting in failure to pay interest when due upon the note of $182.00 secured by said mortgage, whereupon by the terms of said mortgage the whole sum specified in said note and mortgage has become and is hereby declared to be due and payable, which said sum with interest now due amounts to eighteen hundred and forty-two dollars ($1842.00). Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such cases made and provided, notice is hereby given that the land embraced in said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered forty-two and forty-three (42 and 43 of the Morris Park Addition of Lakeside, according to the accepted and recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house facing Second street in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay said indebtedness and the interest thereon from date of this notice at the rate of 8 per cent per annum together with all taxes and insurance premiums, if any, paid by said mortgagee and the legal costs of this foreclosure, including an attorney's fee of seventy-five dollars stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, subject to redemption as provided by law.

ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
301-2 Burrows Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-19-26-July-3-10-17-24.

Gossip of The Stage

Miss Camille D'Arville's opera for next season will be from the pens of Harry B. Smith and Victor Herbert, who are today unquestionably the leading builders of comic opera in this country. The success of "The Serenade," which the Bostonians produced last season, settled the question. It was the prettiest light opera—for it was more than opera comique—heard for many a day. Then "The Wizard of the Nile" was full of good things. If Miss D'Arville's new vehicle shall prove anywhere near as agreeable to her and the public at large as these two predecessors there is no doubt that she will take her place where she belongs, at the head of the procession. Nothing very definite as yet can be learned about the new opera, but it is said that it will deal with an actress experience on the boards, something after the fashion of Peg Woffington's in "Masks and Faces," only, of course, the treatment will be very much lighter. The opera may be called "The Prima Donna," but nothing on this point is settled. Miss D'Arville will be managed by Samuel E. Rorke, who is now in New York completing arrangements to assume on his own acount the lease of the Great Northern theater, Chicago. Miss D'Arville has entirely recovered from her recent illness, and she is now in better voice and health than she has enjoyed for years.

The American dramatist seems to be having a quite extensive inning on the London stage at present, and there are more to follow, for, after "My Friend, the Prince," which is a rearrangement of "My Friend From India," ceases to attract the people, it is to be succeeded by Gillette's "Too Much Johnson." Fanny Davenport's production will be that of a drama by Margaret Merrington. It is French in scenes and characters, and is said to be of a Sardou kind. Marie Shotwell, who found that the Lyceum stage was not big enough to hold her and Mary Mannering comfortably, will have the conspicuous part of a royal favorite. Henry Jewett and Melbourne McDowell will be in the cast. This is the play about which Miss Davenport was so mysterious during last season.

Reginald De Koven has written the score of "The Paris Doll," in which Vernona Jarbeau is to star next season. It is to be hoped that he has been duly considerate of Miss Jarbeau's voice.

Daniel E. Bandmann is a Montana rancher and recluse, with no intention, he says, of ever returning to the stage. In a chat with a Butte Miner reporter, he expressed aversion and disdain of Richard Mansfield, arising from the fact that Mansfield, when playing in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" in New York years ago refused the older actor's request for free seats, with the remark that he didn't know him. "But I had my revenge," Mr. Bandmann said. Next morning I went to a book store and bought a copy of Stevenson's novel, dramatized it, and opened up at Niblo's Garden in opposition to Mr. Mansfield. I had a big run there, and then went to the Academy of Music, and afterward took my aversion all over the United States. Mansfield was practically driven out of the country. Robert Louis Stevenson wrote me a letter, which I still have, complimenting me upon my dramatization of his story and telling me that I had grasped his idea fully in making the play psychological rather than physical. I followed Mansfield to London, but they debarred me from putting on 'Jeykll and Hyde' there, as Mansfield had bought the copyright from a firm of publishers to whom Stevenson had sold it. I consoled myself for this disappointment by introducing into Montana a large shipment of Percheron horses, which, I may state parenthetically, are at present hardly worth skinning for their hides."

The Cherry sisters seem to be tasting the fruits of success. That is, they now have money enough to quarrel about and one of them threatens to go out into the world alone unless she is given a larger share than the others.

Anna Held has been giving an account of her visit to this country to a Parisian newspaper. "America is a great country—immense!" she is quoted as saying. "Its men are amiable and gallant and its women very beautiful, but cold—not so vivacious as our women. My plans? Well, I may sing in London, and in August I have an engagement to sing at Trouville for 600 francs a week. Will I return to America? Of course. And to Paris? Well that is another matter." Mlle. Held told the story of how she stoped the runaway horses on her bicycle. She told it as a sober fact. She also spoke of the stir her milk baths created. "Everybody was talking about them," she said, "and now they have built an establishment in New York for giving milk baths." In this way fair Anna continued to draw on her imagination at some length.

Ariel Barney is to succeed A. N. Canby as Francis Wilson's business manager, and the first duty he finds to perform is an announcement that Lulu Glaser has no idea of leaving the Wilson organization.

One unrecorded event of Henry Irving's last visit to this country was his triumph over the complacent self-possession of John. John is the butler upon whom Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Hutton set their souls as upon a black diamond. He never made a break in his life except this once. Irving dined with the Huttons one evening when the butler was new, and of a considerable party the actor was the first to leave. Scarcely had the outer door closed when in through the drawing room portieres bobbed the penumbral countenance of John. Discovering his mistress he grinned excitedly and fairly shouted his pleasurable surprise as he exclaimed, with a nod in the direction of the parting guest: "He gave me $5!"

Hillary Bell, who has written a play himself, makes the following observations concerning dramatists when in "the throes of composition:"

"It must be a strange thing to marry a dramatist. These geniuses are the most individual of folk. When in play parturition Arthur Wing Pinero deserts his home, family, friends, and retires privately to a cottage in the suburbs of London, where, attended only by an aged servant, he sits in silence for months evolving his plot. We have heard that in this time of dramatic gestation Bronson Howard makes his residence in a barn at the rear of his house and is supplied with food dumbly, like a prisoner on the silent system. Charles Barnard writes his play while looking out of a window, and he must have trees in the landscape, else there is no drama. Paul Potter wrote 'Trilby' in a back room in an old-fashioned hotel opposite the Astor library, and when his fancy failed our author sat at the window sniffing the atmosphere of tomes, vellums, black letters and bookworms, and having partaken of a Barmecide feast of literature his imagination became fecund, and he brought forth Svengalj. David Belasco tears his hair, smites his bosom and endures in his own person all the woes of his characters. We have seen authors weeping bitterly over the sorrows of their heroines and laughing uproariously at their own comedy, and we know a dramatist who insisted that his wife should rehearse a stirring scene that he was creating, in which the heroine was thrown over a precipice, and the end of the matter was that the poor woman sprained her ankle."

Sousa has written a new march called "The Star Spangled Banner Forever," which will be played at the opening of his Manhattan beach season.

Dorothy Usner, who, since she played here with the Stapleton company in "The Wife," "The Charity Ball" and other Lyceum successes, has had a varied series of experiences which brought her a lot of notoriety, has been engaged for the role of Julia Bon-Bon in "The Girl from Paris." The name of this character seems a trifle sprightly for the Miss Usner remembered here, but experience may have given her a lightness that approaches vivacity.

John Philip Sousa says that he has finally succeeded in living down the title of professor, bestowed upon him in his early days by unthinking friends, in token of their esteem.

"I don't object to legitimate titles," says Sousa, "but professor has been overworked. It indicates anything from skill in the manly art of self-defense to proficiency at long distance pie-eating. When I was a boy and went to school on Capitol hill in Washington I used to pass every day a small shanty with a sign that advertised 'William Black, Professor of Whitewashing.' But I can beat even that. Down in Fayetteville, N. C., where I was leading some open air concerts by a government band, we were greatly annoyed one evening by the way the crowd closed in around us. At length the local hotel keeper, who was ex-officio the master of ceremonies for the town, mounted a chair, and in a loud tone of voice made a single announcement. The crowd fell back, awed at a majestic array of titles. What the man had said was this: 'The professor and the professor's professors can't play no more unless the crowding is stopped.'"

The management of an opera company requires a great talent in a diplomatic line, but a New York manager recently had his troubles augmented by the arrival at the theater of a basket of flowers from an unknown person, with instructions for its delivery to the prettiest girl in his chorus. He got around the dilemma by distributing the flowers among all of them, but a costly opal and diamond ring which accompanied the gift had to be held until the unknown donor could come around and make a selection. It would never do for the manager, who is obliged to be around at every performance, to make a selection of one girl as the most beautiful. The others would leave.

A well known musician connected with a New York conservatory, who had just returned from Europe, had an idea that he might possibly induce Mme. Marchesi, the Parisian vocal teacher, to spend a season at his institution. As she demanded free passage to and from Europe for herself and two companions, all her expenses while here, including a carriage constantly at her disposal, and the sum of $50,000, he was inclined to be skeptical as to the successful outcome of such a venture.

A GREAT ENGLISH DOCK.

There is under construction at Devonport (Plymouth) naval establishment a system of docks and basins of vast magnitude, known as the "Keyham Extension." Some idea of the size of these harbor works may be gained when it is stated the engineers have excavated down for long horizontal distances over 100 feet below harbor bottom to get at rock foundations for the outer sea walls, says the Boston Transcript.

One of the basins will have a water surface area of thirty-five acres. There are other basins in the plans, besides drydocks, shipbuilding yards, locks, etc., and all that goes toward the building and equipment of large naval fleets. At different points on the docks will be stationed enormous hydraulic cranes of great power for lifting heavy machinery and guns. There are ten locomotives, a large number of steam excavators, and 3000 men at work on this engineering feat. With this force the time for completion is set down at seven years from the lifting of the first sod. The chief contractor and engineer is a nobleman, assisted by an able corps of sub-contractors. These works are in addition to the main Devonport navy yard, which is the second in importance of England's five home dockyards.

One of the vessels recently laid down in this yard is the Ocean, a large 440 feet, 13,000-ton warship, to be launched in fourteen months after the laying of the keel. The Keyham extension is one of the factors made necessary to meet future demands consequent upon the systematic expansion of the British navy.

Many Think!

When it was said to the woman: "In sorrow shalt thou bring forth children," that a perpetual curse was pronounced, but the thrill of joy felt by every Mother when she clasps to her heart her babe proves the contrary. True, dangers lurk in the pathway of the Expectant Mother and should be avoided.

"Mother's Friend"

So prepares the system for the change taking place that the final hour is robbed of all danger and pain. Its use insures safety to the life of both Mother and child, and makes childbirth easy and recovery more rapid.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book, "To Expectant Mothers," mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SOME GASTRONOMIC HINTS.

Cayenne Pepper---Cucumbers---Virtues of Onions---Salads.

New York Sun: "It is at this season," said the careful eater, "that one misses most the red pepper which, until four years ago, was to be found in every New York restaurant and hotel. Then, alas! it was expelled in favor of a Hungarian condiment which, good as it is in many particulars, is certainly not the same as red pepper. Yet it glows triumphantly now on nearly every restaurant table. The vanquished friend is always missed, and the absence of the cayenne is especially lamentable at this time of the year. The young cabbage, that might otherwise remain a source of distress, was rendered easily digestible by the old red pepper. The same was true of cucumbers and the other spring vegetables which, with enough red pepper, were available to persons who otherwise dared not risk eating them. The recent substitute has not the same powers. It may be delicious in certain sauces and dressings, but of the cayenne's powers to aid digestion it possesses no part.

"I read in a newspaper the other day an earnest protest against the so-called barbarity of allowing cucumbers to remain in salt and water before they were eaten. I have eaten cucumbers under a great many circumstances and I think I regret ever having done so unless the vegetable had undergone just such a process as this writer condemned. Now, there is a way in which cucumbers can be prepared so that they will do no harm even to a person who is at least capable of digesting them readily. If they are to be eaten in the evening, they ought to be cut very thin, as thin as a knife blade, by noon at the latest, and put into a bowl of water that is strongly salted. Then the bowl should be kept in a cool place, preferably a refrigerator. It is a mistake to put ice into the bowl. Then the cucumbers by the time they are to be eaten will be nearly free from every indigestible element. There is no commensurate loss of flavor, and only the taste of rawness and crudeness will be found lacking. Instead of adding water to such a process the cucumbers will be found crisp and fresh. They are always prepared in this way in the South. It is when they are in this condition that they are most improved by red pepper. The small cubes into which cucumbers are sometimes cut raw are, of course, much more in need of this treatment than the sliced cucumbers, which, even when they are cut thick, are never as large as the cubes.

"Another vegetable salad which is nearly unknown in this country should be first prepared in this same way. It is made of radishes, which should be cut into slices and then allowed to soak for a while in salted water. Just before dinner they should be dressed with a sauce of vinegar and oil, to which a little onion, the green spring onion, ought to be added. The radishes should be cut very thin. As a salad to be served with fish in the place of cucumbers, the radishes are delicious if they are properly prepared. They ought to be cold. If the onion is not used a chopped up green pepper will be found a substitute of zest and flavor. Green peppers are delicious in any salad, and when served with lettuce, romaine, tomato, or escarole, they are best cut in long strips about the thickness of a match. But to chop them fine is the best way of using them with a small salad like the radishes. Only a little is needed.

"It is a national objection, or it may be common to the Anglo-Saxon race, but it is all the same regrettable, that the odor of garlic and onion is intolerable to the average American. It deprives us of a vegetable that may often be delicately used and produce a delicious flavor. But it is only necessary to mention the word 'onion' and that settles it. There is one way, however, of preparing green peas which is so unique that the national objection to the onion ought to be put aside for its sake. The French are the only people that cook the young peas in this way, but there is no reason in the world why they should retain exclusive possession of this along with some of the other recipes which they alone use. They boil the very young green peas in a head of lettuce. With the peas are placed several very small onions. The onions must be very young and very small. The lettuce is used only for the flavor, and should not be served unless as a mere background for the peas. Served with cream and melted butter made into a sauce they are good enough to dissipate the national prejudice against the onion."

HE "STAKED" MILLIONAIRES.

Terrance Brodigan, whose career has been an important factor in the history of gold mining in California, is dead, says the San Francisco Chronicle. The end came last week, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. B. Sanborn, in Fruitvale, near Oakland. The deceased, as one of the earliest and foremost miners of the state, has claimed that Millionares Flood, Mackay and Fair were his proteges. In a measure, he was the architect of their great fortunes.

Brodigan came to San Francisco from Drogheda, Ireland, in 1850. That was his birthplace, and he knew the men there who were destined later to become California's richest men. Flood, Mackay and Fair were his neighbors.

When Brodigan reached this state he was poor. He started out from San Francisco and settled in Sonora, in Tuolumne county, where he later married. He became convinced that there was any amount of gold to be taken out of the ground thereabouts. Flood, Mackay and Fair came along about this time, and decided to try the country on Brodigan's recommendation. The latter was the first to announce the Comstock mine a valuable holding and to insist on its development. He predicted then that the Comstock would prove to be a wonderful mine.

His three associates were poor, and at one time Brodigan loaned Mackay enough money to enable him to make a trip to Colorado. Brodigan bought the town of Gold Hill, Nevada, for $500, and sank shafts on its principal thoroughfares. His ventures panned out, and he gained great wealth, but shortly after impoverished himself by some unfortunate speculations.

He again set to work to amass a great fortune. He operated his mines, and, incidentally, gained control of the water supply of Bodie, Cal., after which he created a stir by selling water at $1 per barrel. Flood, Mackay and Fair laid up untold wealth after Brodigan had established them in the mining business, but as fast as Brodigan himself acquired a fortune he would drop it in some deal.

DID YOU EVER

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now, and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all female complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00 at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Among the Magazines

The complete novel in the July issue of Lippincott's is "A Mountain Moloch," by Duffield Osborne. The scene is an otherwise unknown island in the Pacific, settled in remote ages by Phenician exiles and ruled by their descendants. The hero is an American naval officer, who leaves his ship for love of a native princess; and the adventures and bloodshed are worthy of Rider Haggard in his palmiest days. Other stories are "William's Spree," by Louise Boynton, and "The Haunted Burglar," by the late W. C. Morrow, author of "The Ape, the Idiot and Other People." Dr. Francis E. Clark, founder of the Christian Endeavor societies, who is now visiting the trees of his planting in remote parts of the earth, furnishes a vivid sketch of "A Plague-Stricken City," written during a recent sojourn at Bombay when the bubonic plague was at its height. The article will be of special interest to the Endeavorers, and to readers in general. "The Evolution of Newspaper Advertising" is traced through its various stages by Oscar Herzberg. Ingram A. Fyle has a paper on "The American Drama," and Ellen Duvall one on "The Decline of the Hero."

* * *

The present issue sees Theosophy, now in its twelfth year, appear with many embellishments. To meet a rapidly increasing public demand, the pages of reading matter have been doubled, but the price is maintained at $2 a year. Prominent writers will contribute articles upon scientific, philosophical and religious topics, showing their underlying meaning as viewed from the theosophical standpoint. One of the most practical features of Theosophy for June is "Health and Disease," by Archibald Keightley, M.D., M.A. (Cantab.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), licentiate of the state of New York, an old pupil of Mme. Blavatsky. The article treats "occult biology" on a common sense basis, and contains much that should prove useful to the profession, as well as to the general reader. Franz Hartmann, D.D., whose portrait appears in this issue, the well-known author of "Magic—Black and White," "Secret Symbols of the Rosicrucians," etc., editor of the German magazine Lotus Bluthen, contributes a paper entitled "An Indian Yogi," giving an amusing account of a Hindu ascetic's experience in attempting to demonstrate the powers of mind over body before a congress of European psychologists. Correspondence should be addressed, Editor Theosophy, 144 Madison avenue, New York.

* * *

Intelligence, issued by the Metaphysical Publishing company, 503 Fifth avenue, New York, makes its appearance this month as the continuation of the Metaphysical Magazine, which has been before the public for the last two years and a half. In its new form the magazine is more attractive than ever, having been enlarged in size, changed in style, broadened in character and scope and improved generally, while the subscription price has been reduced to the popular rate of $1 a year and 10 cents a number. Leander Edmund Whipple will edit Intelligence and that he has a keen sense of the needs of thoughtful readers is shown by the table of contents of the June number. The attractiveness of Intelligence is greatly increased each month by a fine half-tone portrait of some one of the prominent workers in occult and metaphysical directions. The June number contains an excellent portrait of Leander Edmund Whipple, founder of the Metaphysical Magazine.

* * *

The Garfield-Conkling fight is told for the first time in the June Cosmopolitan by Thomas B. Connery, who was at the period described James Gordon Bennett's personal representative. There are many of the chief actors in the events of this time still alive, and this new page of the secret history is received with greatest interest. The discussion of "Does Modern Education Educate, in the Broadest and Most Liberal Sense of the Term?" is being widely read. It is a radical question, and reaches in the nearest way nearly all classes of men and women. The contribution to this discussion in this month's Cosmopolitan is by President Morton, who is at the head of a great college of technology established on modern lines.

* * *

In the Round Table of June 22 there is a hunting story, "A Cattle-Killing Bear," by the Hon. Theodore Roosevelt; an account of a summer entertainment, entitled "My Handkerchief," by Emma J. Gray; a story entitled "In the Grip of the Law," by John E. Pember; an article on "Trout Fishing Near Home," by E. C. Kent, and an installment of the serial story, "The Rock of the Lion," by Molly Elliot Seawell.

* * *

The curious psychological conditions dominating the mob are discussed by Professor E. A. Ross in Appletons' Science Monthly for July. He shows that a crowd, even an excited crowd, is not a mob. Great mental instability marks the true mob, and this characterizes only the crowd that is under the influence of suggestion. Saturn, so much feared by the ancient astrologers because of its supposed malign influence on the world, and now receiving the special attention of astonomers because it preserves to us a probable type of the plan on which all the worlds were originally made, is the subject of an instructive paper by Clifton A. Howes.

Li Hung Chang's secretary has recently written to the Century company expressing the pleasure the viceroy is taking in Gen. Horace Porter's articles "Campaigning With Grant," now appearing in the Century. Mr. Pethick, the secretary, says: "His excellency has had read to him Gen. Porter's articles on Gen. Grant, and has been greatly interested in studying the character of his great friend during the greatest of his campaigns for the preservation of the Union. It is a rare privilege to read of such deeds related so eloquently by one who honorably participated in them."

* * *

Harper's Weekly of June 19 contains the last instalment of "Jerome, a Poor Man," which has had a very successful serial run, and is considered one of Miss Wilkins' greatest achievements in fiction, excelling even "Pembroke," which has taken its place among the notable contemporary novels. The other contributions include an article by Professor Thomas D. Seymour, of Yale university, on "A Century of Classical Studies at Yale," and Caspar Whitney's department of sport is illustrated by a double-page drawing of the Yale, Harvard and Cornell crews.

* * *

Table Talk for June presents an unusual array of tempting dishes for the housewife. It opens with the third article in the series of garnishing dishes, fully illustrated. The article in the June issue is the "Garnishing and Dishing Entrees, Salads, and Desserts," by Mary Ronald, a widely known writer on "Domestic Science" topics; "Sandwiches and Drinks" from the able pen of Miss C. C. Bedford, is timely and tempting for the languid summer appetite; "Edible Weeds and How to Cook Them," by Ethel Ramsey, gives information that all good housekeepers appreciate; "Canning and Preserving," by Miss Joyce, a noted authority, gives recipes and careful instruction for canning for the month of June.

* * *

McClure's Magazine for July will contain an article on the late Professor Drummond, written by his intimate friend the Rev. D. M. Ross. The source of Drummond's rarely equaled influence over men—assemblages as well as individuals—was his own charm of character; and Mr. Ross's paper will deal especially with his personal traits. With it will be printed several portraits, among others the last, and what his friends regard as the best, taken of Professor Drummond.

* * *

A book that is destined to be widely read is "In Joyous Russia," by John A. Logan, Jr., son of the famous general. It describes the coronation ceremonies of the czar and presents an unusually bright series of pictures of Russia and the Russians. A good idea of the book may be obtained from the long review of it in the Argonaut of June 21. It reprints many of the most striking passages. Each issue of the Argonaut, by the way, contains a similar long review of the notable book of the week, and by reading them one can easily keep well abreast of current literature and get such a taste of the new books as will show whether or not one wishes to buy them and read them through.

* * *

Among the noted writers who either by original or selected matter are brought together in the July number of Current Literature are Hamilton Wright Mable, Richard Burton, Moses Coit Tyler, John Hay, Henry Van Dyke, M. W. Hazeltine, W. Robertson Nicoll, Lilian and Arthur T. Quiller-Couch, D. T. MacDougal, Ernst Ingersoll, Baron Pierre de Coubertin, Thomas Davidson, William Winter, Mrs. Humphrey Ward, William McAndrew, Arthur Morrison, W. J. Lampton, Norman Gale, Albert Bigelow Paine, Robert Clarkson Tongue, John B. Tabb, Clinton Scollard, Arthur Shadwell Martin, Gilbert Parker and George W. Cable, editor of the magazine.

* * *

With its July number Godey's (the oldest monthly magazine in America) enters upon its sixty-eighth year of continuous publication, and celebrates the event by the issue of an anniversary number, the title cover of which is a reproduction of the first cover ever used by the magazine. This cover is a quaint reminder of the years that are long passed, and will interest many people. It suggests a striking contrast when compared with the magazine covers of this time, and is worth keeping as a curiosity. The general contents of this issue, taken as a whole, make what its editors believe to be the best number of Godey's ever published. Almost every kind of topic appears, the illustrations are peculiarly fine and varied, and the poems are strong, striking and original in conception. Among features worthy of special note are the following articles: "In Quiet Canyons," a superb word-painting, by Idah M. Strobridge, tellingly illustrated; an article on "The Women Writers of Canada," with portraits, which will astonish many of our literary people of the States; "The Return from Mecca," a timely Oriental subject well treated; an article showing how a wild-flower garden may be made; and a sketch of "Our California Poets at Home," with portraits and scenes.

* * *

Current History is the name of a magazine which is the pioneer in an important class of literature which has arisen in recent years. It was the first periodical designed with a view to recording the world's history in a form convenient for reference, to be useful to students of our times not only in this day but in later years. With the present number (first quarter, 1897) it enters the eighth year of its record with every evidence of that regard for accuracy and breadth of view which have established and long maintained its reputation as the most complete handbook published of the history of our own times. The present number is the largest ever issued, having 276 pages of reading matter, 70 portraits and 2 maps. The opening article is a review of the reign, character and influence of Queen Victoria. The crisis in Southeastern Europe takes up thirty pages, with special map, and reviews the origin and full international bearings of the Cretan and Graeco-Turkish trouble. All the rest of the world comes in for its due share. Published by Garretson, Cox & Co., Buffalo.

* * *

The leading article of Harper's Magazine for July will be a narrative of "Sheridan's Ride," by Gen. George A. Forsyth, U. S. A., who was one of the two aides-de-camp whom Sheridan took with him, and who is the only survivor. The illustrations will be by R. F. Zogbaum. W. D. Howells will contribute a paper on "The Modern American Mood." The tenth part of George Du Maurier's last novel, "The Martian," will bring the story to a close. The second part of "The Celebrities of the House of Commons," by T. P. O'Connor, the Irish leader, will present a familiar view of Lord Salisbury, and will give many anecdotes of parliamentary life. The article will be illustrated by Paul Renouard. The ninth article in the series on "White Man's Africa," by Poultney Bigelow, will be a story of travels and adventures in Natal, a colonial paradise. The illustrations will be from drawings by R. Caton Woodville, and from the author's photographs. In the first of two articles on "Physics," in the handsomely illustrated series on the contributions of the nineteenth century to science, Dr. Henry Smith Williams will treat the subject as it relates to what were formerly known as the "imponderables."

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

A SCIENTIST SAVED.

President Barnaby, of Hartsville College, Survives a Serious Illness Through the Aid of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

From the Republican, Columbus, Ind.

The Hartsville College, situated at Hartsville, Indiana, was founded years ago in the interest of the United Brethren Church, when the state was mostly a wilderness, and colleges were scarce. The college is well known throughout the country, former students having gone into all parts of the world.

PROF. ALVIN P. BARNABY.

A reporter recently called at this famous seat of learning and was shown into the room of the President, Prof. Alvin P. Barnaby. When last seen by the reporter Prof. Barnaby was in delicate health. To-day he was apparently in the best of health. In response to an inquiry the professor said:

"Oh, yes, I am much better than for some time. I am now in perfect health; but my recovery was brought about in rather a peculiar way."

"Tell me about it," said the reporter.

"Well, to begin at the beginning," said the professor, "I studied too hard when at school, endeavoring to educate myself for the professions. After completing the common course I came here, and graduated from the theological course. I entered the ministry, and accepted the charge of a United Brethren Church at a small place in Kent County, Mich. Being of an ambitious nature, I applied myself diligently to my work and studies. In time I noticed that my health was failing. My trouble was indigestion, and this with other troubles brought on nervousness.

"My physician prescribed for me for some time, and advised me to take a change of climate. I did as he requested and was some improved. Soon after, I came here as professor in physics and chemistry, and later was financial agent of this college. The change agreed with me, and for awhile my health was better, but my duties were heavy, and again I found my trouble returning. This time it was more severe and in the winter I became completely prostrated. I tried various medicines and different physicians. Finally, I was able to return to my duties. Last spring I was elected president of the college. Again I had considerable work, and the trouble, which had not been entirely cured, began to affect me, and last fall I collapsed. I had different doctors, but none did me any good. Professor Bowman, who is professor of natural science, told me of his experience with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and urged me to give them a trial, because they had benefited him in a similar case, and I concluded to try them.

"The first box helped me, and the second gave great relief, such as I had never experienced from the treatment of any physician. After using six boxes of the medicine I was entirely cured. To-day I am perfectly well. I feel better and stronger than for years. I certainly recommend this medicine."

To allay all doubt Prof. Barnaby cheerfully made an affidavit before

LYMAN J. SCUDDER, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The Best 10-cent Union Cigar Ever Made.

Manufactured by H. T. DINHAM,
21 West Superior Street.

Duluth Trust Company

ACTS AS—

Assignee,
Receiver,
Trustee,
Administrator,
Guardian, etc.,
Collects Rents
and Writes
Fire Insurance.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine AJAX Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. Address AJAX REMEDY CO., 59 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street; MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in conditions of a certain purchase money mortgage duly executed and delivered by L. Levi Forest, mortgager, to Ann E. Norton and Wm. F. Norton, Jr., mortgagees, bearing date the 24th day of April, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May, 1897, at 3:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 116 of mortgages on page 3.

There is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of $1031 30-100 principal and interest and the further sum of $58.34 for taxes actually paid by said mortgagees for years 1894 and 1895, making the total amount due at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand eighty-one and 74-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots nine (9) and ten (10), in block six (6), Norton's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 19th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 5th, A. D. 1897.

ANN E. NORTON and WM. F. NORTON, JR.,
Mortgagees.

AGATIN, DAVIDSON & CAREY,
Attorneys for Mortgagees.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-5-12-19-26-July-3-10.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the terms of a certain mortgage dated May 21, 1889, given by Charles Kauppi and Mary J. Kauppi, his wife, and Jean Isaacson (an unmarried man), mortgagors, to the Zenith Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of May, 1889, at 5 o'clock p. m. in Book M of mortgages, page 157.

Said default consisting in failure to pay successive instalments with interest when due upon the note of $600 secured by said mortgage, whereupon by the terms of said mortgage the whole sum specified in said note and mortgage has become and is hereby declared to be due and payable, which said sum with interest now due amounts to three hundred and one ($301.00) dollars. Now therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such cases made and provided, notice is hereby given that the land embraced in said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered 12, in block numbered 12, of the West End Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county, except 1800 square feet off the easterly end of said lot heretofore released by said mortgagee, which release was made December, 15th, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, in Book 88 of mortgages on page 61, December 21st, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house, facing Second street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on the 6th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay said indebtedness and the interest thereon from date of this notice at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, together with all taxes and insurance premiums if any paid by said mortgagee and the legal costs of this foreclosure, including an attorney's fee of fifty dollars stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure subject to redemption as provided by law.

ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
301-2 Burrows Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 22-29-June-5-12-19-26.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, JUNE 28, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The Great Manufacturers' Closing Sale of Men's Strictly All-Wool Tailor-Made Suits.

Last Tuesday we made an offer to L. Abt & Sons, one of the largest wholesalers of Fine Clothing in Chicago, of 67½ cents on the dollar for their entire stock of Men's Spring and Summer Suits. They accepted our offer and the entire lot, consisting of 500 Men's Suits arrived last week and have been marked and placed on tables ready for our great Fourth of July sale which commences this week.

The Suits Have Been Divided Into Two Lots.

LOT 1—Consists of strictly all-wool Suits in brown and gray checks, homespuns, plain blue and black Cheviots and fancy Cassimeres. Not a suit in this lot ever sold before for less than $10.00. Our Manufacturers' Closing Sale price—

$6.75

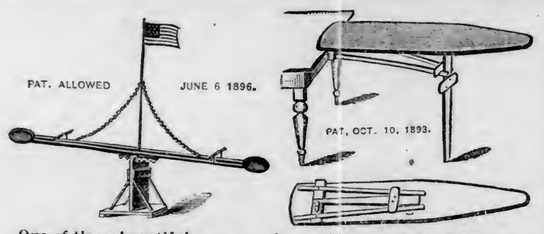
LOT 2—Consists of the finest tailor made suits in beautiful Cassimeres and Cheviots, broken plaids and checks, fine Clay Worsteds, handsome Homespuns and Worsteds. Not a single suit in this entire lot ever sold before for less than $15. Our Manufacturers' Closing Sale Price—

$9.85

Many Illustrated Styles.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.



One of these beautiful **SEE-SAWS** The Children's Delight, Also one of the Patent **Ironing Boards** The Woman's Favorite,

GIVEN FREE

with every $10.00 purchase of Furniture, Bedding, Baby Carriages, etc., at

Bayha & Co.'s

24 and 26 East Superior St.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER CO.,

Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.

Offices--Rooms 4-5-6, 216 West Sup. St.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

L. MENDENHALL. Established 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property

PAN AMERICAN TOUR.

Travelers Have a Warm Reception In Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, June 28.—The official welcome of the city and its commercial bodies was extended to the Pan-American tourists today. At 10 o'clock there was a gathering in the Grand hotel of the representative business men, lead by Mayor John A. Caldwell, who formally received the foreigners.

The afternoon was devoted to an excursion on the Ohio river. Tonight the Manufacturers' club will give a reception at the hotel. Tomorrow there will be a trolley trip to the city suburbs and they will depart in the afternoon for Nashville.

CHICAGO 'PHONE ELECTIONS.

Chicago, June 28.—The directors of the Chicago Telephone company have elected Robert T. Lincoln president pro tem, with all the powers of the president, to take effect on July 1. The directors of the Central Union Telephone company have elected W. A. Jackson president, to take effect on July 1. Mr. Jackson has been the vice president and general manager of the company. Both of these elections have been held to fill vacancies caused by the resignation of H. B. Stone as president of both companies.

SPURNS THE TREATY.

London, June 28.—A special dispatch from Berne, Switzerland, says that the federal council has refused to ratify the comercial treaty with Japan owing to the prohibitive duty placed by Japan upon clocks and watches.

TORTURED BY PERSIANS.

Jewish Merchants in Teheran Robbed By Mohammedans.

Washington, June 28.—According to advices just received at the state department from the United States minister to Persia, the Mohammedans in Teheran, Persia, recently invaded the Jewish quarters of that city and inflicted the most shocking maltreatment upon the residents.

United States Minister McDonald, learning of the persecutions, appealed in the name of humanity to the chief of the shah's ministers to interefere and stop the outrages. That official promised to do so, but, according to the report, the persecutions continued until after the officers sent to protect the helpless victims had extorted all their money.

CHARGED WITH ASSAULT.

St. Louis, June 28.—Dr. Richard L. Metcalf, a venerable and wealthy physician of this city, was today indicted by the grand jury for assault with intent to kill. Willie Smith, the youthful victim of the doctor, was shot and wounded in the shoulder while trespassing on the latter's property. For some time he was in a precarious condition but is now recovering.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, June 28.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $225,140,085; gold reserve, $140,557,860.

OHIO'S FAITHFUL

Democracy Will Assemble at Columbus Tomorrow In a State Convention.

FULL STATE TICKET

McLean Will Get Senatorial Nomination--Plenty of Governorship Candidates.

Columbus, June 28.—The candidates and delegates are here in force today for the Democratic state convention which meets tomorrow and Wednesday. The delegates meet by congressional districts tomorrow afternoon and the committees tomorrow night, while the convention proper does not assemble till Wednesday morning. In addition to a full state ticket members of the legislature are elected this year. There have been several aspirants for the senate, but John R. McLean, proprietor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, has secured such a majority of delegates to the state convention that there is no more opposition to him here than there was to Senator Hanna at the Republican state convention in Toledo last week.

Mr. McLean did not expect to attend the convention, but his friends today say they will try to get him here. McLean's friends do not want any senatorial endorsement resolution attached to the platform. They do not want any endorsement for any other senatorial candidate and are simply keeping clear the right-of-way. No Democrats have held state offices since McKinley was governor and a new class of aspirants is in the field. There are dozens of candidates for each place on the state ticket and they are all here today with headquarters open.

Nominations will be made for governor, lieutenant governor, supreme judge, attorney general, state treasurer, school commissioner and member of the board of public works. Among the candidates for governor are Robert T. Hough, Paul J. Sorg, John C. Welty, D. D. Donovan, R. A. Smalley, J. M. Van Meter, S. M. Hunter, A. W. Patrick, Horace L. Chapman, A. W. Thurman, John J. Lentz, C. P. Noble, John W. Winn, E. B. Finley, F. C. Layton, F. M. Marriott, John G. Reeves and Frank Southard. Today Hough is the favorite, but the field is making a hard fight on him. His friends claim that he is such a strong silver man that he resigned as solicitor of the internal revenue department. His opponents say his resignation was asked for and that he wore a Carlisle gold button.

The convention is almost a unit for free silver and no candidate considered whose record is not clear on that issue. An effort is being made to have nothing else in the platform except the one silver plank. This will avoid endorsing the Chicago platform as a whole and other questions on which there are differences of opinion. Owing to Senator Hanna voting against the Cuban resolution there are some who insist on a stronger Cuban resolution than was adopted at Toledo.

GOES TO ROTTERDAM

Soren Listoe Rewarded With a Good Fat Consulate--- Other Appointments.

Washington, June 28.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

State—Soren Listoe, Minnesota, consul at Rotterdam, Netherlands.

Treasury—Henry Fink, Wisconsin, collector of internal revenue for the First district of Wisconsin.

Justice—Clarence W. Ide, Washington, marshal for the district of Washington.

Navy—Frank L. Danny, assistant quartermaster marine corps, to be major and quartermaster; Charles L. McCawley, captain and assistant quartermaster marine corps; Assistant Engineer John H. Rowen, to be a passed assistant engineer; William G. Roesbeck, of Ohio, assistant naval constructor in the navy.

MURDERER KILLS HIMSELF.

His Trial Was to Have Started Today.

Hazelton, Pa., June 28.—John Broadt, indicted for murder, but later released on a habeas corpus, and whose trial was to have come up in court today, shot and killed himself a few yards from his house this morning. On Feb. 14, Broadt got into an altercation with a number of Italians. During the melee he seized a fence paling and struck one of them over the head, killing him instantly. Self defense was the plea and Broadt was released under $5000 bonds. The prospective trial preyed upon his mind. During the morning he attempted to kill himself several times but was prevented by his wife.

CHURCH QUARREL SUBDUED.

Savannah, Ga., June 28.—Mrs. Huntington Wright has withdrawn the warrant against Miss Maud Hayward for assault and battery, growing out of recent religious discussions. Mrs. Wright wrote a letter to Judge Twiggs, her lawyer, that delicate health and the ordeal of a public trial impelled her to take that course. Rev. J. E. Ames, of Lancaster, N. H., an Episcopal clergyman, brother of Mrs. Wright, is in the city.

CHOSEN BY MORRIS.

Washington, June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. E. Hutchinson has been recommended by Judge Morris for postmaster at Eagle Bend, Todd county.

DEADWOOD BANK HELD UP.

Omaha, Neb., June 28.—A special to the Bee from Deadwood, S. D., says an attempt was made to hold up the Butte County bank at Belle Fourche at noon. The robbers were driven off after a fight.

BIXBY'S STRONG PULL.

Really Only Republican Member of Dawes Commission.

Washington, June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Tams Bixby has been and gone, and whatever he wanted he doubtless got, judging from the contented air which he sported. His visit to Washington at this time was the cause of much speculation among the politicians, who suspected that another personal appointment was on the tapis. But it was nothing of the kind. Bixby is a member of the Dawes Indian commission and is really the only Republican member of that body. From this he exerts a pull which is long and strong, and he is not the kind of man to overlook such circumstances.

He has every reason to be satisfied with the present personnel of the commision and would doubtless be sorry to see another Republican appointed on that body. He came to Washington to secure certain favors in connection with the commission and went away satisfied, but what he wanted and what he got is a secret only he and President McKinley know and they will not tell.

TIM BYRNES MUST WAIT.

Will Be Made District Attorney For Minnesota.

Washington, June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Timothy Byrnes, of Minneapolis, who will be the next United States district attorney for Minnesota, is in Washington. Byrnes will not be appointed till the term of E. C. Stringer, the present Democratic incumbent, expires.

Byrnes does not expect that Gen. Washburn will fight his confirmation. In case he did so, Washburn would fall, as he will in his fight against Goodnow for consul general at Shanghai.

FOR WIFE MURDER.

A Kentucky Man Arrested In Wisconsin But Claims His Innocence.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 28.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Oconomowoc, says: Officer Wallace of the United States secret service, and Officer Moore, of Williamsburg, Ky., today arrested a man supposed to be Charles L. Herndon, of Whiteley county, Kentucky, for alleged wife murder. The tragedy occurred on December 21 last, and the man arrested came to this place on May 22, and has since been employed as a shoemaker by a local firm.

He has a striking resemblance to the photograph of Herndon, although while here he has gone by the name of Altheiser. He claims that he can prove his innocence and is willing to go to Kentucky with the officers. His arrest was brought about by information furnished by a local detective company.

WILL INVITE OTHERS.

Foreign Governments Invited to the Omaha Exposition.

Washington, June 28.—In the senate today the resolution authorizing the president to invite foreign governments to participate in the trans-Mississippi exposition at Omaha was agreed to. The tariff bill was then taken up. The purpose had been to take up the paragraphs relating to hides, but owing to the absence and illness of Mr. Smith, of New Jersey, who is interested, Mr. Allison consented to let the subject go over. He stated in response to inquiries that as far as possible the committee would proceed with the paragraphs in order and not skip about except as senators might agree. Paragraphs 86, gypsum, 88, clays or earth, went over.

Rapid progress was made, a number of schedules being adopted. Lead ore was passed over. The leather schedule was taken up and Mr. Allison proposed a change relating to hides, making the rate 20 per cent ad valorem and striking out the proviso as to draw sacks.

Mr. Smith, of New Jersey, said the new rate was equal to about 4 cents per pound.

Mr. Vest spoke against the proposed duty and spoke of the "oppressive action of Mr. Armour to compel butchers to use his dressed beef," and stated that the evidence seemed ground for indictment, but nothing was done. Mr. Allen and Mr. Hoar entered into a controversy, at times personal, as to the rights of federal prosecution for an offense wholly within state lines.

TINKERING IN COMMITTEE.

Washington, June 29.—The senate committee on finance today settled several vexed questions in connection with the tariff, including lead, ores, iron and the treatment to be awarded the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty. The decision is to leave the rate of 1½ cents on lead ore as fixed by the finance committee, and also to leave iron ore as originally determined by the committee and passed by the house. The tea paragraph was again passed over for future consideration and the decision on coal was reserved until after a hearing to be given to the conflicting interests tonight.

The committee decided to advance the rate on pig lead to 2¼ cents per pond. This is an increase of ½ cent over the house rate which the committee did ot originally disturb and was made as compensation for the increase on lead ore.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, June 28.—The house was in session today only long enough to call the roll on a motion to adjourn.

MAKE SURE OF A QUORUM.

Washington, June 28.—In anticipation of the passage of the tariff bill by the senate this week, Mr. Grosvener, of Ohio, chairman of the Republican caucus of teh house, has issued a request to all Republican members of the house to be in their seats next Monday, July 5.

A CRISIS IN HOLLAND.

The Hague, June 28.—The ministry has resigned and the queen regent has had an audience with Dr. J. Roell, the minister for foreign affairs and president of the ministerial council.

SWINDLED TICKET BROKERS.

Omaha, June 28.—The hearing of A. D. Young, arrested on the charge of swindling ticket brokers, was put over until Thursday. An effort has been made to settle with J. J. Philbin, the complaining witness, but he refuses.

Panton & White

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

Our Methods Are Well Known.

We advertise NO "FAKE SALES." With us a job is a JOB in the truest and best sense of the word. Half Price Sales are GENUINE Half Price Sales. Some houses think the people so gullible that they swallow everything. The crowds that daily fill the Glass Block prove the contrary. Shopkeepers will sometime learn "that all of the people cannot be fooled all the time." Manufacturers desiring to close out their season's balance of stock always seek the large cash houses. Friendship cuts no figure. Money and ability to handle large stocks is what they are after, consequently we always get the cream. Although ***Always Underselling all competition, the.....***

Bargain Giving of the Week Preceding the 4th

Will eclipse everything in the past. ***Read Carefully every item.*** If you find anything not as represented, return it and get your money back.

Tremendous Cut in Dress Goods.

Less than cost. Such a statement requires a reason. Here it is: Our stock of Dress Goods is entirely too heavy, and to reduce the same before July 4 we will sell almost our entire stock at less than cost.

$1.75 Novelties--98c.
On our mammoth Bargain Table in Dress Goods Aisle, we put on sale $1.50, $1.75 and $1.85 Imported Dress Goods, for this sale..... **98c**

$1.25 Dress Goods--59c.
We will put on sale $1.25, $1.00 and 89c all-wool and silk and wool Fancy Foreign Dress Fabrics; every piece this season's importation at..... **59c**

$1.25 Black Dress Goods--48c.
English Mohairs in fancy designs and lustrous as silk, 44 inches wide; also all-wool Men's Serge, $1 and $1.25 qualities, for this sale only, per yard..... **48c**

Black Etamines--59c.
50-inch and 46-inch all-wool Black Etamines, Grenadines, Canvas Cloths, and all Open Work Dress Goods, must be closed out at once; our 89c and $1.00 qualities go at, yard..... **59c**

$2.25 Dress Patterns	$1.19
$2.50 Dress Patterns	$1.59
$3.50 Dress Patterns	$2.63
$4.05 Dress Patterns	$3.29
$6.50 Dress Patterns	$4.14

Lining Sale.

36-inch Rustle Taffeta	5c
15c Silesia Waist Lining	8c
20c Black Linen Canvas	15c

Great Silk Sale.

On Bargain Counter No. 1.

Thousands of yards of Summer Silks in Figures, Stripes and Checks, Taffeta Silks in Checks, 27-inch Wash Japanese Silks in plain colors, Moire Silks, divided in two lots at..... **27c and 17c**

Hot Weather Stuffs

At Bargain Prices.

$1 Silk and Linen Etamines--59c.
All our Fine Imported Silk and Linen Etamines, Grenadines and Canvas Weaves that have sold at 89c and $1.00— to close, per yard..... **59c**

Imported Organdies.
We show a choice assortment of Fine Imported Organdies in most beautiful colors and styles—our price **37½c** and **32½c**

25c Organdies--15c.
20 pieces of Domestic Organdies, in as many styles to choose from—sold everywhere at 25c—our special price..... **15c**

Domestic Lawns.
15 pieces of Domestic Made Lawns in a choice assortment of styles; cool, crisp and airy for the hot summer days: regular 10c goods, for..... **5c**

15c Dimities--9½c.
Dimities, Lawns, Organdies and thousands of yards of other hot weather stuffs; regular 15c goods, to close out at..... **9½c**

Cloak and Suit Dept.

Skirts and Waists.

$3.00 Values, $1.89--
Ladies' Black Figured Skirts, all dressmaker made, lined with Percaline, velvet bound, worth up to $3.00—you can get them Tuesday at..... **$1.89**

$6 Values at $4.48--
Ladies' Fine Dress Skirts, checks and plain cloths, worth $6; all go in one lot Tuesday at..... **$4.48**

Waists.

$1.25 Values, 69c.
Ladies' Handsome Organdie, Dimity and Grass Cloth Shirt Waists, worth $1.25; you can get them Tuesday at..... **69c**

$1.50 Values, 98c.
Ladies' Dotted Swiss, Fine Organdies and Lappet Shirt Waists—all made with detachable collars—worth $1.50— your choice Tuesday at..... **98c**

Misses' Waists.

$1.25 Values, 69c.
One lot Misses' Fine Dimity and Organdie Shirt Waists, worth up to $1.25; special sale Tuesday at..... **69c**

Misses' Dress Skirts.

$3.50 Values, $1.98.
25 beautiful Check Skirts, very graceful, worth up to $3.50; special for Tuesday at..... **$1.98**

Children's Dresses.

$1.85 Values at 69c.
Children's Gingham Dresses, trimmed with lace around yoke and sleeves, sizes 4 to 14, worth $1.25— special for Tuesday at..... **69c**

The Linen Dept.

Will offer some very interesting bargains in Odd Towels, Table Cloths, Hemstitched and Embroidered Sheets and Pillow Cases, all slightly soiled and all to go at

Actual Cost Price.

Damask Towels.

Lot No. 1—
Regular $1.25 and $1.50 Damask Towels, 24x50 inches double, knotted fringe or hemstitched; take your choice at—each **69c**

Lot No. 2—
Regular 50c, 60c and 75 Damask Towels, knotted fringe or hemstitched ends, your choice at—each..... **39c**

Table Cloths.

Lot No. 1—
Bleached Damask Cloths, in 2, 2½ and 3-yard lengths, with border all around, worth up to $4.75 each; your choice at—each..... **$2.98**

Lot No. 2—
Here are imported Dresden designs Momie Cloths, hand tied fringes, worth $22.50 and $28; your choice at—each..... **$7.50**

Embroidered Sheets.

Regular $4.50 Embroidered Sheets at—per pair..... **$3.15**

Regular $2.75 Embroidered Sheets, at—per pair..... **$1.88**

Regular $2.00 Embroidered Pillow Cases—per pair..... **$1.05**

Drapery Dept.

The Fourth of July is coming. Our Flags must be closed out. Read our price list before purchasing:

SIZE	DOZ	EACH
3½x6 inches	5c	1c
5¾x9½ inches	12½c	2c
8x14 inches	25c	3c
12x22 inches	50c	5c
18x27 inches	75c	7c
20x36 inches	$1.25	12½c
28x44 inches	$1.75	15c

We have 100 Oil Opaque Window Shades, made by us from odd lengths from our shade room, mounted on good spring rollers; if made to order would cost you from 65c to 85c each; we offer them at—each..... **25c**

We have 25 Rope Portieres, seven colors to choose from; price $4.98 to $5.98, to close—each..... **$4.00**

We have a good quality Silkoline, 15 pieces only; you will have them offered you at 10c per yard—per yard..... **5c**

Embroideries.

We have divided our entire stock of Hamburg Embroideries into four great lots to close:

Lot 1—All worth from 10c to 12½c— per yard..... **7c**

Lot 2—Worth from 15c to 20c— per yard..... **10c**

Lot 3—Worth from 20c to 25c— per yard..... **15c**

Lot 4—Worth from 25c to 30c— per yard..... **20c**

RIBBONS.

TWO GREAT LOTS—TWO.
TALK OF "JOBS"—LOOK AT THIS!

Lot 1 includes Satin Gros Grain Ribbons in light shades, worth 20c to 25c per yard; widths from 12 to 22, all in one lot— per yard..... **10c**

Lot 2—A great lot of manufacturers' remnants Satin Gros Grain Ribbons, 2 to 3 inches wide, worth from 25c to 35c per yard; in one lot at—per yard..... **12½c**

PARASOLS.

The largest stock in Duluth—so large as to be a trifle cumbersome. We want to lighten it. This is what will do it—

White Silk Parasols, the $1.75 quality at, each..... **$1.29**

Fancy Silk Parasols, the best $3 article in the market at, each..... **$2.25**

The most beautiful thing out in Parasols, worth $6.25, each..... **$4.00**

All our $7.00 and $7.50 Parasols go at, each..... **$5.25**

Millinery Dept.

Did you ever get left?

You will this time if you do not avail yourself of the opportunity we offer you to buy a beautiful Trimmed Hat at—

HALF PRICE!

We propose to close our entire stock of Children's Tams, latest designs, worth up to 50c each, at..... **25c**

Children's Trimmed Sailors in black, white and all colors, that are easily worth 20c, each..... **11c**

Ladies' Trimmed Sailors in black and white only, the kind you have seen at 50c, each..... **35c**

Children's Jackets.

$2.50 Values, $1.39.
Children's Empire Jackets, elaborately trimmed with braid, worth $2.50; your last chance Tuesday for..... **$1.39**

Ladies' Hosiery and Underwear.

Look over all the ads of other houses—look through all their stocks—then come to us and see if we cannot discount them by at least 25 per cent.

Our Ladies' Fancy Scotch Plaid Stockings, that you may have seen elsewhere at 89c a pair, we offer you at..... **69c**

We have one solid case of Ladies' Fast Black Hermsdorf Dye Cotton Hose, that our competitors are showing you under some imaginative name at 35c per pair, that we will sell you while they last at..... **25c**

We shall offer you a Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vest, as good as any you find at 12½c, each..... **6c**

Stationery Dept.

Each item offered below is the standard of excellence in their respective lines.

Marcus Ward's Royal Irish Linen Note Paper, the standard price on which is 30c per qulre, we say..... **15c**

Marcus Ward's Royal Irish Linen Envelopes, standard price 30c per package, we say..... **15c**

Crane's Superfine Envelopes, standard price 25c per package, we say..... **12c**

Writing Paper sold by us always at 10c per quire, any size, cream or white, ruled or plain, we say..... **6c**

Envelopes, square or oblong, sold by some dealers at 15c per package, we say..... **6c**

Watches.

Our entire line of solid and gold filled, also our Solid Silver Watches, the products of the Elgin National Watch company and the American Waltham Watch company, will be closed out immediately. The filled gold watches are the celebrated Boss brand, 10 and 14 karat, hunting or open face, stem winding and setting. The solid gold watches are beautifully engraved and are worth far more than the original price. The solid silver watches are also fitted with the stemwinding and setting attachment. We give but a few prices to show the genuineness of this sale:

$43.50 Watches for	$21.75
$32.50 Watches for	$16.25
$25.00 Watches for	$12.50
$17.50 Watches for	$8.75
$12.75 Watches for	$6.38

Druggists Sundries.

Roger & Gallet's Celebrated Perfumes, usually sold for $1.00 per ounce, our price	55c
Ed Pinaud's Lily of the Valley, Pean d' Espagne and Blue Nymphia, usually sold for $1.00 per ounce, our price	50c
Ed. Pinaud's Quinine Tonique, usually sold for $1.00, our price	63c
Stewart's Dyspepsia Tablets, worth $1.00, for	75c
Beecham's Pills, worth 25c, for	15c
Borax, per lb, worth 15c, for	7c

Munyon's Cures.

25c size for	15c
50c size for	33c
$1.00 size for	65c

Trimming Dept.

Prices below the cost of manufacture.

10c and 15c Jet Gimp, your choice of any pattern in our stock for	5c
12c Fancy New Tinsel Gimp, in plain gold, silver or colored, for	8c
50c Silk Trimming, one of the richest lines shown this season, coming in all combinations of colorings for	30c

Notion Dept.

S. H. & M. Corduroy Skirt Facing, worth 9c the world over, for	6c
Crochet Silk, all colors, worth 5c, for	3c
Curling Irons, nickel plated, worth 5c, for	1c
Mourning Pins, worth 3c per box, for	1c
Seam Binding, all colors, worth 10c, for	5c
"Omo" Shields, any size, per pair	19c
Pearl Buttons, worth 10c, two dozen for	5c
Warren's Hose Supporters, with Satin Belt, all colors, worth 75c per pair, for	45c

PANTON & WHITE, GLASS BLOCK STORE.

KEANE TO RETURN

Archbishop Keane Said to Be Coming Back to the United States.

IS WEARY OF ROME

And May Be Appointed to the See of New Orleans.

New York, June 28.—The Journal and Advertiser says: Archbishop Keane, former rector of the Roman Catholic university at Washington is about to return to the United States. Letters received here say that he will relinquish his duties at the propaganda within a few days and will then go to France, where he expects to pass a few weeks with personal friends. He will arrive in this city during the last week in July. But it is more than probable that unexpected circumstances will bring him here sooner than he expects.

It is said that he is to be appointed archbishop of New Orleans to succeed the venerable Archbishop Jamssen, who died suddenly a week ago while on his way to this city. It is known that Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Ireland will favor the appointment of Archbishop Kenae to this important charge. He is very close to them and they are anxious that he should once more resume his work among the hierarchy here.

It is said also as an open secret that the archbishop is not satisfied with his work in Rome and that he would prefer to be here among his own friends.

BOIES ON SILVER.

Says the Free Coinage Demand Must Be Modified.

Waterloo, Iowa, June 28.—"For one, I do not believe it possible to succeed upon a platform that demands the unqualified free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 with gold. We have fought that battle and it is lost. We can never fight it over under circumstances more favorable to ourselves. If we hope to succeed we must abandon this extreme demand." In these words Horace Boies, former governor of Iowa, and erstwhile Democratic presidential aspirant, addresses the voters of the United States who demand the free coinage of silver. He does it through the medium of a leter to Col. D. M. Fox, of Des Moines.

"The friends of silver, although once defeated, are not yet demoralized. This will not be true after a second defeat," he warningly says. "In our next great battle we must win or our cause is lost."

Although Mr. Boies has in private frequently expressed hostility to the 16 to 1 plank of the Chicago platforms, this is the first authoritative declaration from him to that effect. In publicly declaring it to be a dead issue he gives at length his reasons for asserting it to be such. He says the voters buried it under the belief that it meant silver monometallism, pure and simple, which would increase instead of diminish the misfortunes attributed to the single gold standard.

"It matters not," he says, "how we convince the people the gold standard is wrong, unless we convince them that what we offer in its place is better instead of worse." By the adoption of the 16 to 1 plank he declares the delegates to the Chicago convention forced the silver forces to assume the defensive for their new creed. The result, he asserts, was the weakening instead of the strengthening of their ranks as their platform was battered by the arguments of their opponents.

SEE YUPS JUBILANT.

Chinese Government Has Made Full Atonement.

San Francisco, June 28.—The leaders of the See Yup society are jubilant over the news received from China announcing the release of their seventeen relatives who were imprisoned some months ago on account of the differences between the See Yup and Sam Yup societies. Not alone were they restored to liberty, but their property which was confiscated, has been returned to them. Further than this the Chinese government has ordered that all officials who were concerned in the affair be summarily dealt with.

The See Yups' have the new Chinese minister to thank for this reversal of the action of his predecessor who decided that they were highbinders and members of a seditious organization. Not being able to apply the laws of the country to this case the punishment was meted out to the relatives of the leaders of the organization who were in China. As some of these were born in California, international complications were threatened.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S DINNER.

Kiel, June 28.—Emperor William gave a dinner last evening on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, in honor of Queen Victoria's jubilee. The guests included King Leopold, of Belgium; the imperial chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe; the British ambassador to Germany, Sir Frank C. Lascelles, and others. After the dinner the emperor informed King Leopold that he had been appointed a member of his suite in the Germany navy and then his imperial majesty called for three cheers for Queen Victoria. While the cheers were being given a royal salute was fired by the fleet in honor of the queen.

A BOY TRAIN WRECKER.

Annapolis, Md., June 28.—James Smith, a colored lad of 14, is in jail here charged with an attempt to wreck the Bay Ridge excursion train from Washington yesterday. Smith was seen to place a railroad tie on the track about a mile and a half from this city. An employe of the road, Isaac Lukes, also colored, saw the boy, who was arrested and locked up. There were nine well-filled coaches in the train.

GRAIN DEALERS KICK.

Berlin, June 28.—Delegates from the grain, produce and milling trades of Germany met yesterday and passed a resolution declaring that the bourse reform law is a serious and unwarranted injury to trade and expressing sympathy with the Berlin corn and produce dealers in the struggle forced upon them by the government. The resolution also recorded the opinion of the delegates that unfettered dealings as conducted by the exchanges were an absolute necessity to the sound system of time bargains and that as a basis for accurately fixing prices they are indispensible.

Features don't matter so much. Most any features will do if the complexion is clear, the eyes bright and the lips rosy. Hearty, healthy wholesomeness is better than mere beauty of features. A face full of the glow of good health—full of the kindliness and good humor that health brings, is bound to be an attractive face—a face that will make friends. The face tells the story of the whole body. "Murder will out"—and so will "female weakness" and nervousness and other disorders peculiar to women.

If there is a drain on the system and strength, the record of it will show in the face. If there is nerve nagging "bearing-down" pains, dragging and pulling at the most sensitive organs in a woman's body, the face will show it. Abused nerves draw lines of care and worry on the face. Nervous prostration writes its warning on the face long before it comes. Sleeplessness, nervousness and debilitating drains make more wrinkles than age.

Nine-tenths of the sickness of women comes from some derangement of organs distinctly feminine. Nine-tenths of this sickness can be cured and avoided by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. There is nothing miraculous about the "Favorite Prescription"—nothing supernatural.

It is the result of rational thought and study applied to medicine.

It has been prescribed by Dr. Pierce for over 30 years. It has made thousands of women healthy and happy, and has brought joy to thousands of homes.

In "female weakness" it acts directly and strongly in healing and strengthening the parts that are most severely tried. It clears out impurities and promotes regularity at all times.

SHOT TO KILL.

Mrs. Lengley, of Iron River, Kills One Man and Wounds Another.

Iron River, Wis., June 28.—Three men who sought admittance at the home of Mrs. E. Langley early yesterday morning met with a deadly reception, one being instantly killed and another seriously wounded. The third man escaped. The three men called at Mrs. Lengley's cottage at 3 o'clock and knocked loudly for admittance. Mrs. Lengley, who was alone in the house, went to the door and asked who was there and what was wanted. The men replied that if she did not open the door at once they would force it in. She told them to wait a moment, going back to her bedroom, secured a revolver and returned to the front door. By this time the men had redoubled their efforts to gain admittance, and Mrs. Lengley deemed it best to open the door. No sooner had she done this than the three men crowded in to the house and one of them, she alleges, made an indecent proposal to her, and all three advanced upon her in a threatening manner. She opened fire with her revolver, and the first bullet fired found a resting place in the head of Dave Smith killing him instantly.

Charles Olson, who was wounded, has two bullet holes in him, one in his leg and one through his body. The other man fled and escaped. Mrs. Lengley gave herself up, and will remain in charge of the authorities until the inquest.

JAPANESE TEA BUREAUS.

San Francisco, June 28.—Among the passengers on the steamer Gaelic were a party of Japanese who have come to this country in the interest of the Japanese company and the Central Tea association to establish bureaus for the regulation of the tea business here. There is now a bureau in existence in New York and other bureaus will be established at Chicago and Montreal. Mr. Mizutany, one of the party, will be installed in charge of the Chicago bureau for a period of seven years.

THE WABASH WRECK.

Kansas City, Mo., June 28.—The St. Louis express on the Wabash railway, which left here at 6:20 o'clock Saturday evening, plunged through a trestle at Missouri City, Mo., at 7:05 o'clock, carrying down the entire train, with the exception of the rear car, a Pullman. The gorge, which a few hours previously was practically empty, had become a raging torrent because of a tremendous downpour of rain, and the structure was weakened. Seven persons were killed and a large number badly injured.

BLOCKED BY HABEAS CORPUS.

Sacramento, Cal., June 28.—An officer from Wisconsin started from here yesterday with Chris Wagner, who is wanted there on a charge of obtaining money by false pretenses, which offense it alleged to have been committed some years ago. When the officer and his prisoner reached Auburn they found a writ of habeas corpus awaiting them and the officer could not proceed further.

CHINA'S RAILWAYS GROWING.

San Francisco, June 28.—Advices received by the steamship Gaelic state that the Chinese emperor has sanctioned the arrangement made between Sheng and the Belgium syndicate for the building of the Hankow-Peking railway.

THE MUSSULMAN'S ERROR.

Constantinople, June 28.—An incident typical of the situation occurred here on Tuesday. During the panic caused by the salute fired in honor of the jubilee of Queen Victoria, the Mussulmans trooped into the streets, armed with bludgeons and asked the police whether the Greeks or the Armenians were to be attacked.

REJECTS MONMOUTH'S OFFER.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 28.—Rev. D. F. McGill D.D., pastor of the Sixth United Presbyterian church, Allegheny, who was recently elected president of Monmouth college at Monmouth, Ill., has decided to decline the call and remain with his congregation.

A TRIPLE TRAGEDY

Terribly Fatal Shooting Affray During a Church Service in Texas.

TWO MEN SHOT DEAD

And a Third Mortally Wounded ---A Pleasant Valley Horror.

Dallas, Texas, June 28.—One of the most sensational tragedies ever enacted in North Texas took place in the Methodist Episcopal church in Pleasant Valley, Dallas county, twenty-two miles north of this city, in the course of the services Sunday. As a result, August Garrison and Frank Jones are dead and Thomas Jones probably fatally wounded.

The Garrison and Jones families are among the most prominent planters in this section of Texas. They own an adjoining plantation and have been on the best of social relations for many years. August Garrison was a married man and had a daughter 16 years old named Lois. The Jones brothers were single. Frank Jones, for a year or more, had been very partial in his attentions to Garrison's daughter. Recently the girl charged him with having ruined her under promise of marriage. Garrison swore he would have the life of the betrayer of his daughter.

Mutual friends succeeded in keeping the men apart until yesterday when the first meeting between them took place. Garrison's and Jones' family worship at the same church. Just as the preacher had taken his text after prayer and the singing of a hymn, Garrison, who had a seat near the door, stepped to the doorway. It is believed to get some fresh air. He had no more than reached the doorway when the congregation was startled by a fusillade of pistol shots. Nearly a dozen shots were fired in about as many seconds time.

When the firing ceased August Garrison and Frank Jones were lying dead in front of the church steps and Thomas Jones was stretched on the lawn nearby, one hand clasped on his right thigh and in his left he had a pistol. His right thigh bone in front was shattered by a pistol ball that had torn its way downward, mutilating the flesh for a distance of six inches. His statement of the shooting was brief and in substance that he and his brother Frank were approaching the church door and were within ten feet of it when Garrison appeared and instantly drew his pistol.

His brother Frank, he said, was hit by the first discharge and before he could draw his weapon Thomas drew his pistol and opened fire on Garrison in defense of his brother Frank. Garrison, after Frank fell, opened fire on him (Thomas). Frank Jones was shot three times, once in the region of the heart, once in the right side and once in the head. Garrison received but one bullet and that pierced his heart. Neither men lived long enough to scarcely realize his fate. Parties came to Dallas to arrange for the undertaking details, to report to the sheriff and to take physicians to attend Thomas Jones, who is not expected to recover from his wounds.

WILLIAM'S ELK HORNS.

Germany's Emperor Soon to Receive a Big Pair.

Colorado Springs, Col., June 28.—Emperor William, of Germany, is soon to receive the largest pair of elk horns in the world as a gift from Hans Leiden, the German consul of the Netherlands, and the director of the zoological garden of Cologne. They have been prepared and mounted by Professor Gus Stainsky, of this city, and are now on their way to Berlin, where they will be formally presented to the emperor, to be placed by him in his hunting room or celebration hall.

Those monster antlers measure 12 feet from tip to beam to top of beam across the skull and have a spread of 62 inches. They have a beam length of 67 and 67½ inches, respectively, and the longest prongs are from 22 to 23½ inches in legth. There are twelve prongs in all and including the beams they have a total length of nearly 30 feet.

The largest elk horns known to exist prior to the discovery of these are in the English museum in London. The elk on which the horns grew that are to be presented to Emperor William was killed in the White river country in Western Colorado.

LOUISVILLE DRIVING MEET.

Louisville, Ky., June 28.—The state entries for the fall meeting of the Louisville Driving and Fair association are closed, and show a total of 467 entries for the fifteen events. This is much the largest number of entries ever received by a trotting track in Kentucky. The amount to be distributed is $15,000 in stakes and $15,000 in purses. The meeting begins Oct. 18 and continues ten days. Entries for the purse events will not close until Oct. 6.

BASEBALLISTS IN TROUBLE.

Springfield, June 28.—Mayor Good, S. J. Elliott and S. L. Nelson, directors of the Springfield Baseball company, were today bound over to the grand jury on the charge of violating the law against Sunday baseball. There will be no grand jury until Sept. 6. Director D. A. Carter's trial is set for July 15.

SULTAN SNUBBED AGAIN.

Constantinople, June 28.—A fresh attempt on the part of the sultan to secure Germany's support of the retention of Thessaly has met with refusal and the advice to conform to Europe's wishes on the subject.

NOTED CHURCHWOMAN DEAD.

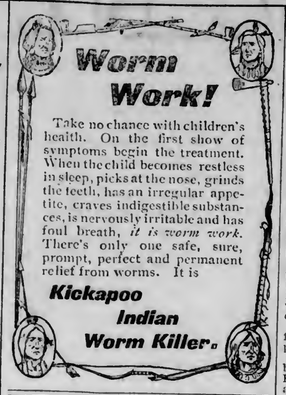
Wheeling, W. Va., June 28.—Mrs. Alexander Campbell died at Bethany, W. Va., at 8 o'clock this morning, aged 85 years.

COL. MUSSEY DEAD.

Middlebury, Vt., June 28.—Col. F. B. Mussey, the well known Washington correspondent, died here late last night of Bright's disease. He was 51 years of age and had been ill for some time.

PARK POINT.

Subscribers to The Evening Herald who intend camping on the Point this summer can have the paper delivered to their camp by notifying this office.


Worm Work!
Take no chance with children's health. On the first show of symptoms begin the treatment. When the child becomes restless in sleep, picks at the nose, grinds the teeth, has an irregular appetite, craves indigestible substances, is nervously irritable and has foul breath, it is worm work. There's only one safe, sure, prompt, perfect and permanent relief from worms. It is
Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer.

IN ITASCA COUNTY.

Duluth, Superior & Western Renewing Its Ties Throughout.

Grand Rapids, Minn., June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—If the improvements made by the D. S. & W. railway company this season are any indications it is putting its line into shape for heavy traffic next season. The substitution of new ties for old ones clear up to this point has not been merely here and there but rather a thorough and complete renovation. Its gravel trains have been running continuously and are hard at work filling up low spots and putting the roadbed into excellent condition. Its bridges and culverts have been looked over carefully and will be finished up next spring and just then it will be found, in all likelihood, that another road will join with the Canadian Pacific in sending its northeastern Dakota traffic through this way to Duluth and Superior.

They are in the midst of the season of enjoyment here, and the famous canoeing facilities of this region are in greater request than ever before. Some magnificent catches of game fish have been brought in, and the hunters are getting their shooting irons in shape for their favorite sport. Numerous parties are out camping on the famous lakes and streams of the Upper Mississippi, and they generally take in this point on the way to experience the comforts of these commodious hotels which, with their moderate prices, have had much to do with establishing Grand Rapids as a center of travel and business. People can secure the requisite information at such a central point and complete their outfits with decided advantage. A noticeable part of the travel is to the Big Fork river, down which a constant stream of boatmen are making their way into the Rainy Lake country for both pleasure and profit.

R. J. Baskerville has been re-elected principal of the schools here.

The farmers and new settlers hereabouts are extending their work greatly and it looks as though they will soon care little whether or not the lumbermen keep up the log cut. Some of the farmers complain of potato bugs this season, but most of them are industriously at work destroying the Colorado invaders.

The superintendency of cutting dead and down timber on the Chippewa reservation of this region now lies between H. E. Graffam and E. A. Arnold. The latter is a Laprairie lawyer.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 4; Louisville, 2.

At Chicago—Chicago, 0; Cleveland, 5.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Columbus—Columbus, 3; Indianapolis, 10.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 7; Minneapolis, 8.

At Kansas City—Kansas City,. 1; St. Paul, 9.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Philadelphia, 3.

At Boston—Boston, 0; Baltimore, 1.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 7; Louisville, 1.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 5; St. Louis, 3.

At Chicago—Chicago, 3; Cleveland, 3.

At Washington—Washington, 1; New York, 9. Second game—Washington, 5; New York, 10.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 6; Grand Rapids, 3.

At Columbus—Columbus, 7; Indianapolis, 5.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 4; St. Paul, 12.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 6; Minneapolis, 5; twelve innings.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	51	37	.725
Baltimore	50	35	.700
Cincinnati	49	32	.653
New York	50	31	.620
Brooklyn	51	26	.510
Pittsburg	50	25	.500
Cleveland	51	25	.490
Philadelphia	51	25	.463
Washington	50	21	.420
Louisville	50	19	.380
Chicago	52	19	.369
St. Louis	51	11	.204

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Columbus	54	37	.675
Indianapolis	52	24	.654
St. Paul	60	28	.633
Milwaukee	58	33	.567
Detroit	56	26	.464
Grand Rapids	57	20	.351
Kansas City	61	21	.344
Minneapolis	57	18	.314

McNALLY'S LONG SWIM.

Will Try the Gap Between Dover and Calais.

Boston, June 28.—On July 4 Peter S. McNally, of this city, will attempt to swim from England to France across the English channel. His course will be from Dover to Calais, twenty-one nautical or twenty-eight land miles in distance. This feat has been accomplished by but one man. That is Capt. Webb, who swam the channel in 1875. His time was 21 hours and 48 minutes. McNally thinks he can cut this time to fifteen or thirteen hours.

Besides being the best swimmer in New England, if not in the country, McNally has a wonderful record as a life-saver. His feats in this direction have won for him the very highest recognition of the Massachusett's Humane society and of the United States government.

Since 1872 McNally has probably saved more than 100 lives; he cannot himself tell how many. In the summer of 1896 at Crescent beach, he personally and alone saved twelve people from drowning and assisted in saving half a dozen others. Nor have all the lives he has saved been from drowning. In 1882, when fire destroyed the warehouse of the John P. Lovell Arms company, he rescued a watchman from burning, and in two later big fires he took three people from the buildings in an unconscious condition.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

About 200 Detroit socialists met yesterday afternoon and denounced Eugene V. Debs' scheme. The scheme was characterized as the old communistic theory and impossible of achievement.

At Napoleon, Ohio, Johnnie, the world's famous pacer, broke his neck yesterday. He was turned loose to graze and while running caught in a wire fence and was thrown on his head, breaking his neck. He was valued at $15,000, and was owned by W. H. Barnes, of Sioux City.

Seven coffins containing the bodies of the victims of the wreck on the Wabash Friday night left for St. Louis from Kansas City yesterday. The conductor who was reported as dead is yet alive. No others were seriously injured.

Twenty-six miners were killed by a fall of rock in the Labrar mines, in the province of Atacama, Chili.

The town of Kolomea, in Galicia, has been flooded by the rising of the river Purth. Many houses have been destroyed and the bridge between Kolomea and Turka has been swept away. The collapse took place while a train was crossing and it is believed that many persons have been drowned.

The Anglo-American Telegraph company announces that telegraphic communication with Siberia has been restored.

The City of Rome arrived at New York from Glasgow yesterday after a thrilling experience with fire on board ship. Capt. Hugh reports that on Saturday afternoon fire was discovered in the forward cargo hold. It was extinguished or under control after three hours of hard work.

Emile D. Nustadt, senior member of Nustadt & Co., one of the most important flour commission houses of the produce exchange at New York, died suddenly Saturday night, aged 50 years. The firm, which handled flour from Milwaukee and Superior, failed last April.

The steamer W. F. Nisbet, owned by the Cincinnati-Pomeroy Packet company, bound for Pomeroy, sank one mile below Central City, W. V., yesterday afternoon.

Charles De Kay, United States consul general at Berlin, in a report to the state department, calls attention to the fact that German bicycle makers are deeply concerned at the now very large and growing competition of American machines.

Signor Valgentero, cashier of the Sangoovani mine at Iglsias, Sardinia, while on his way from the mine with a large sum of money was robbed and murdered.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Comptroller Eckels has ordered an assessment of 100 per cent on stockholders of the suspended Grand Forks National and Second National banks. The capital stock of the former is $20,000 and of the latter $50,000. The entire amount must be paid by July 31 or payments in three monthly installments from that date secured at once.

Nicholls, Dupee & Co., of Boston, bought the clip of the Glen Ullen Wool Growers' association today, estimated at 180,000 pounds, at 10½ cents.

A shocking accident occurred near Englevale Saturday night. The 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Porter accidentally discharged a shotgun, killing his baby sister while lying in the cradle. The boy did not know the gun was loaded.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Joseph Kirby, one of the most widely known lawyers in the state and a prominent silver leader, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary at Sioux Falls by a jury here in the penitentiary. Kirby will carry the case to the United States supreme court.

About four weeks ago John Jurich, of Lead, aged 12, engaged in a fight with two other lads of his age and in the melee received several severe kicks and bruises, from the effects of which, his parents claim, he died last evening. His attending physician says death was from rheumatic trouble. A post mortem examination will be held and the case turned over to a coroner's jury.

J. A. Dahlberg, the Chicago millionaire, who owns considerable real estate in Yankton, yesterday submitted a proposition to the citizens of Yankton, that he will erect an opera house there to cost $40,000, provided the citizens make up a bonus of $10,000. He agrees to build a beautiful building with all modern furnishings, settings and improvements. He has already selected a site on Third street.

YOUR SHOULDER BLADES.

How to Keep Your Back in Good Shape.

Shoulder blades require more attention than they usually receive, if one is desirous of possessing a graceful figure. Correct shoulder blades are flat as the traditional flounder; if they protrude in the least degree a series of exercises should be inaugurated, and ten minutes devoted to them each night and morning, when one is free from heavy clothing, will do wonders in the way of improving them, says the Kansas City Star.

Before beginning the exercises one must stand properly, that is squarely upon both feet, and during the time breathe deep and full; if one stands before an open window so much the better. For shoulder blade, movement number one, hold the right arm straight up and the left arm at a right angle to the body, and then standing on the tip of the toes stretch the arms to their greatest length, turning the hands constantly backward and forward.

Movement No. 2—Lie flat on the floor, raise the arms on a line with the shoulders and rotate them as rapidly as possible.

No. 3—Raise both arms above the head, in a perpendicular line, and stretch them slowly, aiming to reach an impossible point. The value of this exercise is in the enforced extension. Care must be taken not to push the head forward.

No. 4—Bend the body forward until it attains an angle of 90 degrees, keeping the chest and shoulder blades in straight position. Repeat this bending back and forth many times, bringing the body each time back again to the perpendicular.

No. 5—Lie down on the chest, keep the feet on the floor, and raise the head and shoulders up as far as possible, repeating many times. Indeed, all these exercises, to be of any value, must be repeated, but not to the length of fatigue.

No. 6—Stand erect, with the arms hanging down and the palms against the body, with the muscles of the arm and hand as tense as possible, then turn the arms outward, making a strong pull with the shoulder blade muscles; then relax slowly and bring the arms back to the original position. There is no better movement than this for strengthening the muscles in the neighborhood of the shoulder blades.

No. 7—Sit erect, raise the arms, keeping the muscles well stretched, and circle up and down; to make the movement of more force and still further employ the shoulder blade muscles, practice with the palms up.

Perhaps time may fail one to go through with the entire seven movements twice daily, as each, to be of any benefit, requires many repetitions. It may be best, then, to take four exercises in the morning and the remaining three at night.

Furthermore, she who has the interest of her shoulder blades at heart always keeps the following rules tucked away in her brain for immediate reference:

1—Try to push the shoulder blades together many times during the day.

2—Make it a rule to keep the back of the neck close to the back of the collar.

3—Roll the shoulder backward and downward.

4—Walk or stand with the hands clasped behind the head, and the elbows wide apart.

5—Stand erect at short intervals during the day, head up, chin in, chest out and shoulders back.

6—Stand now and again during the day with all the posterior parts of the body, so far as possible, touching a vertical wall.

7—Put the hands on the hips, with the elbows back and the fingers forward.

A DEADLY RIVER.

The Yellow river, which has been named the "Sorrow of China," is probably the most destructive stream on the face of the earth, says the St. Louis Globe Democrat. In less than a hundred years it has changed its channel four times, and the point where it empties into the sea has, from time to time, been moved up and down the coast a distance of 300 miles. It runs through a vast alluvial plain, and is fed by streams from a great system of mountains in the north. When the snow melting on this range comes at a time of heavy rains the result is sure to be a terrible flood. It has been estimated that in the past three centuries over 10,000,000 of human beings have perished in the floods of the Yellow river. For destructiveness, both of life and property, this stream is unparalleled, and the sobriquet bestowed upon it is amply justified by its history.

Lessons given in German by Miss Hartman. Address 1127 East Third street.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore the best advertising medium.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two thousand seven hundred forty and 07-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Melvin R. Baldwin and Nettie Baldwin, his wife, of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, mortgagors, to Esther L. Kimberley, of the county of Oneida, state of New York, mortgagee, bearing date the 23rd day of March, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 1st day of April, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 125 of mortgages, on page 582 and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of block forty-two (42), Lake View Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, except that part of said block conveyed to city of Duluth by deed recorded in Book 73 of deeds, page 493, in office of register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 4th day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two thousand seven hundred forty and 07-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1897.

ESTHER L. KIMBERLEY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
605-606 First National Bank Building.
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-21-28-July-5-12-19-26.

BEFORE long my throat was filled with sores, large lumps formed on my neck, and a horrible ulcer broke out on my jaw,—says Mr. O. H. Elbert, who resides at cor. 22d St. and Avenue N., Galveston, Texas. He was three times pronounced cured by prominent physicians, but the dreadful disease always returned; he was then told that

HOT SPRINGS was the only cure His hair had all fallen out, and he was in a sad plight. After taking one bottle of S. S. S. he began to improve and two dozen bottles cured him completely, so that for more than six years he has had no sign of the disease.

SSS

Book on the disease and its treatment mailed free by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea —the Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Phila., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.
Washington, June 15, 1897.

In the matter of
THE MARINE NATIONAL BANK
Of Duluth, Minnesota.

To all whom it may concern:

Whereas, upon a proper accounting by the receiver heretofore appointed to collect the assets of "The Marine National Bank of Duluth," Minnesota, and upon a valuation of the uncollected assets remaining in his hands, it appears to my satisfaction that in order to pay the debts of such association it is necessary to enforce the individual liability of the stockholders therefor to the extent hereinafter mentioned, as prescribed by Sections 5151 and 5234 of the Revised Statutes of the United States:

Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, I do hereby make an assessment and requisition upon the shareholders of the said "The Marine National Bank of Duluth," for one hundred and fifty-six thousand dollars, to be paid by them ratably on or before the fifteenth day of July, 1897; and I hereby make demand upon each and every one of them for seventy-eight dollars upon each and every share of the capital stock of said association held or owned by them, respectively, at the time of its failure; and I hereby direct William E. Lucas, the receiver heretofore appointed, to take all necessary proceedings, by suit or otherwise, to enforce to that extent the said individual liability of the said shareholders.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and caused my seal of office to be affixed to these presents, at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1897.

JAMES H. ECKELS,
Comptroller of the Currency.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, June-21-28-July-5-12.

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN made upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ulysses S. G. Sharp, single, mortgagor, to Jane W. Hooker, mortgagee, bearing date 8th day of March, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 94 of mortgages on page 314; and whereas there is claimed to be due, and is due, on said mortgage the sum of forty-one hundred and seven dollars and forty-three cents, thirty-nine hundred and eighty-nine dollars and seventy cents thereof being principal and interest and one hundred and seventeen dollars and seventy-three cents thereof being for taxes on the property covered by said mortgage and which have been paid by said mortgagee.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described, viz: Lot eleven (11), in block twelve (12), in West Duluth, First Division, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the indebtedness secured by said mortgage and interest thereon, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees and the disbursements allowed by law. The said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, or his deputy, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 13th day of July, 1897, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption within one year after date of said sale.

Duluth, Minn., May 31, 1897.

JANE W. HOOKER,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
709 and 701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-31-June-7-14-21-28-July-5.

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN made upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Azro T. Crossley, single, mortgagor, to Jane W. Hooker, mortgagee, bearing date the 8th day of August, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 18th day of August, 1892, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 94 of mortgages on page 128; and whereas there is claimed to be due, and is due, on said mortgage the sum of one hundred and eighty-three dollars and ninety-eight cents, one hundred and fifty-three dollars thereof being interest and thirty dollars and ninety-eight cents thereof being for taxes on the property covered by said mortgage and which have been paid by said mortgagee.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described, viz: The southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section four (4), township fifty-one (51), range fourteen (14) west of the 4th P. M., in St. Louis County, Minnesota, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the indebtedness secured by said mortgage and the interest thereon, together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees and the disbursements allowed by law. The said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, or his deputy, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 13th day of July, 1897, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption within one year after date of said sale.

Duluth, Minn., May 31, 1897.

JANE W. HOOKER,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
709 and 701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-31-June-7-14-21-28-July-5.

SLUMP IN WHEAT

Decline of Two Cents on the Chicago Board Caused Excitement.

A QUICK RECOVERY

Some People Regarded It as a Break In the July Corner.

July wheat broke 2c in less than five minutes at Chicago today and in almost as short a space of time had recovered 1½c of the break. The slump occurred on outside selling and the extent of the offerings was considered as a break in the July corner by some. At any rate the rapidity with which the market moved up and down had the effect of "shaking off" the small fry, the element of mystery attached to the identity of the big sellers adding to their apprehension. Liverpool was disappointing, showing only a ½d advance and the weather West and South was ideal. Northwest receipts were small, 289 cars against 311 last week and 611 a year ago.

The morning newspapers had nothing but good to say of the general promise for the wheat crop. Tennessee reported their crop, from the proof of its threshing out, the most remarkably fine one the state had ever produced, and a Chicago board of trade man, who had just returned from a personal investigation of the Oklahoma crop, said in many cases farmers were getting yields of forty bushels per acre of as fine wheat as he had ever seen. Many people there claimed the Oklahoma acreage of wheat to be 1,000,000 acres, but if only 750,000 acres and the yield only twenty-five bushels to the acre that means 18,000,000 bushels from a territory that only yielded 2,000,000 bushels last season. The California yield was also reported to be yielding more abundantly than had been expected.

The Duluth market did not display so much weakness as was exhibited at Chicago, although it declined and trading was very dull. July wheat opened unchanged at 73¼c and soon declined 1c. Later it recovered to 73c, but after noon sold off to 72½c. The close was at 72c bid, a decline of 1¼c for the day. The mills bought 15,000 bus of cash stuff, paying ½c over July, and later were bidding ¾c. The shippers took 12,000 bus at the July price. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 73c; No. 1 northern, cash, 72c; July, 72c bid; September, 65½c bid; December, 68c. No. 2 northern, 48½@63½c. No. 3, 50¼@65¼c. Rejected, 48½@63½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 73c; No. 1 northern, 72c. Rye, 25c. No. 2 oats, 21c; No. 3 oats, 20½c. Flax, 78½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 40; oats, 2; rye, 3; barley, 20; flax, 10. Receipts—Wheat, 81,800 bus; corn, 1015 bus; oats, 11,731 bus; rye, 1068 bus; barley, 14,744 bus; flax, 7292 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 20,629 bus; oats, 195,148 bus; rye, 125,085 bus; flax, 50,286 bus.

WEEKLY STATEMENT

Showing the stock of grain in store, by grades, at Duluth, at the close of business on Saturday, June 26, 1897:

	Bus.
Wheat.	
No. 1 hard	53,905
No. 1 northern	661,414
No. 2 northern	175,311
No. 3 spring	190,360
No grade spring	19,443
Rejected and condemned	20,874
Special bin	327,336
Total	1,536,647
Decrease for the week	316,992
Corn in store	15,253
Oats in store	760,616
Rye in store	364,252
Barley in store	356,209
Flax seed in store	1,417,181

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, June 28.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 27,061; shipments, 3569. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 75; shipments, 669. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 2900; shipments, 212. Estimated receipts hogs for tomorrow, 26,000. Estimated receipts hogs today, 47,000; left over, 1000. Market active, steady and shade higher than Saturday. Light, $3.35@3.55; mixed, $3.35@3.50; heavy, $3.15@3.45; rough, $3.15@3.25. Cattle, receipts 15,500. Market steady to strong. Beeves, $3.90@5.15; cows and heifers, $1.75@4.25; Texas steers, $2.80@4.20; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.30. Sheep, receipts, 22,000. Market steady to 10c lower.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 28.—Close, wheat futures, steady; ¼d higher; July, 5s 9¼d; September, 5s 7d; December, 5s 7½d. Corn, steady; ¼@½d higher; June, 2s 8¾d; July, 2s 9d; September, 2s 9¾d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 28.—Money on call nominally 1@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.87¼ for demand and at $4.86@4.86¼ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.87@4.87½ and $4.88@4.88½. Commercial bills $4.85¾. Silver certificates, 60⅝@62c. Bar silver, 60¾c. Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.25½; coupon, $1.25½; 5s registered, $1.14½; coupon, $1.14½; is registered, $1.11¾; coupon, $1.12; 2s registered, 96½; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.01½.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 28.—Close, June, 68¾c; July, 65¾c; September, 71c; December, 72½c. Corn, July, 29¾c. Oats, July, 22¼c.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, June 28.—Wheat, close, June, 71c; July, 70½c; September, 65¾@¼c; December, new, 67¼c; old, 66½c. Corn, June, 25c; July, 25c; September, 28c. Oats, June, 17¾c; July, 17¾c; September, 18c. Pork, June, $7.70; July, $7.75; September, $7.82½@7.85. Lard, June, $4.15; July, $4.15; September, $4.25; October, $4.30; December, $4.35. Ribs, June, $4.5; July, $4.55; September, $4.62. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 78@82c; No. 3 red, 73@75c; No. 2 spring, 71½@72c; No. 3 spring, 65@68c; No. 2 hard winter, 80c; No. 3 hard winter, 63@66c; No. 1 northern, sprign, 72@73c. Corn, No. 2, 25¼c; No. 3, 17½@20c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 27@34c. Rye, cash, 35c; July, 35c; September, 35¾c. Flax, cash, 79c; cash, Northwestern, 79½c; July, 78¼c; September, 79¼c. Timothy, cash, $2.85; August, $2.85; September, $2.70.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, June 28.—Wheat dull but firm; June, 71c; July, 71c; September, 69¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 75c; No. 1 northern, 71¾c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade.

Chicago, June 28.—The response of Liverpool to our strong market of Saturday was decidedly feeble and leading parties in the English grain trade cabled that the Russian and Danubian prospects were very favorable. The visible showed another large decrease and other statistical news was rather encouraging to buyers. The cloud that overshadowed the wheat market today was the news from the harvest fields in the South, Oklahoma in particular, made claim of an acreage of 1,100,000 and probable crop of 25,000,000 bus. Grain dealers in that section claiming that there was not enough harvesting machinery in the territory to properly handle the crop. Offerings of new wheat were liberal and this probably induced the heavy selling of July wheat on stop orders at the opening. September wheat was strong early on local support but offerings were heavy later and the market closed at the put price and looked weak.

Corn ruled firm. The market is a contrary one for the news today would naturally have caused a break. Fine growing weather and promises of large reduction in freight rates are in sellers favor.

Provisions had a big trade and an important advance. The packers covered lard and the English concerns sold on the rally.

Puts, July wheat, 69⅝@69c.
Calls, July wheat, 72@72½c.
Puts, September wheat, 64¾c.
Calls, September wheat, 65⅝@65¾c.
Curb, September wheat, 65⅜-½c.
Puts, September corn, 25⅞@26c asked.
Calls September corn 26c asked.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
Atchison preferred	24½	25⅞	24½	25⅝
Sugar	125⅜	129	125⅜	129
Canada Southern	51⅜	51½	51⅜	51½
C., B. & Q.	84⅝	84¾	83⅞	84⅝
St. Paul	82	82¾	82	82¾
Chicago Gas	92⅝	95⅜	92⅝	95⅜
D., L. & W.				
General Electric	33⅜	34⅜	33⅜	34⅜
Reading	22½	23	22	23
L. & N.	51½	52	51½	52
Manhattan	88⅝	90	88⅝	90⅝
Missouri Pacific	19⅞	20½	19⅞	20½
Tobacco	78½	78¾	77⅞	78
C. & N. W.	117⅝	117¾	116⅝	117¾
N. P. preferred	41⅞	42¾	41⅝	41⅞
Rock Island	76	76⅝	75⅞	76⅛
Union Pacific	53⅞	57⅜	53⅞	53⅞
Western Union	84½	85	84¼	84⅝
Leather	30½	30⅝	30⅛	30⅛
Lake Shore				

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Yesterday was a record breaker on Michigan street in strawberry handling. One firm, between 7 a. m. and noon, cleaned out 1000 boxes of Michigan berries—fine ones, too—and another house got away with a large number. Other supplies were in good demand and with a large supply.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.			
Cream., separators, fancy..	16	@	17
Dairies, fancy, special make	11	@	14
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	9	@	12
CHEESE.			
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11½	@	12½
Full cr'm, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10		
Limb., full cream, choice..	9	@	10
Primost	6		
EGGS.			
Candled, strictly fresh	8	@	8½
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	12½	@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	2½	@	3
NUTS.			
Soft shell almonds, per lb..	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb..	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb.	11		
Brazils, per lb	8		
Pecans, per lb	9	@	11
Filberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
Raw peanuts	4½	@	5½
VEGETABLES.			
New potatoes, in sacks, bus	1 00	@	1 10
Carrots, per bus	35	@	40
New beets, per bus	25	@	1 40
Onions, new, per bus	1 00		
New turnips, per bus	50	@	1 00
Asparagus, per doz	25	@	30
New wax beans, per bus	1 25	@	1 40
Cucumbers, per doz	50		
Cucumbers, Southern, bus	1 50		
New beets, per doz bunches	60	@	60
Green peas, per bus	1 00	@	1 10
Mobile cabbage, per crate	2 75	@	3 00
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	80	@	1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 00	@	1 25
Potatoes, per bus	45	@	50
Mint, per doz	35		
Parsley, per doz	50		
Parsnips, per bus	50	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 25	@	1 75
Horse radish, per lb	6	@	7
Mississippi cabbage	2 75	@	3 00
Mississippi tomatoes, crate	90	@	1 00
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50		
Green onions doz bunches	12	@	20
Spinach, per bus	30		
New beets, per bus	1 25		
Lettuce, per bus	40	@	50
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Long radishes, per doz	12	@	15
Round radishes, per doz	15		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	90	@	1 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	80		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	70		
Green and yellow peas	75	@	90
Green peas, bus	65		
FRUITS.			
Limes, per case	3 25		
Red raspberries, 24 qt cases	2 25		
Gooseberries, per case	1 25	@	1 50
Blackberries, per case	2 00	@	2 25
Michigan and Wisconsin strawberries, 16-qt cases	90	@	1 00
Michigan and Wisconsin strawberries, 24-qt cases	90	@	1 00
California cherries, per case	90		
Oranges, Mediterranean sweets	3 75	@	4 00
Seedling oranges	2 25	@	3 50
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@	1 50
Lemons, per box	3 50	@	4 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	50		
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapple, per doz	1 25	@	1 50
Pineapples (Union River) crate	4 00		
California peaches, case	1 25		
California apricots, case	1 25		
California plums, case	85		
Dates, per lb	9	@	10
APPLES AND CIDER.			
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@	4 25
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50	@	2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50		
DRESSED MEATS.			
Veal, fancy	7½	@	8
Veal, good	7	@	7½
Veal, coarse	6½	@	7
Pork	5	@	5½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Live turkeys	10	@	11
Spring chickens, per lb	9	@	10
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	12½	@	13
Chickens, per lb	10	@	11
Geese, per lb	10	@	11
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	9 00	@	9 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc..	10 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc..	9 00		
Red dog	12 00		
Ground feed, No. 1	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00	@	10 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.			
Choice south Minn	7 00	@	7 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00	@	9 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 28.—Butter, firm; Western creamery, 11@15c; Elgins, 15c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 11@11½c; Western, 10@10½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 28.—Butter, firm; creameries, 12@14c; dairies, 9@12c. Eggs, steady; fresh, 8½c.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

The Woman, The Man, And The Pill.

She was a good woman. He loved her. She was his wife. The pie was good; his wife made it; he ate it. But the pie disagreed with him, and he disagreed with his wife. Now he takes a pill after pie and is happy. So is his wife. The pill he takes is Ayer's.

Moral: Avoid dyspepsia by using

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

AT WEST DULUTH

West Duluth Ball Team Defeats West Superior In a Close Game.

VAGS ROUNDED UP

Ironton Plant Entirely Shut Down For Thirty Days---Other News.

The West Duluth ball club again points with pride to its work on the diamond, winning a notable victory yesterday in a game with West Superior on the latter's ground that makes up for the series of disastrous defeats encountered during the past few weeks. The score yesterday was 6 for West Duluth to 5 for West Superior. The game was witnessed by a good sized crowd, and was exciting from the start. The main features of the game were the pretty double plays made by the West Duluths. Doyle and La Moure formed the battery for West Duluth and Kellen and Iwatte for West Superior.

"POT" GANG ROUNDED UP.

Lieut. Arthur Briggs went out last night on a scouting expedition in the suburbs of West Duluth and rounded up what he calls a "pot gang" of six bums. The lieutenant explains that a "pot gang" is a crowd of vags who travel about carrying a few cooking utensils, robbing hen roosts and gardens. In this way they live on the fat of the land. The gang was locked up last night and released this morning, with a warning to keep away from West Duluth in future.

PLANT IS SHUT DOWN.

The Ironton Structural Steel plant has been closed down in all its departments for thirty days. Perhaps at the end of this time work will be resumed and perhaps not. The Ironton steel plant is now as uncertain a quantity in the calculations of the people at the West End as ever.

GETTTING READY TO CELERATE.

Yesterday was the liveliest Sunday experienced in West Duluth for many months. A good many drunken men were in evidence, and one of them, Charles Manderson, was locked up at the police station. Patrolman Gus Schoeder, who is somewhat of a philosopher, explains the unusual spectacle by advancing the theory that the boys are getting primed in anticipation of a high old time on the Fourth.

DIED FROM APPENDICITIS.

Miss Sabra Harrison, daughter of Augustus P. Harrison, towerman for the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, died this morning at St. Mary's hospital of appendicitis. Miss Harrison was taken to the hospital Saturday afternoon, and an operation was performed on her yesterday, from which she was unable to recover. Arrangements for the funeral have not yet been perfected. Miss Harrison was a very popular young woman, and her sudden death is a great shock to her many friends in West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

William Lauman and bride, of St. Peter, are in the city the guests of N. D. Hendricks. After a short visit here Mr. and Mrs. Lauman will leave for the East on an extended trip. They were married at St. Peter last Thursday, the bride being Miss Schumacher.

Louis Loffgren, of Alta, Minn., and bride, are in the city the guests of August Loffgren. Mr. Loffgren was married in Toronto, June 10, since which time he has been travelling through the East, stopping off here on his way home.

Miss Janet Stewart, daughter of A. W. Stewart, chief engineer of Merrill & Ring's mill, fell from a bicycle Saturday and received a painful injury. She will be confined to her bed for a number of days.

Mrs. I. B. Kenney has returned from a month's visit with her parents in Minneapolis.

Miss Annie Fredell and her sisters, Esther and Edette, accompanied by Miss Peterson, have gone to Center City for a three months' visit.

There is said to be less lumber on the docks in West Duluth now than there has been for three seasons. Shipments have been unusually heavy during the past few weeks.

Back From Rainy Lake.

Mrs. May Alice Harriman, who has been making a tour of the Rainy Lake gold region on behalf of the Northwest Magazine, of St. Paul, has returned, and her description of this new country and the developments which have taken place will appear in the July number of the magazine. Mrs. Harriman had a kodak with her, and a large number of illustrations will indicate that she made good use of it. The publication of the article in the Northwest Magazine cannot fail to be of great benefit to the Northern gold region, and coming from Mrs. Harriman's pen it is sure to be bright and interesting.

Will Log Extensively.

C. C. McCarthy, prosecuting attorney of Itasca county, is in the city. To a reporter for The Evening Herald he said that the Minneapolis lumbermen were making preparations for extensive logging operations in the Itasca and Cass county pineries next winter and that it was expected that more logs would be put in during the season than ever before.

Special Excursions.

Excursion tickets as follows are on sale via "The North-Western Line:" San Francisco, Los Angeles, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Kansas City and intermediate points at greatly reduced rates, one way, on June 29 to July 3. All points within 200 miles, July 3, 4 and 5, one and one-third fare, round trip.

ROUND TRIP TO

Milwaukee, July 3 to 5, $13.30.
Detroit, July 2 to 6, $18.75.
Chautauqua, N. Y., July 12, 13, $23.50.
Detroit, July 10, 12, $18.75.
Toronto, July 12, 13, $23.90.
Chattanooga, July 12 to 15, $27.80.
Salt Lake, July 8, 9, $40.00.
Salt Lake, July 16, 17, $40.00.

Other excursions later. For particulars call at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS, Agent.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, GOOD girl for general housework, at 522 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN COOK AT once at the Cadillac hotel.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COOK AT 120 First avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD COMPETENT COOK. 329 West Second street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply between 9 and 11 a. m. at 119 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED—A HOUSEMAID, WHO IS A good seamstress at Twenty-seventh avenue east and Superior street.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Selbold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—MAN TO MAKE LATH BY the thousand. Howe Lumber company, Tower, Minn.

WANTED SCANDINAVIAN, GERMAN and English speaking salesmen. Salary and commission. Work in city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—SECOND HAND BICYCLE, in first class condition. Address R 8, Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND upright piano. Box 772 West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—GIRL'S BICYCLE, WITH 26-inch wheel. Must be in good condition. Will pay cash. Address "Wheel," Herald office, giving price and where can be seen.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—HORSE FOR HIS FEED TO use as delivery horse. Inquire at 101 East Superior street.

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

THE DULUTH TRANSIT EXPRESS line is prepared to move pianos and furniture. Trunks removed for 25 cents. Office 501 West Michigan street. Tel. 523.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKroach perishes. Sure death to them. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

TO EXCHANGE.

UNENCUMBERED REAL ESTATE IN St. Louis and Itasca counties to exchange for stock of general merchandise. Enquire of F. Blackmarr, Duluth.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

FORTY ACRES TWO AND THREE-quarters miles from Barnum, about seven acres clear, new house 20 by 24, horse, wagon, three cows, chickens, ducks, pigs, and all implements, standard. Spring crop—Oats, wheat, garden stuff, etc., the rest all sowed in timothy, for the very low price of $450 if taken now on account of sickness in the family. Small creek near the house. Will make a nice home. The birch and maple wood alone will pay more than for the land. Title perfectly clear. No better soil in this locality. William Herzog, Barnum.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Week's Trading Opened With a Bull Sentiment.

New York, June 28.—The week on the stock exchange opened with the bull sentiment in the ascendant and on heavy purchases the value of the leading shares showed substantial gains ranging up to 1⅞ in Omaha. The specialties were only strong also, New Jersey Central, American Tobacco, Sugar and Brooklyn Rapid Transit gaining about one point each. Round amounts of the grangers' shares changed hands. Simultaneous sales of 6000 shares of St. Paul showing the price ranging from 82 to 82⅜ as compared with 81¾ last week; closing price. The upward movement in the general list was stimulated by improved prices in London.

The dealings became somewhat irregular after the opening on generous realizing orders by the traders, but the recessions were generally trivial and values soon returned to a higher level, except for a few stocks which suffered from liquidation. The market was very broad, many inactive specialties being dealt in at marked improvements. Pittsburg, Chicago & St. Louis preferred rose 2 per cent and some of the investment shares attained higher figures.

The speculative situation was unchanged during the hour before noon, except for a slight diminution in the volume of the trading. The bulls were in general control of the market and encountered but little opposition in marking up prices. All the traders were very prominent in round amounts up to 12 and the material gains were also registered in the low-priced specialties. The bond market shares in the strength of stocks and showed marked improvements in prices of the issues of some of the reorganized companies. Sales of stocks to noon were 192,900 shares.

THE BUTCHERS' PICNIC.

Baseball Game and Sheep Killing Contest.

The butchers' picnic at Fond du Lac yesterday was quite well attended, notwithstanding the bad weather, over 50 persons participating in the festivities. Special trains were run from Duluth to the picnic grounds at 8, 9 and 11 a. m. and 2:30 p. m., the last leaving Fond du Lac on the return trip at 8:20.

The special features of the day were a baseball game between the Duluth and Superior butchers and a sheep killing contest between Harry Richard and Ed Wiles. The Duluth men won the ball game by a score of 9 to 4, while Harry Richard was declared the victor in the sheep killing race. It took him just five minutes and two seconds to slaughter two sheep.

F. P. Sorenson was the only member of the picknicking party who met with a mishap. He was playing ball and when his attention was distracted from the game he was struck in the eye with the ball.

Mason Fruit Jars.

Pints 40 cents, quarts 45 cents, 2 quarts 60 cents per dozen.

GRONSETH & OLSEN.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION AS NURSE. Call or address 1116 West Superior street.

WANTED—POSITION IN SOME office by boy 17 years of age. Can give references. Address C., Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL OF 14, place to do light housework in small family, or care for children. 1107 West First street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT DRESSmaker desires to go out sewing by the day or week to do plain sewing or dressmaking. Price $1 a day. Address 1409 Weeks avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 23, work of any kind. Had experience in grocery business. Good collector; willing to work for any reasonable wages; best of references given. Address R 76, Herald.

BAND FILER WANTS SITUATION. Satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. Address Filer, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

MIDDLE-AGED LADY WOULD LIKE situation as housekeeper in small family. Address Mrs. E. Metcalf, postoffice, general delivery.

SITUATION WANTED BY FIRST-class male cook; has good recommendations for meats, vegetables and pastry. Address E. 316 West Second street, city.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY, SEWing, washing or ironing by competent woman. Mrs. Peterson, 4621 Cook street, Lakeside.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework in small family. Address R 45, Herald.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT DRESSmaker, engagements for next week in private families. Dressmaker, 18 East Second street, city.

WANTED—A PLACE TO DO GENeral housework. 2115½ West Superior street.

NOW IS YOUR TIME FOR TO GET A good steady and industrious young man 17 years of age, for office work, who is in fair penmanship and has had a fair education. Can give city references. Address A. E. K., Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER will work for 75 cents a day. R 32, Herald.

WANTED—PLACES TO WASH AND iron by the day by German woman. Leave word at 327 East Superior street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM IN strictly private family by young married couple. Address stating terms and location, F, Herald.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE OF TWO ROOMS, REcently purchased. 224 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—SHOEMAKER SHOP IN good location, with machine, etc. 415½ West Superior street.

FOR SALE—DENTAL PRACTICE AND office. Address R 71, Herald.

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE—JUST REceived, two carloads of household furniture from the Newell Furniture company, which failed last week. Folding beds, desks, parlor goods, etc., at great bargains. Sale opens Tuesday, June 8. Markus & Co., 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

FINANCIAL.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

Fire Insurance, ... Life Insurance, ...Investments....

I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500.00 up.

A. R. Macfarlane,
13 Exchange Building.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 320 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of interest and taxes stipulated, mortgages paid in a mortgage with power of sale, made, executed and delivered by Dwight E. Woodbridge and Mary M. Woodbridge, his wife; William S. Woodbridge and Frances A. Woodbridge, his wife, mortgagors, of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, to Nina Pickrell, of New York city, state of New York, mortgagee, which mortgage is dated September fifth (5th), 1894, and recorded September fifteenth (15th), 1894, at eight-forty (8:40) o'clock a. m. in the register of deeds office in and for St. Louis County, in Book ninety-three (93) of mortgages, on page one hundred and twenty-four (124).

And whereas it is provided in said mortgage that in case of default in any of the installments of interest after the same becomes due, the mortgagee may declare the entire sum due, and whereas there has been default in two installments of said interest amounting to sixty (60) dollars since the first (1st) day of September, 1896, the mortgagee elects to declare and does hereby declare and claim the whole of said principal and interest stated in said mortgage amounting on the twenty-first (21st) day of June, 1897, to the sum of one thousand eighty-six and 73-100 dollars ($1086.73) together with fifty (50) dollars attorneys' fees due.

Now, therefore, said mortgage will be foreclosed by public sale of mortgaged premises situated in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Easterly one-half (e½) of lot twenty-seven (27), and lots twenty-nine (29) and thirty-one (31), all in block one hundred and eighteen (118), Third Division (3) to Duluth Proper, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds within and for said St. Louis County, state of Minnesota; which sale will be made to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the district court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, on Saturday the fourteenth (14) day of August, A. D. 1897.

Dated June 21st, 1897.

NINA PICKRELL, Mortgagee.

FRYBERGER & JOHANSON,
808-809-810 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-21-23-July-5-12-19-26.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

8-ROOM HOUSE, TWO BLOCKS FROM Merchants hotel; all improvements. R. P. Paine, No. 206 West Superior street, room 4.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, ALL conveniences. Fifteenth avenue east and London road. E. R. Brace, Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, East End, to Nov. 1. Snap. McGregor, Providence building.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

INGALLS' FLATS, STEAM HEAT, GAS, range. 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

DOUBLE PARLORS, CARPETS, PORtiers, lake view, modern and cheap; also two other rooms, light housekeeping allowed. 305 East Third.

LARGE, WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, electric lights, bath. 720 West First.

ONE FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT, $4 per month. 308 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT. 1428 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, with alcove. 314 Second avenue west.

FOUR GENTLEMEN CAN FIND NICEly furnished rooms, home comforts, modern conveniences. 12 West Second street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED rooms. All modern conveniences. 121 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 912 EAST Sixth street. Good well and soft water. Arthur A. Fider.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM, CENtrally located. Address, stating location and price, K, Herald.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

WAKEFIELD HOUSE, 206 EAST FIRST street, facing the Armory. First class room and board at moderate rates.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired; price reasonable. 120 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD, if desired; centrally located. Modern conveniences. 211 Third avenue west.

FIRST CLASS TABLE BOARD AND rooms at Cadillac hotel, opposite High School. Mrs. J. T. Condon.

DAY OR WEEK. 129 FIRST AVENUE W.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 329 West Second street. $1.50 per day.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting July 5, 1897. Work, ——. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 188, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 28, 1897. Work, Third degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. —— degree. John F. McLraen, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105, Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material, and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMANENTLY REMOVED.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMANENTly removed. Latest process, superior to electricity. Complexion cleared of freckles, pimples, black heads. Facial massage for wrinkles, medicated shampoo and scalp treatment a specialty. Hair restored to its natural color. Not a dye. Mrs. McKiel, 202 Lowell block.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR ANFIN, CLAIRVOYANT—Nature has gifted Professor Anfin with a clairvoyant power unusually strong, and he has never made it a subject to falsehood and deceit. He does not deal in charms or other humbuggery, but gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs or on any other subject of importance. His advice,

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. / Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.
Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.
Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth
Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark.
17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), June 28.—The barometric depression now moving slowly eastward across the Upper Missouri and Red River valleys has been attended by general rains and numerous thunder storms in Montana, the Dakotas, Minnesota, Wisconsin and the southern sections of the Canadian provinces. Showers have occurred, also, in Missouri, Arkansas and Western Tennessee. During the past twenty-four hours heavy rains have fallen as follows: Moorhead, 4.36 inches; Havre, 1.60; St. Paul, .94. Cloudy weather still continues in the northern districts, with rain falling at Helena; Duluth, St. Paul, Milwaukee and Qu' Appelle.

There has been a general rise in temperature since yesterday.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 50; maximum yesterday, 54; minimum yesterday, 49; rainfall for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. today, .90 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Rain this afternoon and tonight; probably clearing during Tuesday; slightly warmer; brisk northeast winds diminishing tonight and shifting to westerly Tuesday.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 28.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Local thunder storms tonight and probably Tuesday; warmer in east portion tonight; brisk southerly winds. For Minnesota: Local rains tonight; Tuesday partly cloudy with showers in east portion; fresh to brisk southerly winds.

TOO MUCH LEGISLATION.

Professor A. V. Dicey, of Oxford, writing in the April Contemporary Review, pays a high tribute to E. L. Godkin, editor of the Nation, as a great power for good in American politics. Mr. Godkin is at presnt engaged in a thoughtful study of democratic tendencies in this country. He is republishing in the Atlantic Monthly the results of his work, and in the July issue of that magazine discusses "The Decline of Legislatures." He traces the development of legislatures, and shows how in all parts of the world, except in Great Britain, there has been a startling decline in their character. He was unable to obtain records of the acts and resolutions of all the states the same year. He was obliged to take those of Arkansas for the year 1893, four other states for 1894, ten for 1895, and the rest for 1895, but he has taken only one year for each state. The total of such acts and resolutions is 15,730, and this is for a population of 70,000,000. Besides this, congress in 1895-96 passed 457 acts and resolutions. But the amount of work turned out is really not very surprising when we consider the number of the legislators. There are no less than 447 national legislators, and 6578 state legislators, in all 7025, exclusive of county, city and all other local authorities capable of passing rules or ordinances.

At this ratio of legislators to population, Mr. Godkin calculates that 4000 at least would be engaged on the laws of Great Britain, without any provision for India and the colonies, 3800 on those of France, about 5000 on those of Germany and 3000 on those of Italy. It will be easily seen what a draft this is on the small amount of legislative capacity which every community contains. Nothing like it has ever been seen in the history of the world. There is no country which has yet shown itself capable of producing more than one small first-class legislative assembly. We undertake to keep going forty-five for the states alone, besides those for territories. All these assemblies, too, have to do with interests of the highest order.

Consequently we have too much legislation in this country. "I do not think," says Mr. Godkin, "I exaggerate in saying that all the busier states in America in which most capital is concentrated and most industry carried on, witness every meeting of the state legislature with anxiety and alarm. I have never heard such a meeting wished for or called for by a serious man outside the political class. It creates undisguised fear of some sort of interference with industry, some sort of legislation for the benefit of one class, or the trial of some hazardous experiment in judicial or administrative procedure, or in public education or taxation. There is no legislature today which is controlled by scientific methods, or by the opinion of experts in jurisprudence or political economy. Measures devised by such men are apt to be passed with exceeding difficulty, while the law is rendered more and more uncertain by the enormous number of acts passed on all sorts of subjects. Nearly every state has taken a step towards meeting this danger by confining the meeting of its legislature to every second year. It has said in other words, that it must have less legislation. In no case that I have heard of has the opposition to this change come from any class except that engaged in the working of political machinery; that is, in the nomination or election of candidates and the filling of places. The rest of the community, as a rule, hails it with delight."

MONDAY, JULY 5.

In view of the fact that the Fourth of July falls on Sunday this year, there is likely to be some confusion as to the proper date for celebrating, but it has been generally agreed that Monday will be devoted to the annual observance of the nation's natal day. Monday, July 5, is a legal holiday. Saturday, July 3, is no more a legal holiday than Friday, July 2, and there is no more occasion for its celebration than there is for the celebration of any other of the 365 days of the year. The statutes of Minnesota distinctly provide that when the Fourth of July falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be observed. In this connection, the following advice tendered by the St. Paul Dispatch to the authorities of that city will apply with equal force to the Duluth authorities:

"It will, of course, be impossible to wholly prevent the explosion of premature crackers by the enthusiastic youth of the city, but the authorities should exert themselves to the utmost to prevent noisy demonstrations extending over a period of three days. The preliminary torpedo on the car track has already made its appearance, and it will be followed by a solid week of earsplitting and headache-producing explosions, unless the police exercise a vigilance which surpasses the repose of ordinary seasons. This they should be required to do. Since we have come to accept all this noise and confusion as a substitute for the proper observance of Independence day, let the evil be reduced to a minimum, and confined, if possible, to one day. Let it be assumed that one day's celebration of the kind to which we are accustomed will produce just one-third as many casualties as three days of the same kind of delirium, and let the authorities act accordingly. It is, perhaps, too much to expect any really intelligent and truly patriotic observance of the day, but at least let the follies be restrained and the evils minimized so far as it lies within the power of the police to accomplish such a result."

HIGHER WATER IN THE LAKES.

Commenting on the fact that the water in Lake Michigan is higher now than it has been in six or seven years, a Chicago paper recently asserted that the rise of water amounted to five or six feet and that a rule of periodicity applied to the rise and fall of the lake levels. It was said that the high and low stages of water occurred at intervals of seven years, the rule being invariable and proved by observations since the earliest settlement of the country as well as by Indian traditions. Similar statements have been published in past years in Northwestern papers, particularly in the Dakotas and in the Canadian Northwest, where the Indians claimed there were regular seven-year periods of dry seasons and wet seasons. They would point in the dry years, when the water in the streams and lakes had almost disappeared, to indications in their beds of places where they had crossed regularly years before, and would claim that the dry period would last for seven years and then high stages of water would be the rule. There is no doubt that the Indians believed their statements on this point, but it was soon found that, while there might be dry and wet periods, they were not confined to seven years in duration. Equally incorrect is the application of a rule of periodicity in the rise and fall of the great lakes. As the Chicago Chronicle says, neither history, science nor tradition supports the theory that there is any regularity in the periods of high and low lake levels. All the phenomena of high and low water are explained by the single fact that high water is the result of extensive rainfalls and low water is the result of prolonged drouths. The wet and dry seasons come irregularly, as the winds blow from one point or another and as heat and cold alternate in the atmosphere. Observation merely records the changes of the weather, in the snowfalls and rainfalls, in the direction of prevailing winds, in the temperature, whether the seasons are forward or backward, the outward and apparent vicissitudes of meteorology and climate. The utmost researches of science have done but little more than this in adding to the sum of human knowledge.

"The most enlightened philosopher of the close of the nineteenth century," adds the Chronicle, "knows but a little more of the course and causes of the common phenomena of nature than was known by the shepherds on the plains of Chaldea or the argonauts whose prows first parted the waves of the Euxine. The most expert forecaster in the weather bureau of the government cannot foretell the approach of storms with greater accuracy than an experienced farmer in his fields or an old sailor on the forward deck of his vessel. The prognostications of the weather bureau are as often wrong as right. This is a melancholy but truthful confession for an age of science. But it must be remembered that meteorology is not an exact science. It is yet, and will be for years to come, in an experimental stage. For generations, perhaps, it may not advance beyond the limits of empiricism. All this relates to the fact that there is no mystery about the recent rise in the lake levels. It is the result of the great rainfall of the late spring in all parts of the Northwest. Wherever the freshets from this source flowed to the eastward from the divides the currents swelled the volume of water in the lakes. Where the increased streams flowed to westward from the divides the Mississippi received the vastly swollen curents which submerged an immense area of territory. There is no more mystery about the high water in the lakes than there is about the floods in the Mississippi valley."

Mary Elizabeth Lease borrowed $1400 on her home. The mortgage was foreclosed and the mortgagee bought in the property for $600. The other day Mrs. Lease was invited to hand over the balance. But Mary is not that kind of a girl. Pointing her index finger at the plutocrat's nose, she cried fiercely: "You have my home; now you want the pound of flesh. You won't get it." Then hitting the family Bible a sound thump by way of emphasis, she shouted: "I won't pay it; I defy you." The money lender was locked in a cyclone cellar at last accounts. And many people will sympathize with Mrs. Lease. There is no sound reason why the law should not provide that the amount of the mortgage shall be the upset price when any property is sold under foreclosure proceedings.

The plank in the Ohio Republican platform attacking civil service reform reflects the sentiments of Republican politicians everywhere. If they had their way, every Democrat would be turned out of office and the hungry Republicans given the places which they covet.

A New York correspondent says that some of the hat-bands in vogue this season are so loud that the association organized to suppress noise in that city is seriously contemplating a protest. But how can they hear this noise above the din raised by the fantastic negligee shirt bosoms?

Queen Victoria is said to own gold plate to the value of $15,000,000, but the Boston Transcript asserts that baked beans do not taste any better served on that than they do on a birch trencher. How does the Transcript know this?

Congressman Updegraff of Iowa is known at home as "Toadstool Tom," because of his exhaustive knowledge of mushrooms, but during his service at Washington he has not achieved fame for knowledge of any other subject.

Forty-five years ago this spring Joseph H. Choate was the salutatorian of his class in Harvard, and his son, Joseph H. Choate, Jr., is to be the class poet in the same institution on June 30.

Chauncey Depew reported the queen's jubilee for a New York paper, and now there is some speculation as to whether he will undertake to report the next prize fight.

A Kentucklian committed suicide the other day by drinking water in which he had placed rat poison. Why did he go to the trouble of adding rat poison?

The one-string Kanaka fiddle is a grave objection to the annexation of Hawaii which the opponents of the treaty have strangely overlooked.

The state campaigns in Ohio and Iowa this year promise to be exceedingly warm, and the result is very doubtful.

Mark Hanna is likely to discover that getting control of a convention is one thing, and getting the people's vote at the polls is another.

When Hawaii has been annexed, we may also boast that the sun never sets on American soil.

The coffin trust is dead, and Kansas City undertakers are establishing "bargain days."

And now the Minneapolis ball team is called Goodnow's Shanghais.

A Swell Appearance.

Wadena County Pioneer: The Duluth Herald looks very swell in its new dress. There is nothing slow about The Herald—except its politics.

Perhaps Not.

Virginia Enterprise: We note by a local exchange of unknown political complexion that it is thought by people up this way that State Auditor Dunn can easily be his own successor if he so desires. The first intimation we had had that such was the case. We have heard expressions on the part of prominent Republicans hereabouts or a very different trend; but perhaps it is not Republican votes which Mr. Dunn is expected to receive.

A Neat Compliment.

Superior Times: The Duluth Herald appears in a new dress and looks as neat as a Superior maiden on circus day.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

A woman's idea of happiness is to have the men call her "irresistible."

The first time he called Eve wasn't in, so the devil left a corset advertisement.

Women are down on men's smoking because they know they're not in it with a good cigar.

A woman never enjoys giving a dinner much because she is always afraid the company will spill gravy on her best dolly.

When the average woman wakes up on judgment day the first thing she will do will be to look around to see how the fashions have changed.

No good girl has an idea that there is as much badness as there is, and no bad woman has an idea that there is as much goodness as there is.

Compassion.

With Phyllis once in Arcady I lay
Along a grassy slope above a brook,
And listen'd to the story from her book
Of treach'rous knave who basely sought to slay
Edward the King as in his tent he lay,
And in his arm a poison'd dagger struck,
And how the good Queen Elinor did suck
With her own lips the venom all away.
Then straight I did pretend a bee had stung
Mine underlip and with sore pain was wrung,
A potent plea for that sweet remedy
I might not ask of her, but which to me
She offer'd with such charming diffidence
That much did shame me of my base pretense.

—JOHN B. CARRINGTON.

As In Rome.

Hinckley Enterprise: The press reports of Wednesday, stated that, "Senator Hanna left for the state convention at Toledo this morning, with a retinue that any monarch might envy. The train was ablaze with color, and every one of the 400 who accompanied him wore a beautiful badge in red and gold, in which was woven Hanna's picture. Great throngs were at the depot to salute the train as it pulled out." So it was in Rome shortly before the downfall of the republic, when senators purchased their elections in the open market.

PLEASANTLY POINTED.

Philadelphia Record: An ounce of prevention may be worth a pound of cure; but think of the experience.

Chicago Record: "You have deceived me. Before we were married you told me you were a prominent citizen."

"No fake about that; I am known to every one as the bigest liar in town."

Somerville Journal: Grocer (suggestively)—You haven't paid that little bill of mine yet.

Legislator (pensively)—No, it has only just passed its second reading.

Puck: How that woman did glare at you!"

"Yes; and I glared back at her. The hateful thing!—she had on a shirt waist just like mine."

Detroit Journal: "There are women," remarked the observer of men and things, "who can't say much in favor of a larger sphere for their sex because their dresses are too tight."

Chicago Record: "Before we were married my wife wouldn't let me treat her to ice cream soda."

"Remarkable girl!"

"Yes, I should say so; she's kept account of my offers, though, and collected $23.75 from me after we were married."

Philadelphia North American: "It seems strange that a bank cashier should invent an airship."

"Has he?"

"I see that a prominent bank cashier has flown."

Detroit Free Press: "My wife cleans house eight times a year," said the applicant for divorce.

"Decree granted," said the judge in a voice that shivered.

Chicago Post: "I'm always willing to work," said the tramp.

"Be careful," cautioned the philanthropic citizen who hated a lie.

"I repeat," said the tramp with simple dignity, "that I am always ready to work—when there's nothing to be done."

SUMMER SIGNS.

There's a sign of dawning summer in the greater sale of beer;
And the same old circus lion flies the coop as in last year,
But we can't declare it summer till the correspondence men
Send in bulletins of hailstones large as eggs produced per hen.

—Indianapolis Journal.

SIGNS OF IMPROVING TIMES.

Louisville Courier-Journal: When we look from the hopefulness and security of this June to the gloom and apprehension of one year ago the change is most impressive. One year hence there promises to be material for another equally suggestive comparison.

Indianapolis Journal: The last statement of the associated banks of New York shows that the loans during the week ending June 19 were larger by $1,822,100 than during the preceding week. The statement of the Boston banks shows an increase of loans during the same period of $1,514,000. This shows that money which has been lying idle in the banks is being loaned out and getting into business channels.

Mason City, Iowa Times: President Letts of the Letts-Spencer-Smith company reports that trade conditions are improving throughout the state and country, and that business is much better than one year ago. He says all the houses in the state report improved business and much better collections, the retailers paying their bills promptly and buying more goods, thus indicating that the people in all lines have felt the improved conditions.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: Bar iron is following the other sorts of iron in the upward price movement. There is a general advance all along the whole line in iron and steel. Demand is quickening and the business improvement which was felt in only a few industries a month or two ago has reached nearly all of them now. Railroad earnings are increasing, bank clearings are growing and on all hands financial confidence is returning. In no midsummer for several years was the business outlook as bright as it is at this moment.

Philadelphia Record: At Pittsburg and the iron-making towns in its vicinity, and at Harrisburg, Reading and other places where the iron and steel industries are established, there is proof of a notable revival of industry. Idle men are going to work again and in some instances where reduction in wages have been enforced old rates of pay are being restored. These are very encouraging symptoms of better general business. When iron and steel are needed in time of peace it is certain that other constructive projects will follow. Iron is the basis of a thousand other forms of industrial activity.

Indianapolis Journal: Railroad shops, car works and locomotive works everywhere are employing more men than they were six months ago, as are most of the manufacturing establishments in the natural gas cities of this state. Judging from the increase in the number of men employed in this city now and one year ago it is safe to say that in the country at large there are at least 500,000 more. This may not have greatly reduced the number of tramps, because, as before stated, a large majority of tramps would not work if they had a chance, but it has greatly reduced the number of unemployed. Times are still hard, but they are gradually improving.

Buffalo Express: Both the Edgar Thompson and the Homestead steel works near Pittsburg have resumed with full forces of men. The DuQuesne steel works has expanded its business on orders sufficient to keep running for the remainder of the year. The Rankin wire works at Braddock is in full operation. The DuQuesne forge is running full time for the first time in two years. The National tube works at McKeesport put additional departments in operation yesterday. The Dewees Wood company at McKeesport is to start in a few days. Prosperity is not so far away, after all. The opening of the mills, which President McKinley described as better than opening the mints, is proceeding at a rate that must soon leave the croakers little to croak about.

Philadelphia Inquirer: Simply to lighten the gloom in which our pessimistic friends continually dwell, we print a few more signs of prosperity outside of Pennsylvania. Alabama pig iron has gone up $1 a ton, and the business is booming. The plant of the Falcon Tin Plate company at Niles, Ohio, is again in steady operation. The Lookout iron works at Harriman, Tenn., are to be remodeled and put in operation in the near future. The Compress Wheel company of Chicago has in course of manufacture several hundred polishing wheels in sizes from ten to fourteen inches to fill an order recently received from England. All the material for the electrical equipment of the Central Underground railway of London, England, the contract amounting to more than $500,000, is to be made in the United States. All the sawmills and shingle mills between South Bend and Chenalis, Wash., are crowded with orders and are running overtime. For the first time in four years, or since the Democratic panic of 1893, the Amoskeag, Amery, Stark and Jefferson mills at Manchester, N. H., will not shut down in June, thus keeping 14,000 men at work.

A Credit to Duluth.

Roseau County Times: The Duluth Evening Herald, one of our most valuable and prized exchanges, has changed its appearance by the advantageous use of new type or, as is said in newspaper parlance, "donned a new dress." The Herald is an excellent newspaper and a credit to the beautiful city at the head of Lake Superior.

Would Strengthen Him.

St. Peter Free Press: Some people are uncharitable enough to suggest the speedy retirement of Labor Commissioner Powers of "Hayseed" fame, but it seems that he is too strongly entrenched behind a bulwark of official protection to be reached by ordinary means. It is pointed out with some grain of plausibility that he is of no particular benefit to the labor element, whose interests he is supposed to look after, and so obnoxious to them that they will oppose any party identifying themselves with his cause. Perhaps Governor Clough had better heed this suggestion; it would be a wise stroke of policy and strengthen his own cause considerably.

SAVE THE RELICS

Scheme to Preserve the Ruins of North and South America.

Pyramids of South America---Great Field For the Archaeologists.

We are gradually coming to a realization that the American continent possesses ruins and monuments that rival in interest and possibly in antiquity the remains of the great civilizations of the Old World and that their preservation is a duty that we owe to ourselves and to the future. In the United States such protection as the Indian mounds and marvelous cliff ruins have received has been entirely the result of private effort, says the Philadelphia Times. The government, both national and state, has done nothing. We find a very different condition of affairs in Mexico. A conservator of the archaeological monuments is one of the officers of the republic, and the destruction or removal of the sculptured relics is forbidden by the laws of the states. The present incumbent of this important office, Senor Don Leopoldo Batres, is one of the best known archaeologists in Mexico. An officer of the French academy, he has achieved a wide reputation through his archaeological investigations. One of his most interesting published works is an account of his explorations at Teotihuacan, which, in his official capacity, he has surveyed.

Teotihuacan is the name given to one of the most remarkable series of ruins in Mexico. It is an ancient city, lying about twenty-five miles northeast of the City of Mexico and occupying an area of about 2½ by 2 miles. To the north of the ruins is a truncated pyramid, rectangular in form, squared to the points of the compass and known as the Pyramid of the Moon. South of it, at a distance of about 1300 yards, is another pyramid of similar form, known as the Pyramid of the Sun. Its perpendicular height is 223 feet and its base measures about 735 feet from east to west. The pyramids are united by a straight street, which starts from a circular plaza at the south side of the Pyramid of the Moon and loses itself in the barranca south of the Pyramid of the Sun.

These colossal pyramids are regarded as among the most ancient monuments of Mexico, far antedating the civilization found by the Spaniards. They are wonderful illustrations of what perseverance and time will accomplish. Senor Batres says that to this day even the means which the builders used for handling immense blocks of volcanic stone with which they are constructed is unknown. Other ruins, in the character of little mounds, are found scattered over the extensive plain in which the two pyramids are situated. The street or avenue which unites the latter is called the "Road of the Dead." Along its entire length, parallel to it on both sides, there is a terrace constructed of cement, clay and broken lava, faced with a coating of mortar or plaster highly polished and painted red and white. Desire Charney removed the rubbish from one of the mounds on the side facing this road and discovered what he calls a "palace," with two large halls and various small rooms. In 1886 Senor Batres made an excavation in one of the mounds and found two polychrome frescoes painted on the wall of the building which was laid bare. The question is naturally asked how these monuments came to be covered. Was it by an earthquake? Or by the hands of the builders themselves? Senor Batres inclines to the latter view, and says that the work of burying these temples must have been as great as that of constructing them. He found the roofs of the houses perfectly preserved, while the interior of the rooms was in every case filled with stones neatly fitted into the spaces and joined with a clayish cement to form a compact mass. His conclusion as to the pyramids is that they were two great temples erected to two old Mexican divinities. Each pyramid consisted of five terraces, which diminished in size until the height of 223 feet was reached. Each has on one of its sides a stairway six and one-half feet in width, which makes five zigzag turns and leads to the sanctuary or shrine on the summit. The outer surface of the pyramids, and perhaps the interior as well, was plastered over with a mortar of lime, hard and smooth, and decorated with frescoes representing quasi-historical events and scenes.

The small mounds scattered over the area occupied by the ruins were, according to Batres, dwellings and small shrines. Each contained from six to twelve rooms quadrangular and rectangular in form. The cornices as well as the walls were beautifully ornamented in colors. On some as many as twenty tints had been used. The doors were rectangular, never trapezoidal in form, although the latter style has been erroneously attributed to ancient American architecture. They measure eight feet in height by about three feet in width. The houses had neither windows nor balconies. The city was crossed by subterranean aqueducts constructed of stone, the walls of which were plastered with firm and smooth mortar. Near the Pyramid of the Moon, among the rubbish, there is a monolithic statue of colossal dimensions. It represents a woman, with a characteristic headdress, and wearing a necklace of four strings of beads. Travelers in Teotihuacan can find countless miniature heads modeled in clay anywhere on the freshly plowed stretches of level land that lies across the broad straight Micoatl or "Path of the Dead." They vary in length from one to two inches, and invariably have nothing more than a neck attached to them. They may be distinguished by this peculiarity from those that are applied as ornaments to terra cotta vases, and form fragments of "idols." The features and peculiar headdress that adorn these little heads of Tiahuacan vary greatly, and this diversity has given rise to and been quoted in proof of the migration of tribes, of the mixtures of widely differing races, or of their succession to each other in the occupation of the valley of Mexico. Owing to the unfamiliar aspect of some of these headdresses, it has been asserted that they could not be even "Toltec," but must be relics of still more remote and unknown races of men. Various uses have been assigned to them, the commonest supposition being that they were in some way associated with ceremonies relating to the dead. There is probably no subject connected with Mexican archaeology except the calendar that has given rise to more discussion. Dr. E. B. Tyler regarded them as a puzzle, and Professor F. W. Putnam has spoken of them as the "riddle of the many heads." Desire Charnay saw in some of them Chinese and Japanese masks, and even types of the white race, proving in his opinion how many races must have mingled or succeeded each other in this old continent.

Numerous interesting specimens of these heads are to be seen in Philadelphia in the celebrated Poinsette collection, belonging to the American Philosophical society. On the occasion of his recent visit to Mexico Dr. William Pepper brought back with him an enormous number for the university museum. In exhibiting them before the Philosophical society, he displayed with them a collection of similar Chinese heads of painted clay, intended to be inserted in perishable bodies of rattan, and called attention to the explanation of the original use of the Mexican terra-cotta by Mrs. Zella Nuttall. Mrs. Nuttall's account remains the most satisfactory yet offered of these curious relics of old Mexico. She concludes that they were intended to be supplied with accessory decoration, to be attached to bodies of perishable materials, now disappeared; that they were portraits of individuals, probably intended to be represented as dead, and that the reasons for assigning them to remote, strange and unknown civilizations are untenable.

TELLING TIME.

The story is that King Alfred had no better way to tell the time than by burning twelve candles, each of which lasted two hours, and when all the twelve were gone, another day had passed, says the Church Standard.

Long before the time of Alfred, and long before the time of Christ, the shadow of the sun told the hour of the day by means of a sun dial.

The old Chaldeans so placed a hollow hemisphere, with a bead in the center, that the shadows of the head on the inner surface told the hour of the day. Other kinds of dials were afterward made with a tablet of wood or a straight piece of metal. On the tablets were marked the different hours. When the shadows came to the mark IX, it was 9 o'clock in the morning. The dial was sometimes placed near the ground, or in towers or buildings.

The clock on the east end of Faneuil hall, in Boston, was formerly a dial of this kind, and on some of the old church towers in England you may see them today. Aside from the kinds mentioned, the dials now in existence are intended more for ornament than for use. In the days when dials were used each one contained a motto of some kind, like these: "Time flies like the shadow," or "I tell no hours but those that are happy."

But the dial could be used only in the daytime; and even then it was worthless when the sun was covered with clouds. In order to measure the hours of the night as well as the hours of the day, the Greeks and Romans used the clepsydra, which means "The water steals away." A large jar was filled with water and a hole was made in the bottom through which the water could run. The glass in those days was not transparent. No one could see from the outside how much water had escaped. So there was made, on the inside, certain marks that told the hours as the water ran out; or else a stick with notches in the edges was dipped into the water, and the depth of what was left showed the hour. Sometimes the water dropped into another jar in which a block of wood was floating, the block rising as the hours went on. Once in a while some very rich man had a clepsydra that sounded a musical note at every hour.

CHICAGO MAN SUICIDES.

Chicago, June 28.—Guy C. Ledyard, Jr., manager of the American Starch company and son of Guy C. Ledyard, Sr., a pioneer sugar broker of Chicago, shot himself through the heart today with a fowling piece. He died instantly. Ill health had caused him to be despondent.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE PAVILION
Duluth's Only Recognized Summer Theater.
Great Success! Crowded Houses! Immense Hit Everybody Pleased!
The New York Stock Co. in
The Two Orphans
Herschell Mayall and Ruth Russell.
The Hit of Duluth.
ROSS SNOW, the original tramp of "RICE'S 1492."
MISS ALICE SMYTHE and HENRY DU TREUX
Introduce the greatest novelty of the age.
Popular Prices. Performances commence after arrival 8 o'clock car nights and 2 o'clock car matinees.

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The Best 10-cent Union Cigar Ever Made.
Manufactured by H. T. DINHAM,
21 West Superior Street.

C. C. AMES ARRESTED

Dakota Man Charges Him With Misappropriating Wheat Sent Him.

ARRAIGNED TODAY

The Failure of His Firm Is the Cause of the Trouble.

C. C. Ames was arrested this morning on a complaint charging him with misappropriating wheat consigned to him by Henry Thies, of La Moure, S. D.

The complaint was sworn to by Attorney R. W. S. Blackwell, of La Moure, counsel for Mr. Thies. The amount that it is charged was converted is 485 bushels, valued at $270. The arrest was made at Mr. Ames' residence by Officer Forgy. The accused was taken before Judge Edson on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree, and the hearing was set for 10 o'clock Thursday morning. Bail was fixed at $1000, a bond for which was furnished, with Ward Ames and Albert S. Ames as sureties.

Attorney Blackwell was averse to giving out for publication the details of the transaction on which the charge is based. The substance of his charge is that the wheat was sold and that the proceeds were not at hand to meet th check sent to the consignee in payment.

"Besides Mr. Thies, there are other losers by the failure of the firm to meet its obligations," Mr. Blackwell said, "including Mr. Lockman, Mr. Ames' partner. Mr. Lockman is ruined and has been forced to take a situation on a small salary to make a living."

Mr. Blackwell said he had been here since Friday trying to effect a settlement with Mr. Ames. The latter, however, is not in better shape than Mr. Lackman. He had instituted criminal proceedings with great reluctance and only when he saw that all hope of a settlement was useless. He did not care at present, he said, to give the names of others whom his clients are after.

Mr. Ames bears a very high reputation on the Duluth board of trade, and none of the grain men believe that he has been anything but upright in his dealings. His firm sustained a loss of $2500 through a forgery some months ago, and it was through this crippled and rendered insolvent.

CARRIES A TELEPHONE.

New Device Placed on the Steamer Thomas Cranage.

It is a pretty dull season when something new is not added to the world's supply of labor-saving and labor-multiplying devices, and of late not a little of the mental energy devoted to these adjuncts of progress has gone into the lake vessel building industry. The latest thing is the application of the telephone system to the large lake barges. The steamer Thomas Cranage, which left port Saturday, carried with her a telephone exchange all her own, and other lake vessels will undoubtedly adopt the same system.

The ship telephone is another step in the evolution which is grinding out of the sailor's trade all of the features which connect it with the sailor's trade of the romances. Steam was the first great division, but when it gets so there is none of the bawling of orders which survived steam the romances are very much a back number indeed. Yet the new system will save much unnecessary lung wear, and a good deal of confusion will be done away with. There is no central to dash the talker's enthusiasm with a laconic "Busy now; call again." Each telephone box is a central of itself, and those who will use the telephone carry it around with them, in a way. The wires, of course, are laid through the vessels, and stations are constructed in the engine room, the captain and mates' cabins, the wheel house, and in short, wherever a telephone is likely to come in handy. Those who use the 'phone carry about with them a very neat little apparatus which contains a transmitter and a receiver.

Suppose the captain, from the wheel house, wants to tell the chief engineer that he will have to make better speed if he does not want to be put off the boat. He takes out of his pocket the telephone, attaches a plug to the plate fixed in the woodwork for the purpose, pushes the proper button, and waits. The engineer hears the bell, takes out his own telephone, repeats the captain's operation and answers. Then the conversation proceeds, and when it is over the telephones are replaced in their respective pockets.

The transmitter and receiver, which fold together like the covers of a book, are so arranged that when opened the transmitter fronts the mouth and the receiver comes alongside the ear.

The possibilities of the new device are innumerable aside from its use on vessels. It could be used to advantage in deep-level mines, ore docks and in factories of all kinds.

Duluth Citizens!

Can always secure lowest round trip rates at the Eastern Minnesota city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

San Francisco, June 29, July 3..$29 00
Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5..... 13 30
St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6 ..... 4 30
Nashville and return (daily)..... 43 30

Nervous Weak Tired. Thousands are in this condition.

They are despondent and gloomy, cannot sleep, have no appetite, no energy, no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla soon brings help to such people. It gives them pure, rich blood, cures nervousness, creates an appetite, tones and strengthens the stomach and imparts new life and increased vigor to all the organs of the body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

An Army Experiment.

Strength of Troops on Long Runs on Bicycles.

The army corps carrying dispatches from Chicago to army headquarters, Washington, on bicycles, to demonstrate the practicability of the rapid movement of troops over long distances on wheels, trained for their run, on Postum Cereal in place of ordinary coffee and Postum was used on the entire trip.

Naturally, a careful investigation into the qualities of Postum preceded its adoption by the officer in Chicago. It is quite generally known to athletes themselves that Postum Cereal Food Coffee adds, in a marked degree, to the power of any man for continuous physical exertion, the heart, lungs and nerves working vastly better than where ordinary coffee has been used. The reason for this is that Postum is made of certain parts of cereals, skillfully selected and scientifically prepared. Certain ingredients of food are needed by the human body to supply the peculiar gray substance that should fill every nerve cell in the body. This cannot be obtained from drugs, but must come from food. Postum Cereal Food Coffee is made from these elements. It looks like coffee and tastes much like it, but is a distinct beverage, rich in food value and standing on its own merit.

Many people have had Postum poorly made. It is rich and delicious when boiled fifteen minutes and served hot, with enough in the boiler to make it a very deep seal brown color.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LIMITED,
Battle Creek, Mich.

PROF. WOODWARD'S CHOIR.

First Appearance at the Methodist Church Last Evening.

The new choir of the First Methodist church, organized and directed by Professor Francis E. Woodward, made its first appearance last evening. A vesper service was given and the musical program was one of rare excellence. The choir made a very favorable impression and is certainly admirably drilled. It is of ample volume and there is an evenness and precision that is well nigh perfect. The choir sang "Sing Alleluia Forth," by Dudley Buck, as its first number. F. W. Maynard sang the tenor solo and Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward the soprano solo. For the offertory, Clark's "Chorus of Angels" was sung, and then the chorus "Glad Tidings," by Bartlett, Mrs. Woodward singing the soprano and Miss Clara Palmer playing the violin obligato. All were finely given.

The Apollo Male quartet, consisting of F. W. Maynard, first tenor; D. G. Black, second tenor; Francis E. Woodward, baritone; G. H. McCarthy, basso, sang several numbers, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," and "Still at Thy Mercy Seat," arranged by Mr. Woodward, and "Nearer, My God, to Thee," by Mason-Johnson. The quartet is an exceptionally fine one. The voices harmonize perfectly and the singing is very artistic.

Two solo numbers were sung. Mrs. Woodward sang the Bach-Gounod "Ave Maria." Miss Palmer playing a violin obligato. It was a beautiful number and was admirably rendered. Professor Woodward sang a recitative and aria from "The Messiah." It was a very difficult number and was sung in a highly artistic manner. The organ numbers and accompaniments by Mrs. Loman, the cornet accompaniments by Mr. Pearson, and the piano accompaniments by Miss Briggs were excellent.

A HORSE WITH SENSE.

Displayed More Intelligence Than His Master.

The old worn out horses employed in the retail mill wood business in Duluth occasionally show considerable intelligence even though they are not possessed of as much strength as they once were. An old gray nag was doing his best to haul a load up a steep grade on the hill Saturday, and when within a couple of hundred feet of level grade could go no further. The driver, when his faithful servant could not budge another inch, even after he had been urged with curse and lash, blocked the wheels of the wagon and removed half the load. Then with an effort the horse hauled what remained to the street above. This was unloaded and the driver took hold of the lines and attempted to back the horse down hill to get the portion of the load left behind. The, until this time, patient animal turned his head and calmly viewed the situation. As soon as he realized what was wanted of him, his naturally proud spirit rebelled, and he threw back his ears, thrust his head to the ground and, elevating his heels, with a few well directed kicks, freed himself from the wagon, leaving it a wreck by the side of his astonished master. Then with head and tail up he trotted off as proud as a 2-year-old colt.

Use Duluth Stone.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Noticing your article in today's issue in regard to stone for the Duluth waterworks reservoir, what is the matter with Fond du Lac sandstone? Here are quarries, situated within the city limits, which are being taxed. Why not use it for doing said work? It is of better quality than either the sandstone or the stone from the south shore and which I am informed was offered at the same price as that from outside the state and city. The Fond du Lac stone is as easily worked by stone cutters as any stone in the state of as good a quality. Being a stone that has no superior as to quality, appearance and durability and being easily worked, why not help our own taxpayers by taking our own products? Yours etc.

FOUD DU LAC.

Fond du Lac, June, 25.

"The Grecian dames are sunburned." Tro. and Cres., Act 4, Scene 3. Our dames soon rid themselves of this trouble, they used Pond's Extract.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

WHERE FISHING IS GOOD.

Those looking for the best fishing grounds are reminded of Lake Tetonka, at Waterville, and Madison lake, on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad.

Wall-eyed pike, bass and crappies are found in great abundance at both of these lakes, which have not been fished out to the extent of some of the older and better known localities.

Excellent hotel accommodations, boats, bait, etc., on hand, and all charges are very reasonable.

For further information, address,
A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.
Minneapolis, Minn.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van company, who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

THE SALOONS.

John G. Woolley Says Church People Do Not Do Their Duty.

John G. Woolley, the eloquent temperance orator, addressed an assemblage of over 2000 people at the First Methodist church yesterday afternoon. He was introduced by Rev. Dr. Humason.

The speaker began by laying down the proposition that the liquor traffic ought to die. Slavery had its apologists; the saloon offers no apology. When arraigned for violation of law, it puts its hand in its pocket and asks with the brutal directness of the newly rich, How much is it? It pays and continues business at the old stand with increased facilities. Why doesn't it die? Because, to use a slang phrase, it doesn't have to. The church, with 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 votes back of it, is against the saloon, but these 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 voters say they have not the power. Power is what is needed; it is the first prayer of the awakened mind. The speaker would not undertake to tell whence the power was to come. If power is what is wanted, listen: "Ye shall receive power after that the Holy Ghost comes upon you." The speaker was tired of discussions concerning the holy trinity. Those who are the greatest sticklers for points in the doctrine are the ones who are satisfied with unclean comparisons and fail in their duty on election day. The Holy Spirit may be said to be the whole spirit. He shall guide into all truth, and the saying may be rendered: "Ye shall have power after that ye shall have surrendered to the truth." Not to a truth, but to the truth. The truth is to be above all other considerations. After the truth shall possess all there is of you, it meant. The chief difficulty confronting the temperance cause is that Christian voters are trying to get power by diluting the lies of their political leaders. They are taking homeopathic doses of truth and searching for it by microscopic examinations of the utterances of their leaders. They are trying to hitch truth and falsehood together. Prohibition, in politics, is one grain of prohibition to nine grains of permission. The good men at home dispense with wine for conscience sake—at the political convention they will dispense with conscience for wine's sake. They are geographical Christians. That was township prohibition; statesmanship six miles square. Such men, if they can keep their township, are willing that the rest of the country should go to hell with the liquor traffic. They believe in prohibition with a Gothenburg attachment. They accept prohibition as a principle, but reject it from their political platforms. There are 98 per cent of the Christian voters twisted out of shape trying to ride two horses. There are plenty of men who feel good in church, but they are no use unless they make the other fellow feel bad.

The speaker did not know whether the saloon could be killed in this century, but he did know that he could carry his own vote for prohibition until the saloon door is battened shut. The speaker enlarged on the power of testimony. Power impresses the world far less by what it does than by what it is. In the business world cash has little to do; it is rating at the commercial agencies that the seller cares for. It is so in the social world. The policeman who controls crowds with a gesture does it by virtue of the testimony he bears that he represents the commonwealth. Example, not teaching, is the determining power. What makes the dress parade of the police impressive is the power to do that it bears testimony of. So, if the dress parade of the church, when the congregation is gathered at worship, is to amount to anything much longer, it must begin to be the prevailing record of the individual Christian voter that he will strike when necessary to turn down a dirty candidate or bury a political boss. He must testify on election day as well as on the Sabbath. In the business world solvency is preserved by redeeming obligations. So solvency in Christian citizenship is to be preserved only by redeeming promises and prayers at the ballot box. No matter what the declaration in church or at prayers, when the draft for power is made it must be met, or insolvency follows. The trouble with this country is that its prayers and vows went to protest on Nov. 3. If the people of this country keep on doing as they did Nov. 3, the country will land in infidelity within the next 100 years. The liquor traffic has the main track, while the prohibition train is running "wild." This is because the saloon has the courage of its convictions and pays its political debts.

Company G Won.

Company G's baseball team won from the Normal School club in Superior Saturday afternoon by a score of 1 to 11, and a large number of Duluth young people went over to witness the process. The Nautilus carried the party over, and in the evening it took another large party out on the lake for an excursion. A very pleasant time was enjoyed.

Firemen Were Winners.

The firemen were too much for the street car men Saturday afternoon, winning out by a score of 18 to 14. The game was quite a lively one, and there were about 200 spectators. The street car men have a number of plausible theories as to how it happened, and the clubs will meet again in about ten days and determine whether or not those theories are correct.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouses for $1 per ton per month.
Duluth Van Co., 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

BABY HUMORS

Instant relief for skin-tortured babies and rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure. The only speedy and economical treatment for itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humors of the skin, scalp, and blood.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Proprietors, Boston.
"How to Cure Every Baby Humor," mailed free.

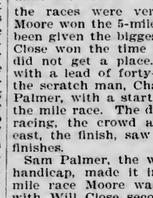
BABY BLEMISHES Prevented and Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

NURSING IN SUMMER.

Mother's Milk Grows Less and Less Nourishing.

Unwise to Obstinately Cling to the Failing Diet.

Lactated Food Meets Every Demand of Growing Young Children.



There are several old-folk whimsies and superstitions that mothers would do well not to listen to this month.

The idea that every mother should nurse her child steadily through the first year was well enough in those less enlightened days when little was known of mother's milk nor the sure causes of children's diseases.

Today it is an obstinate folly for mothers who know very well that baby is not thriving on its first food to refuse the help that thoughtful men—fathers themselves as well as physicians—can now offer them. When breast milk is insufficient, or the mother not well, lactated food may be absolutely relied on to amply take the place of the most vigorous mother's milk.

Toward the close of the nursing period, or when nursing is protracted through the entire hot summer, few mothers are able to nurse their growing babies as they ought. It is extremely rare that the breast milk does not show a decided falling off in richness. Infants fed on the breast on such milk, insufficient in quality and amount, soon show the effect in colicky attacks and in diminishing growth from week to week; their drooping heads are continually moist, and a pained, drawn expression, the sign of weakness, often steals over their faces.

No mother can be long in doubt what to do.

The food must be changed to a rich, safe diet of lactated food. Parents sometimes make the mistake of employing cow's milk, without personal knowledge of its fitness for baby's food. Diarrhoea and cholera infantum result from just such ill-advised substitutes. Fully one-half of the infant deaths are caused by improper feeding.

No less an authority than Dr. Guernsey, the senior editor of the New York Medical Times, says that he uses lactated food with his children. He says that it is pleasant to the taste and easily digested and assimilated into strong bone and growing tissues.

THE BICYCLE RACES.

Handicap Men Won in Saturday's Wheel Contests.

The Y. M. C. A. bicycle races were held Saturday afternoon in the presence of a large crowd, and though the handicaps were so heavy as to determine the result of the place contests, the races were very pretty. A. H. Moore won the 5-mile handicap, having been given the biggest lead, 2:45. Dick Close won the time prize in 13:01, but did not get a place. He was started with a lead of forty-five seconds from the scratch man, Charles Benson. Sam Palmer, with a start of 200 yards, won the mile race. The day was perfect for racing, the crowd at Twelfth avenue east, the finish, saw some very pretty finishes.

Sam Palmer, the winner of the mile handicap, made it in 1:55. In the 5-mile race Moore was an easy winner with Will Close second and Sam Palmer, third. E. R. Briggs, Dick Close and Charles Benson, followed in their order. The officers of the day were as follows: Starter, B. Barnhorn; assistant, Dan Kemp; judge, Frank Huse; timers, E. C. Regli, R. Zweifel, J. K. Driver; checkers, N. C. Hardy, Bert Erickson and Clarence Mickelson.

The three winners of the 5-mile race will take part in the Fourth race, which will be for the medals. The others, the preliminary races, will be held later.

TAKES THE SAME VIEW.

Zenith Mine Fee Owners Want Freight Rate Reduced.

During his brief stay in Duluth last Saturday Franklin Rockefeller endeavored to get an interview with the fee owners of the Zenith mines, of which he holds the lease, but without success. He is anxious to obtain a reduction in royalties, but the owners of the property take the position assumed by the fee owners of the Lake Superior group on the Mesaba range. They are anxious that more ore should be produced from their land and are willing to do their share toward encouraging an increased output, but realize that so long as a charge of $1 a ton is made for hauling ore from Ely to Two Harbors that any reduction which they might make in royalties would not place the lessees of the mine on a fair competitive basis with the Minesota Iron company which owns the railroad.

Summer Excursion Rates.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

San Francisco, Los Angeles, June 29, July 3, $29.

Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, June 29-July 3, $22.15.

Milwaukee, Wis., and return July 3, 4, 5, $13.30.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6, $4.30.

Detroit, Mich., and return, July 3-6, $18.75.

Lake Chautauqua, N. Y., and return, July 10, 11, 12, $23.50.

Detroit, Mich., and return, July 10, 11, 12, $18.75.

Chattanooga, Tenn., and return, July 12-15, $27.80.

Toronto, Ont., and return, July 12, 13, $23.90.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16-18, $18.55.

Indianapolis, Ind., and return, Sept. 7, 8, 9, $18.75.

Buffalo, N. Y., and return, G. A. R., Aug. 21, 22, announced later.

Nashville, Tenn., and return, Centennial, $43.30.

Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, $46.45.

Summer tourist tickets to Colorado, Yellowstone Park, Pacific coast, and to all Eastern and Western resorts.

For rates and particulars, call or address city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

Teachers!

An examination of applicants for schools in St. Louis county will be held in the High School building, Duluth, Tuesday and Wednesday, June 29 and 30.

W. H. STULTZ,
County Superintendent.

STABBED TO DEATH

Reynord Stoll, of Ely, Fatally Stabbed During a Saloon Row.

NOW UNCONSCIOUS

His Assailant Was an Italian, Who Has Not Been Captured.

Ely, Minn., June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—A stabbing affray occurred in the saloon of Stoll Brothers, on Sheridan street, Sunday evening, as the result of which Reynord Stoll, one of the proprietors lies at the point of death. At this writting the victim is in an unconscious condition and the opinion of the doctors in attendance is that he cannot recover.

Several Italians had been in the saloon during the evenig and a brawl occurred, and it is suposed that Stoll tried to quiet them, but in this attempt he was resisted. At this juncture he was stabbed by one of them just below the ribs, severing several of the intestines. The feeling runs high in the community at this time and if the assailant is captured by the enraged citizens, his life will be in danger.

Reynord Stoll was a comparatively young man and a native of Germany. He was a most successful business man and universally liked for his square dealings.

TURNERS' MEETING.

Annual Session Held in Duluth Yesterday.

The Turner societies of the state held their annual meeting, or tagsatzung, in this city yesterday, convening at 9 o'clock in the morning and continuing in session all day. On assembling a temporary organization was effected, with Col. William Pfaender, of New Ulm, as chairman, he being elected unanimously, and J. H. Hadlich, of West St. Paul, as secretary. The temporary organization was made permanent. New Ulm was again selected as the seat for the state offices during the ensuing year. The election of officers will be held by the New Ulm delegates on their return home. It was stated by some of them that the present officers will probably be re-elected. West St. Paul was selected as the place for the next meeting, which will be held in January. It was decided to postpone until that time the selection of a place for the next turnfest.

The business meeting closed at 6 o'clock and an adjournment to 8 was taken, when an entertainment was given by the local Turners. The program consisted of two violin solos by Carl Riedeisberger, a vocal solo by B. Eyferth, selections by the Concordia quartet, a declamation by A. Fitger and an address by Col. Pfaender. Today the visiting delegates will make a tour of points of interest in and about the city.

The following is a list of the delegates present at the meeting: H. J. Hadlich, Julius Perit, of West St. Paul; Edward Petry, William Herlan, of New Ulm; Herman Stern, of Osseo; William Seemann, Otto Mauthe, W. C. Fust, of West Minneapolis; Carl Schober, K. Schulenberg, Herman Vogt, of St. Anthony; Joseph Klichli, of Wahpeton, N. D.; Ernest Miller, of Winona; P. S. Anneke, M. E. Alletzhaueser, of Duluth.

Independence Day Rates.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad has arranged to give all those who desire to celebrate the Fourth away from home an opportunity to do so at very cheap rates. Excursion tickets between all points on this road within a radius of 200 miles, including points on the B. C. R. & N. and C. R. I & P., will be on sale at one and one-third fare on July 2, 3, 4 and 5, limited to July 6.

A. S. Murray and Wife
SPRINGFIELD, MO.
Restored to Health by Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

MR. MURRAY, engineer for Keet & Rountree Mercantile Co., Springfield, Mo., writes: "I suffered from dyspepsia, was unable to eat anything without severe distress. Treated by several physicians without benefit, I became almost a physical wreck and unable to attend to my work. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and in six weeks I was well. My wife had a severe attack of La Grippe which brought on troubles peculiar to her sex. The Restorative Nervine is the only thing that has helped her. We both hope you will use this in a way to help others as we have been."

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Blatz MALT-VIVINE

As a **Tonic** for the sick will **produce** health, and as a **beverage** for the well will **retain** and **sustain** health. Highest Grade Malt Extract on the market. **A Non-Intoxicant.**
All Druggists.

Val Blatz Brewing Co.
Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

THE PAVILION OPENING.

Stock Company Played "The Two Orphans" Yesterday.

The Pavilion was opened yesterday for the season and in spite of the bad weather there were large audiences both afternoon and evening. "The Two Orphans," the famous old play, was presented by a stock company headed by Herschel Mayall and Miss Ruth Russell and a very good production of the drama was given. The applause with which it was received indicated that a popular chord had been struck. The old dramas do not seem to lose their hold upon the public. "The Two Orphans" was having its run many years ago and has been played thousands of times, and yet today the public seems to delight in hearing it again.

Mr. Mayall played the dual role of Pierre and the chevalier. He is an able actor and his methods are excellent. He invested the part of Pierre with a touching sympathy that moves everyone. Miss Russell as Louise, the blind girl, was fine. She has a pleasing voice, a good stage presence and an excellent conception of the part. Miss Benton as the old hag, Widow Frochard, was good. Mr. Mello as Picard, Mr. Radford as Jacques and Miss Aubrey as Henrietta, were all satisfactory.

In addition to the play a number of specialties were introduced and over these the audience fairly went wild. Ross Snow's tramp specialty took the crowd by storm. It is a clever impersonation that was one of the great hits of Rice's "1492." He was recalled again and again. Miss Smythe gave imitations of harp, bagpipes, mandolins, banjo and guitar on a Crown piano and a series of stereopticon views showing a soldier from the time of enlistment to his return home, accompanied by music, was a pleasing feature. Mr. Du Truex sang several numbers. He has a fine baritone voice and sings well. He received several encores.

The performance of "The Two Orphans" will be repeated every evening this week and there will be matinees on Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. The same specialties will be continued throughout the week.

ABOUT STANDARD TIME.

Why the Present Time System Was Adopted.

The old railroad man sat behind the counter of a Chestnut street ticket office, enjoying a mild and meditative cigar, says the Philadelphia Record. A young man with an interrogation point sort of a face leaned over the counter and said: "Beg pardon, may I ask a question? Thanks. I observe that all railway time tables have conspicuously printed upon them 'Eastern standard time.' I suppose I'm an awful ignoramus, but I'm blest if I ever met anyone who could clearly explain the meaning of that. Do you know?

"I rather think I do," replied the old railroad man. "Prior to 1883 the clocks of this country were in confusion indescribable. Every city, town and village had its own local time, fixed by solar observation. Then every railroad had its own standard of time, and some of the large systems had several different varieties of time, covering their several divisions respectively. In those days if you went into a strange town and asked one of its people the time of day, he would reply with the question, 'City time or railroad time?' the variation between the two being in some cases nearly an hour. A man traveling only from Boston to Washington desirous of keeping his watch even with the time table would use no less than five different standards of time. He would start by Boston time, at Providence he would reset his watch to Providence time, at New London to New York time, at New York—not as one might suppose to the local time of the metropolis, but to Philadelphia time, which was then just five minutes slower than New York time. All the way from New York to Baltimore his train would be governed by our own old statehouse clock, but at Baltimore he would have to set his watch back two minutes, as the train there took Washington time. Were he to stop off at Tremont or Wilmington or some other intermediate point, the situation would be further complicated, for he would encounter 'local' time as soon as he had left the depot.

"Now," continued the old railroad man, relighting his cigar, "the enormous dangers and inconveniences of this system, or lack of system, early became manifest, and schemes for its betterment were under discussion for years. Obviously, the ideal solution of the difficulty lay in the establishment of geographical zones or belts, defined by arbitrary lines running north and south, the time of some one designated point within each zone to prevail all over the territory within its boundary lines. Thus much agreed upon, the real trouble began. The smallest crossroads hamlet, as well as the largest city, was willing that every other community in its particular zone should give up its local time, but strenuously protested against changing its own. After protracted discussion the several national organizations of railway officials resolved to disregard all local clamorings and agreed upon the system of time standards now in use.

"This, briefly stated, consists in dividing the country into belts of fifteen degrees of longitude each, and taking the actual solar time of some important place within each belt as the standard time of all other places in that belt. As fifteen degrees of longitude are equivalent to one hour of time, it follows that the time of any given belt is one hour earlier than that of the belt west, and one hour later than that of the belt east of it. Eastern standard time is that of places directly upon the seventy-fifth meridian west of Greenwich, and is consequently just five hours later than Greenwich time. Roughly speaking, Eastern standard time prevails from Portland on the east to Buffalo and Pittsburg on the west, and when it is 5 o'clock p. m. at Greenwich, England, it is precisely 12 o'clock noon, all over the area thus defined, regardless of the true or solar time.

"Central standard time is fixed by the ninetieth meridian. If you start from Philadelphia and travel west of Pittsburg you must set your watch back just one hour on leaving the smoky city. At Yankton, N. D., you strike mountain standard time, and your watch goes back another hour. If you go on to the Pacific coast you will set it back a third hour, for you will then be in the zone of Pacific standard time, fixed by the one hundred and twentieth meridian west of Greenwich. To sum it up, instead of a thousand standards of time, as formerly, your watch will show the exact and universal time at every point in America by resetting the hands three times between the Atlantic and Pacific."

ARCTURUS MINE.

Ten Mile Spur Track Likely to Be Built to It Soon.

A Duluth traveling man who has just returned from Itasca county says he noticed some mining and railroad developments on the west side of the Mesaba range which are of interest to the Zenith City.

Twelve miles northeast of Grand Rapids, in townships 53 and 54 of range 26, a new force of about forty men are working zealously on the iron property of the Arcturus Mining company. This is the Minneapolis concern whose operations in development were so successful under the charge of Capt. John Mallman. It is now under the superintendency of Henry C. Foote, of Duluth, and the results continue quite as favorable. Capt. Mallman has been on the ground of late taking active interest in the operations, and it is evident that the mine owners must have some assurance of a railway outlet in the near future, otherwise they could ill afford to go forward with the work upon the present scale. Some of the Grand Rapids business men are not thoroughly satisfied with one feature of the situation, which is that the mining people haul a considerable portion of their supplies from Hibbing, although Hibbing is farther away from the scene of operations.

The Arcturus iron syndicate controls fourteen forties scattered along the best portions of the choice mineral ridge that runs across the two townships above mentioned, and it is given out that the neighboring mine, the Buckeye, which has been tied up for some time, will soon be reopened. It is confidently believed at Grand Rapids that this group of properties will be reached with a ten-mile spur from Blackberry, on the Duluth, Superior & Western railway.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Edward Clegg, a Proofreader From Chattanooga, Run Over.

The corpse of a man was run over by a St. Paul & Duluth passenger train near Mahtowah Saturday. The engineer noticed the body lying upon the track too late to stop the train. It was supposed at first that the train had killed him, but when the body was examined it was evident that death had occurred several hours before. The most plausible theory was that the man had been stealing a ride on a freight train and had been jarred off and killed. The only means of identification found on the body was a card in the Superior Typographical union bearing the name Edward Clegg. The body was brought to Superior. Clegg was a proofreader and had only been at the head of the lakes since last Friday. He came from Chattanooga, Tenn., and was in search of work. z

IN OLD ENGLAND.

Travelers contemplating trips to England should bear in mind that the English do not call things by the same names as we know them, says the Buffalo Evening News. Here are named a few articles in both the American and English styles:

American.	English.
Bowl.	Basin.
Donkey.	Moke.
Shoes.	Boots.
Boots.	Bluchers.
Druggist.	Chemist.
Ale.	Bitter beer.
Street car.	Tram.
Elevator.	Lift.
Cuffs.	Wrists.
Conductor.	Guard.
Wheat.	Corn.
Corn.	Maize.
Pigs' feet.	Trotters.
Candy.	Sweet, sweet-meat, Jolly.
Undershirt.	Vest.
Hash.	Mince.

Woman's Best Help
in her laundry work is
KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO

SILVER GLOSS STARCH
This is the original—oldest and best.
For sale by all first class grocers.

HEARING TAX CASES

Judge Moer Takes Up the Objections to Taxes of 1895.

GROUND OF ATTACK

Claim the Mines Do Not Pay Their Share of Taxes.

Judge Moer this morning took up the objections of 331 taxpayers to the enforcement of taxes for 1895 which became delinquent in January, 1897. Before the trial was opened a stipulation was filed by which all the attorneys agreed that one case, that of the Lakeside Land company, should act as a test case, all the other cases being governed by the decision in this case, so far as common features are concerned and exclusive of objections peculiar to individual cases.

A number of attorneys were present to watch the case, either because they had clients involved in the litigation or because of the importance of the matter. Walter Ayers, attorney for the Lakeside Land company, however, took active direction of the defense, while W. B. Phelps appeared for the state. Mr. Ayres opened for the defense by reading the answer. There are three general objections, but as one of them has been decided, and another is of lesser importance, the point tried first was as to alleged unjust discrimination in 1894 and 1895 in favor of the mining industries of the state to the prejudice of other classes of property.

Mr. Ayers opened by reading the answer of the Lakeside Land company, or rather that part of the answer relating to that point. It is alleged that the property in this company in the years 1894 and 1895 was partially assessed as the result of a conspiracy on the part of the officials to foster the iron industry. Following out this plan a large amount of property was altogether exempted, amounting in the aggregate to $10,020,000, and a larger amount was assessed and taxed at a ridiculously small fraction of its actual value. It is claimed that property actually worth $26,340,000 was assessed at $181,051.

Mr. Ayers then remarked that there seemed to be this year a remarkable unanimity in the rising against the taxes. There is a popular outcry against the injustice of taxation which allows the most valuable property in the state to go free while people are losing their homes every day because they cannot pay the taxes on them. He stated that the list of mines which are claimed to have been exempted from taxation contain those shipping, which under the law of 1881 paid 1 per cent per ton for all the ore mined and shipped in lieu of all other taxes. The objectors claim that this law was unconstitutional, and that their exemption from general taxation under it was therefore invalid. The law was never passed upon, though the attorney general gave an opinion that it was unconstitutional and his advice was acted upon without waiting for an appeal to the courts.

Mr. Ayers said that in 1894 and 1895 all these properties had an actual, established cash value, not speculative. Without naming it, he gave an instance of the manner in which these properties were taxed in those years. The fee owner received in that year $60,000 in royalties at 30 cents a ton, and the sub-lessee received $90,000, not to mention the party who operated the mine, between them the two received $150,000, while the property was taxed on a valuation of $10,000.

"Most of these owners are out of the state, and while the residents of Duluth are struggling to pay taxes, they get all the benefits from their properties and pay scarcely any taxes. I have instanced one mine, but the same principal rules. The old cry was that if we taxed our mines too heavily they could not compete with those on the lower ranges. This is misleading, for the fee owner and not the miner pays the taxes as a rule, and it is merely a question of how much of his royalties are going to be profit. It is well known that 90 or 95 per cent of the mine owners are men who live outside the state, and have no interests here outside the mines."

On behalf of the state Mr. Phelps merely introduced the lists of taxes delinquent in January, 1897, so far as they concern the property of the Lakeside Land company.

Mr. Ayers then began the testimony of the objector by placing on the stand George A. Fay, a mining expert. He testified that he went on the Menominee range in 1873 and spent two years examining mines and exploring, after that he worked for three years on the tenth United States census in the department of mines, working over Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota as an expert special agent. From 1881 to 1890 he worked on the Gogebic range, and in the latter year he went on the Mesaba range to work for the North Star Iron company, examining all the properties on the ranges at stated intervals and reporting to the company. In 1894 he began to work for the Merritts in the same capacity. He testified to his knowledge of the deposits of the range and his acquaintance with the various mines, after which the list of mines which the objectors allege were only slightly assessed was taken up, and the witness' opinion as to their real value was given. At noon he had just begun on the Adams mine, the first on the list. He testified that in 1893, when he first examined it, there were 6,700,000 tons of ore in sight.

A county official said this morning that the expert information obtained in this case would be of great value to the county, as it may be used in this year's valuations. In previous years the valuations have been largely guesswork.

The case will probably take up a few days.

Large Amount Involved.

Judge Ensign this morning was hearing the case of Fannie S. Wilder and W. R. Merriam against Mary S. Thompson, et al, which was begun a couple of weeks ago. The case was brought to determine finally ownership of a large amount of property on Minnesota point, about which there is considerable dispute. The case was still on trial at noon.

The argument of the Garfield avenue mandamus case will be taken up in the district court Wednesday morning. This is the case brought by the city to compel the St. Paul & Duluth and the Northern Pacific roads to build a viaduct over their tracks at the upper end of Garfield avenue under the direction of the city engineers.

NEWS OF THE LAKES.

Activity in Coal Freights But Is Not Expected to Continue.

Buffalo, June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is some activity in coal freights, but it is nothing which is expected to last. Charters: Hutchinson, Crete, Duluth, 20c.

NEW REVENUE CUTTER.

Milwaukee, June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The new revenue cutter Gresham arrived at 11 o'clock today, in command of Capt. Davis. She received a salute of twenty-one guns.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Toledo and consorts, 9 last night; Business, 12:15 a. m.; Bartlett and consorts, 2; Sawyer and consorts, 2:30; Curry, 3:15; Houghton, 3:30; Fryer and consort, 4:40; Marina, 5:30; Sranage, 9; North Land, 10:20; Oglebay, 10:35; Vulcan, 11.

Down yesterday: Pahlow and consort, 10 a. m.; Cambria, 11:15; Wade, 12:30; Maritana, 1:20; Kaliyuga, Fontena, 3:15; Ed Smith and consorts, 4 p. m.; Coralia, 6; Argo and consorts, 6:15; Mohawk, 6:40; Commodore, 7; Genoa, 7:15; barge Wyoming, 7:30. Departed: Samoa, Celtic.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Preston, 9 last night; Coley and consorts, 10; Majestic, 10:30; Tempest and consorts, 2 a. m.; Craig, 3:30.

Up yesterday: The two Wallaces, 1 p. m.; Northern King, 2:10; Maruba, Robert Mills, Nyack, 3:50; Continental, Holland, 4:30; Elphicke, 4:40; Siemens, Krupp, 5; Sheldon, 6:40; Thomas and whalebacks, 6:50; Susquehanna, 8:30; North West, William Chisholm, 8; Pasadena, Appomattox, Regina, Kearsarge, 9.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Niagara, 11 last night; Rockefeller and whaleback, 12:20 a. m.; Sevona, 1; Fayette Brown and whaleback, Merida, 2 40; Siberia, 3; Mark, 4; Spokane, 5; Andaste, 5:30; Roman, Japan, Lagonda, 8:40; Servia, Ewen, Castalia, Arabian, 10:40; Maricopa, Martha, Pentland, Dobbins, 11:20. Down: Algonquin, 9 last night; Penobscot, 9:20; Mariska, Magna, 11; George King, Rawson, Wenona, Uganda, 2 a. m.; H. H. Rowe, 2:20; Grover, 3:30; McWilliams, 4:15; Hazard, Peterson, Wilson, 6:30; Crescent City, 7; Pope, 7:40.

Later—Up: Schuck, 1:20 p. m. Down: Shenandoah, Granada, Law, 2 p. m.

Up yesterday: Oneeda, Corning, Lang, Gardner, Mohegan, Mingoe, 10:20 a. m.; McVea, Spademan, Mariposa, 11:20; Mecosta, Ashland, 1 p. m.; Rose, Boscobel, Buckeye State, 2; Ketchum, 2:20; Nyanza, Pringle, Harrison, Sweetheart, Unadilla, 3; Gilbert, 4; Neshoto, Madagascar, Stephenson, Neil, 6; Alberta, 6:30; North West, Pasadena, Appomatox, William Chisholm, Armenia, Kearsarge, 9. Down: Ford, 10:40 a. m.; Pease, Planet, North Land, noon; Gladstone, Northern Wave, 3:40 p. m.; Waldo, 4; Arizona, Plymouth, Scotia, 5; Cort, Russell, 5:20; Lyon, 6; Wotan, 6:40; Gratwick (steel), 7.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Yale, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Hovt, 111, Zenith City, Buffalo; 104, Cleveland; Queen City, Chicago.

Toledo—Cleared: Lightguard, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Uranus, Wawatam.

ON THE CHRISTOPHER.

Nothing the arrival of the big whaleback excursion steamer Christopher Columbus on her first trip to Milwaukee this season, the Evening Wisconsin says: Beginning next Wednesday high-class operettas are to be given on the steamer under the name of the Columbus Vaudeville theater and Roof garden. There will be two performances daily, the first on the trip to this port, and the second on the return trip. Harry Ballard will have the business management of the theater, and the operatic and vaudeville stars are to be provided by David Henderson, the old-time Chicago theatrical manager. The program will be varied by vaudeville and minstrel entertainments, a change being made every week. The theater will be in the grand saloon, which is now being fitted up for the purpose. An additional feature in the shape of a long-distance telephone will add to the pleasure of patrons of the whaleback, about 150 transmitters enabling them to listen to music and songs at distant points on the craft. Arrangements are also under way for special trips to start immediately after the day passengers have been landed at Chicago. On these occasions the hurricane deck will be turned into a roof garden, brilliantly illuminated with electric lights and made beautiful with plants, and a vaudeville entertainment given. The Christopher Columbus is licensed to carry 4,000 people.

LAKE ERIE WATER LEVEL.

An increase of not less than twenty inches in the lake level is noticeable on Lake Erie. Two years ago the water was so low that it seriously inconvenienced vessel captains. The increase in the level last season was slight, but this year it is more material. Twenty inches increase means much in the way of aiding navigation. Last year the steamers scraped bottom in making the island ports, but this year they are having no trouble whatever.

WILL REBUILD THE FAIRBANK.

The old steamer Fairbank is to be rebuilt at once. She has lain in Port Colborne ever since she was brought in there two seasons ago, after being burned to the water's edge some miles above that port. The Carters, who bought the hull from the underwriters, sold it to Capt. John Pringle and others. Capt. Pringle has turned the command of the steamer A. D. Hayward over to Capt. Bates, and will have the Fairbank towed to Tonawanda for reconstruction.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Codorus, North Star, Northern Light, Nicol, Buffalo, mdse; J. C. Lockwood, Whittaker, Lewiston, Lake Erie, coal; Kirby, Aurora, Aurania, Stephenson, Bell, German, Lake Erie, light for ore; Carpenter, Stewart, Tyson, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Vanderbilt, Northern Queen, Buffalo, flour; Harper, Tyrone, Lake Erie, ore.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word.

A Power & Settle Sale

Of Undermuslins==

REMARKABLE——

Not the ordinary selling—such as might satisfy you in choosing a single garment in a casual way—quite the opposite. A dozen or so will come nearer your wants for economy's sake. The big purchase is from a manufacturer who cut and made up several thousand garments more than his regular prices would move for him in a single season. The enormous overstock had to move—had to be unloaded—HAD TO GO AT SOME TEMPTING PRICE. We were ready for just that low price opportunity.

Rain or Shine the Great Crowds fill every Aisle.
Throughout this week THE GREAT SALE GOES ON. BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT. BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY.

Corset Covers.
Good Muslin, soft finish, well made, 3 to a customer 7c

Corset Covers.
Good Muslin, neck edged with embroidery, 3 to a customer 10c

Corset Covers.
Fine Muslin, V yoke, 10 rows tucks, hemstitched, embroidery edge, 6 to a customer 25c

Corset Covers.
Choice Cambric, V shape, beautiful embroidery, 6 to a customer 25c

Corset Covers.
Very choice, square yoke, fine embroidery front, back and over shoulder ..... 35c, 3 for $1.00

Corset Covers.
Very fine Cambric, 40 rows tucks, 3 inserting, nainsook edging, 6 to a customer 50c

Corset Covers.
Fine Cambric, ruffle embroidered yoke, beading and ribbon trimmed 59c

Corset Covers.
French Yoke, beading and ribbon, Valenciennes trimming 89c

Drawers.
Fine Soft Muslin, 4 rows ⅛-inch tucks, French yoke band, 3 to a customer 22c

Drawers.
Fine Soft Muslin, 3 rows fine tucks, Hamberg ruffle, 6 to a customer 25c

Drawers.
Fruit of the Loom Muslin, French yoke band, 3 fine tucks, 6 to a customer 32c

Drawers.
Choice Muslin, umbrella shape, 6-inch cambric ruffle, French yoke band, 6 to a customer 34c

Drawers.
Choice Muslin, 8 fine tucks, nainsook embroidered ruffle, French yoke band, 6 to a customer 42c

Drawers.
Umbrella shape, 3 rows fine tucks, 6-in. embroidered ruffle, fine muslin, 3 to a customer 57c

Drawers.
Umbrella shape, choice India Linon, 6-inch ruffle, fine embroidery, 3 to a customer 75c

Drawers.
Our assorted lot, very handsome styles, beautiful quality, lace and embroidery trimmed
$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.65 and $1.98

Gowns.
Good Muslin Cambric, ruffle neck, front and sleeve, tucked yoke, full width and length, 2 to a customer 39c

Gowns.
Good Mustlin, solid yoke, fine tucks, Hamberg inserting, cambric ruffle feather stitch finished, 3 to a customer 50c

Gowns.
Fruit of the Loom Muslin, pointed collar and cuffs, gea gaff hemstitched, solid yoke, 40 fine tucks 98c

Gowns.
Choice Soft Finish Muslin, round yoke, fine tucks, ruffle, embroidery trimming 98c

Gowns.
A most remarkable collection of gowns, beautiful styles, choice fine muslins, fluffy ruffles, gauzy laces, dainty effects tempting values in each lot, at such a price $1.28

Gowns.
India Linon, square yoke, Antoinet collar, ruffle of embroidery $1.48

Gowns.
Fine Cambric, ruffles edged with Valenciennes lace embroidery, V yoke collar $1.69

Gowns.
A most attractive collection of gowns in the Bishop styles, Bolera, Gretchen, Empress and French ideas of the latest order, in Dimities, Nainsooks, India Linon, Long Cloth, etc., excellent values ..... $1.75, $1.98, $2.25, $2.39, $2.75, $2.98, $3.75, etc.

Chemise.
Long Cloths, full length, ruffle flounce, 10-inch, trimmed with tuck and lace, Marguerite style 99c

Chemise.
India Linon, circular yoke, Point de Paris lace, clusters of tucks and flounces of lace at bottom $1.35

Skirts.
Good Muslin, soft finish, cambric flounce, edge, with embroidery 49c

Skirts.
Choice Soft Finish Muslin, knee flounce India Linon, 8-inch embroidered ruffle 99c

Skirts.
Full Umbrella shape, cambric ruffle, 3 rows hemstitched, 5-yard flounce $1.33

Children's Drawers.
Made of Choice Soft Finish Muslin, say nothing of the making, you could scarcely buy the material for the price 10c, 13c, 15c, 17c, 19c

Children's Drawers.
Made of Good Muslin, Hamberg edge, 5 tucks 20c, 25c, 28c, 30c, 35c

Ladies' Fast Black Skirts.
Made of fine quality fast black percaline, 7-inch ruffle flounce, umbrella flare 98c

Ladies' Fast Black Skirts.
Made of choice fast black Percaline, umbrella knee flounce, extra wide $1.98

Ladies' Silk Skirts.
You will buy the best values in Silk Skirts ever offered in this store—first come, first to get the best $1.98, $5.78 $6.65, $10.88

AND THAT'S NOT ALL

THE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR is not all we are going to have for TUESDAY MORNING AT MARVELOUS BARGAIN FIGURES. The freightman landed in our receiving room late Saturday afternoon another large shipment of the ANXIOUSLY LOOKED-FOR GOODS from the great sacrfice sale of the manufacturer and importer. Useless to say more than had they not been cheap, we would not have bought them—cheap to us—and they are GOING TO BE CHEAP FOR YOU. Our time is limited—in order to get the advertisement to the press—so that we are compelled to go into as little delay as possible on all lines. The goods are here and will be placed on the counters Tuesday morning at the MOST TEMPTING PRICES that the unfortunate overstocked manufacturers and importer could create.

What you will find—Wash Goods—from Swiss Lawns to French Organdies; Dress Goods of every description—the late Two-Toned Covert Suitings, Serges, English, French and Cheviot finish; Ladies' Cashmeres—Black Goods of many kinds; Brilliantines—both plain and fancy; Grenadines—etc.; Ribbons of every description, dainty plaids, stripes, Dresden fancies, Crashes and Linens; many lines of the little necessities of life in small notions—Hair Pins, for instance, Hose Supporters, Curling Irons, Tooth Brushes and a raft of other items—all at the same tempting sacrifice prices. We are going to delight you at the Hosiery counter with all kinds from a Cotton to the best of French Silk make—and Underwear—with the pride of Philadelphia's honest kind, and the foreigner's fancy as well. The daintiest creations in Ladies' Neckwear—in gauzy silks, cream grounds, little spots and little dots—Roman stripes and brilliant Plaids—Dresden Foulards—Washable Zephyrs, Madras, etc. The Lace counter will entertain you with bargains. The Belt display will surprise you—THE SAME TEMPTING PRICES.

Ribbons.

All Silk Ruffling Taffeta Ribbon, No. 5, 3c; No. 9, 5c; No. 22, 10c.
800 yards Fancy Ribbon, worth up to 50c, will be sold at ..... 28c and 25c
1700 yards Imported Fancy Ribbons, up to 6 inches wide, stripes, plaids, gauzes, Louesine-Morea, worth up to $1.25, choice at 38c
Lots of new ideas in millinery for you—150 Sailors 50c
Another lot of that swell, broad brim Sailor; also that wonderful Leghorn for children at 19c
And White Sailor for ladies at 25c
Some novel creations in gauzy Trimmed Hats will interest you this week, at very moderate prices, too.

Ties.

Beautiful Silk, Dresden effects 11c
Latest styles and colorings in Wash Ties, 10c, 3 for 25c
All the newest fads in Roman stripes, plaids, cream grounds, fancy figures, solid colors, etc 25c
We will show you the Up-to-Date Ascot Tie.

Belts
All the new Belts, too, and the most remarkable values you ever saw, 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 65c.

White Parasols, Chiffon Parasols, Foulard Parasols, and Parasols of every description will tempt you this week. Prices—that's all.

Silk Umbrellas.
Ladies' Twill Gloria Silk Umbrella, 26-inch solid silver knobs; the manufacturer's price was more than we are going to sell them to you for; your choice $1.55

At the Notion Counter.
Hose Supporters—black—Lindsay fasteners—
Children's first size 5c
Second size 8c
Misses' size 10c
Ladies' size 12c
That new Hair Pin, 200 in box, only 10c
Belt Pins only 3c
Curling Irons ..... 5c and 10c
Hundreds of other items in Notions, Laces, Embroideries, etc., which limited time prevents us mentioning.

Cloak Department.
10 doz Black Skirts, such as you are paying around town $1.98, we are going to sell to you for $1.25
Then a lot of Skirts at $1.98, $2.98, $3.75
Beautiful Brilliantine Skirts $3.75
Handsome heavy Silk Skirts $12.50
All Jackets at the **Half Price** Sacrifice.
Jaunty Crash Suits now.
Sacrifice Shirt Waist selling ..... 48c, 50c, 98c, Etc.
See them, that's all.

Lots of new dainty red Waists at the Sacrific Price, too.

Wash Goods.
At the Wash Goods Counter time is limited, so we simply say—
Swiss Lawns, all fancy figures and designs 33½c
Creton, Lawns, Murosas, Lace de Lavant, Empress Lawns and Dimities, worth up to 16c, all go at 9c
Imported Lappets, Duchess Organdies, sell this season as high as 25c and 28c, going at 15c
Imported Mullhouse Organdies, in some of the prettiest designs of the season, 48c kind, your choice 25c

Linens for Tuesday.
3 pieces Half Bleached Table Linen, 50 inches wide, good heavy quality, worth 39c, to sell for 24c
5 pieces Half Bleached 60-inch Table Linen, sold generally for 60c, to sell at 39c
5 pieces 72-inch Half Bleached Table Linen, splendid designs, worth 75c, to sell at 49c
6 pieces of 66-inch Full Bleached Table Damask, excellent patterns and heavy cloth, sells regularly at 90c, to be offered at 69c
10 pieces 72-inch Double Damask, with napkins to match, good values at $1.25, to sell at 98c
2 pieces of 72-inch Satin Damask, splendid finish and excellent design, worth fully $1.35, to sell at, a yard $1.00

Crash.
10 bolts Brown Linen Twill Crash, a bargain at 10c, to sell at 5c

Crash.
8 bolts 18-inch Barnsley Crash, worth 12½c, to sell at 8c

50 doz 18x36 Linen Huck Towels, in plain white and red borders, worth 15c, to sell at 10c
40 doz 18x40 Linen Damask Towels, fancy borders and knotted fringe, good value at 18c, to sell for 12½c
75 doz 24x46 Fine Fringed Linen Huck Towels, turkey red borders, a splendid value for 40c, to sell at 25c
A job lot of 20x40 Unbleached Turkish Towels, a splendid lot, worth 18c, to sell at 12½c
Also a lot of 20x40 Bleached Turkish Towels, with red borders, worth 18c, to sell at 12½c
75 doz 24x48 Full Bleached Turkish Towels, the kind you pay 35c for every time, to sell at 25c

Marvels in Colored Dress Goods.
40c English Serge for 19c
40c Gray Serge for 19c
42c Wool Canvas Cloth for 23c
50c Gray Pin Stripe for 34c
55c Red Etamine Cloth for 37c
60c Red Chenille Serge for 38c
60c Storm Serge for 43c
65c Storm Serge for 53c
65c Cheviot Serge for 48c
75c Two-toned Suitings for 53c
75c Gray Serge for 53c
75c Covert Suitings for 49c
90c French Suitings for 57c
75c Blue Storm Serges for 49c
85c Gray Mohair for 58c
100 Illuminated Cloths for 69c

Marvels in Black Goods.
55c Black Mohair for 36c
70c Black Mohair for 49c
55c Black Figured Mohair for 39c
40c All-Wool Serge for 28c
60c All-wool Serge, 46-inch, for 39c
75c Ladies' Cloth, 52-inch, for 56c
60c Drap De Ete Serge, for 43c
95c Silk Finished Mohair, for 72c
70c Surah Twill Serge, for 46c
$1.00 Mohair Brocade, for 69c
$1.10 Silk-Finished Mohair, for 77c
98c English Serge, for 69c
$1.10 Satin Brocade, 50-inch, for 79c
$1.15 French Serge, for 83c
$1.25 Silk-Finish Mohair, for 89c

POWER & SETTLE.

ADIEU TO LONDON

Queen Victoria About Through With Her Appearance In Public.

HAS DONE ENOUGH

Her Remaining Days Will Be Passed In Comparative Home Seclusion.

London, June 28.—The queen returned this afternoon—her final jubilee day, but one—and made what most probably was her last jubilee appearance in the metropolis for, with the celebration that closes at Aldershot on Thursday next, the state appearances of her majesty, it is said, on fair official authority, will be finished; that henceforth for whatever span of life may be left to her, Queen Victoria will confine herself to such work for the state as can be done at Windsor, Balmoral or Osborne. All those official functions, drawing rooms, public ceremonies, opening town halls, hospitals and the like, which bring the sovereign face to face with the people, will now be relegated to the prince and princess of Wales.

Her majesty has witnessed and has been the object of a scene never surpassed in material splendor and mortal significance since the British empire was created. For the occasion she put aside her own ever present sorrows and griefs in order to join the exportation of the exultation of the empire. The result was beyond the expectation. Everybody had known that the jubilee would be remarkable, but few realized how great would be the fervor and strength of the popular feelings. The sounds, far more than the sights, were a revelation. The queen thinks—so the statement runs—that she has done enough.

The unexampled devotion and acceptance of her obligations to her people have, after sixty years, well won her rest, and, in so far as the sovereign can, she now proposes to let the burden of responsibility fall on those who must bear it when she passes away.

It was the knowledge of this, pathetically mingled with loyalty, that lent such deep interest to today's proceedings feelingly devoted in the first instance to a visit to Kensington. Going to her birth place, possibly for the last time, revived for the queen all the sweet associations of childhood, made more solemn to her in that it was here she first knew she was a queen, and that on this day fifty-nine years ago she was crowned. As her majesty has always cherished with passionate attachment every tender sentiment, today's visit was one of mingled pleasure and sadness: it seemed, indeed, a farewell.

Her majesty arrived at Paddington at 12:35 p. m. She was in the best of health and walked with less difficulty than usual. The grand duke and Grand Duchess Sergius, of Russia, and Princes Beatrice, of Battenberg, occupied seats in her majesty's carriage. Some of the ceremonies of the semi-state progression were observed as on her arrival a week ago. A commanding officer's escort of the life guards were in attendance. The route was by the Bayswater road to Church street and via the Mall to Kensington. Such portion of the route as had not already been decorated was furnished in draperies, flags, mottoes and festoons, made so conspicuous last week in other parts of London.

Proceeding along Church street to St. Mary's a halt was made to receive an address from the inhabitants of her birthplace. Six hundred children of the Kensington church high school were assembled on a platform inside the railing and sung the national anthem as the queen passed.

After receiving the address the procession resumed the route to Buckingham palace via High street, Queen's gate, Kensington gardens, past the Albert memorial to Hyde park corner, thence to the palce. Throughout the entire distance there were dense crowds of spectators who cheered her majesty with that astounding vigor to which last week had so much accustomed one. The queen looked immensely gratified, smiling and bowing her acknowledgments.

BIG FOUR GETS IT.

Wisconsin and Michigan Car Ferry Line Changes Hands.

Milwaukee, June 28.—The Wisconsin and Michigan car ferry line, which has been operating between South Chicago and Peshtigo, Wis., has passed into the hands of the Big Four system, the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railroad. This will make an entire change in the affairs of the Wisconsin & Michigan ferry line, of which J. J. Coleman, formerly of the St. Paul railroad in Milwaukee, is the general manager.

The intention of the Big Four is to form a lake connection between Benton Harbor, where it maintains extensive rail terminals, and Manitowoc, and the absorbed car ferry line will be used for that purpose, the Big Four operating it in connection with the Wisconsin Central and Northwestern lines.

The transfer will take place about July 1, when all ferry boats owned by the line will be diverted from their present run between South Chicago and Peshtigo to Benton harbor and Manitowoc, thus forming for the Northwest a new freight outlet to the Eastern seaboard and the Southeast.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Professor J. N. Ritchey, so well and favorably known in this city, today assumed the management of the Spalding Hotel Barber shop. Mr. Ritchey has some improvements in view and it is his intention to make the shop not only the finest in Duluth, but of the state. Elegant in all its appointments and with artists of ability in charge of the chairs, nothing will be left undone to satisfy the patrons.

Work at Ashland.

Maj. Sears returned this morning from Ashland, where he was inspecting government work. A. & D. Sang, the Duluth contractors, have almost finished their contract for placing stone in the breakwater there. They began the work last fall. Their contract amounts to $7000 or $8000. Capt. Barker is also pushing his dredging work at a good rate.

HENRY CLEWS' REVIEW.

Present Rise the Start of a Steady Revival.

New York, June 28.—Henry Clews says in his weekly financial review: "All indications warrant the belief that the present rise is the beginning of a steady continuous return towards a normal level of values. For four years, investments have been subject to the control of an extraordinay concurrence of alarms, accidents and disturbing political excitements. Those influences have now about exhausted their force; the paralysis of distrust they have produced is disappearing, and the spirit of trade and enterprise is resuming its wonted natural tone. We are exchanging our pessimistic dreams for hopeful realities, and in a few more months the whole machinery of trade and finance will again be in active operation.

"The consciousness of this change has come upon the country; and the local speculative contingent cannot delay much longer in relaxing its misgivings and allowing the recuperative forces full swing. There is this evidence that "the street" is awakening to the approach of revival—we are close upon the usual summer contraction of operations, but there is none of the closing-up of accounts that usually comes in at this season; an indefinite hope keeps operators at their posts, and it is far from being among the impossibilities that speculation may remain active well into the summer and prepare the way for a veritable fall boom.

"It is worth noting that the current buying orders from the interior come largely from those whose positions make them familiar with the current business and the prospects of the railroads and who are imbued with the confident expectation of a revival of business which has been so confidently foreshadowed by many prominent railroad officials. These buyers understand better than we at this center the extent to which the farmers have already been benefited by the rise in prices of last year's crops of breadstuffs, and they see evidence of larger new crops at probably a still higher range of prices. All this means not only improved earnings for the railroads but also better times for the great army of agricultural consumers and for the manufacturers and merchants who cater for their wants.

"An unmistakable evidence of the improvement in business is afforded by the increasing demand upon the local banks for discounts. Last Saturday's statement of the associated banks showed an increase in loans of $13,000,000 within the last four weeks; the gain being materially due to operations on interior account; which again shows the expansion of trade in other sections to which I have already made reference. Country merchants arriving here express surprise at the absence of buoyancy of business which has set in among their own people."

ASKS EXTENSION.

E. H. Gay Wants Thirty Days More to Pay His Bond Installment.

E. H. Gay will ask the council this evening to grant an extension of thirty days on the $106,000 installment of the water bond issue, due June 30. The reason assigned for the request is, it is understood, the depression existing in the Eastern money market. Mr. Gay saw the sureties on his firm's bond this afternoon for the purpose of getting their consent, so that the city may be protected in case an extension is granted.

A LYNCHING LIKELY.

Miss Lillian Blais Has an Awful Experience.

Red Bud, Ill., June 28.—Miss Lillian Blais, aged 21, a highly respected young lady of this city, had a terrible experience at 2:30 a. m. with a burglar. She was awakened by a man with a beard or mask, who, after searching her father's clothes which were in another room, approached Miss Blais and made an indecent proposal to her, threatening to kill her if she made an outcry.

Miss Blais was so terrified that she screamed loudly. The robber then thrust a pistol to her breast and fired, the ball taking effect just above the heart. The burglar escaped. Miss Blais is not expected to recover. Bloodhounds were put on the trail and there will be a lynching if the villain is captured.

ZSCHAU PLEADS GUILTY.

St. Paul's Bank Teller Will Be Sentenced Tomorrow.

St. Paul, June 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles Zschau, paying teller of the German American National bank, arrested for stealing several thousand dollars from the bank, today pleaded guilty and will be sentenced tomorrow. The man Jackson, arrested as an accomplice, has been released.

CYCLONE VICTIM SUICIDES.

St. Louis, June 28.—Minnie Rose, aged 20, the only daughter of Louis Rose, of the C. & L. Rose Curing and Cold Storage company, whose mind was unbalanced by the great tornado of May 27, 1896, committed suicide by taking a dose of Paris green. The home of the Rose family was right in the heart of the tornado and was wrecked by it. The fright and terrible ordeal through which Miss Rose passed developed a hysterical mania which, after the first attack, never deserted her.

DRINK DEEP!

Wouldst thou be an outcast—roam,
In rags, without friend or home,
Tossed like a fragment on the foam?
Drink deep!

Wouldst thou crime and discord chose,
Reputation's jewel lose,
Every gift of God abuse?
Drink deep!

Wouldst thou see thy wife forlorn,
Thy children look on thee with scorn,
And feel the pang of hunger's thorn?,
Drink deep!

Wouldst thou in a madhouse rave,
Or be a bloated, sensual slave,
And fill a wretched pauper's grave?
Drink deep!

Wouldst thou with a frenzied brain,
Gaze upon thy brother slain,
And on thy hands a guilty stain?
Drink deep!

Wouldst thou sink in gloom o'ercast,
As withered by the simoon's blast,
Be cursed and hurled to hell at last?
Drink deep! Drink deep!

—OWEN JONES.

CONVICTS KILLED

A Bolt of Lightning Killed Four, and Ten More Will Die.

A GEORGIA HORROR

Camp Guards Were Panic Stricken and Many Convicts Ran Away.

Chicago, June 28.—A Daily News special from Dakota, Ga., says: During a terrific thunderstorm, lightning struck a convict camp near here last night and as a result, four convicts are dead. Ten are dying and twenty escaped during the panic which ensued.

The camp is at the lumber mills of Green brothers, and about 150 prisoners from the state penitentiary were at work there. Last night during supper the storm came up and struck the dining shack, demolishing it. Two of the convicts, negroes, were instantly killed by the lightning stroke; two others, white, died from their injuries a few minutes afterward and ten were shocked so badly they are dying.

About twenty of the felons, seeing their opportunity, dashed past the guards, who were panic-stricken, and made good their escape. After the guards recovered they got out their bloodhounds and the dogs were put on the trail, but owing to the heavy rain which fell the tracks had been well covered up. Only two of them were captured and they had been in the hospital tent for a few days and were too weak to get away.

The wildest excitement reigns and hundreds of people are out in pursuit. The state will offer a reward if the men are not captured.

HE DENIES IT.

Col. Graves Says Capitol Commission Has Not Reached a Decision.

It was reported from St. Paul today that the state capital commission had decided on St. Cloud granite for the new capitol building. Col. C. H. Graves, the Duluth member of the commission, said this afternoon that there was absolutely no foundation for the story. No stone has yet been selected, and it is not probable that a final decision will be made for two or three weeks. He is of the opinion that the report emanates from the St. Cloud granite men who, he says, have sent circulars to all of the newspapers in the state calling upon them to urge the the selection of Minnesota stone. Col. Graves said that it was a far easier matter for newspaper men to write editorials telling how to settle the question than it was to dispose of it in a business way. All of the commissioners, he declares, are in favor of using Minnesota stone, if it can be done, but it is out of the question to think of granite, because of the expense. The Indiana stone would cost about $600,000, Minnesota sandstone $700,000 and granite of any kind would cost from $1,200,000 to $1,400,000, although there is one bid in offering it for $800,000, but the commissioners think that the bidder could not fill the contract at this price.

Col. Graves declares that the commission does not intend to exceed the appropriation made by the legislature, but that if Minnesota stone can be procured within the limit of a character suitable for the purpose, that the contract will certainly be let to Minnesota men.

AN IRISHMAN'S TRIBUTE.

An Irish leader had been invited to attend an English meeting. He did not fancy accepting the honor, but for political reasons he felt he would not refuse, says the Chicago Journal.

He resolved, however, to take a fling at the Britishers.

The opportunity soon presented itself. He was very inappropriately asked to respond to the subject: "The British Flag, Upon Which the Sun Never Sets."

The Irishman, much to the surprise of all, paid a glowing tribute to the English.

He eulogized the brave fellows who had carried the flag to the four quarters of the earth.

As a colonizer, he placed old England high above all nations. Concluding his eloquent response, he exclaimed, with emphasis:

"Yea, penetrate into the very heart of dark Africa, where no white man has ever trod, and there, you will see the Englishman!"

And the champions of roast beef never saw the point.

THE LARGEST SAPPHIRE.

An Idaho man engaged in placer mining walked into the miners' bureau yesterday and after looking around a few minutes stepped up to George Taylor's gem counter and, pulling out a piece of a blue crystal, asked Mr. Taylor if he knew what it was? says the Denver Republican. Mr. Taylor nearly lost his breath as he recognized the fact that it was a sapphire of the purest water and the largest he had ever seen. The gem was nearly a cube, being about one and one half inches thick, one and one half inches wide and two inches long. It was much water worn, showing plainly the pebbly conformation gradually assumed by gems found in the beds of mountain torrents, the edges being very much rounded.

This is the first sapphire of any size discovered in Idaho. They are frequently found in Montana, and some very fine stones have come from there. The owner of this stone is operating placer mines in Idaho and the stone was found in the tailings and preserved on account of its bright blue color.

News of the find reached New York, and an agent of Tiffany, after examining the stone, offered $3500 for it. The owner decided that if it was worth that in the rough it was probably worth much more, and is now on his way to London, where he expects to realize its full value.

The stone is almost perfect, the only blemish being a fracture on one side, extending less than one-eighth of an inch into the stone. Mr. Taylor, who has a long experience in handling gems, says that in his opinion it is the largest known sapphire in the world, the weight being 208 carats. Sapphires are valued according to their purity, perfectly clear gems bringing high prices, the price, like that of diamonds, being increased per carat in proportion to the weight of the stone.

VISITING LUMBERMEN.

Party of Michigan Men in Duluth Today.

A party of Michigan lumbermen arrived in the city last night over the Northern Pacific railroad and today visited a number of the mills at the head of the lakes. The visitors are the guests of the Flint & Pere Marquette and Wisconsin Central railroads. The party is in charge of A. Patriarch, traffic manager of the Flint & Pere Marquette, and C. E. Wilson, assistant general freight agent of the Wisconsin Central. In the party are John P. Winship, P. N. O'Donnell, John S. Estabrook, N. B. Mershon, S. O. Hudd, L. C. Sladle, C. Kirke Eddy, C. A. Luster, H. H. Roys and E. Germain, of Saginaw; T. C. Ross, Thomas L. Handy, E. B. Foss, M. J. Beardsley and F. E. Parker, of Bay City; E. H. Cutler, of Steven's Point, Wis., and Harry Dean, of Milwaukee.

They will leave Duluth at 12 o'clock tonight for Chicago and will stop at points en route.

Sues His Former Partner.

The harmonious relations between Carlo Ricci and N. H. Priley, two sons of Italy who used to run a confectionery stand at 601 West Superior street, have been ruptured by a law suit in which they occupy the places respectively of plaintiff and defendant. Mr. Ricci claims that when he bought Mr. Priley out the latter agreed not to go into the business again in the same block. Notwithstanding this agreement, he claims that Priley quietly got a lease of the ground where the stand stood, ordered the plaintiff off with his building, and put up another with 100 feet frontage. Not only that, but he started a new confectionery store right over the site of the old stand. He claims he has been damaged $2500, and he sues for that and for a mandate from the court compelling Priley to go out of business in that block. W. C. McAdam is the attorney.

ARMY WORMS ROUTED.

Indians Did It While the Whites Deliberated.

The Ukiah valley has been suffering from a raid of army worms, which in solid phalanx crawled through fields and groves and vineyards and left devastation behind. Entomologists came to study the character and habits of the pest, and looked at one another and wondered what could be done to stop the destruction.

The Indians at the reservation here heard that the army worms had come, and forthwith let no grass grow under their feet. They did not know as much as the entomologists, but in executive ability regarding army worms the whole lot of learned bug hunters could not equal one mahala. There was great excitement at the rancheria over the news, and old and young, bucks and mahalas, pappooses and dogs, gathered up blankets and baskets and started for the field of battle. The worms travel in an almost solid body and with a fairly straight front. The mahalas, several dozens of them, squatted in front of the advancing army and let the worms crawl all over them. When one was well covered—hair, face, clothing and all—with the wriggling creatures, she got up very carefully, trying not to drop a single one, spread out a blanket and gave herself a good shaking over it. When she had shaken the worms all off she quickly and very skillfully transferred them into a basket, which she covered tightly, and then squatted down again in front of the creeping host. The process required but a few minutes, and the women were constantly jumping up and shaking themselves and squatting down again.

In the meantime the bucks, with true Indian dignity, stood around and bossed things, occasionally scooping up a handful of worms and eating them, as natural. The children ran about in unchecked glee, stuffing themselves with raw worms and poking the pests by handfuls into the baskets. It was a regular picnic for the whole village, even the dogs sharing in the general excitement and delight, for the Indian dogs are as fond of a worm feast as are the Indians themselves, and the beasts ranged about and dashed into the thick of the traveling army, and even stopped barking at one another to devour worms. These dogs will leave a breakfast of beefsteak any time to gormandize on worms. And so will their masters.

Excepting a plague of grasshoppers, a pest of army worms is about the greatest blessing that can befall the Indians of this valley, who are mainly of the Sanel and Tokia tribes,, and belong in general classification to the Diggers. They kept at their work all day, until they had filled every basket, pan and pail in the rancheria. They captured millions upon millions of the things, and where there had been an army of worms they left only a few scattered detachments. The squaws fastened their prizes tightly into the receptacles and left them there to die. Then the worms were ground up in stone mortars and dried. What else is done to them no white man knows. The exact process of preparing the delicacy is guarded as sacredly as a Mason's oath, and none but the old mahalas are allowed to touch the worms after they are ground, or to be initiated into the secret of the process. For, although the Indians are ravenously fond of this diet of worms, it has a religious significance, and is supposed to have a medicinal value that the whites know nothing about. Most of these Indians are apparently Christians, but they all cling to the traditions and practise the ceremonials of their former religion. And worm meal and grasshopper meal, aside from being the greatest luxuries known to their untutored minds, are used in all their most important ceremonies. They believe that the worms are sent directly by the Great Spirit for their particular use and benefit.

The entomologists can now relax their minds concerning the army worm so far as this locality is concerned. And if any other region is invaded by the pest its people would better say nothing to the scientists and import a few dozen squaws from the Uklah valley.

ANOTHER MASSACRE.

Brisbane, Queensland, June 28.—Another European party has been massacred in New Guinea. No details have reached here as yet.

REQUISITION FOR RATCLIFFE.

New York, June 28.—Requisition papers were today forwarded to Chicago for the arrest of Edward J. Ratcliffe, the actor, indicted for assaulting his wife.

AT BALAKLAVA.

Bugler Sutherland's Account of That Awful Charge.

The news of the war in the East stirs up the fighting blood of Alexander Sutherland, living in retirement in Denver, for, though 87 years old, his memory is still keen and he delights in relating again and again the part he took in the famous charge of the Light Brigade, says the New York Sun.

"The 600 men who were selected for this charge," said he, "were divided into three platoons, two companies to each platoon. Each company had its own bugler, making six in all. As I was with Lord Cardigan in the first platoon, I was the first bugler to receive his orders. I sounded the charge of that eventful day, and, following my bugle, the others repeated the call. We had been idle spectators of the general engagement that day, and were waiting for orders from Lord Raglan. The order came after a time. It was to Lord Lucan to order up about 600 light cavalry and hold them in readiness to take the guns which the Turks had lost on Causeway heights. Lord Lucan awaited support from the infantry before advancing. A second order came from Lord Raglan, brought by Capt. Nolan, directing the cavalry to charge to prevent the Turks carrying away their guns. Lord Lucan asked what guns to attack, and Capt. Nolan replied:

"'There, my lord, is your enemy, and there are your guns,' pointing with his hand to the left and toward the end of North valley, and not toward the Causeway heights.

"Lord Lucan then rode over to Lord Cardigan to give orders for the charge. I was near by on foot, holding my horse's bridle rein, and heard the conversation between Lord Lucan and Lord Cardigan. They did not seem to interpret the order of Lord Raglan in the same way. Lord Cardigan explained to Lord Lucan that there were guns in the valley ahead as well as on both sides of us, and he thought that there must be some mistake, but Lord Lucan replied that that was the order of Lord Raglan, and there was no choice but to obey.

"Lord Cardigan assented. I was about eight or ten feet distant from him, and, turning, he gave me the first order. I blew 'attention' and then 'mount.' The first, second and third platoons were formed, and then, facing his men, Lord Cardigan briefly addressed them, telling them of the dangers of the charge and the probability of death to all. The men cheered him vigorously. Turning to me he said: 'Trumpeter, sound the forward,' and we set off at a fast walk. A little later, turning his head, Lord Cardigan shouted: 'Trumpeter, sound the trot,' and I blew the call.

"We swept directly down the valley with the Causeway heights on the right and the Fedhoukine hills on the left, and for a distance of a mile and a quarter we had guns on three sides of us. While we were still on the trot Capt. Nolan was seen riding at furious speed across our front and bearing his course to the right. He was waving his sword and shouting to our command. His words we could not hear distinctly, but we afterward knew that he was trying to correct the blunder. Lord Cardigan shouted out: 'In God's name, what is that man doing there?' Someone in the middle platoon shouted back: 'Your lordship, I think he wants you to charge toward the Causeway heights.' 'It is too late to change now,' said Lord Cardigan, 'for we are too near the enemy.' Then turning in the saddle he shouted to me: 'Trumpeter, sound the charge.' I blew the blast, and we swept like a whirlwind down the valley.

"It was the first shell, I think, that was fired that exploded some distance in front of Lord Cardigan, and a piece of that shell struck Capt. Nolan, tearing a great hole in his left side. His horse, at once missing the guiding hand, turned to form with our advancing platoons. Capt. Nolan still held his sword aloft and he uttered a shriek that made us shudder. Then he wavered in his seat and fell to the ground near our charging column.

"It was no time to think. I followed close to Lord Cardigan, who rode ahead, turning often to urge his men forward. When we finally reached the enemy so that we could return some of the blows the men were lost to any sense of fear. The smoke became so thick that I lost sight of Lord Cardigan, but I could hear his voice shouting encouragement to his men. Running against a Russian artillery man, I struck him with my saber, but the stroke was short and he came at me with a rammer. My horse was plunging ahead, and before we could fight out our duel I was carried beyond the battery and among the Cossacks. A cavalryman made a lunge at me, but I parried the thrust. The smoke was so thick that objects were indistinct.

"I was trying to find Lord Cardigan, so as to be near to receive his orders. For a time this was impossible. Finally I heard his voice shouting to his men to fall back, and at the same time I saw the white hind leg of the horse he rode. I lifted the bugle to my lips and tried to sound the retreat, but my horse was plunging madly about, and I could scarcely play the notes. I was slightly wounded in each leg and was weak from loss of blood, and my horse was suffering more than I. The blast from my bugle indicated to the Russians my position, and as I again attempted to sound the call a shot tore away the bell of my instrument. At the same time I received a lance thrust, on my head. Dazed by the blow, I fell forward, clasped my horse about the neck and scarcely realized what was passing. My horse followed the troopers moving away in small squads through the dense smoke, and somewhere near where Capt. Nolan's body lay the animal fell dead. I hobbled back to our place of starting. At the roll call, out of 673 men only 195 were left alive, and many were wounded so badly that they died afterward."

NEW MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.

Germany is not only fertile in composers, but it would seem also in instrument-makers. It is but a short time since Ritter's viola-alta became known, since that we have heard something about a violotte and a 'cellono, or similar names, and the newest invention is a dragon horn trumpet, says the Berliner Signale. The new instrument is oval-shaped and terminates in a horn, representing a dragon's head, with its jaws wide open and a curved tongue in the middle. The cup-shaped mouthpiece is bent like that of the basis clarinet. The dragon horn trumpet possesses three valves and an apparatus for the regulation of the sounds, which allows the player to pass, without ceasing to blow, from the loudest forte to the softest piano. The timbre is described as partaking of that of the corno di saccia and that of the trumpet—whence the name. The happy inventor is C. W. Moritz, of Berlin.

PARIS EXCITED AGAIN.

Paris, June 28.—An iron quart pot filled with an explosive powder was found near the Strassburg statue on the Place de la Concorde at about 3 o'clock this morning. It is supposed to be another anarchistic plot.

ABEL KRUGER'S HATE

Wonderful Fighting Cousin of President Paul Kruger---Deadly Vengeance.

Has Probably Killed Over One Thousand Basutu Warriors--An Unerring Aim.

In these days, when the stalwart, unflinching figure of the Boer crowds the broad canvas of South Africa, it is of interest to encounter a true story of heroism from the early annals of the Orange Free state. Such a story is that of Abel Kruger, whose marvellous exploits can be favorably compared with those of Horatius Cocles or the victors of Thermopylae. Kruger was a near relative of President Paul Kruger of the Transvaal—the famous Oom Paul, says the New York Sun.

At the very outbreak of hostilities with the Basutus, the Free state called to arms every ablebodied burgher within her boundaries. Now the Boer soldier, always a horseman, may literally be said to live in the saddle—for from the saddle he shoots; in the saddle, while riding, he half the time eats; and he dismounts only when pressed by the exigencies of sleep. Trained from his childhood to shoot from the saddle, every man is an expert rider and marksman. Such a soldier was Abel Kruger, one of the very first to be summoned from his farm to drive back the murderous bands of Mosheshe, who coming down from their mountains at unexpected points, strove with demon ferocity to blot out in fire and blood every home and settlement of the whites within reach of firebrand and assegai.

The Kruger farmhouse was situated on the open plain some miles distant from the mountains, and Abel suspected that it would sooner or later be exposed to attack. It bore hard with him to go away with the commando and leave his home almost defenceless. His wife and children were there, with only two or three faithful servants to protect them. Naturally he was anxious for their safety, when, after an absence of a week, his commando rode back to his place.

While still afar off, Abel stooped low in his saddle, striving to descry the smoke wreathing up from the chimney. The cattle that should have grazed on the plain in the vicinity were nowhere to be seen. Nearer and nearer rode the troop, till at last the house was in view, roofless and ruined. Five minutes later they dismounted before the blackened walls.

"Where are my wife and children?" he cried, rushing in through the charred and smoke-begrimed doorway. Their mutilated corpses lay before him in all the horrible ghastliness of death. For some moments he gazed at them in silence. The tears coursed down his bearded face, but never a word did he utter. He slowly walked back and replaced himself in the saddle, vowing vengeance on the Basutus.

His companions had mounted and were ready to gallop away, when Abel rode up beside the commander, took off his hat, and, with uplifted arm, called God and man to witness that as long as the war should continue he would never again leave his ruined farm, "which," said he, "I was wrong to have done at all, knowing, as I did, that it was sure to be laid in ruins by those black-skinned and tiger-hearted murderers." Reasoning with a man in Abel's state of mind was useless, so his commander and companions allowed him to do as he pleased. Then the command rode away, leaving him alone at the desolate farm.

He would fight the Basutus single-handed, and not only would he make his ruined farm his headquarters, but he would find a bait sure to draw them thither. For this purpose some cattle would be necessary. These he would take from the Basutus themselves. That night he rode off toward the mountains and stampeded one of their herds in the darkness, collecting a number of them afterward and driving them to his farm. Next morning a few Basutus followed the spoor, and after a time sighted the cattle on the plain.

Near Abel's ruined house there was a little hill, 100 or 200 feet high, one of the few in the Free State, rocky, bush-grown, and flat-topped. This hill sloped gradually upward, till, within ten feet of the top, a clear cap of rock rose up almost as straight as a wall. In some places it was accessible, in others not. On the top it was as flat as if it had formerly been a peak and was now sawed off. On the slope of the further side of this hill Abel had his horses and guns in readiness, while he himself, lying flat upon the level rock, watched the approaching Basutus as they came on for the cattle.

Before driving off the oxen the Basutus prowled curiously about the ruins of Abel's house. But when he saw them gather together in a group, looking in at the door, where the corpses of his family had lain, gloating, perhaps, they were, over their own work, he could stand it no longer, but rushed to his horse and rode desperately down the hill, coming out on the plain 200 or 300 yards from the warriors. They saw him, and yelling and brandishing their assegais, rushed toward him, for he was galloping straightway toward them. But Abel knew when to turn. He knew too much of assegais to be deceived in the distance. He fired both of his guns, each knocking over a Basutu. The others ran to the slope of the hill, but more of them fell before the remainder found shelter behind rocks and boulders.

Keeping well out of range of their assegais, he now dismounted and picked them off one by one, as some of them had only partial cover and others foolishly and vauntingly taunted him to come nearer. When no more heads appeared Abel thought he might safely draw closer and ride around to count the bodies. Two or three times over he counted, but could not find more than nineteen. Where was the other? for when they first came in view he had counted a score. At all costs the missing warrior must be found. So Abel rode around the hill to the eastern side, and there, afar off over the plain, he saw the erstwhile boastful warrior legging it as hard as he could go for the mountains. Abel galloped after him till within good range, and then, dismounting, stopped him with a bullet. On going up to see if he were dead, he found his own wife's ring on the fellow's finger.

On the third day after he saw another party come toward him from the mountains. When they were still a couple of miles off he rode out to meet them. When they saw him galloping toward them they yelled, and with assegais ready, came on without quickening their pace. At a safe distance he reined up and fired, killing a pair. Then he retreated, and they pursued at a run, thinking they would frighten him the more, as they thought he was going away from fear. However, as soon as he had reloaded he doubled back to meet them and shot two more. Then they stopped, for they thought it dangerous to follow him further. When he saw them halting he halted also, and continued coolly firing and killing with every shot. At last they began running back, when they had lost nearly half their number. But the open plain gave them no cover, and Abel followed and shot until the last man tumbled over.

To entice more Basutus out on the plain he ran the risk of starting off after dark to drive the cattle toward the mountains. At dawn, while still a considerable distance out on the plain, he lighted a fire of withered grass to attract their attention. Letting the cattle graze about for a time, he sat in his saddle awaiting developments. When at last he saw a party coming after the cattle he began to entice them slowly toward his farm, as if he didn't notice that anyone was after him. If he saw them gaining on him he would go a little faster, and sometimes he pretended to have trouble with the herd, so as to encourage his pursuers and entice them further out upon the plain. On came the Basutus till Abel thought they were far enough from the mountains for their friends to remain ignorant of their fate. Then he treated them as he did the other bands that had preceded them—not one escaping to tell the fate of the others.

Twelve young bloods, who wished to curry favor with the king, banded themselves together and swore they would kill the Killer. They started out stealthily, under cover of darkness. Unheard and unseen, they reached Abel's flat-topped hill and hid themselves away among the bushes and boulders on the slope. At the first signs of dawn they saw Abel making his way along the head of the slope by the foot of the rock ledge. Soon they saw him go on his knees, and then down flat on his face. Abel was drinking at a little spring, whose cool water boiled up in the midst of a pond or basin as clear as crystal.

As he lay there, face downward, drinking, he noted in the water the reflection of the blue sky overhead and of the green leaves overhanging the edges. Then he became aware of something else. The black faces of a dozen men were glaring at him from the bottom of the mirror-like pool, with assegais poised ready to strike him. He never stirred from his position. He believed that his hour had come, but in the same instant he thought of a ruse to escape by.

"Well, you've got me at last," said he, "and I know you won't spare me, neither will I ask you to do so."

"We've got you safe this time," said they, "and we'll pay you for all you have done to us."

"Well," said he, "do me one favor before I die. I have loved always the wide, free veldt and the sky. Take me up on the hilltop and let me take one last look at God's beautiful world before you kill me. Besides," added he quickly, "my clothes will be useful to you, and you had better kill me naked, for if you stab me now with your assegais you'll make them full of holes." Now, he said these things while still lying face down over the water, watching their fierce countenances reflected from its depths.

"Quite right you are," shouted they. "Come up on the hilltop, then, and strip." So one of them took up his gun and went before, while the others, closing in around him as he arose, escorted him up on the table land, their ready spears pointing at him from every side, as they ascended by an easy way. Arriving on the flat hilltop, he gazed around, as he had asked, at the beautiful world, and then commenced to disrobe. First, taking off his hat, he gave it to one. Then his neckerchief he gave to another, to a third his pipe, to a fourth his tinder box and flint and steel. Another got his knife and another his coat; another his shirt, and so on, till he had given something to all but three, who remained, eagerly watching him, while the others were busy like children with their just acquired presents. They thought they had him safe, now that he was stripped of all except his trousers and boots. He noted their self-confidence with satisfaction. Taking off one of his long boots, therefore, with great deliberation, he handed it to one of the three who had as yet received nothing. Two remained, one on his right hand and the other on his left. Now he was standing quite close to the edge of the cliff, where there was a sheer drop of about eight feet. He took off his last boot with the same deliberation as the other; but, just when he was taking his foot out of it, he gave it a mighty swing, striking the heavy heel of it in the mouth of the would-be recipient, at the same time knocking over with his other arm the one who was expecting the trousers.

One bound carried him down over the rocks. A yell of disappointment burst from the throats of his outwitted captors. Their hurried but ill-aimed assegais flew after him, but none touched him; for he ran around under shelter of the rocks, and none of them dared to follow him in his jump, but ran down by the easy way by which they had brought him up. Then they were too late, for Abel got around to the western side of the hill, mounted his horse, and began to pick them down with the gun he had strapped on the saddle. When they saw how things were going against them they scattered over the hillside to hide from his bullets. But all day long he sought them out. Yet one fellow lay so well hidden that Abel unsuspectingly went into danger and started when an assegai whizzed past his head. But this lurker got shot, too, and by night the whole twelve left their bones to be added to the rest.

Some of them, after getting their presents of wearing apparel, had put it on, and did not perhaps have time to take it off afterward, for Abel sent a bullet through the breast of his own coat when he shot the Basutu who wore it. His shirt, too, had a hole through it. His gun and pocket articles he found where the warriors had dropped them, on the very spot they had stood in when he jumped down.

After escaping from two or three other nocturnal attempts, he was advised by a commandant of burghers to leave the farm for a time and go with his troop.

They say that the number of Basutu warriors killed by Abel Kruger exceeds all belief. Some put it at 1000, others say a little less; but at any rate, he made such slaughter among them that his name will be handed down for generations as one of the most famous of all the heroes of the inter-racial wars of South Africa.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

Services Free Until Cured For all Who Apply Before July 4.

PROF. S. CLAY TODD, M.D.

The Famous Nerve Specialist of Grand Rapids, Mich., Can be Consulted Free of Charge at

Dr. S. Clay Todd's Medical Institute, 1224 Tower Ave. West Superior, Wisconsin.

(All Street Cars Pass the Door.)

All Diseases and Deformities Cured.

Cures paralysis, twitching, pinching or prickling sensations, tremulous feelings, back of head ache, back of neck pains, sometimes running down the arms or back, dizziness and other symptoms leading to paralysis, nervous debility and female complaints and chronic diseases.

Consultation free and confidential.

No charge for services until cured, six months.

Directions in ten languages.

Rheumatism always cured, catarrh and head noises cured, dropsy cured, fits and all nerve and brain diseases cured, blindness, deafness and all eye and ear diseases cured, nerves of tongue and nerves and muscles of limbs being developed.

REV. WEBER.

The Great Evangelist, Recovering From a Dreadful Case of Catarrh—He Had Been a Great Sufferer.

Dr. S. Clay Todd.

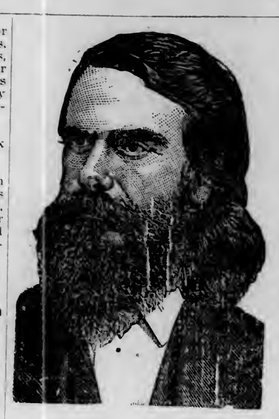
My Dear Brother: I do believe that medicine of yours will cure my catarrh. I am better now than ever before. Wonderful meetings here. Address me at Adrian, Mich., care of Lawrence house. Yours in Jesus.

J. H. WEBER.

ARE YOU ALWAYS SLEEPY?

Do you get up nights?
Can you control your urine?
Is there pain in your back?
Or nervous prostration?
Or nervous debility?
Or impotency? Or varicocele?
Any inclination to paralysis?
Ever had rheumatism?
Is stomach weak?
Do you feel worn out?
Is there a sense of goneness?
Pains in back of head?
Are you dreadful nervous?
Not much or too much urine?
Does it hurt you to urinate?
Does it smart or burn?
Is there weight or pressure in lower parts of abdomen? Or in the lungs?
Does your urine settle?
Brickdust or cloudy deposit?
How long this way?
Married or single?
About what age?

Then call on Dr. S. Clay Todd. He is the famous specialist physician who is curing all these dreadful complaints.



HE CURES THE CHILDREN.

Is your child unable to stand, or walk, or talk or sit up?

Does your child not have perfect use of arms, hands, legs or feet?

Have your children or your neighbor's children spinal complaint?

Does anything ail their back or hips or knees?

Did they fall on their backs when they were babies?

Is your child ruptured? In groin or navel?

Then take them at once to Dr. S. Clay Todd.

Under his treatment they will come all right.

People are bringing their children from all the United States and Canada, and they are getting well. Many come prepared to stay a week or more, and by Dr. Todd's treatments they receive their perfect health and shape.

All Can Be Cured If They Apply Soon.

This young lady had lost all hopes of ever regaining her health. The skill of Dr. Todd and a little medicine started her on the right track; she says: I had ulcers in the stomach and liver, vomited after eating; I doctored with five doctors without relief, and have been sick four or five years, the last year very sick, and had lost all hope of help. I had terrible thirst, felt if I could lie in the river and the water run right through me I would be all right, my stomach was terribly bloated, gas and water raised in my mouth, great pain in the side and stomach and awful weak and nervous. I was taken to Dr. S. Clay Todd Feb. 29, and he gave me one treatment and told me to return in three days and I would be better, and I feel so much better, I don't feel like the same person. I don't know when I felt so well and I do not vomit any more, or have to drink water, as I have no thirst; on the way home I began to get better notwithstanding the roughness of the roads, the pains all left me and have not since returned. MISS ANNA SWANSON.

Four and one-half miles northwest of La Porte, Ind., March 3, 1896.

CAN NOW STAND ERECT.

The Pieces of Bones Are Now Joined Together and the False Joint Has Disappeared.

The mother says: My little Albert, aged 4, had a joint above the right ankle, and the ankle was greatly swelled; also the left knee joint was so very weak and fell against the right leg for support when he tried to walk, and he swung himself from side to side when he tried to walk; now he walks and runs without difficulty. Under the treatment of Dr. S. Clay Todd from April 20 to April 28, the bones have joined together and the extra joint above the ankle has disappeared and the swelling has gone from the ankle—can now button his shoe—and the left knee joint is strengthened so as to support itself.

MRS. WILFRED BONNEEFANT,
April 29, 1897, Calumet, Mich.

Dr. S. Clay Todd has nearly a ton of Medicines at his Medical Institute, No. 1224 Tower Avenue, West Superior, Wis. Medicines sent everywhere, consultations free, Office hours 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Sunday, all but church hours.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Millinery way down below cost all this week at Humes', over Suffel's store. Store open Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A daughter to A. B. and Oneida Larson, of 617 Ninth avenue east; a daughter to Henry A. and Olive M. Hall, of 905 East Twenty-second street.

Charles Anderson, a plain drunk, went up for ten days this morning.

The board of review convened this afternoon in the assessor's office.

Fred Pelton appeared before Judge Edson Saturday afternoon on the charge of failing to support his family. He pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for Friday morning. Bail was fixed at $100, which was furnished.

Detective Troyer last evening took a large tent from Ernest Elliott and Andrew Haller, two boys living on Fifth avenue east. The boys said they had found it buried in the sand on the south side of the canal. The tent is at police headquarters.

Last Friday evening Miss Jessie Brownell gave a buckboard ride. Those in the party were: Misses Jessie and Loretta McCarthy, of Minneapolis; Budd Mann, Helen Morrison and Jessie La Salle and Messrs. Ralph Preston, A. Geggie, H. Jacobson, D. Gearhart, Ralph Davis and A. Burg.

The meeting of the Saturday club Saturday afternoon was not well attended and the business matters which were to have been considered were postponed. The annual picnic was arranged for and will be held Wednesday at Lester Park, at which time the business matters will be considered.

Henry Nieustadt, Jr., of this city, and Miss Mary Holland, daughter of D. C. Holland, of Saginaw, Mich., were married last Wednesday at Saginaw. They will arrive in Duluth this week and be at home at the Spalding.

David Hood has the contract for building the new Omaha railroad depot. It will cost $35,000. Work will be begun at once.

The Duluth mail carriers say that the report that they are to give a picnic at Zenith park on Sunday, July 4, is incorrect, and that they contemplate nothing of the kind.

Anton Grabarkiewicz, superintendent of letter carriers at the postoffice, is passing the cigars about today on account of a young son that has made an appearance in his household.

A Fourth of July celebration will be held in Catholic Association hall, Friday evening, July 2. A drama entitled "Rebecca's Triumph" will be presented by Miss Dunn, Miss Naughton, Miss O'Donnell, Miss Kenny, Miss Stringer, Miss McNulty, Miss McGinniss, Miss Sheridan, Miss Shanley, Miss Pember, Miss Stringer, Miss Pierce, Miss Kitchill and Miss Farrell. A fine musical program will be rendered between the acts.

Dr. Pillsbury has moved his office and residence to 503 West First street, the Peyton property across the avenue from the postoffice.

Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk will leave tomorrow for St. Paul and will be away until Thursday. They have three government boats and two passenger steamers, Flora Clark and City of Gordon, to inspect. Today they inspected the tug Inman and this afternoon went to Two Harbors to inspect the steamer Queen City.

The importations of foreign goods, which have been so large recently owing to the desire to get them in before the new tariff bill goes into effect, have been felt in Duluth somewhat. Especiallyhas it been noticed in the way of barrel staves. Today two invoices of $4596 and $2514 were received, and recently other large invoices have been received.

One of the informal picnics and dancing parties given at Lester Park last week was given by H. P. Downs, of Minneapolis, by way of announcing the engagement of J. L. LaVigne, proprietor of "The Midland," and Miss Murray, of Duluth. The following parties participated in the pleasures of the occasion: Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie, Rat Portage, Ont.; Mrs. Mabel Lewis, Mrs. E. J. Spencer, Miss Murray, John LaVigne, S. McCarthy and Mr. Downs. Lunch on was served at 6:30 and dancing was continued until 10 o'clock.

The jubilee which Kelly has inaugurated, cleaning clothes, continues unabated.

The Deerwood inn has reduced its rates for the balance of the season and will take guests for $5 per week.

The case against William Baker and James Fitzgerald, the Northern Pacific switchmen, charged with obstructing Arthur avenue during the crossing war, was dismissed this afternoon for lack of prosecution.

The board of public works transacted only routine business today. The low level reservoir bids were not considered, Engineer McGilvray not having looked over the specifications.

Changed His Plea.

Alderman Cox appeared before Judge Boyle Saturday afternoon and changed his plea to guilty in the assault case against him in which Thomas Bendlekson is complainant. The imposing of sentence was deferred until July 10, when the case against Bendlekson, who is charged with using abusive language to Alderman Cox, will be heard.

PERSONALS.

City Clerk Richardson has moved to 1007 East Second street.

Miss Marie Hill, of Champaign, Ill., is the guest of Mrs. W. P. Heimbach, of 1123 East First street.

Miss Emma Williams, of the Franklin school, left on Tuesday for Grand Rapids and other points in Michigan for her summer vacation.

Ex-Governor A. P. Swineford, who is now special inspector of United States land offices and offices of surveyor generals, is in the city today looking over the Duluth land office. He came here from Ashland.

C. F. Bone, the Rice Lake, Wis., editor, is among the guests at the St. Louis.

J. W. Weldon, of Detroit, Mich., is at the St. Louis.

J. G. Vivian came down from Eveleth today and registered at the St. Louis.

J. C. Poole, the well-known Eveleth lumberman, is at the St. Louis.

H. R. King, auditor of Itasca county, and family, and J. A. King are in the city from Grand Rapids, guests at the St. Louis.

Frank Boulin, Sr., and Frank Boulin, Jr., of Bayfield, are at the St. Louis.

James J. Egan, Miss Eleanor Egan and M. L. Byrnes, of Minneapolis, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

L. C. Farnum, C. H. Barron and E. C. Hunting, of McGregor, Iowa, are guests at the St. Louis.

M. J. Clark, a prominent lumberman of Grand Rapids, Mich., is registered at the St. Louis.

E. A. Nickerson, the well-known Minneapolis lumberman, arrived in the city this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

J. H. McCulloch and wife, of Omaha, are registered at the Spalding.

A. T. Merrill, of Minneapolis, was in the city today on legal business. He returned home this afternoon.

M. J. Baker of LaPrairie, Minn., is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

John H. Vincent, traveling auditor of one of the Milwaukee breweries, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

A. C. White, cashier of the First National bank at Grand Rapids, is a late arrival at the St. Louis.

A. W. Lindeke and T. McClurg and wife, of St. Paul, are among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

J. G. Ketchum came down from Tower today and registered at the Spalding.

R. I. Flournoy, traveling freight agent of the Great Western, is up from St. Paul today, a guest at the Spalding.

E. W. McPhearon, land commissioner of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad, with headquarters at Marquette, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

A. and A. M. Patriarche, of Saginaw, Mich., are guests at the Spalding.

John J. Hickey, of Green Bay, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

J. P. Sims, of the Itasca Lumber company, was at the St. Louis today.

Fred Pabst, Jr., manager of the Western agencies for the Pabst Brewing company, arrived in the city this afternoon and registered at the St. Louis.

Thomas Bardon, of Ashland, was in Duluth a few hours today.

Ex-Governor A. H. Burke has returned from his Eastern trip.

Bargains in pianos at Coon's.

Mason Fruit Jars.

Pints 40 cents, quarts 45 cents, 2 quarts 60 cents per dozen.

GRONSETH & OLSEN.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR

Will Make More Than 300 Loaves Of the Best Bread You Ever Ate

Sold Everywhere.

PARTIAL DECISION

Judge Cant Says Street Railway May Cross Northern Pacific Track.

NOT FULLY DECIDED

Right of Road to Maintain a Grade Crossing Not Settled.

Judge Cant this noon gave his decision on the preliminary hearings in the three cases in which the struggle over the possession of Arthur avenue is involved. His decision was not a thorough one, as he stated that he would not go into the merits of the cases on this preliminary hearing. While he did not decide the promissory rights of the St. Paul & Duluth and the Northern Pacific roads to the right-of-way on the avenue, he did not disturb the roads in their possession. However, he allows the street railway company to make its crossing of the tracks of the railroad companies, in a manner to be agreed upon between them.

In giving his decision he stated that he did not see that the court should interrupt the possessory rights of the roads without admissions, or showing clearly indicating that they have no right to maintain them. The roads claim such rights upon various grounds, and it could not be fairly found that they had been disproved. On a parliamentary hearing he could not require the roads to remove their tracks, and he left the determination of their title to the final trial of the cases. He could not determine them in advance of such hearing. All the points raised would have to be determined against the roads before the court could decide against them, and taking into consideration the inconveniences to either party in case of an abrupt decision against them he thought his temporary settlement the best way out of it. He would await the full hearing and determine the question on all the evidence. The street railway company, however, he found entitled to some relief, and it should not be blockaded. It has a right to make the crossing of the tracks.

"For the present," he concluded, "the railroad company may maintain its crossing on Arthur avenue, leaving the street railway company and the city to maintain rights subordinate, to those of the railroads."

The parties were authorized to draw findings in the various cases in accordance with this decision. They are to agree as to the manner in which the crossing is to be made, and it will probably be made in accordance with the crossing contract between the street railway company and the Northern Pacific. The cases, practically, are where they would have been had this contract been used in the first place.

AIR MAY BE BLUE.

Hot Time in the Council May Be Forthcoming This Evening.

All other matters will pale in interest before that report that the pumphouse investigating committee will make to the council this evening. When it is touched off there will be quite a shock, it is said, and several persons have been looking for a good place to brace themselves to meet it. The statement of one of the members of the committee to the effect that the "report found something" is likely to be amply verified.

A matter that would ordinarily stir things up is the disagreement in the committee on claims and accounts over the allowances to the First National bank in interest paid on city deposits during January, February and March. When the depository was designated the first of the year, the banks applying set forth that they could not afford to pay the 3 per cent required by the charter. It was understood, therefore, in order to induce the bank to take the deposit, that a sufficient sum should be rebated to make the rate 2 per cent. Acting on this understanding the First National bank paid something like $1100 interest in the months named, and now Chairman Jefferson of the claims and accounts committee refuses to consent to allow the rebate of one-third. Hence there is war. Aldermen Sang and Duren of the committee will report in favor of allowing the bill and Alderman Jefferson will trot in a minority report to vociferously and pertinaciously insist on its substitution in place of the majority report.

The long-looked-for proposition from Gay & Co. will, it is likely, be forthcoming. It will probably be at the figure predicted, $1,695,000. If it is, it will be turned down with a slam, the shock of which will be distinctly felt in England, where Mr. Cole and the foreign bondholders are holding their ears to the ground.

The council will probably adjourn to Saturday afternoon to pass the payrolls and transact other business that will not admit of delay, in view of the likelihood that there would be no quorum Monday, that being the day on which the Fourth of July will be celebrated.

Pleaded Not Guilty.

Clarence Mears, of the Weir-Mears Commission company, appeared before Judge Edson Saturday afternoon on a complaint entered by Inspector Osterhout of the health board, charging the company with failing to keep its store in a cleanly condition. A plea of not guilty was entered and the trial was set for this afternoon.

Best Struwberries of Season.

75 cents per case.

GRONSETH & OLSEN.

Died—James M. Brown, Sunday, June 27, at 3 p. m. Funeral from late residence, 346 St. Croix avenue, Tuesday, June 29, at 2 p. m.

To the Traveling Public.

The Evening Herald is on sale at the news stands in the Great Northern hotel, Chicago; Windsor hotel, St. Paul; West hotel, Minneapolis.

MAY NOT APPEAL.

Frederick Davis May Conclude Not to Carry His Case Higher.

Frederick Davis, who was convicted at the March term of district court of putting in a false bill for work done as county surveyor, and who took an appeal from an order denying his motion for a new trial and in arrest of judgment, is debating whether or not it will be better for him to accept a sentence or to continue his appeal. O. W. Baldwin, his attorney, and C. O. Baldwin, the state's attorney, spent about half an hour this noon conferring with Judge Cant over the matter. The conference consisted largely in talk over the case, in which Judge Cant took little part, and as to what he would do he was entirely non-committal.

O. W. Baldwin argued that the amount involved was small, as in nearly $1000 in bills a discrepancy of only about $60 was shown. Furthermore, by standing a trial and undergoing the discredit of a conviction, he believed that Mr. Davis had been punished enough. He believed that justice would be served if Mr. Davis was let off with a light fine. C. O. Baldwin maintained that the proper thing was a substantial punishment, without recommending whether it should be a fine or imprisonment.

While Judge Cant would not state what his course would be if the appeal was dismissed, he intimated that he would not let the defendant off with a merely nominal punishment. He did not state whether he should inflict a fine or imprisonment.

No decision was reached, and the matter was left in Judge Cant's hands for determination. If he concludes that he can let Davis off with a fine, it is probable that the appeal will be dismissed, as not only will an appeal be expensive for Davis, but even if the district court is reversed, there is still another trial in the lower court, which would also be expensive.

Excursion TO Port Arthur

ON STMR. H. R. DIXON, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30,

Under the auspices of I. O. F.

Fare for Round Trip..... $2

Leave Booth's Dock Wednesday at 1 p. m., returning arrive Duluth Friday morning, giving an opportunity to enjoy Dominion Day celebrations.

Only a limited number of tickets will be sold, which can be obtained through any member of the order and at the office of A. Booth Packing Company.

CAPT. FLORADA'S FUNERAL.

Remains Taken to Berlin, Wis---Virginia People Attend.

The funeral of Capt. Edward Florada was held this afternoon from the family residence, 1231 East Second street. A large number of friends were present and there were many handsome floral offerings. The service was conducted by Rev. C. H. Patton of Pilgrim church. The pall bearers were: W. D. Williams, James Sheridan, W. T. Bailey, W. A. McGonagle, John Owens and E. G. Chapman. A large number of members of the G. A. R. were present. Capt. Florada being a veteran of the war. A special train arrived in the city just after noon today from Virginia, with a party of fifty friends of Capt. Florada, who came here to attend the funeral. Among them were Dr. Stuart Bates, W. G. Moore, W. P. Mars, P. J. Ryan, C. C. Helmuth, H. A. Durkee and wife, Frank Carlson and wife, Miss Marie Dahl, M. J. Curran, R. M. Crowell, D. Burns and wife and B. H. Gabriel. The special will leave on the return trip at 6 o'clock this evening.

The remains were taken to Berlin, Wis., on the afternoon train. Capt. A. J. Carlin, one of Capt. Florada's oldest and closest friends, accompanied them.

There were few men better liked than Capt. Florada. He was very quiet and unassuming in manner, always cordial and courteous, and was a man of firmness and determination. He took an active interest in affairs in general, and although following his business strictly and closely, he was well acquainted with contemporary events. He was the embodiment of an earnest and substantial citizen.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

A VICIOUS SLUGGER

William Sheridan Without Warning Strikes Out Right and Left.

IS PROBABLY CRAZY

Attorney Briggs Knocked Out and Was Unconscious Several Minutes.

William Sheridan, employed as a sawfiler by Duncan, Brewer & Co., created a disturbance in front of the Torrey block this morning by suddenly and without provocation assaulting several passers-by. Before he could be restrained he had knocked down Attorney R. R. Briggs and a man whose name could not be learned, besides nearly placing ex-Sheriff Butchart hors de combat by a vicious kick in the pit of the stomach.

Officer Jensen appeared and with the assistance of a bystander succeeded in choking Sheridan into submission. At police headquarters Sheridan appeared as if demented. He stared stupidly around, would answer no questions and apparently did not recognize several friends who called to identify him.

When arrested a small iron link was found in his hand, with which undoubtedly he had been dealing his blows. Mr. Butchart says that the attack was wholly unexpected. He was passing at the moment and the man suddenly wheeled and kicked at him. Mr. Briggs was rendered unconscious for several moments. He was struck two terrific blows, one on the back of the head and one on the right jaw. He was taken into the Pioneer Fuel company's office until he had recovered sufficiently to be taken to his office. At noon he was attending to his affairs, apparently none the worse for his experience.

Sheridan was sent up on the hill this afternoon for examination as to his sanity. His brother says his condition is due to brooding over the loss of a sum of money in a bank failure.

Being Argued Today.

Judge Cant this morning resumed the "old soldier" mandamus case of J. D. Holmes against the city to compel the latter to appoint Holmes as assistant city attorney. The evidence was all in when the case left off before, and City Attorney Richardson had started upon his argument to the court. This morning he resumed it, and in finishing it he occupied all the forenoon. As it was nearly noon when he concluded Judge White, the relator's attorney did not begin his argument. This afternoon at 2 o'clock he took it up promising not to use the entire afternoon.

$1000 will buy ....40 ACRES

Near West Duluth, small house; partly improved, no encumbrance. BEST DEAL OFFERED IN THE CITY.

GEO. R. LAYBOURN,

14 Phoenix Block.

Tomorrow's Concert.

The sale of seats for the concert tomorrow evening by Mrs. Emil Schmied, pianist; Carl Riedelsberger, violinist; Theodore L. Lammers, baritone, is large, and it is evident that the musical people of Duluth appreciate the fact that a rare treat is to be offered them. The program is without doubt one of the heaviest ever presented here by local talent. The printed program contains a synopsis of each number, a very pleasing idea. The full program is as follows:

Ballad e Polonaise, op. 38..Vieuxtemps
Mr. Riedelsberger.
a "Eit Syn".....Greig
b "Det Foerste Moede".....Greig
c "Jeg elsker Dig".....Greig
Mr. Lammers.
Ballad III, op. 47.....Chopin
Mrs. Schmied.
Concerto Romantique, op. 35....Godard
Mr. Riedelsberger.
a "Der Wanderer".....Schubert
b "Wanderer's Natchlied"....Schubert
Mr. Lammers.
a Berceuse, op. 57.....Chopin
b "Hark! Hark! the Lark!".....
.....Schubert-Liszt
Mrs. Schmied.
Legende, op. 17.....Wieniawski
Mr. Riedelsberger.
"Elegie".....Massenet
Mr. Lammers, Mr. Riedelsberger, Mrs. Schmied.

Ho for Tower! Conductors' Picnic!

Excursion train will leave Union Depot **SATURDAY JULY 3rd AT 8 A. M.** returning arriving at Duluth 10 p.m. The Grandest Celebration ever held in the Iron Country. Round trip tickets $2.00, Children half fare.

FACTORIES SHUT DOWN.

Twenty-Seven Thousand Workmen Will Be Idle.

Anderson, Ind., June 28.—The National Tin Plate company today posted notice of a shut down on Thursday morning, as per contract of the readjustment of the wage scale. At the same time all the union tin plate factories in the country will close. The conferences of manufacturers and workmen wage committees will begin at Pittsburg next Saturday. All the union window glass factories are preparing to close down on Wednesday of this week for a readjustment of the wage scale. On account of the factional fight betwen the blowers and gatherers on one side and the cutters and flatteners on the other, some delay in settlement is anticipated.

Among the union flint bottle manufacturers there will be no shut down as usual, the information being given out today that the union men will sacrifice their vacation in order to fight the non-union plants which do not close. The window glass shut down will cause 15,000 men to lie idle, while the tin plate closing lays off about 12,000 men.

THE STONECUTTERS' UNION.

Reasons For Using Duluth Granite on the Reservoir.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Mr. Taxpayer in Saturday's Herald asserts that the reservoir will cost $3778 more if built of Duluth granite than if constructed of Kettle river sandstone. Now, while undertaking to prove that Kettle river stone is good enough for the reservoir, Mr. Taxpayer, who more properly should have signed himself Mr. Man-interested in Kettle-river-quarries, had not the hardihood to assert that it is the equal of Duluth granite. And his deduction from the assumption that the structure cannot be built of Duluth granite is more than childish, for a sufficient bond from the contractors is all that is needed to protect the city from any additional cost if a subsequent change of stone be found necessary.

By using Kettle river coping the excess of $3788 can be reduced to $1800 or $1900. The case then comes to this: Is the superiority of Duluth granite, and the effect on home industry from the use of Duluth stone and the expenditure of all this money at home, not worth $1800? The belief in the "unworkability" of Duluth granite is a superstition that has been fostered by the outside quarry owners, and which its use in this case will go far to dispell. In addition to the fostering of a home industry, that will mean thousands of dollars to Duluth in the future, the stimulating effect of the payment to Duluth labor of the money that otherwise would go to the Kettle river quarry owners and the railroads, amounting to about $11,000, is not only important, it is immediate and direct. Every dollar thus spent at home will pass from man to man in the payment of grocery bills, the purchasing of clothing and the payment of rents, taxes, etc., until before it is finally shipped out of the country it will have figured in from a dozen to twenty transactions. Is the result not worth the cost?

STONE CUTTERS' UNION,
Duluth, June 28.

Missionary Meeting.

The missionary society of the Glen Avon Presbyterian church will meet tomorrow afternoon from 2:30 to 4 o'clock at the residence of Miss Agnes Gibson. The first half hour will be devoted to devotional exercises, business and items of interest bearing on missions. "Our Missionaries," the home topic, will be led by Mrs. V. C. Mulliken. Mrs. C. W. Harvey will read a paper entitled "Birds eye view of home missions," The discouragements and encouragements of missionaries in the various stations will then be shown as follows: "Among the Indians and Alaskans," Mrs. G. H. Thompson; "Among the Mexicans," Mrs. A. M. McDonald will tell of the labors among the mountaineers, and Mrs. Mulliken of those with the Freedmen.

An intermission of five minutes will separate the home from the foreign subject. The latter, "Our Missionaries," will be led by Miss Agnes Gibson. Mrs. C. A. Sherwin will read a short paper on "The Missionaries in Persia," and Mrs. A. R. Macfarlane will tell of the "Trials and Privations of our Missionaries." Miss Gibson will speak of the labors in Africa. A general discussion will close the meeting.

Draying Without a License.

F. R. Shoug was arrested by Officer Jensen this morning on the charge of draying without a license. He pleaded not guilty before Judge Edson and his trial was set for Thursday morning. The defendant is engaged in running a dray line between Duluth and Superior, and he claims it is understood that he does not come within the ordinance for that reason.

Wanted---to Buy

Cheap building lot on First or Second streets, East End. N. J. Upham & Co., Burrows building.

Best Strawberries of Season.

75 cents per case.

GRONSETH & OLSEN.

CHEAP RENT.

Duluth Heights is the healthiest, finest and cheapest place at which to live. Will rent a 4, 5, 6 or 7-room house for $3.00 to $5.00 per month. **Call at 306 Burrows Building, Alf. Kjellin.**

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Electrolysist.

Superfluous Hair, Warts and Moles permanently eradicated by electricity.

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Duluth Safety Deposit Vaults

Strictly Burglar and Fire Proof (Diebold's Safe—Yale time lock.) You are cordially invited to call and inspect them. 3 West Superior street.

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CAPITAL $500,000.00. SURPLUS $250,000.00.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, JUNE 29. 1897 FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

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There is no reason why prices on first-class Pianos should remain high when all other articles are lower and when all salaries and wages are lower. Our investment in the Piano trade of Duluth has made it possible to handle the highest grade and the finest Pianos in the world at low and reasonable prices. We are the only dealers in Duluth buying our instruments outright for **spot cash** and that means a great saving in price.

Terms. *We sell on very liberal terms, making it easy to own a fine instrument.*

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KNABE, THE QUEEN, It is conceded, the world over, that the KNABE PIANO is the Queen of all Pianos made. The Colonial style is ARTISTIC, BEAUTIFUL, CHASTE. Sold only by

E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager. SALESROOMS—Phenix Block—Second Floor, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street. **DULUTH MUSIC CO.**

July Magazines

Are arriving every day. Wedding, Reception and At Home Cards at the lowest possible prices. Souvenirs of Duluth.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

323 West Superior Street.

At Ideal Restaurant

207 West Superior Street.

Cakes, Coffee and Pure Maple Syrup..... 10c

A 3-course Dinner including Soup, Tea, Coffee or Milk for..... 15c, 20c or 25c

A first-class Supper including Relishes for..... 15c, 20c and 25c

$6.00 Commutation Books for $4.50

JOHN L. WAS JAGGED.

Sullivan Eludes Muldoon and Gets Whisky Soaked.

New York, June 29.—The Journal and Advertiser says: John L. Sullivan has broken away from all training rules. Sullivan got away from Billy Muldoon while they were taking a walk through the streets of White Plains Sunday night and when his trainer found him again he had consumed so much liquor that he had been put to bed. Muldoon had him later on driven to the training quarters.

Neither of them will speak of the matter, but Muldoon appears to be very much disgusted and put out over it. Sullivan is now contrite, but insists that he feels much better. He contends that he will be in good shape by next Monday night and will be fully able to take care of himself in the ring.

A CHICAGO ASSIGNMENT.

Chicago, June 29.—The Clinton Lithographing company, which was organized about two years ago as the successor of the Orcutt company and began business with one of the most extensive lithographing plants in the country, made an assignment today to Albert M. Baker. The failure was precipitated by a suit against the corporation, which came to trial today. The assets, according to a statement filed about a year ago, are nominally $419,694, and liabilities, $104,442. It is said, however, that this does not represent the true state of the company's affairs at the present time. Attorneys say that the assets, which can be realized on, will not cover the liabilities. The company has suffered greatly from the general business depression.

PETTIGREW HAS RECOVERED.

Washington, June 29.—Senator Pettigrew was on the floor of the senate today and was congratulated by his colleagues on his speedy recovery from his recent illness.

MANITOWOC'S NEW BOOM.

Milwaukee, June 29.—The Big Four system, which as just acquired the Wisconsin and Michigan car ferry line, has begun the work for putting in extensive slips and dockage at Manitowoc, between which point and Benton harbor the company will operate its new ferry line. The docks will be put in readiness as rapidly as a large force can do the work.

COLLEGE BOAT RACES.

Expert Judges Bothered to Pick Out a Winner.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 29.—The rowing experts here today are considering with some perplexity the outcome of the races of tomorrow and Friday. The fact that the Columbias are doing remarkably good work in their boat has upset many of the calculations. Added to this is the fact that Mr. Courtney, of Cornell, whose crews are supposed to have a sure thing of it, is quoted as saying that he expected that his two crews will have to row harder to win this week than they rowed last. Columbia seems to be the favorite for the freshmen race tomorrow, but in view of the disastrous occurrences to the selections of the experts last week, it is hardly safe to pick a winner.

The varsity crew of Pennsylvania was taken out late last evening and started over the course up the river. The crew rowed the first mile in 4:50, the second in 5:40 and the third in 5:40, completing the three miles in 16 minutes and 10 seconds, faster time by a good deal than that made last Friday under more favorable conditions.

STREET RAILWAY TRUST.

St. Louis, June 29.—It is probable that the deal for the purchase of the Missouri street railroad lines by Edward Whitaker, C. D. McClure and other St. Louis financiers, which was consummated a week ago through the payment of $2,277,000, the first half of the purchase price, may prove to be the entering wedge whereby a powerful syndicate will enter here and get control of the street railways of this city. Unless the Lindell railway company takes the property off the hands of the purchasers at an early date, it is said the lines will be sold to a syndicate supposed to be composed of P. A. B. Widener, W. T. Elkins and William M. Slagerly, of Philadelphia, and Charles T. Yerkes, of Chicago. These men are said to have bid $155 for the Missouri lines and the St. Louis purchasers took them in at $170.

NEBRASKA REPUBLICANS.

Omaha, June 29.—The Nebraska League of Republican clubs will meet in Omaha tonight to choose thirty delegates to the Detroit convention and elect state officers.

A GOLD STREAK

Which May Kill Hough's Gubernatorial Flight in Ohio's Democratic Convention.

ONLY SILVER GOES

McLean Sure of the Senatorial Nomination---The State Ticket.

Columbus, Ohio, June 29.—The preliminary work of the Democratic state convention today showed that it was almost unanimous for free silver and John R. McLean for senator. There was, however, a continuation of the contests for the different places on the state ticket and for positions on the committees. Lawrence T. Neal, who was defeated for governor by President McKinley, ex-mayor John Farley and other gold standard Democrats, were active in the chorus for McLean, but they were contending for different men for governor. Robert T. Hough was again the favorite today and regarded as the McLean man, but the field made a very bitter fight on him, especially the friends of ex-Congressman Paul J. Sorg, who was supported by ex-Governor James E. Campbell, ex-Collector Joseph Dowling, who was removed by President Cleveland for violation of the civil service rules, and other leading Conservatives on the financial question. The fact that Mr. Sorg voted for the issue of gold bonds while in congress was used by the radically silver men very strongly against him.

In the contest for governor, John C. Welty and Horace L. Chapman showed much strength today. Even if the McLean men insist on putting through the Hough slate tomorrow, it is believed that there will be several ballots in order to permit the dozen or more candidates to show their respective polls. There are many candidates for other places on the state ticket, and the convention may extend to Thursday.

Previous to the district meetings at 4:30 p. m., the fight against R. T. Hough for governor became so bitter that there was much talk of ex-Congressman D. D. Donavin for the head of the ticket. Welty, Chapman and some others showed gains, but it was generally believed that Donavin would be slated if it was necessary for the controlling elements to drop Hough. On all sides it was held that no standard bearer should be selected who had any gold streak in his record. While it was conceded that Hough was an original Bryan man at Chicago, even before the nomination was made, ... that he had advocated a free silver plank in the state platform three years ago when Senator Brice controlled the state convention against him, yet the fact that Mr. Hough once wore a Carlisle button one day in Washington was used as damaging evidence against him.

The McLean men were all anxious for a clean cut silver man for governor, as no objection was made to Mr. McLean's record on that issue, and they felt that McLean was suffering some on account of his friends supporting Mr. Hough, against whose silver record some found objections. The McLean men held that the reports against Hough were untrue, and that they were circulated by the managers of other candidates for governor, but it was evident that the McLean lieutenants today considered the situation serious enough to have another man ready for the slate in the event that they could not control their forces for Hough. Efforts were made again today to get Mr. McLean to come from Cincinnati to Columbus, but no assurances were received. McLean leaders held several conferences during the day. While they did not want to antagonize the friends of other candidates, they could not be induced to drop Hough.

The Democratic state central committee this afternoon gave a hearing to the representatives of the State League of Silver Republicans and finally adopted a resolution recommending that the committee on rules designate one place on the state ticket to be filled by the State League of Silver Republicans. This is the closing of the efforts at fusion that have been in progress yesterday and today. The silver Republicans, when this concession was made, withdrew their objections to Sorg, Hough and other candidates.

CULKIN ENDORSED.

Judge Morris Has Recommended the Wright County Man For Register.

Washington, June 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Morris returned here last night from Duluth. He called at the interior department today and filed a formal endorsement of W. E. Culkin for register of the Duluth land office. It is also understood that he settled a number of postoffice contests in his district while he was in Minnesota and will file recommendations for appointment this week.

MAXIMUM RATE LAW.

South Dakota Measure Blocked By the Courts.

Omaha, June 29.—Judge Carlan, of the South Dakota district United States court, last evening issued an order restraining the railroad commission of the state from attempting to put into effect the maximum rate law established by the late legislature of South Dakota. The hearing was had at Sioux Falls, at the instance of the Chicago & Northwestern, Great Northern, Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, and Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Ohaha roads.

INSURANCE COMPANIES WIN.

Kansas State Insurance Commissioner Went Too Far.

Topeka, Kans., June 29.—Judge Foster in the United States court today made a decision that deprives State Insurance Commissioner Webb McNall of the power he has assumed in preventing certain big Eastern life insurance companies from doing business in Kansas. The case was brought by the Metropolitan Life Insurance company to restrain the commissioner who attempted to stop the company from transacting business in this state because it had not paid certain claims.

Judge Foster holds that Commissioner McNall has no right to revoke a company's license unless the holder of the policy has secured a judgment against the company and this judgment has remained unpaid ninety days. It is understood that this opinion carries with it the right of the New York Life, the Mutual Life, of New York, and the Connecticut Mutual to continue business although licenses had been refused them on the ground of non-payment of the Hillmon claims.

WEYLER'S RECALL.

English Paper Says It Is Positive---Special Mission For De Campos.

London, June 29.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon prints the following dispatch from its correspondent at Madrid: Public attention is engrossed by the apointment of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford as United States minister to Spain. While the government continues to repudiate the intention of recalling Gen. Weyler, I am in a position to reiterate that his recall will be an accomplished fact at no distant date.

I learn that in all probability Gen. Blanco and Macias will proceed to the island and divide the supreme command, and I have good reason to believe that, coincident with the arrival here of Gen. Woodford, Marshal Martinez de Campos will proceed on a separate mission to Cuba. In accordance with the wishes of President McKinley, Martinez de Campos should be the executor of any arrangements possibly reached between Spain and the United States.

Indications do not point to any arrangements being reached with the United States and intimate friends of Senor Canovas Del Castillo, the Spanish premier, declare the premier will strenuously oppose autonomy. Castelar (the Liberal leader) is also opposed to anything of the kind. They both consider that such a concession would render it very difficult to maintain Spanish sovereignity.

The report that the United States will insist upon autonomy and the withdrawal of the Spanish troops and that, otherwise, it will intervene by force, if necessary, does not make the outlook good for a peaceful solution, and the position is regarded throughout Spain with considerable anxiety.

THEY CAN NOT FIGHT.

John L. and Lanky Bob Will Be Stopped.

New York, June 29.—Superintendent McKelvy, of the Brooklyn police, stated today that he will not permit the proposed contest between Bob Fitzsimmons and John L. Sullivan to take place. The men were to have met in a 6-round exhibition at Ambrose Park, South Brooklyn, on July 5. The police superintendent claims that although the managers of the project have secured a theatrical license, the meeting of the men would be an infringement of the laws governing boxing in this state.

LOSS OF THE ADEN.

Wrecked on the African Coast and Seventy-Eight People Drowned.

Aden, June 29.—The Indian government's steamer Mayo, sent out in search of the missing steamer Aden, from Yokohama on April 28, via Colombia and Aden for London, which was last heard of when leaving Colombo on June 1 for this port, has returned here and reports that the Aden was totally lost off the island Secotra, at the eastern extremity of Africa, on the morning of June 9. The Aden carried thirty-four passengers from China and Japan.

The captain of the wrecked steamer, some of her officers and crew and seven white passengers were swept overboard and drowned very soon after she ran ashore. Eight lady passengers, nine children, two officers and a few of the Aden's crew succeeded in getting away from the wreck in a boat, but they have not been heard of since and little hope, owing to the bad weather which has since prevailed, is entertained of their safety.

The Mayo saved nine of the Aden's passengers and three of the white and thirty-three natives of the steamer's crew. All of these persons were rescued just as the Aden was breaking up. The survivors of the wrecked steamer were brought to this port by the Mayo and are being cared for by the local authorities. In all, the drowned include twenty-five passengers, twenty European officers and thirty-three natives of the Aden's crew.

TOWNE AT THE CAPITOL.

Washington, June 29.—(Special to The Herald.) — Ex-Representative Towne is spending a few days in Washington looking after matters in connection with the silver organization in Ohio and the other Middle Western states.

CLOUDBURST DESTROYS DAMS.

Milwaukee, June 29.—A special to the Wisconsin from Waupaca, Wis., says: A severe down-pour last night, amounting almost to a cloud-burst, carried away many bridges and in cases wiped out railroads. The three mills at Amherst were carried away and a washout near that place delayed trains on the Wisconsin Central road.

BRIEF CABINET MEETING.

Washington, June 29.—The cabinet today was brief and unimportant. Only routine matters were discussed.

MIGHTY ARMY

Railroads Are Feeling the Christian Endeavor Rush to San Francisco.

IN SPECIAL TRAINS

Chicago and St. Louis Report the Arrival of the Hurrying Thousands.

Chicago, June 29.—It is said that by 11 o'clock tonight fully 10,000 delegates to the annual Christian Endeavor meeting at San Francisco and others taking advantage of the low railroad rates for a trip to the coast will have departed from Chicago during the day over the different roads leading West. Delegates and excursionists poured into the city from the East and South all day. Twenty coaches on the Santa Fe will leave at 11:20 tonight, comprising three special trains. The Santa Fe expects to carry 2500 or 3000 people.

At 8 and 11 o'clock the Burlington road will run special trains from the Union station, and these will carry 500 Chicago and Illinois delegates. Fourteen sleeping cars will be occupied by the Illinois people. The Rock Island will carry a number of special coaches. Five sleepers will be filled with Chicago passengers for San Francisco, three will be received in addition to these from the Pennsylvania road, three from the Michigan Central and five from the Baltimore & Ohio. The Northwestern will divide its 6 and 10:30 trains into sections and run as many cars as necessary.

Among those who reached Chicago early today the largest delegation was that from Pennsylvania. There were 800 delegates. The train bearing the party from Philadelphia attracted attention, because in it were the national officers of the Christian Endeavor society. Every road is taxed to its utmost capacity. The Pullman company has every car in use and is repairing many old ones to meet the demand.

SEVEN THOUSAND AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, June 29.—The city is full of Christian Endeavorites who stopped over here today on their way to the international convention in San Francisco. More than 150 coach loads were landed in the city this morning, there being an aggregate of 7000 tourists. Several hundred local members of Christian Endeavor societies were on hand when the trains arrived and took the visitors in charge. Special street cars had been chartered and such of the visitors who desired were taken to the Missouri botanical gardens and other points of interest about the city. They will continue their journey West tonight with other delegates that are expected to arrive later.

"OLD HOSS" IS DEAD

William F. Hoey, the Well Known Comedian, Left the Earthly Stage.

New York, June 29.—William F. Hoey, "Old Hoss," died today at the house of his mother-in-law in this city.

Mr. Hoey was known throughout the United States by the character he created in the farce, "A Parlor Match." Previous to his business and professional connection with Charles Evans, Hoey and Bryant constituted a musical comedy pair at vaudeville shows. Evans and Hoey married sisters, Minnie and Lena French respectively, and all four played for years in "A Parlor Match." About two years ago brain disease developed in the famous comedian, which medical science could not check, and last week he was brought from the sanitarium at Mount Clemens, Mich., to the home of his wife's mother, Mrs. French, where he died.

TO SEE HIS MOTHER.

President McKinley Starts For Canton Friday.

Washington, June 29.—The president today definitely decided to go to his old home at Canton on Friday to visit his mother for a few days. Mrs. McKinley, Miss Mabel McKinley, and probably the assistant secretary of state and Mrs. Day will accompany him. They will leave here on the regular train over the Pennsylvania Friday evening at 7:10, arriving in Canton at 10:30, Saturday morning. They will remain over the Fourth and return Monday or Tuesday evening.

On Thursday night the president will give an informal dinner to the members of the cabinet and their wives.

AN INVENTOR'S SUICIDE.

Franklin Bassford Shoots Himself While Despondent.

New York, June 29.—Franklin Bassford, a marine architect and writer, commited suicide by shooting himself in the right side of the head on board of his launch the Larita, which was designed by him and was at anchor off the foot of Communipaw avenue, Jersey City. His act was due to despondency, the result of heavy money losses and the failure of an invention or discovery through which he had hoped to realize a fortune.

Just before his death he wrote a letter in which he said that he was ready for a trial today of the new motive power which he had discovered, but someone, who wanted to prevent him securing certain patents, had tampered with the engine of the Larita and undone the work of months.

POWLEY ELECTROCUTED.

Murderer Suffers Death at Auburn---The Crime.

Auburn, N. Y., June 29.—Robert J. Powley was electrocuted at 11:25 o'clock this morning The execution was successful.

The crime for which Robert J. Powley was executed was the murder of his wife, committed on the night of March 8 at Niagara Falls, N. Y. Powley at the time of the murder was under indictment for criminal assault in the second degree and had been released on his own recognizance. Some time previous he had been tried for attempting to chloroform his wife, the jury disagreeing on the first trial and acquitting him on the second. Powley's attorney attempted to prove that he was mentally irresponsible at the time of the shooting. Witnesses testified that he had been injured in the head fifteen years ago and that he had suffered from sunstroke on two different occasions.

DONE BY DYNAMITE.

Buildings in Scranton Were Wrecked By the Explosive---A Victim's Statement.

Scranton, Pa., June 29.—A dynamite explosion early this morning in South Scranton blew up the business block of Leon Olchofski, a double dwelling, owned by him and a detached house. The business block, a 2-story building, was torn to pieces. Twenty other houses had all the windows blown out and plaster torn from the walls. The shock was felt all over the city. The cause of explosion is unknown, but Olchofski alleges that it was the work of enemies he made during political and church disputes in that section, he being one of the principals in the trouble which led to a split in the Polish Catholic congregation. Olchofski was seriously injured in saving his wife, and his recovery is doubtful.

Following the explosion the wrecked buildings took fire, but the firemen kept the flames from spreading. The other properties seriously damaged were the brick business block and dwelling of Charles Johnson, dwellings of W. A. Gramol, Charles Kiefer, John Kline, Michael Joyce, Dr. J. J. Walsh, James Walsh, Adam Ellinger, Brig Lavell, Joseph Denims, Philip Klein, Carl Schurman and George Gardner and B. Huse's blacksmith shop. In some of the houses sleeping people were covered with falling plaster. The sleeping child of Michael Joy was seriously injured and another small boy nearly suffocated. The total loss will reach $25,000. The ruins are being cleared this morning to ascertain if there are any victims buried in them.

MORE DULUTH INVENTORS.

Patents Issued to Two Residents of Duluth.

Washington, June 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Patents were today issued to residents of Duluth, as follows: Charles Lindgren, electric motor; Alfred E. Watts, attachments for riveting machines.

A TRAMP CENSUS.

Indiana's Statistican Has Started the Ball Rolling.

LaPorte, Ind., June 29.—Statistician Connor has directed the authorities of every town, city and village throughout the state to take a census of the tramps who are in the limits of its jurisdiction. The plan is to issue a secret order, and on the night named every official will be enlisted in the work of rounding up the tramps at the jails and listing their names, place of residence, age and occupation, if any.

A similar plan will be carried out in adjacent states, the purpose being to secure an accurate count of the number of nomads, with the ultimate purpose in view of dealing with the tramp problem.

MARATTA'S SUCCESSOR.

Bray, of North Dakota, Gets the Melbourne Consulship.

Washington, June 29.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

State—To be consul general of the United States—Church Howe, of Nebraska, at Apia and Nukulofa, Tonga; J. P. Bray, of North Dakota, at Melbourne, Australia. To be consuls of the United States—Hego Donzellmann, of Wyoming, at Prague, Bohemia; Louis A. Dent, of District Columbia, at Kingston, Jamaica; Samuel S. Lyon, of New Jersey, at Osaka and Hiogo, Japan; Rounsevelle Wildman, of California, at Hong Kong, China; Charles V. Herliska, of the District of Columbia, to be secretary of the legation of the United States at Vienna, Austria.

Justice—John K. Richards, of Ohio, to be solicitor general.

War—Lieut. Col. W. H. Powell, Eleventh infantry, to be colonel; Maj. C. E. Bennett, Nineteenth infantry to be lieutenant colonel; Capt. S. P. Joelryn, Twenty-first infantry to be major; First Lieut. C. H. Bonesteel, Twenty-first infantry, to be captain; Second Lieut. E. L. Butts, Twenty-first infantry, to be first lieutenant; Second Lieut. J. P. Haines, Third artillery, to be first lieutenant.

SPECIAL FARES FIXED.

New York, June 29.—The managers of the joint traffic association have fixed a number of special fares including the following: National meeting League of American Wheelmen, Philadelphia, Aug. 4-7; annual meeting National Educational association, Milwaukee, July 6-9; I. O. O. F., of Ohio, grand encampment, Elyria, Ohio, July 12-19, and special excursions to Chautauqua camp meeting at Mountain Lake Park, Md., Aug. 4-24.

ARAGON MINE SOLD.

Milwaukee, June 29.—The Aragon iron ore mine, largely a Bessemer producer, located at Norway, Mich., was yesterday sold by Angus Smith, of this city, to the Commonwealth Iron company, of Cleveland, which company takes possession July 1, and the mine will then resume full time. The price paid was under $200,000.

CONTROL OF TRUSTS

Senate Judiciary Committee Considering a Measure of That Sort.

PROGRESS ON TARIFF

A Duty is Placed on Foreign Coal--Paintings Are Made Dutiable.

Washington, June 29.—The Republican members of the senate committee on judiciary today had under consideration the form of an amendment to be submitted for the control of trusts. They practically agreed upon an amendment making it an offense punishable by fine and imprisonment for any person or corporation to monopolize trade in any article protected by the tariff bill. The amendment when completed will prescribe penalties and supply directions for the detection of fraud. The preparation of the amendment has been referred to a sub-committee consisting of Messrs. Thurston, Davis and Spooner.

FIXING THE TARIFF.

Senate Finance Committee Makes Some Changes.

Washington, June 29.—The senate committee on finance has fixed the duty on coal at 67 cents per long ton. This rate applies only to coal shipped from countries which do not impose a higher rate on American coal. It therefore affects Canada only, the Canadian rate on American coal being the same. There has been a strong contention to hold the rate down to that originally fixed by the committee and even to lower it, but this effort was vigorously contested by the senators from the coal-producing states and the latter class have won.

The committe has also decided to restore paintings to the dutiable list. The house imposed a duty of 25 per cent ad valorem on paintings. This the senate finance committee struck out, transferring the item to the free bill. The committee now returns to the house the program, but it is not yet definitely decided whether the rate shall be 20 or 25 per cent. Crude gypsum rock was taken from the free list and made dutiable at the rate of $1 per ton.

WILL BE CONFIRMED

Washburn's Protest Against Goodnow is Not Likely to Be Successful.

Washington, June 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ex-Senator Washburn called at the White House today and asked President McKinley to withdraw the nomination of John Goodnow as consul general to Shanghai. It is said that Mr. Washburn was willing that Goodnow should be named for some position of lesser importance. The president evidently refused to consider the proposition, for the reason that the senate committee on commerce is to take up Goodnow's appointment at the residence of Senator Frye, chairman of the committee tomorrow night. The prediction is freely made late today that the committee will return a favorable report to the senate, notwithstanding Washburn's objections, and this, of course, means that Goodnow will be confirmed.

T. E. Byrnes was a caller at the White House late today. It is understood that the object of his visit was to counteract the pressure which is being brought on the president to induce him to withdraw the nomination of Goodnow as consul general to Shanghai. It is not believed, however, that there is any necessity for stiffening the president's backbone in this respect.

MINERS WILL NOT STRIKE.

Columbus, Ohio, June 29.—Michael Ratchford, president of the United Mine Workers' of America, when asked what, if any, truth was in the specials sent out to the effect that a strike of coal mine workers had been ordered, said: "I am tired of denying these reports of proposed strikes. I have been denying them for sixty days. I have nothing to say for publication."

The last national meeting of the miners decided on a scale of 60 cents for Ohio and 69 cents for Pennsylvania, and left it to the executive committee to determine how to put this scale into operation. The committee met here June 24, 25 and 26, and for three days were closeted with positive orders not to be called or admit anybody.

On Saturday, as announced by the Associated Press, they gave out that conditions are favorable to put the proposed new scale into operation now. That, of course, means that there might have been a strike had the new scale been ordered, but not being ordered there cannot be any strike.

A SICK CLERGYMAN.

Chicago, June 29.—Rev. Dr. Frank W. Gaunsaulus, pastor of Plymouth Congregational church, and president of the Armour institute, who has been seriously ill ever since his return two months ago from New York, where it is supposed that he made arrangements to become the pastor of the Broadway tabernacle, has been removed to the Sanitarium at Alma, Mich. The object of taking him out of town is largely to secure greater physical and mental quiet.

TENTS FOR THE G. A. R.

Washington, June 29.—The senate has adopted a joint resolution for the loaning of 1000 tents for the purposes of the G. A. R. encampment at Leavenworth, Kan.

POSTAL CHANGES

Small Postoffices to Be Discontinued and Sub Stations Started.

WILL SAVE MONEY

Will Also Give Better Mail Facilities In Every Way.

Washington, June 28.—The work of consolidating postoffices with a large adjacent one making a single postal district, with modern facilities, will be pushed vigorously by this amministration in all sections of the country. The opposition to the scheme comes, it is said, from residents who have wrong ideas of the objects of the department, or from postoffice employes, whose positions are thereby affected.

The results of the consolidation policy so far carried out have been most gratifying to the Washington authorities, and First Assistant Postmaster General Heath has determined that consolidation shall be effected wherever possible.

Consolidation abolishes the individual small postoffices with the usually crude service, and substitutes substations for them; reduces the postmasters to sub-agents, with an accompanying saving of salaries and complicated auditing work, and instead of the many postoffices substitutes the large office with branches, all having free delivery and other advantages accruing to a postoffice from such privileges.

The postoffice officials are confident that the extension will result in a big saving in expenditures, while furnishing immensely superior facilities. Several consolidations have been ordered recently, and others are contemplated.

TO PROSECUTE FIGEL.

Hoffman's Bookkeeper Charged With Four Embezzlements.

San Francisco, June 29.—Theodore A. Figel, who was arrested last night on four charges of felony and embezzlement, preferred by E. S. Rothschild, partner of the late Isaac Hoffman, and released on $12,000 bail furnished by his father, will be arraigned today.

The four charges of embezzlement are merely the first of a series of accusations which are to be made against him. Forgery is one of the crimes which will be alleged. Ex-Judge Murphy, who is to prosecute Figel in the criminal courts, expects to have several more complaints ready for filing today.

The widow of Isaac Hoffman has not yet indicated an intention on her part to bring a charge of murder against Figel.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 12; Pittsburg, 2.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 7; Washington, 6.

At Boston—Boston, 9; Brooklyn, 8.

At Chicago—Chicago, 2; Louisville, 7.

At New York—New York, 4; Baltimore, 2.

At St. Louis with Cincinnati, rain.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Columbus—Columbus, 8; Grand Rapids, 12.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 12; Minneapolis, 4.

At Detroit—Detroit, 5; Indianapolis, 20.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	52	38	.731
Baltimore	51	35	.686
Cincinnati	49	32	.653
New York	51	32	.627
Brooklyn	52	26	.500
Cleveland	52	26	.500
Pittsburg	51	25	.490
Philadelphia	51	24	.470
Washington	50	21	.420
Louisville	52	20	.385
Chicago	53	19	.358
St. Louis	54	11	.204

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Columbus	54	37	.685
Indianapolis	53	35	.660
St. Paul	60	38	.650
Milwaukee	59	34	.576
Detroit	57	26	.456
Grand Rapids	58	21	.362
Kansas City	61	20	.328
Minneapolis	58	18	.310

CHINESE PLAY COMING.

San Francisco, June 29.—The "First-Born," the Chinese play by Francis Powers, that has been running here for the past two months, is soon to be produced in Eastern cities and in London. David Belasco has purchased the right to produce the play in the territory east of the Mississippi river, and the same company that has made the play such a success here will tour in the East.

SAILORS WILL NOT PARADE.

San Francisco, June 29.—The members of the Sailors' union of the Pacific will not take part in the Fourth of July parade in this city. The recent decision of the United States supreme court, holding that contracts for service signed by sailors can be enforced to the extent of imprisoning those who break such contracts, has caused much feeling, and is given as the reason for their declining to parade, in a letter from the union to Grand Marshal Sullivan.

GERMAN TEACHERS CONVENE.

Dayton, Ohio, June 29.—The seventh annual convention of the Ohio German Teachers' association is in session here with a large attendance. The visitors were welcomed last evening with a reception at the Steele High School. The German singing societies gave a concert and Mayor Linkweiler, Dr. J. M. Weaver, president of the board of education, and Herr Maxwers, of Cincinnati, president of the association, made addresses. The meeting this morning is a business one. This afternoon the visitors will be shown several of the points of interest in the city, and this evening they will be given a reception by the Harmonia society.

SCHWEINFURTH'S NEW HEAVEN.

St. Louis, June 29.—A special to the Republic from Monett, Mo., says: "Schweinfurth," the so-called "Mesiah" of Rockford, Ill., has just returned from Benton county, Ark., where, it is reported, he contracted for the purchase of 2000 acres of unimproved land of Senator Blackburn, with the view of removing his proteges from Illinois and establishing one of his heavens there. People in that section are wrought up over the matter.

Some men are afraid of death, some are not. Most of us would rather not meet the grim destroyer today. We would rather put it off until to-morrow, or until next year. Mere wishes do not count for much in the matter. A man may not want to die. He may not want to be sick. He may wish and hope and pray that he will not be one or do the other, but wishing and hoping won't help him. It is what he does, and not what he wishes that serve his purpose. If a man is losing flesh, and is nervous, irritable, sleepless and debilitated, he may wish he would get well, but one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will do more than an ocean of wishes. If a man is on the way to consumption, he should make a stop as quickly as possible. He should put on brakes. He needn't be afraid he has consumption if he will do the right thing—if he will just take the right medicine. The "Golden Medical Discovery" cures incipient and well developed consumption. Consumption is a germ disease and a blood disease. The "Golden Medical Discovery" kills the germs and purifies the blood. It increases the appetite, helps digestion, makes assimilation perfect, and so builds up solid, *wholesome* flesh. Hundreds of grateful people afflicted with consumption, bronchial, throat and kindred diseases, have testified that it has actually saved their lives. For the sake of the information they contain, some of these letters have been included in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a thousand page, illustrated book, which will be sent *free* on receipt of twenty-one (21) one-cent stamps to pay for mailing *only*. Every family should have a copy for ready reference in case of sudden sickness or accidents. World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

INDIANS BLINDED.

They Drank Essence of Peppermint as a Substitute For Whisky.

Washington, June 29.—The Indian agent at the La Pointe agency in Wisconsin has reported two singular cases of blindness on the Vermillion lake reservation. The victims were John Sky and Red Otter.

They got intoxicated by drinking essence of peppermint as a substitute for whisky, one taking almost ten ounces clear, and in each case blindness followed within a few hours. Authority has been asked to take the Indians to St. Paul for treatment.

THE ENDEAVOR ARMY.

Thousands Are En Route to San Francisco.

Denver, June 29.—The Christian Endeavor movement from the large cities of the Atlantic coast has begun, and by Thursday the prairie lines will be dotted with long trains bearing excursionists westward. Maj. S. K. Hooper, general passenger agent of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, estimates that the transportation department of the Rio Grande will require fifty-two special trains to carry the business which will be offered during the last three days of the week. Orders have been given for thirty-one engines to be ready for use out of Denver over the scenic line next Friday. The forces in the repair shops and at a dozen other points have been largely increased in anticipation of the tremendous rush.

The Union Pacific, through Col. George Ady, reports twelve specials engaged for the trip over the line from Chicago and Missouri river points, and the demand for train accommodations at Ogden over the Central Pacific is said to be the heaviest in the history of the road. Indeed, intimations are given out that the Southern Pacific has attempted more than even such a great system can hope to perform, and if late comers fail to reach San Francisco in time for the Endeavor meeting it will be because the cars could not be secured for carrying the vast throng.

The Santa Fe reports eight special trains through La Junta westward next Thursday and six on the day following.

GOLD MINES SOLD.

San Diego, Cal., June 29.—The Golden Cross gold mines in the eastern part of this county have been sold to a syndicate of California, Nevada and Arizona capitalists, Isaac Trumbo being at their head. The deed was recorded here today. The purchase price was $1,500,000. The bullion output of the mines are at present about $1000 per day.

A JOB FOR KIEFER.

Washington, June 29.—The report here is that Col. Kiefer is to be given a position nearly equal to that of commissioner general of immigration. He will draw a salary of $4000 per annum, and will be assistant superintendent of immigration at Ellis island, New York. The appointment of Kiefer for this position will knock out another Minnesota man who is candidate for superintendent at Ellis island. The Minnesotan referred to is Frank Grygla, who formerly resided in Minneapolis, and is now immigration agent for the Great Northern.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

TORRE IS MISSING

Spanish Consular Attache and Teacher of Spanish In Chicago Disappears.

WIFE IS DESTITUTE

Probably Skipped With One of His Young Female Pupils.

Chicago, June 29.—Ramon Torre, chancellor of the Spanish consulate in Chicago, and professor of Spanish in the Berlitz school of languages in the Auditorium, has mysteriously disappeared from his home, taking with him $5000 and leaving his wife of less than a year destitute.

Mrs. Torre last night reported the disappearance of her husband to the police and said she was firmly of the opinion that the professor had been accompanied in his flight by one of his young woman pupils. The deserted wife last evening received a letter from her husband in which he said he was going to Mexico, and advised her to return to her sister in Santa Barbara, Cal. Mrs. Torre is 22 years old with the olive skin, black hair and eyes of the Spanish. Her maiden name was Antoine Willen. Between her sobs and in broken English she told substantially the following story:

She was born in Spain, and came to America several years ago to join a married sister in Santa Barbara. She was placed in a convent where her education was finished. Eighteen months ago she became acquainted with a woman in Santa Barbara who was corresponding with Torre. One day she saw his photograph. He was a handsome fellow, and she fell in love with the picture. She requested her friend to extend her compliments to the handsome professor. This was done. Soon afterward she received a letter from Torre, with his photograph enclosed. She sent her photo to him and soon she received a proposal of marriage. She accepted, pawning her jewelry, valued at $500, and secured money enough to bring her to Chicago.

In August last, she accompanied Torre to Washington where they were married. Torre is 34 years old and is said to belong to a noble family in Spain. For several years he has been connected with the Spanish consulate in Chicago.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The rain was so heavy Sunday night that the track of the Northern Pacific was washed out at Uten causing a delay of four hours.

The heaviest rainfall in eleven years occurred at Fargo Sunday night. A total of 3.6 inches of water fell, making 4.46 inches during twenty-four hours. Early wheat on summer fallowed land, which was far advanced, is badly lodged, but may straighten up with hot weather.

From every part of Grand Forks county come strong protests against the action of the district jury in placing the sentence of August Normand at imprisonment for life instead of hanging, and the feeling of the people has been made so evident in the last few days that it is more than probable that when Normand is placed on trial for the murder of Oscar, the youngest of the Halstead boys, the death penalty will be the verdict. Judge Fisk has ordered a large venire for July 13, when Normand will be placed on trial for the second time. The prisoner does not appear at all interested in the trials, and expressed himself as much surprised that he was not to be hanged, as he had made up his mind that that would be the penalty for his double murder.

A drunken row occurred at Bisbee, Sunday night in which Joseph Langer, a merchant, had his head badly cut open and otherwise dangerously hurt, and George Kiler, a farmer, was shot in the thigh.

The condition of Senator Pettigrew, who was taken ill in the senate Saturday, continues to improve. His physician believes he will be able to resume his senatorial duties in a few days.

At Minneapolis audacious robbery reached its climax yesterday afternoon, when two men entered the home of Mrs. M. E. Haines at 2707 Nicollet avenue, bound her, gagged her and blindfolded her, and after searching the house secured $72 in cash.

Nine children have been killed and many others injured by the collapse of a church wall at Solana, in the province of Ciudad Real, Spain.

The estimate of Chicago's population by the publishers of the city directory, just printed, is 1,828,000, an increase of 46,000 over last year.

The volcano of Mayon, in the Philippines, has been in a state of violent eruption and the flow of lava has done great damage in the province of Albay, particularly to the village of Libon where the tobacco crop has been completely destroyed.

A report was current in local railroad circles at New York yesterday to the effect that Edwin Winters, who recently resigned from the presidency of the Northern Pacific is to be placed at the head of the Northwestern lines out of Chicago. The line referred to was said to the the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and it was alleged that President Miller, whose health has been impaired, would shortly resign.

CRISIS IN VENEZUELA.

Cabinet Resignation Has Stirred Up the People.

Caracas, Venezuela, June 29.—The resignation of the cabinet has created a crisis not only in the administration of the government, but also among the people. Excitement runs high, the sensational action of the ministry, which was, however, not wholly unexpected, being the paramount topic of discussion in the crowded cafes and clubs.

President Crespo was unable to harmonize the differences in his official family over the Guiana boundary arbitration treaty, the element that contended that the provisions of that agreement ignored the sovereignty of Venezuela in stipulating that Great Britain and the United States only, and not Venezuela also, name the members of the tribunal of arbitration, having continued implacable.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

SILK VESTS!

A full line of latest patterns of silk vests just opened.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

STATE SUPREME COURT.

Four Decisions Come Down From That Tribunal.

St. Paul, June 29.—Chief Justice Start, of the supreme court, handed down four decisions yesterday in only one of which was the decision of the court below reversed.

The reversal was in the case of Levi D. Kellogg, respondent, against A. F. Kellys et al, defendants, and Charles M. Hanson et al, appellants. The action was brought to test the validity of a mortgage executed before, but not recorded until the mortgagor had become insolvent and made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. The supreme court holds that a real estate mortgage executed before but not recorded until after the mortgagor has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors under the insolvency laws of the state, is void as to the assignee in so far as he represents such creditors. He has the same right to avoid such a mortgage as creditors would have if they acquired a lien on the mortgaged premises by attachment or judgment.

Another phase of the contest between the Hastings & Dakota Railroad company and the settlers on the land grant of the company for the possession of the land, came up in the case of Russell Sage, as trustee, respondent, against Christopher Larson, appellant. In this case it appears that Larson wanted to hold some wild land adjoining his homestead, on the ground that he virtually occupied it by using it for pasture and meadow. The trial court overruled Larson, and the supreme court affirms the order, holding: "The possion of one that enters on the land of another as a mere naked trespasser is limited to so much thereof as he actually occupies,and he cannot claim title by adverse possession to wild and unenclosed land adjoining that actually occupied and used by him from the mere fact that he cut natural hay thereon and let his stock run over and pasture on it."

The other cases decided were: H. M. McLean and George E. L. Bryant, copartners as McLean, Bryant & company, appellants, against C. R. Sworts, defendant; S. C. Tooker & Co., garnishee, respondents. Order affirmed. Ada Phelps, respondent, against William C. Sargent et al, appellants. Order affirmed.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

William Copp, a Pullman employe, in Chicago yesterday tried to kill his wife and her entire family, but failed. He wounded her father, Dr. A. C. Rankin, so seriously that he may die.

A small washout on the Montana Central railroad at Pacific Junction, Mont., caused a freight train wreck yesterday. The tender was turned over, throwing the coal on the ground. While reloading the coal the body of an unknown man was found beneath the pile.

Governor Steunenberg is advised that 300 Indians, mostly Bannocks, with some from the Lemhi agency and some from the Nevada are ghost dancing in the Camas prairie, near Hailey, Idaho. The settlers are greatly alarmed over their action.

Capt. Gen. Weyler, after a stormy passage on a coasting steamer from Manzanillo, arrived at Santiago de Cuba Sunday afternoon. The steamer was met by a number of tugs having on board the municipal authorities, provincial authorities, and Gen. Linares, the military commander of the district.

It is semi-officially announced that owing to the health of Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, rendering necessary his retirement from the post of minister of foreign affairs, the emperor has temporarily entrusted the portfolio of minister of foreign affairs to Herr von Bulow, who will assume the duties of the foreign office on the return of his majesty to Berlin.

The Western roads have come to the conclusion that they will be about swamped with the amount of business to the Christian Endeavor convention at San Francisco. At the time of making the rate the general opinion was that it would not bring a large amount of traffic but some of the roads now are in straits to get the necessary equipment to enable them to handle the traffic.

Victor S. Berger, editor of a socialist organ, has put out a statement tonight on his return from a conference with Eugene V. Debs. He says the scheme to plant a socialist colony in the West has been abandoned and to take its place there will be a small migration of unemployed men to the state of Washington.

The little town of Downey near Los Angeles, Cal., is terribly excited today over a case of abduction last night. Miss Mains, the daughter of respectable well-to-do people, was chloroformed and taken from her bedroom in her night dress by an unknown man who entered through a window.

The condition of Senator Pettigrew, who was taken ill in the senate Saturday, continues to improve. His physician believes he will be able to resume his senatorial duties in a few days.

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FOR INDIGESTION

USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. S. H. Moore, Indianapolis, Ind., says: "I have used it in my own family in cases of indigestion and general debility, with entirely satisfactory results."

There is

No Word so Full of meaning and about which such tender recollections cluster as that of "Mother," yet there are months when her life is filled with pain, dread and suffering, and she looks forward to the final hour with gloomy forebodings, fear and trembling.

"Mother's Friend"

prepares the system for the change taking place, assists Nature to make child-birth easy, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. It greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00. Book to "Expectant Mothers" free upon application. The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Largest package—greatest economy. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-three and 25-100 dollars interest which became due and payable on September 24th, 1896, and in the payment of a like amount which became due and payable as interest on March 24th, 1897, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by W. H. Selden and Anna S. Selden, mortgagors, to Horace P. Chandler, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of September, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the third day of October, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 93 of mortgages, on page 140.

And whereas, said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the notes secured thereby by the terms thereof to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable. In the exercise of which option the whole thereof is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of eleven hundred ninety-six and 67-100 dollars, to recover which no action or proceeding at law has been instituted.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number one and two, in block number five, in Wooster Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 28th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated June 14th, 1897.

HORACE P. CHANDLER,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-15-22-29-July-6-13-20.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-eight and 50-100 dollars interest which became due and payable on September 24th, 1896, and in the payment of a like amount which became due and payable as interest on March 24th, 1897, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by W. H. Selden and Anna S. Seldee, mortgagors, to Horace P. Chandler, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of September, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 3d day of October, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 93 of mortgages, on page 140.

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Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number nine and ten, in block number five, in Wooster Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 28th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

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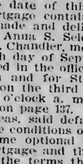
MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street; MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Anton Jacobson, mortgagor, to Henry T. Hillebrand, mortgagee, bearing date the 30th day of August, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 31st day of August, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 105 of mortgages, on page 198; which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said Henry T. Hillebrand to the undersigned George W. Buck, trustee, who is now the owner and holder thereof, by written instrument, bearing date the 10th day of April, 1896, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 15th day of November, 1895, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in Book 108 of mortgages, on page 345.

And whereas said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of five dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage on September 1st, 1896, and in the non-payment of twenty dollars interest which became due and payable on March 1st, 1897, and in the failure to pay seven and 75-100 dollars premium for insurance upon said premises as provided in said mortgage, and heretofore paid by the undersigned, now in the exercise of the option given by the terms of said mortgage the whole of said debt has been declared and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice, including said insurance to the sum of twenty-six hundred forty-six and 37-100 dollars, to recover which no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number seventy-one (71), East Third street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 11th day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, including insurance so paid as aforesaid together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated June 28th, 1897.

EDWARD OVERTON,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-29-July-6-13-20-27-August-3.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 26th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Louisa F. Gilmer, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Louisa Porter Minis, of the county of Chatham, and state of Georgia, representing among other things that Mrs. Louisa F. Gilmer, late of the county of Chatham, in the state of Georgia, on the 29th day of November, A. D. 1895, at the county of Chatham, state of Georgia, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said county of Chatham at the time of her death, leaving estate within this county of Saint Louis, Minnesota, and that the said petitioner is the daughter of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Victor Stearns, of St. Louis County, Minn., granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday, the 26th day of July, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the city of Duluth, in said Saint Louis County.

And it is ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 26th day of June, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, June-29-July-6-13.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Thomas Benton and Maggie Benton, his wife, mortgagors, to The Union Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date February 3rd, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on February 9th, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. in Book 69 of mortgages at page 251; which default consists in the non-payment of monthly interest and premium on the principal sum of said mortgage for more than the space of six months after the same has become due; and whereas, the four shares of stock described in said mortgage have been sold for the non-payment of dues;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a provision that in case of default in the payment of monthly interest or premium, or any part thereof, for the space of six months after the same shall have become due, or should the said four shares of stock described in said mortgage be sold for the non-payment of dues, then in either or any such case, the whole principal debt secured by said mortgage shall immediately become due and payable, and the mortgagee in either case is authorized to sell the mortgaged premises at public auction to satisfy the mortgage debt, interest and premium and all costs and charges, and also the sum of fifty dollars ($50.00) attorney's fee. Said mortgagee has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt due because of said defaults as aforesaid and there is claimed to be due and is actually due on said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of seven hundred and eighty-four dollars ($784.00.)

And whereas, said mortgagors made default in paying insurance premium for insurance upon the buildings upon said premises, and the mortgagee paid six dollars ($6.00) on April 30th, 1897, for insurance premium, which the mortgagee had the right to do under the terms of the mortgage, and said amount is to become a part of the mortgage debt and be secured by said mortgage;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz., with the hereditaments and appurtenances, be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of seven hundred and eighty-four dollars ($784) and six dollars ($6.00) for insurance premium, and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

The premises described in and covered by said mortgage and which will be sold as aforesaid are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

The easterly twenty-five (25) feet of lot fifteen (15), in block fifty-five (55), Endion Division of Duluth, being a strip of ground of uniform width twenty-five (25) feet of the easterly part of said lot and of the full depth of said lot, all according to the recorded plat of said division.

Dated June 28th, 1897.

THE UNION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

S. T. HARRISON
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-29-July-6-13-20-27-August-3.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 35 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 21st, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Dzeminski, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Frances Dzeminski, of the county of St. Louis, representing among other things that Peter Dzeminski, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the second day of December, A. D. 1896, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 19th day of July, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 21st day of June, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, June-22-29-July-6.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 15th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Gustavus Vaugh, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Hannah J. Vaugh, administrator of the estate of Gustavus Vaugh, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Saturday, the tenth day of July, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 15th day of June, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, June-15-22-29.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Anton Jacobson, mortgagor, to Henry T. Hillebrand, mortgagee, bearing date the 30th day of August, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 31st day of August, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 105 of mortgages, on page 198; which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said Henry T. Hillebrand to the undersigned George W. Buck, trustee, who is now the owner and holder thereof, by written instrument, bearing date the 10th day of April, 1896, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 15th day of November, 1895, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in Book 108 of mortgages, on page 345.

And whereas said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of five dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage on September 1st, 1896, and in the non-payment of twenty dollars interest which became due and payable on March 1st, 1897, and in the failure to pay seven and 75-100 dollars premium for insurance upon said premises as provided in said mortgage, and heretofore paid by the undersigned, now by reason of said several defaults and in the exercise of the option given by the terms of said mortgage the whole amount of said debt has been declared and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice, inclusive of said insurance, to the sum of five hundred forty-four and 77-100 dollars, to collect which debt no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot numbered twelve (12), in block numbered one hundred and twenty-six, in Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 28th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, including insurance so paid as aforesaid, together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid

WHEAT WAS DULL

Little Talk of the July Corner and Prices Fluctuated Lazily.

A WEAK UNDERTONE

Crop Reports Were Bearish and the Visible Statement Was Disappointing.

For the first time in a week the wheat market today was nearly in its normal condition, very little talk being heard at Chicago of the July corner, and as a consequence light trading in that option. Most of the attention of speculators there was given to the more deferred futures. The opening was weak on lower Liverpool cables and on the weather West, which was generally favorable with showers where most needed. Thoman's crop report raised the spring conditions four points and lowered the winter wheat conditions about three points. The prospective aggregate yield was given at 559,000,000 bus. There was not significant trading and prices fluctuated lazily within a narrow margin. Northwest receipts amounted to 287 cars against 322 cars last week and 710 a year ago.

The clearances from all the Atlantic ports was 611,000 bus and that began after a while, in the absence of anything further of a bearish character, to induce some novices to buy. Bradstreet's world's visible statement was made public at noon and reported a total decrease of 2,628,000 bus, 2,528,00 bus of which was in the United States east of the Rockies and 1,100,000 bus of it in and afloat for Europe. There was a disappointment, as a decrease of 6,000,000 bus had been expected. The price was marked down a few pegs because of Bradstreet's. Liverpool closed at a decline for the day of from ½d to ¾d; Paris reported a loss of 5 centimes in the nearest delivery; Antwerp also reported a decline of 12½ centimes for American wheat.

Trading was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened 1¢ lower at 71¾c and ruled very dull throughout the session. Shortly after 11 o'clock it rose to 72c but declined later on account of the visible statement and closed easy with sellers at 71⅝c, a decline of ⅛c for the day. The mills bought 50,000 bus of cash stuff at 1¢ over July, and shippers took 25,000 bus at the July price. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 71⅝c; July, 71⅝c asked; September, 65¾c bid; December, 66¼c asked. No. 2 northern, 68½c. No. 3, 59@65c. Rejected, 48¾@62¾c. Rye, 36c. No. 2 oats, 21c; No 3 oats, 20¾c. Flax, 78¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 190; corn, 2; oats, 52; rye, 7; barley, 11; flax, 32. Receipts—Wheat, 86,596 bus; corn, 526 bus; oats, 31,678 bus; rye, 1578 bus; barley, 22,130 bus; flax, 7899 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 22,000 bus; oats, 220,575 bus; barley, 149,58 bus; flax, 99,081 bus.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 28.—Close, wheat, futures, quiet; ½@¾d lower. July, 5s 8d; September, 5s 6¼d; December, 5s 7d. Corn, spot dull; ¼@½d lower. June, 2s 7½d; July, 2s 7½d; September, 2s 9½d; December, 2s 10¾d.

THE FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for Duluth and Superior for the week ended June 26, 1897:

	Bbls.
Production by local mills	41,400
Receipts by rail	117,920
Exports	12,350
Total shipments	118,280
Stocks in store	244,630

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 29.—Close, wheat, June, 76c; July, 75¼c; September, 70¾c; December, 72¾c. Corn, July, 29½c. Oats, July, 22c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, June 29.—Wheat dull but firm; June, 71⅞c; July, 71c; September, 73@73⅝c. No. 1 hard, 72c; No. 1 northern, 71¾c. Receipts, 197 cars.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, June 29.—Lower wheat cables, fine weather and bearish crop advices from all directions were the outside features of the market today. The pit situation, however, was bullish enough to partially counteract this. A number of large pit traders were heavily short and when the market was too dull for prices to yield covering ensued. Thoman's crop report indicated a yield of over 550,000,00 bus and the world's visible supply decreased only 3,500,000 bus, about half as much as was looked for. The market ruled very narrow. There was a fair demand for July all day, which held that future steady. Some reports of rust in the Northwest and the unusually large clearances at the seaboard exercised a strengthening effect. About 125,000 bus cash wheat were worked today for export.

Corn was heavy, but closed at 26c for September as usual. There is a prospect of great demoralization in freight rates but a clique of local traders see so little chance of loss in buying at the present low prices that they practically control the situation at present.

Provisions weakened early but strengthened later on buying created to the local packers.

Puts, September wheat, 64⅜-7⁄8@64⅝-65c asked.

Calls, September wheat, 65⅝-¾c.

Curb, September wheat, 65¼c.

Puts, September corn, 26@26⅛c.

Calls, September corn, 26@26⅛c bid.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	11¼	12⅜	11¼	12⅛
Atchison preferred	25½	25½	25	25
Sugar	129	130	126¾	127¼
Canada Southern	51⅝	51⅝	—	50¾
C., B. & Q.	85	85	83⅝	83⅝
St. Paul	93	93¼	92¾	92⅝
Chicago Gas	96¼	96½	93¾	95
D., L. & W.				
General Electric	34¾	35	34½	34½
Omaha	64⅛	64½	63⅝	64
Reading	23¼	23⅜	23½	23
L. & N.	51⅝	51⅞	50¾	50¾
Manhattan	90	90	88¼	88¼
Missouri Pacific	20¼	20¼	19⅝	19⅝
Tobacco	78¼	79¾	77	78½
C. & N. W.	116¾	117¾	116¼	116⅞
N. P. preferred	41⅞	41⅞	41	41
Rock Island	76	76	74½	74⅝
Union Pacific	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5¾
Western Union	84¾	84¾	84	84⅛
Lather	58⅝	59	58½	58½
Lake Shore				

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, June 29.—Close, wheat, June, 70¼c; July, 70c; September, 63¼c; December, new, 69⅞c; old, 66c. Corn, June, 25c; July, 25c; September, 26c. Oats, June, 17½c; July, 17⅝c; September, 17¾c. Pork, June, $7.70; July, $7.70; September, $7.80. Lard, June, $4.15; July, $4.15; September, $4.25. Ribs, June, $4.52; July, $4.52; September, $4.62. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 70@70⅝c; No. 3 red, 70@70c; No. 2 spring, 70@71c; No. 3 spring, 69@69c; No. 2 hard winter, 68c; No. hard winter, 62@65c; No. 1 northern spring, 71@72c. Corn, No. 2, 25¼c; No. 3, 24¾c. Oats, No. 2, 18⅜c; No. 3, 16½@20. Barley, cash, No. 3, 27@31c. Rye, cash, 34½c; July, 34c; September, 34¾c. Flax, cash, 78¼c; cash, Northwestern, 79c; July, 78c; September, 78¾c. Timothy, cash, $2.75; August, $2.80; September, $2.70@2.75.

HOT WEATHER SHIRTS!

Beautiful patterns in negligee shirts with ties to match at 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2 in all sizes.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

NEWS OF THE LAKES.

The Steamer Wallula Struck a Ridge of Rocks and Went Down.

Amherstburg, Ont., June 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Wallula struck a ridge of rocks near the American light last night and sank off the channel bank. The wrecker Saginaw with pumps and diver left at 10 o'clock this morning to work on the wreck.

COAL CHARTERS.

Buffalo, June 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is still a better demand for coal tonnage. Charters: Argo, Connelly Bros., Ggarita, Portage, 20 cents.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Nipigon, Melbourne, Leinden, Pratt, Ash, 9:30 last night; Wright, 10:30; Elphycke, 3:20 a. m.; Nimick, Antrim, 7; Thomson and whalebacks, Lansing, 8; Siemens, Krupp, 8:20; Maruba, Manda, 9; Jay Gould, Continental, Holland, 9:40; Clinton, Grimsby, Lisgar, 11. Down: Schuylkill, 1 a. m.; P. H. Ketchum, 3:20; Queen City, 6:20; Sacramento, Abyssinia, Paisley, Grampian, 10:30.

Later—Up: Athabasca, Rees, 11 a. m.; Mary McGregor, noon; Presley, Redington, 1 p. m.; Majestic, 2. Down: Vanderbilt, 12:30 p. m.; Andaste, 1.30.

Up yesterday: City of New York, Crandy, Golden Rule, Robert, 3 p. m.; Christie, Sonsmith, 5; Osceola, Omoko, 5:30; Northern King, 7:40; Wilson and whalebacks, Italia, Polynesia, 8. Down: Ericeson, Holley, 3:30 p. m.; Traverse, 6:20; Folsom, Mitchell, Nelson, 7.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Naples, 9 last night; Ellenmere, 10:20; Fedora, midnight; Briton, 12:30 a. m.; Corona, 5:20; Turner and consorts, 6; Runnels, 7; Hadley, 11:10.

Up yesterday: Hudson, 11:50 a. m.; Lizzie Madden and consort, 12:20 p. m.; Prudgeon, 3; Yale, 5:20; Pahlow, 6; Stevens, 7:40.

PASED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., June 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Bartlett and consort, 9 last night; Langell and consorts, 9:40; Cort, Russell, 10:20; J. B. Lyon, 11:30; Martin and consort, 12:40 a. m.; Penobscot, 3:40; Maine and barges, 4:30; Uganda, 4:40; Pease and consort, 5:40; Grover, 7:20; McWilliams, 7:40; Doty and consort, 8; Carnegie, 8:50; Pope, 9; Huron City and consorts, 9:30; Arizona and consorts, Crescent City, 10.

Down yesterday: Joliet, 11:40 a. m.; Cadillac, noon; Maytham, 1:50 p. m.; Wallula, 2; India, Northern Wave, 3:15; Cort, 3:35; Waldo, 4; Davidson, 5:15; Bielman, 5:50; Gladstone, 6.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Lorain—Cleared: Naples, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Bessemer, Charles Eddy, Trevor, Duluth.

Huron—Cleared: Sophia, Minch, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Hadley, Crete, Colgate, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Fedora, Fort William; John Hutchinson, Alverson, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Selwyn Eddy, Mariposa, Kirby, Hartnell, Cleveland.

Ashland—Arrived: Iosco. Cleared: Victory, Constitution, Wallula, Parker, B. W. Parker.

Washburn—Arrived: Hesper, Barlum. Cleared: Fletcher, Buffalo.

Ashtabula—Cleard: Linden, Portage.

FINE WAS REMITTED.

The steamer Langell was recently fined $10 for failing to have its name painted on the bow. Today a notice from the department remitting the amount was received. The fine was imposed as a result of the visit of the revenue boat recently. It was a purely technical violation of the law. The boat was being painted and the lettering for the name had not been done at the time the cutter was here.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Roumania, Marina, Nyanza, Nesloto, Mecosta, Ashland, Hiawatha, Sevona, Appomattox, Pasadena, Tom Adams, Mohegan, Mingoo, Lake Erie, coal: Fletcher, to finish lumber cargo; North West, Buffalo, pass; Peerless, Chicago, pass and mdse; Eber Ward, Arabia, Kearsarge, Buffalo, mdse; United Empire, Sarnia, pass and mdse; Mather, 107, Lake Erie, light for ore; Armenia, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—Aurora, Auranla, Caledonia, Watt, Jenney, Stephenson, Bell, Algeria, Athens, Lake Erie, ore; Northern Light, Buffalo, flour; North West, Buffalo, pass; Rappahannock, Buffalo, grain.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, June 29.—Arrived: Maasdam, from Rotterdam; H. H. Meier, from Bremen.

London—Arrived: Michigan, New York.

Glasgow—Arrived: Furnesia, New York.

Claims He Abused Her.

Laura Meagher this morning began divorce proceedings against Duncan Meagher on the grounds of cruelty and drunkenness. They are 27 and 39 years of age and they were married in West Superior Sept. 18, 1889. The wife alleges that soon after their marriage her husband began a course of abuse which consisted of choking her, beating her and her children by a former marriage and threatening them with bodily injury. She claims also that he drank a great deal, using up much of his wages in that way, and that he supported her only in a slight degree. Three months ago he left her to go to Canada. She says that he has property worth $1000, and she asks alimony. Scott Rex is her attorney.

Rate Has Been Shaded.

D. H. Bacon, president of the Minnesota Iron company, and J. H. Chandler, general attorney, left yesterday afternoon for Chicago. Mr. Bacon said that if Fayal ore had been sold at $2.10 and $2.15 a ton, as stated by Franklin Rockefeller in an interview in The Evening Herald last Saturday, he did not know it. However, Mr. Bacon does not deny that the rate of $2.40, the price named in the Bessemer ore pool schedule, has been considerably shaded. It is well understood, of course, that no Mesaba mine is a member of the pool, and that in selling Fayal ore for less than $2.40 no agreement is being violated.

LATEST FAD IN SHIRTS!

Silk and flannel bodies with white neck bands and wrist bands at $1.50, $2, $2.25. Handsome patterns.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

AT WEST DULUTH

Police Are After Boys Who Are Already Celebrating the Fourth.

DRIVING THEM OUT

Maccabees Meet and Use Their New Paraphernalia In Degree Work.

Patriotic Young Americans are waiting impatiently for the coming of the Fourth of July and can with difficulty resist the temptation to touch off explosives intended for use on that day only. The police, however, are strictly enforcing the rule that sport with fire crackers must not be indulged in and the boys have been driven to isolated places where there is no danger of frightening horses or firing buildings to give vent to their patriotism.

MACCABEES' MEETING.

The West Duluth Knights of the Maccabees held a large and enthusiastic meeting at their hall last night when the new degree work paraphernalia was used for the first time. Four candidates were initiated into the mysteries of the order. The work is very much improved by the new apparatus and the knights are highly pleased with their purchase. At the regular lodge work refreshments were served and a pleasant social hour enjoyed.

MISS HARRISON'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of Miss Sabra Harrison, who died yesterday morning at St. Mary's hospital after an operation for appendicitis had been performed, took place this morning at 9 o'clock from Stewart's undertaking establishment. Dr. Robert Forbes, pastor of Asbury M. E. church, preached the funeral sermon. The interment took place in Forest Hill cemetery. The funeral was attended only by a few of the friends and relatives.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Christ Johnson, of West Duluth, has again been appointed a member of the police force. He served a year on the force once before, being let out about two years ago, when the number of men was reduced as a measure of economy.

John Shea, of the Phillips' house, has purchased the bar connected with the Esmond house at Twentieth avenue west. The hotel will be conducted by Mr. Berry.

Mrs. Ives, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. H. Phelps in West Duluth, has returned to her home in Illinois.

A number of West Duluth Odd Fellows with their families will go to Port Arthur tomorrow on the excursion given by the order on the steamer Dixon.

Gus Schroeder is preparing for a trip to Detroit, Mich., immediately after the Fourth.

Miss Eva Rockwell has gone to Toronto, where she will spend her summer vacation with her grand parents.

A meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of Plymouth Congregational church will be held at the residence of Mrs. R. W. Mars tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

E. D. Rosenblatt, who has been visiting at Berlin, Ont., has returned home. The bicycle raffled last night by Henry Gifford was won by J. C. Phillips.

A benefit dance for Mrs. Allen and family is to be given this evening in Merrick hall on Grand avenue. Supper will be served by the ladies in the parlors above the hall.

Saturday's Horse Races.

The horse races Saturday bid fair to be very interesting and there is considerable talk about them. They will be held at the driving park, beginning at 2 o'clock. There will be a 3-minute class and a 2:30 class, half-mile heats, best three in five; a colt race, half-mile heats, best two in three; a Studebaker novelty race; gentlemen's driving race, half-mile heats, best two in three, and a pony running race, half-mile heats, best two in three. In addition to this, Wilksetta, the bay pacer, challenges any bicyclist at the head of the lakes for a half-mile heat.

Going to Gettysburg.

Last evening T. H. Pressnell, J. O. Milne and E. R. Jefferson left for St. Paul and tonight will leave there for Gettysburg to attend the unveiling of the monument in memory of the First Minnesota charge, Col. M. M. Gasser of Governor Clough's staff also left and will go with the party.

A Sale of Wash Goods

Is now going on at the store of Power & Settle.

Special Excursions.

Excursion tickets as follows are on sale via "The North-Western Line:" San Francisco, Los Angeles, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Kansas City and intermediate points at greatly reduced rates, one way, on June 29 to July 3. All points within 200 miles, July 3, 4 and 5, one and one-third fare, round trip.

ROUND TRIP TO

Milwaukee, July 3 to 5, $13.30.
Detroit, July 2 to 6, $18.75.
Chautauqua, N. Y., July 12, 13, $23.50.
Detroit, July 10, 12, $18.75.
Toronto, July 12, 13, $23.90.
Chattanooga, July 12 to 15, $27.80.
Salt Lake, July 8, 9, $40.00.
Salt Lake, July 16, 17, $40.00.

Other excursions later. For particulars call at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
Agent.

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day, soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Write for our book, with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

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ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Good home and good wages. 1926 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL, MUST UNDERstand cooking. No. 211 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—RELIABLE GIRL FOR chambermaid. Good wages. Apply to Mr. Robel, superintendent the Bethel, Lake avenue, between 9 and 10 a. m.

WANTED—GOOD STRONG KITCHEN girl at once. 102 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN COOK AT once at the Cadillac hotel.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COOK AT 129 First avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD COMPETENT COOK. 329 West Second street.

WANTED—A HOUSEMAID, WHO IS A good seamstress at Twenty-seventh avenue east and Superior street.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Seibold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—MAN TO MAKE LATH BY the thousand. Howe Lumber company, Tower, Minn.

WANTED SCANDINAVIAN, GERMAN and English speaking salesmen. Salary and commission. Work in city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS.

RELIABLE AGENTS WHO ARE hustlers, to solicit insurance for the Union Men's Mutual Insurance company. Big inducements. Address or call at 307 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—SECOND HAND BICYCLE, in first class condition. Address R 8, Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND upright piano. Box 772 West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—GIRL'S BICYCLE, WITH 26-inch wheel. Must be in good condition. Will pay cash. Address "Wheel," Herald office, giving price and where can be seen.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—HORSE FOR HIS FEED TO use as delivery horse. Inquire at 101 East Superior street.

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

THE DULUTH TRANSIT EXPRESS line is prepared to move pianos and furniture. Trunks removed for 25 cents. Office 501 West Michigan street. Tel. 523.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKroach perishes. Sure death to vermin. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

TO EXCHANGE.

UNENCUMBERED REAL ESTATE IN St. Louis and Itasca counties to exchange for stock of general merchandise. Enquire of F. Blackmarr, Duluth.

NOTED RABBI DEAD.

Exiled From Russia For His Political Views.

New York, June 29.—Henry Gersoni, D.D., has died of asthma at his home in this city. He was born in Vilna, Russia, 54 years ago and studied at universities in St. Petersburg and Berlin, both of which conferred the degree of D.D. on him. He was banished from Russia for political reasons and came to this country in 1866 and preached in the Temple Emanuel. He also wrote for the Jewish Times until 1874 when he accepted a place as rabbi of a synagog in Atlanta, Ga.

Thence he went to the Temple B'Nai Sholem of Russia. He resigned to establish the Jewish Advance which he published for two years. Fourteen years ago he came again to this city where he supported himself by his pen. He was skilled in many tongues, including Greek, Arabic, Hebrew, French, German and the various Slavonic languages. He leaves a wife and brother in Russia and a sister, Mrs. Shabad, in Chicago.

COURTS ARE SUPREME.

And Government Officials Must Obey Their Summons.

Cleveland, June 29.—It appears that officials of the United States government must obey the orders of the courts whether they are engaged in government business when summoned or not. Sometime ago W. B. Stockman, of the weather bureau, was fined for failing to answer a summons to appear as a witness before Judge Ong. Failing to pay the fine he was committed to jail, but was almost immediately released.

He appealed to Washington and Judge Ong suspended the fine until Stockman could hear from the government. Stockman has just received a letter from Secretary Wilson advising him to pay the fine. Judge Ong feels vindicated and is disposed to let Stockman off with the costs.

Barker Has Begun Work.

Capt. Barker placed one dredge at work yesterday on the work in Duluth and Superior harbors, and tomorrow will have another at work. He is working at the gate basin near the new Duluth-Superior bridge. Williams, Green & Williams now have six dredges at work.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, June 29.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $235,566,765; gold reserve, $140,664,572.

AFTER LAKE DIFFERENTIALS.

Chicago, June 29.—Chairman Midgley, of the Western Freight association, accompanied by a number of traffic officials of the Western roads, left for New York today to attend a conference of the Joint Traffic association lines with the lake lines, to be held there tomorrow with the view of cutting down lake line differentials.

KEEP YOUR LITTLE BOY COOL!

Buy him one of our latest style of wash suits—prices range at 50c, 75c, 85c, $1 and $1.25 per suit.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER will work for 75 cents a day. R 32, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY STEADY man. Would work in restaurant or hotel or take care horses and work around house. Good references. Write F. C. Johnson, 27 East Third street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS NURSE. Call or address 1116 West Superior street.

WANTED—POSITION IN SOME OFfice by boy 17 years of age. Can give references. Address C., Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL OF 14, place to do light housework in small family, or care for children. 1107 West First street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT DRESSmaker desires to go out sewing by the day or week to do plain sewing or dressmaking. Price $1 a day. Address 1409 Weeks avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 23, work of any kind. Had experience in grocery business. Good collector; willing to work for any reasonable wages; best of references given. Address R 76, Herald.

BAND FILER WANTS SITUATION. Satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. Address Filer, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

MIDDLE-AGED LADY WOULD LIKE situation as housekeeper in small family. Address Mrs. E. Metcalf, postoffice, general delivery.

SITUATION WANTED BY FIRSTclass male cook; has good recommendations for meats, vegetables and pastry. Address E. 316 West Second street, city.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY, SEWing, washing or ironing by competent woman. Mrs. Peterson, 4624 Cook street, Lakeside.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework in small family. Address R 45, Herald.

WANTED—PLACES TO WASH AND iron by the day by German woman. Leave word at 327 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BOARDING house, nicely furnished, central location, seventeen rooms. Owner going South. 17 First avenue west.

BAKERY FOR SALE—BEST LOCAtion, owner leaving city. R 38, Herald.

FOR SALE—SHOEMAKER SHOP IN good location, with machine, etc. 415½ West Superior street.

FOR SALE—DENTAL PRACTICE AND office. Address R 71, Herald.

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE—JUST REceived, two carloads of household furniture from the Newell Furniture company, which failed last week. Folding beds, desks, parlor goods, etc., at great bargains. Sale opens Tuesday, June 8. Markus & Co., 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Lakeside Land company to Eunice Fullerton, lot 2, block 99, London addition ..... $ 1,900

E. Grace Graves to Gertrude L. Carey et al, lots 47 and 48, Morris Park division of Lakeside 700

N. A. Lindherz to M. W. Skinner, lot 43, block 92, Duluth proper, Third division 693

Beriah Magoffin to Frances Chapman, lots 21, 22, block 17, Proctorknott 200

Beriah Magoffin to W. F. Chapman, lot 20, block 17, Proctorknott 100

S. P. Traff et al to C. A. Carlson, lot 7, block 31, Portland division .. 2,800

Total ..... $ 6,393

A. J. EARLING MENTIONED.

Rumor Picks Him For Northern Pacific President.

Chicago, June 29.—A Milwaukee, Wis., special to the News says: It is reported here that General Manager Earling of the St. Paul railway has been offered the presidency of the Northern Pacific but has declined. It is believed here that in the event of any change in the St. Paul presidency, Mr. Earling, and not Mr. Winter, will succeed Roswell Miller.

THE JURY DISAGREED.

New York, June 29.—The jury in the case of the officers of the American Tobacco company indicted for conspiracy in restraint of trade, came into court late this afternoon and reported that they were unable to agree. They were thereupon discharged. It is understood that ten of the jurors were for conviction and two for acquittal.

BANK QUITS BUSINESS.

Erie, Pa., June 29.—The Keystone National bank, by an unanimous vote of the directors, has decided to close its doors today. The depositors will be paid in full.

DENIES THE SALE.

Milwaukee, June 29.—A special to the Wisconsin from Marinette, Wis., says: Vice President John Bagley, of the Wisconsin & Michigan road, denies the reported sale of the road and car ferry line to the Big Four and scouts the rumor that the Peshtigo South Chicago route is to be abandoned, as this would render useless a line of new track extending from Peshtigo to Fathom Junction on the Soo road.

BANDITS HAVE SURRENDERED.

Omaha, June 29.—A special to the Bee from Deadwood, S. D., says: The posse in pursuit of the Belle Fourche bank robbers succeeded in surrounding them last night on the Three V ranch, fifteen miles west from Belle Fourche, and after exchanging many shots the bandits surendered. The wires are down and particulars unobtainable.

MILLER WILL NOT RESIGN.

Milwaukee, June 29.—President Miller has no intention of resigning, and the rumors sent out from New York to the effect that he intends to, and that Edwin Winter will succeed him, are without the least foundation in fact, declared Secretary Myers of the St. Paul road today. It is learned that Mr. Miller, who is now nearly fully recovered from his illness of last winter, is spending the summer at his cottage in the Adirondack mountains with his family, and the sojourn there is as much for the benefit of his young son as for Mr. Miller himself, the former just recovering from a serious illness.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
10 00 am	St. Paul,	*6 30 am
*† 54 pm	Minneapolis.	*† 10 pm
*† 15 pm		† 45 pm

From UNION DEPOT. CITY TICKET OFFICE, 401 W. Superior street, corner Palladio building. Telephone 218.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

8-ROOM HOUSE, TWO BLOCKS FROM Merchants hotel; all improvements. R. P. Paine, No. 206 West Superior street, room 4.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—A FIVE-ROOM MODERN flat, London road and Eighteenth avenue east. Apply to Commercial Investment company, Torrey building.

INGALLS' FLATS, STEAM HEAT, GAS, range. 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH bath. 315 West Second street.

DOUBLE PARLORS, CARPETS, PORtiers, lake view, modern and cheap; also two other rooms, light housekeeping allowed. 305 East Third.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED rooms. All modern conveniences. 121 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 912 EAST Sixth street. Good well and soft water. Arthur A. Fider.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — WELL FURNISHED house, about eight rooms, in central part of city. Address M 37, Herald.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired; price reasonable. 120 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD, if desired; centrally located. Modern conveniences. 211 Third avenue west.

FIRST CLASS TABLE BOARD AND rooms at Cadillac hotel, opposite High School. Mrs. J. T. Condon.

DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST AVENUE W.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 329 West Second street. $1.50 per day.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting July 5, 1897. Work, ——. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting July 12, 1897. Work, Third degree. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. John F. McLraen, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105, Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM IN strictly private family by young married couple. Address stating terms and location. F. Herald.

STORAGE.

STORAGE — LICENSED AND BONDed, are you going to move or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material, and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

CLAIRVOYANT.

BUSINESS CLAIRVOYANT. 1421 WEST Michigan street.

PROFESSOR ANFIN, CLAIRVOYANT—Nature has gifted Professor Anfin with a clairvoyant power unusually strong, and he has never made it a subject to falsehood and deceit. He does not deal in charms or other humbuggery, but gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs or on any other subject of importance. His advice, if followed, and his help, if desired, shows everyone the road to happiness and prosperity. 123 Second avenue west.

FINANCIAL.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

Fire Insurance, .:. Life Insurance, ...Investments....

I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500.00 up.

A. R. Macfarlane,
13 Exchange Building.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife. 320 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

Duluth's Popular Highway to the East!

Northern Steamship Company's
EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS,

North West and North Land

Sailing from Duluth to Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo

Every Saturday and Tuesday at 1:45 p. m.

Ships arrive from the East every Friday and Monday at 6:30 p. m.

C. D. HARPER,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 432 W. Superior St.

Steamer Dixon

Will make an extra trip to

Grand Marais

during the summer season, leaving Duluth every Friday morning at 10 a. m. Other sailing days Sunday and Wednesdays at 10 a. m.

Steam Yacht Nautilus.

Will leave Duluth at 8 a. m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for all points on the North Shore between Duluth and Chicago Bay, landing passengers at all points and stopping for them as they may wish. This gives pleasure seekers and FISHING PARTIES an opportunity to avail themselves of fishing in the streams on the North Shore and a delightful trip on the lake. For further information inquire on board of boat at dock,

Foot of Sixth Avenue West.

Eastern Railway

Of Minnesota.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 422 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†† 15 pm	St. Paul and	†† 15 pm
*†† 15 pm	Minneapolis	*† 00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains. New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

Fargo, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Portland, Seattle and Japan.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., St. P

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.
Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark.

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), June 29.—Rains have been general in Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Manitoba, and the Dakotas. Showers are reported in sections of Illinois, Nebraska and Montana. The weather continues cloudy in Michigan and Wisconsin; elsewhere it is fair. The rainfalls of .52 and .70 inch, accompanying thunder storms at La Crosse and Milwaukee, respectively, are the heaviest reported.

The temperature has risen generally in the upper lake region and the Upper Mississippi valley.

The barometer is now lowest north of Minnesota and highest in the Gulf states and Wyoming. This distribution of pressure is favorable for a change to decidedly warmer this afternoon, in this locality, and pleasant weather for the next two or three days, with winds generally westerly.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 50; maximum yesterday, 82; minimum yesterday, 48; rainfall for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. today .12 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Fair tonight and Wednesday; decidedly warmer this afternoon and tonight; winds becoming fresh to brisk westerly this afternoon.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 29.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Showers this afternoon; partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with showers in east portion tonight; fresh southwest to west winds. For Minnesota: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; slightly lower temperature in south portion tonight; fresh westerly winds.

CELEBRATING THE FOURTH.

The Herald trusts that Mayor Truelsen will follow the good example set by the mayors of several other cities in regard to the use of fireworks on the Fourth of July and will issue a proclamation without delay in reference to the matter. The discharge of fireworks of any description is prohibited in many cities on any day except Monday, July 5, and the use of any revolver or cannon-cracker is forbidden under severe penalties.

Mayor McKisson of Cleveland says in his proclamation: "In furtherance of a proper and patriotic celebration of Independence day, notice is hereby given to all persons within the city of Cleveland that fireworks may be discharged on the public streets and avenues of the city on July 5, 1897, this being the official holiday, instead of July 4, which falls on Sunday; provided that due care and caution shall be taken to avoid accidents, fires and damages of any kind to person or property. The discharge of fire-crackers or pyrotechnics shall not be permitted in back yards, alleys or other places where, in the opinion of the police, there is special danger of fires; neither shall permission be granted to use fire-arms of any kind whatsoever, either cannons, rifles, guns or pistols of any caliber or description, on the day aforementioned. Citizens are earnestly requested to co-operate with the authorities to the end that the freedom allowed in an enthusiastic celebration of this national holiday may not be abused, nor the safety of inhabitants, either old or young, be endangered."

Mayor Maybury of Detroit, Mich., has issued the following: "In the exercise of the discretion vested in the mayor, under the provisions of section 3, chapter CXXIII, of the city ordinances, permission is hereby granted to the citizens of Detroit, young and old, to use fireworks on the 5th day of July ensuing—that being the legal holiday observed whenever the Fourth of July falls on Sunday. There is especially excepted from this permit the use of any revolver or cannon-cracker, so-called. The many deplorable casualties that occur on the day of our national fete are occasioned by the careless use of the inventions designated, and their use is therefore contrary to our purpose. Let me express the hope that this permission will be so used by the youth of our city that our common pleasure and rejoicing will not be interrupted or marred by our neighbors' loss of life or limb or the destruction of property."

These proclamations are quoted as suggestions for Mayor Truelsen. In addition to prohibiting the discharge of firearms and cannon-crackers, he should also prohibit the placing of explosives on the street car tracks. It is not necessary, in order to display patriotism, to do anything that will mar the common pleasure and endanger lives and property, and anything tending in that direction should be strictly prohibited. Not only should it be prohibited by proclamation, but the mayor, as the head of the police department, should instruct the police to promptly arrest all persons who violate the regulations, no matter who they may be. There should be no favoritism shown.

Rev. D. Parker Morgan, rector of the Church of the Heavenly Rest of New York, who, in the course of his sermon in Trinity church, said the presidency didn't amount to much compared to the English royal figurehead, was imported from Cardiff, in Wales. He was rector of a church there largely made up of fishermen by whom he was irreverently called "Weeping Jeremiah" because of his ability in lachrymose display.

IS THE COST TOO HIGH?

The growing cost of government is shown by a table of interesting statistics, which was recently prepared by J. Sterling Morton, who may be remembered by some people as secretary of agriculture in President Cleveland's cabinet. Mr. Morton thought, and with good reason, that the government's expenditures are increasing too rapidly, and that steps should be taken to cut off some of the unnecessary items of expense. With this end in view, he tried to do away with the expenditure of so much money for seeds to be distributed by congressmen among their constituents, which is a useless expenditure of money to a great extent. Of course his attack on the flower and garden seed abuse aroused a loud protest from many Western congressmen, and his attempt to secure economy in this respect was defeated.

That there is much need of retrenchment is shown by the table of statistics compiled by Mr. Morton, giving the cost per capita of administering the federal government. In 1840 the population was 17,069,453. The net ordinary expenditures of that fiscal year were $24,139,920, making the amount per capita $1.41. In 1850 the population had grown to over 23,000,000, the expenditures to over $40,000,000 and the per capita to $1.77. In 1860 the rate was $2.01. In 1890 the population was over 62,000,000, the net ordinary expenses over $297,000,000, and the per capita $4.75. If the gross expenditures in the fiscal year are taken as the basis of computation, it would show the amount per capita at $1.65 in 1840, $1.92 in 1850, $2.45 in 1860 and $10.06 in 1890.

Commenting on these figures, the Utica, N. Y., Press says: "The natural supposition would be that the larger the population the lower the average rate per capita. The contrary seems to be true if Secretary Morton's figures are correct. The old idea was that the sole business of the government is to protect life, liberty and property. Of late there has been a growing demand for increased fixed charges on American citizenship. What is commonly called general welfare is a plea seldom disregarded. Every city of size must have its handsome federal building. Wherever water settles or runs, river and harbor appropriations are secured. In the good old days there were no centennial or Chicago exhibitions, no cost of representation at world's fairs in other countries and many other expenses common nowadays never found their way to the government books. Since the civil war the pensions have been an immense item of expenditure. They have reached their highest point and must grow smaller year by year. Then, too, the old-time farmer did not expect his congressman to send him seeds nor printed books by the ton. Probably we get the worth of our money, but it takes a good deal of it."

A robust widow in New York brought a suit for damages in the sum of $10,000 against an undertaker 70 years old, whom she accused of hugging her so violently as to injure her ribs. The jury, after considering the decorous habits of undertakers and the improbability of the alleged act arousing the resentment of a well balanced woman, brought in a verdict for the defendant.

Governor Mount of Indiana has expressed himself as in favor of pardoning all the prisoners afflicted with consumption who are now confined in the state penitentiaries. This is a peculiar idea. Why should a convict be pardoned if he has consumption? Why turn him loose to spread the contagion?

The Washington church, which engaged Rev. T. De Witt Talmage as an assistant pastor, with the idea that he would prove a great drawing card, now realizes that it made a mistake. He filled the church at first, but the novelty soon wore off and the audiences have shrunken.

Ignatius Donnelly sued the St. Paul Pioneer Press for $50,000 because it roasted him editorially for a speech which he made attacking Grover Cleveland, but a jury has given him a verdict for only $1000. Of course the Pioneer Press will take an appeal to the supreme court.

A lad by the name of Chadwick, living at Crow's island, N. Y., is entirely blind in the daytime, but can see perfectly well in the night. The boy finds his way unaided about the island, which is small, and can saw wood.

There can be no doubt about the insanity of the individual who ran amuck on Superior street and assaulted all who were in his way. No sane man would have tried to knock out a lawyer by striking him on the jaw.

A New York judge disqualified a juror who appeared in the box in a bicycle costume, including a sweater. Here's a pretty good hint, says the Omaha Bee, to those who wish to escape the duty.

It is claimed that the meanest man lives in Chicago. Twice a week he hypnotizes his wife, and while she runs the lawn mower over the front yard he takes a spin on his bicycle.

In Cleveland an unknown man has been declared insane because he persistently refused to drink water. He must be from Superior.

Two Indians near Tower have become blind as a result of drinking essence of peppermint as a substitute for whisky. Evidently a case of getting blind drunk.

The kaiser seems to have considerable trouble in keeping his cabinet portfolios filled, but the chief reason seems to be that he wants to run all the departments himself.

Bismarck has fought in twenty duels and has been wounded once. And even that was through an accident, his adversary's sword flying from its handle and cutting his face.

Senator Chandler of New Hampshire contemplates rounding out his record for the year with fifty centuries on his cyclometer. The senator is a scorcher in politics as well.

An Indiana man, who was angered by the inflated ideas of an assessor, fired three shots at him, but he failed to bring down the assessor or the assessment.

The sultan now agrees to accept $30,000,000 from Greece and call it square. The little kingdom has had a costly experience.

The coffin trust is dead, and there are no mourners.

Is a Beauty.

Ellsworth, Wis., Gleaner: The Duluth Evening Herald has donned an entirely new dress which is very becoming. The trimmings used to display the several gores (columns) are quite pretty and add much to the general effect. Dressed as she is for every day, The Herald is a beauty.

CHEERY CHAT.

Mother—Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today.

Son—Then lets sample the fruit cake in the pantry.

Detroit Journal: "I wonder why they always have stained glass windows in churches."

"Oh, I fancy broad daylight is too broad."

Cincinnati Enquirer: He—I met you on the street yesterday afternoon and received only a stone stare.

She—Well, you see, I was feeling rocky.

Chicago Record: "That new boarder never opens his head about the hot weather."

"I should say not; he is in the ice business."

Judge: Mrs. Benham—What were the last words of Mary queen of Scots.

Benham—I suppose she asked if her head was on the block straight.

Chicago Tribune: Maud—Have you heard about it? Fan Billiwink is engaged to young Grayte-Snapp, the son of the wealthy glue manufacturer?

Ingenue—I notice she seems a good deal stuck up lately.

Puck: First Westerner—Pete allus was an inquisitive cuss.

Second Westerner—Ailus. I knowed him to drink a glass o' plain sody water jest to find out what it was like.

Detroit Free Press: "You needn't say woman has no mechanical genius. I can do anything on earth with only a hairpin."

"Well, here, sharpen this lead pencil with it."

Indianapolis Journal: "Here," said Mr. Lushforth, unrolling some packages, "is as fine a fishing outfit as any one wants."

"I don't see any can for the bait," said his wife.

"Can? For the bait? What is the matter with a jug? Can, indeed! Do you take me for a tramp?"

TO MY HAT.

'Tis the hat of last summer,
Surviving alone;
All its lovely companions
Are faded and gone—
The buff shoes, the checked shirt,
The necktie of blue,
The white suit the rain didn't
Do a thing to.
I must wear thee, thou lone one,
I know not till when,
Thou wert new once, O hat!
I have married since then.

—Puck.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: The main trouble with most women is that their husbands don't neglect them enough.

Probably the ass had the idea that Balaam was taking her for a present to some woman.

When a man refers to Honolulu, you may be pretty certain he isn't sure how to pronounce Hawaii.

A philosopher is a man who can admire a woman after he has found out that she doesn't admire him.

A woman will quarrel with her husband for wearing his old coat around the house the same day she puts off combing her hair till after breakfast.

A man never knows whether he is really in love with a woman till he has tried to imagine how she would look with three of her front teeth out.

Looking In the Glass.

London Truth: England of today is what Carthage was in times of old. We are ruled by a hungry, greedy aristocracy, which, in its turn, is ruled by loan mongers and by company mongers. Honor and honesty under this regime are derided as old fashioned superstitions. The minister who can steal any territory whose inhabitants are too weak to resist us is acclaimed as a hero. The company promoter who can build a palace by appropriating the savings of his fellow countrymen is worshipped as a divinity. When we mow down Africans with Maxims we glory in this proof of our bravery. When, at the bidding of kings and emperors, we shell Europeans struggling to free themselves from the suzerainty of some wretch who claims their allegiance, we glory in our shame. And while we swagger and boast of our might we are in such abject fear of being attacked that we heap up armaments on armaments, because, no matter what we spend, we still would spend more to make us secure.

The Hero of the Hour.

The toiler at his desk in town today, if not a stole,
Must have a sense of duty that is high and e'en heriac.
What man would willingly forego the sight of summer's gay book,
Bound all in living blue and green, to bend above a daybook?

When all the outside world's alive and bright and glad with beauty,
O, pity him whose nose is on the grindstone of harsh duty!
When now, from every verdant bough, dear nature's voice invites him,
Does any think the rustling of a ledger's leaves delights him?

When from afar he seems to hear the whispering waters woo him,
To drop a line, mere ink can't drown the fancies that pursue him.
How joyfully would he give up the weary chase of mammon,
To loll beside some likely stream and lure the trout or salmon!

But not for him are hill or stream or shore! With wilted collar
And aching head, all summer long he hustles for the dollar.
Mixed with the tempter's voice he hears necessity's old war tune,
And fights on for the "hostages" that he has "given to fortune."

—Boston Globe.

WASHBURN AND GOODNOW.

Washington, June 29.—Ex-Senator W. D. Washburn of Minnesota arrived yesterday afternoon and registered at the Arlington. He said: "I am here to oppose Mr. Goodnow's confirmation as consul general to Shanghai. Senator Frye has arranged to give me a hearing tomorrow. It is the duty of every self-respecting Republican of every state to enter his protest against Goodnow's confirmation. The consulate at Shanghai is one of the most important, and our representative there should be a man of unquestioned reputation."

STOLL IS DEAD.

The Victim of the Ely Stabbing Affray Died This Morning.

Ely, Minn., July 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Reynord Stoll, the victim of the saloon brawl Sunday evening, died at 3 o'clock this morning.

Early Monday morning Officer Garrison arrested an Italian by the name of Arthur Catabain as the assailant of Stoll. He was taken before Judge Cowling Monday morning and held over in default of $1000 bonds. He was taken to Duluth this morning by Officer Garrison.

The fight was not only confined to two persons, but was a free-for-all clubbing match, and another Italian was taken to the hospital during the evening. It was found that his head contained over twenty gashes, and an interested party was heard to remark "that there was not enough hide on his head to sew up."

The story of the fight as related by an eye-witness is as follows: Between the hours of 9 and 10 o'clock Sunday evening the saloon of Stoll Bros., on Sheridan street, was occupied by several men, mostly foreigners. The assailant of Reynord Stoll, Arthur Catabain, was more or less intoxicated and it seemed as though he was looking for trouble. Presently he approached a comrade and entreated him to buy a drink, but this the comrade refused to do, saying he was "busted." After a few minutes of dancing and scuffling around a pool table, the performance began by one of the Italians cracking another over the head with a pool cue. Reynord Stoll rushed from behind the bar and proceeded to throw the crowd out through the door and he had succeeded in throwing Catabain out and had collared another. During this time the door had closed and when he proceeded to open it and push the second fighter out he was struck with a knife in the stomach from the outside. The assailant then fled and was not captured for several hours.

ILLINOIS MILITARY CODE.

Will Shake Up the American Volunteers and Others.

Chicago, June 29.—The American Volunteers, Ballington Booth's religious organization, will be compelled to change their uniforms because of the enactment of the military code of Illinois by the last legislature. Policemen will not be permitted to wear overcoats fashioned after those worn by army officers; the Clan-Na-Gael guards will be disbanded; Capt. Thomas J. Ford's famous Chicago zouaves will be forced out of existence; the Aurora zouaves will cease to be; the Chicago hussars will be required to drop their military trappings, while boys' brigades and semi-military companies throughout the state will be disbanded or the members fined and imprisoned. All of these things are owing to the provisions of article 11 of the military code, now a law, having received the signature of Governor Tanner.

For a long time the officers of the National Guard have been trying to secure an enactment which should prevent the indiscriminate wearing of the uniform and the carrying of arms by independent military organizations. Now that the law has gone into effect it is found that it is more sweeping in its effect than even its framers anticipated. The most striking feature of the American Volunteers is the uniform, which is modeled closely after that of the army, while the officers wear the shoulder straps of the army, in a modified form. This modification is only in color, however, the rank designation being identical.

COAL MINERS' STRIKE.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 29.—Notwithstanding the denials of the local officials of the Miners' association, an afternoon paper publishes a long article in effect that the national officers of the union will issue orders tomorrow for a strike in five states. The edict, the paper says, will go forth from Columbus that the men are to lay down their tools on Saturday. Nearly 125,000 men, it is said, will be engaged in this great conflict and the battlefield will cover the bituminous coal centers of Indiana, Illinois, West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania. The mining rate asked for is 69 cents, based on the thin vein district in Pennsylvania.

SHOT HER DEAD.

Greensburg, Pa., June 29.—Samuel Clark, a negro, climbed upon the porch roof of the house occupied by Mrs. Grady, a colored woman, last night, and breaking the window of her sleeping room, drew a revolver and shot her dead. The murderer then fled and has not been captured. Clark had been absent from the city for two years and returned yesterday. The cause of the murderer is a mystery.

RHEUMATISM

Is caused by Uric Acid and other impurities lingering in the blood, which have not been filtered out by the Kidneys through the urine. The seat of the trouble is not in the skin or muscles. It's sick Kidneys. Electricity, liniments or plasters will not reach the case. But the disease can be

CURED

A few days ago I took up one of your little books on kidney diseases and notice Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills not only cure kidney troubles, but neuralgia and rheumatism also. As I had experienced many hours of misery from acute and inflammatory rheumatism, I concluded to try your Sparagus Kidney Pills. I must say that they have wrought wonders in my case, as they have driven the rheumatism all out of me, and I am now in the best of health and happy state of mind, bodily and mental.

MRS. C. E. HAMILTON, 3 Ninth St., N. Minneapolis, Minn.

HOBBS
Sparagus Kidney Pills.

HOBBS REMEDY CO., PROPRIETORS, CHICAGO.
Dr. Hobbs Pills For Sale in DULUTH, MINN., by S. F. BOYCE, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, 335 W. Superior St.

TONIGHT'S CONCERT.

Fine Program to Be Given at Turner Hall.

Turner hall will doubtless be well filled tonight when the concert by Mrs. Emil Schmied, Herr Carl Reidelsberger and Theodore L. Lammers will be given. The program is the heaviest that local musicians have ever presented, in fact it is doubtful if any foreign company ever presented an entire program of such masterpieces as these. All of the numbers are new, not having been played here before. The printed program contains a general synopsis of each number, which is an excellent idea, and will allow a more intelligent appreciation of the work. Comment upon the individuals who will take part is scarcely necessary. Herr Reidelsberger is very popular with Duluth audiences, and his ability is recognized. Mrs. Emil Schmied is one of the most accomplished of the city's pianists, and added interest to her appearance this time will be given by the fact that she has scarcely been heard since she returned from Germany a few months ago. Theodore L. Lammers, during his residence here, was recognized as a very artistic and intelligent singer, and during his absence of three years his vocal powers seemed to have been enhanced.

SECURED A PENSION.

Washington, June 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Morris has secured a pension for Isaac D. Carr, of Deerwood.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE PAVILION
Duluth's Only Recognized Summer Theater.
Great Success! TONIGHT Immense Hit!
AT 8 P. M.
The New York Stock Co. in
The Two Orphans
Herschell Mayall and Ruth Russell.
The Hit of Duluth.
ROSS SNOW, the original tramp of "RICE'S 1492."
MISS ALICE SMYTHE and HENRY DU TREUX.
Popular Prices. Performances commence after arrival 8 o'clock car nights and 2 o'clock car Thursday, Saturday and Sunday Matinees.

Duluth Trust Company
ACTS AS—
Assignee, Receiver, Trustee, Administrator, Guardian, etc., Collects Rents and Writes Fire Insurance.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the semi-annual installments of interest which became due on the first day of June, 1896, the first day of December, 1896, and the first day of June, 1897, each of said installments being for the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars ($375.00), which defaults have continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Mary A. Van Brunt and Walter Van Brunt, her husband, mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of June, A. D. 1884, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1884, at 10:15 o'clock a. m. in Book 30 of mortgages, on page 120.

Said mortgagors made default in paying taxes on the mortgaged premises for the year 1894, and the undersigned on June 29th, 1897, paid said taxes on the mortgaged premises, with penalties, costs and interest, amounting to the sum of three hundred forty and 03-100 dollars ($340.03), no part of which has been repaid to the undersigned and for which, under the terms of the mortgage, the mortgagee claims and holds a lien against the mortgaged premises.

And said mortgagors also made default in paying special assessments against said property for the years 1894 and 1895 amounting to the sum of eleven and 56-100 dollars ($11.56), with penalties, costs and interest; and the undersigned, on June 29th, 1897, paid said amount, no part of which has been repaid to the undersigned, and for which under the terms of the mortgage, the mortgagee claims and holds a lien against the mortgaged premises.

More than ten (10) days have elapsed since the defaults made in the payment of said installments of interest, and The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained and there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal on said mortgage debt and interest, thirteen thousand seven hundred eleven and 47-100 dollars ($13,711.47) and for taxes and assessments paid as stated above, three hundred fifty-one and 59-100 dollars ($351.59) making in all the sum of fourteen thousand sixty-three and 06-100 dollars ($14,063.06). The said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered two (2) and three (3), in block numbered ten (10), Banning & Ray's Sub-division of Duluth, according to the accepted plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County; said lands being located in St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 11th day of August, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of fourteen thousand sixty-three and 06-100 dollars ($14,063.06), and interest thereon, and two hundred dollars ($200.00) attorneys' fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 29th, 1897.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-29-July-6-13-20-27-August-3.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 21st, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Katherine Grochowski, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Andrew Marshall, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented for examination and allowance at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1898, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 21st day of June, A. D. 1897.

By the Court.
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, June-22-29-July-6.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE — GRADING WEST THIRD STREET.—

Office City Comptroller.
Duluth, Minn., June 15th, 1897.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that an assessment has been made by the board of public works of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, and confirmed by the Hon. J. D. Ensign, judge of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, to defray in full the expense of grading, graveling and otherwise improving West Third street and Grand avenue west, from the center line of Twenty-eighth avenue west to the westerly end of bridge at Thirty-seventh avenue west in said city of Duluth, and that a duplicate assessment roll has been delivered to the city treasurer, and that the amount assessed against each lot or parcel of land can be ascertained at the office of the city treasurer, and that the assessment is due and payable, and if paid within thirty (30) days from June 15th, 1897, there will be allowed a deduction of ten (10) per cent charged to the amount of the assessment for survey, plans, specifications and superintendence.

All persons so desiring can have their assessments divided into not more than five (5) installments of not less than ten (10) dollars each by making application to the city comptroller within forty-five (45) days after the date of this notice. Said installments to become due and payable annually, commencing Oct. 1st, 1898, with interest at seven (7) per cent per annum, payable annually. Blanks for that purpose may be obtained at the office of the city comptroller.

C. E. LOVETT,
City Comptroller.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-15-22-29-July-6.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-six and 25-100 dollars interest which became due and payable on September 24th, 1896, and in the payment of a like amount which became due and payable as interest on March 24th, 1897, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by W. H. Selden and Anna S. Selden, mortgagors, to Horace P. Chandler, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of September, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 3d day of October, 1894, at 8:20 o'clock a. m., in Book 94 of mortgages, on page 522.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the notes secured thereby by the terms thereof to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole thereof is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of eight hundred fifteen and 90-100 dollars, to recover which no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises hereinafter described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number two and three, in block number four, and lot number four, in block number five, in Wooster Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, and lots number one and two, in block number six, Long View Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 28th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated June 14th, 1897.

THE LAUREL GLEN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION OF 1894, a Corporation doing Business in Shrewsbury, in the County of Rutland and State of Vermont,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-15-22-29-July-6-13-20.

ELASTIC
LATEST
IMPROVED
STARCH
A GREAT INVENTION
REQUIRES NO COOKING.
MAKES COLLARS AND CUFFS STIFF AND NICE AS WHEN FIRST BOUGHT NEW.
PREPARED FOR LAUNDRY PURPOSES ONLY
ONE POUND OF THIS STARCH WILL GO AS FAR AS A POUND AND A HALF OF ANY OTHER STARCH.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
THE J. C. HUBINGER BROS. CO.
KEOKUK, IOWA. NEW HAVEN, CONN.
COPYRIGHTED

ELASTIC STARCH has been before the people of the United States for twenty-three years, and is without doubt the green test starch invention of the Nineteenth Century. Last year its sales reached the unprecedented number of twenty million packages. It is prepared upon scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundrying. It makes ironing easy, restores old summer dresses to their natural whiteness, and imparts to linen a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen, and can be used even for a baby powder.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighteen dollars interest which became due and payable on November 29th, 1896, and in the payment of a like amount which became due and payable as interest on May 29th, 1897, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by W. H. Selden and Anna S. Selden, mortgagors, to The Laurel Glen Cemetery Association of 1894, a corporation doing business in Shrewsbury, in the county of Rutland and state of Vermont, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of May, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the first day of June, 1895, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 122 of mortgages, on page 294.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the notes secured thereby by the terms thereof to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole thereof is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of four hundred ninety-six and 85-100 dollars, to recover which no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number six (6), in block number six, in Wooster Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 28th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated June 14th, 1897.

THE LAUREL GLEN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION OF 1894, a Corporation doing Business in Shrewsbury, in the County of Rutland and State of Vermont,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-15-22-29-July-6-13-20.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty dollars interest which became due and payable on September 10th, 1896, and in the payment of a like amount which became due and payable as interest on March 10th, 1897, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by William H. Selden and Anna S. Selden, his wife, mortgagors, to The Laurel Glen Cemetery Association of 1894, a corporation doing business in Shrewsbury, in the county of Rutland and state of Vermont, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of September, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 18th day of September, 1895, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 122 of mortgages, on page 294.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the notes secured thereby by the terms thereof to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole thereof is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of eleven hundred five and 14-100 dollars, to recover which no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number four, in block number five, in Wooster Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, and lot number four, in block number five, in Long View Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 28th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated June 14th, 1897.

THE LAUREL GLEN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION OF 1894, a Corporation doing Business in Shrewsbury, in the County of Rutland and State of Vermont,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-15-22-29-July-6-13-20.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

NOT ALL THAT WAY

Some of the Aldermen Are Friendly to Members of the Board.

MAY NOT IMPEACH

Further Hearing Next Friday Evening---Mr. Gay Submits His Offer.

Last night's council meeting was the warmest and most interesting of all the warm and interesting meetings recorded in the history of that body. The report of the pumphouse investigating committee was received, and it was all and more than promised. It wound up with a resolution impeaching the members of the board of public works and calling on them to show cause why they should not be removed from office. It was referred back after a bitter fight, for further consideration, the committee being increased by the addition of three members. A proposition from E. H. Gay, offering the gas and water plants at $1,695,000 was received, also, and was the text of several speeches, plentifully interlarded with biting remarks. No action was taken on it and it was quietly tucked away, being ordered, on motion, placed on file.

Interest centered on the explosion of the bombshell from the investigating committee. The report, in brief, stated that the committee found that the total amount of the contract as amended is $24,004.04, instead of $22,162.50, the sum reported to the council, and that the sum for which the extras were contracted for is $3704.50 in excess of the sum recommended by the expert committee and adopted by the council instead of $1862.50 in excess thereof, as reported to the council by the board; that the specifications in the contract let are not the same as those recommended by the expert committee and adopted by the council, there being no provisions for tearing down the engine and boiler room walls, binding the new pilasters and columns into the foundations, nor for cutting the stretchers and headers to accommodate the brick backing, and that the specifications in the contract as let are indefinite and incomplete, whereas those recommended by the expert committee and adopted by the council are the contrary; that the contract was not let for a lump sum as directed by the council, but is for detailed items of extras, each item having specific cost and aggregating $5686.50; that the contract was not let in accordance with any agreement between Fredrickson and the board made prior to the time that the board reported to the council that it had let the contract, but was made in a proposition for extras submitted later by Fredrickson and agreed on June 2; that the committee found that members of the Contractors' association do not charge for their time in compiling figures for contracting purposes, and that the statement of the board to the council to the contrary was not a fact.

TWO RESOLUTIONS SUBMITTED.

Two resolutions were submitted with the report. The first one was that the contract made with Fredrickson by the board be repudiated and annulled, but that, to avoid litigation, a contract be let to Fredrickson for the lump sum of $2162.50, the amount reported by the board, if he desired it. The second one was that the facts set forth be considered as charges against the three members of the board of public works, and that they be notified to appear before the council July 19 and show cause, if any existed, why they should not be removed from office. The report was signed by Aldermen Jefferson, Cochrane and Harker, the members of the investigating committee.

Alderman Dahl was on his feet the instant the reading of the report was concluded, with a motion that the committee be continued and that Aldermen Shannon, Crassweller and Sang be added there to. Alderman Duren seconded the motion.

Alderman Sang leaped to his feet, his face flushed, and denounced the investigation as a jug handled affair. "It is the expiring wail of a disappointed office-seeker," said he," and we want to get to the bottom of it." He glared at President Cochrane as he spoke.

"You'll get there," retorted Mr. Cochrane.

Aldermen Jefferson and Harker at once took up the cudgels for the committee. They said that it had not seemed necessary to call any witnesses on either side. The documentary evidence had been sufficient. Alderman Richardson asserted the report was the result of spite work. When the expert committee had been appointed, he was satisfied with Mr. Palmer, but it looked now as if Mr. Patton had made a botch at the pumphouse and that he was put there to patch it up. It is preposterous, he said, hotly.

ALL TALKED AT ONCE.

This was too much for Alderman Jefferson and he jumped up and was followed by Alderman Sang who wanted to be in it, too. For a moment the three all talked at once while the chair added to the din with the gavel. Then Alderman Duren jumped in, buffeting the waves of sound like a swimmer in a raging sea. He had started in last and had the most breath, finally winning the floor by virtue of this handicap. He demanded of Alderman Jefferson whether the committee did not get all its evidence from Mr. Patton.

Alderman Jefferson replied that the evidence had been procured from the records, part of it from the office of the board of public works, some from the city engineer's office and some from the comptroller's office.

Alderman Cochrane said the evidence had been obtained from the proposition of Fredrickson to the board and from official correspondence. He himself, had no personal feeling in the matter.

"Are you sure," yelled Alderman Duren.

"Will the gentleman have the courtesy to let me proceed?" asked Alderman Cochrane, turning to Mr. Duren.

The latter dropped out for a while at this and Alderman Cochrane continued that there was much evidence that the committee had not seen fit to consider. "Are these men afraid to come to trial?" said he. "This report merely calls for an investigation and I will use my best efforts to see that it is a fair one. If Alderman Sang and a few others who are so afraid that this may come to trial will act in the same spirit there need be no fear of injustice to anyone."

"This committee was organized to get up just such a report," snapped Alderman Sang. "We expected it. The man behind it is the man who designed the waterworks and the man appointed to act with him on the expert committee had concerted with him to get up a scheme to discredit the members of the board. It was all done for a sinister purpose."

Aldermen Cochrane and Jefferson resented Alderman Sang's remarks. Alderman Jefferson said he had gone into the investigation with an unbiased mind, looking for probable cause for charges. A trial should be had in justice to the men involved.

Alderman Crassweller urged that the council go slowly. To impeach the members of the board would be to cast a lasting slur on them even were they acquitted.

Further warm debate over the methods of the investigating committee followed, during which much personal feeling was displayed. The motion was finally carried unanimously, Alderman Dahl being substituted for Alderman Sang, who had withdrawn, and Alderman Stevenson for Alderman Jefferson, who is to be absent for some time. The committee was instructed to report Friday evening.

MR. GAY'S OFFER.

The communication from Mr. Gay renewed the offer made by himself and Mr. Cole on Sept. 26 last, the price being $1,695,000. The offer was renewed, it was stated, inasmuch as it had been held by the district court that some of the ballots cast at the election of Nov. 3 were conflicting and should be thrown out. By reason of such conflicting ballots, it was stated, a fair expression of the public would have been prevented.

The communication was received and filed without debate.

Later, A. M. Miller was asked to give his views on the water question, on motion of Alderman Jefferson. Mr. Miller said that in his opinion the gas and water company had been conceived in iniquity for the purpose of unloading it on the city. The system was laid with pipe the thickness of a piece of paper and almost at once after its completion an election had been called on the proposition to sell to the city. The attempt to dispose of it to the city had been repeated at intervals. If the system could be purchased by paying somewhat more than it is worth, even, he would favor the idea. But there is a limit to liberality. If the statements of the press are true, the people are going too far in liberality. He did not believe in throwing in $1,000,000. That is a great deal of money. Few can comprehend the sum nor realize what can be obtained for it if properly expended. Engineer Keating's estimate put in nearly every detail at at least twice its value, low comparatively as it is.

"And to think," he continued, "that anybody would have the cheek, the audacity and the gall to come before this community and tell us that we have to pay $1,695,000 for this property to give us credit."

There is not one thing in the company's charter that it was to do that it has done, he said. The city, on the other hand, notwithstanding this, had fulfilled all its obligations, save that it had been somewhat slow recently in payments. "Passing the matter of insufficient fire pressure and water unfit for drinking purposes," said he, "why should we pay more than the property is worth? It is an outrage."

THEY HAVE BEEN SELECTED.

Speaking as a bondholder who had himself been given the worst of it on occasions, Mr. Miller said he would advise the agent of the gas and water bondholders to tell his principals that they have been fleeced, either through their own ignorance or somebody's acuteness, and that they had better take what the plants are worth. As to the franchise, that was figured too high for a thing that is dead, he said. It expired when the time arrived for the works to be appraised. His remarks were received with applause.

Mr. Gay was afterwards given the floor on motion of Alderman Richardson. He stated that the waterworks had cost upwards of $2,200,000 as shown by the company's books. The pipe had cost $54 per ton, and are in excellent condition today. The estimate of $1,114,000 had been made by an engineer without practical experience. The coming capacity of the plant should be taken into consideration. The net earnings last year were $115,000. This was enough to pay the interest on its bonded debt and the city's 5s for the supplementary system.

Alderman Jefferson wanted to know why it was then that the company had gone into the hands of a receiver. Mr. Gay said it had been unable to meet its May coupons because its earnings had been spent in litigation. This could be proven by the books.

"None of it went for election purposes?" queried Alderman Jefferson, to whom Mr. Gay replied that he knew of nothing of the kind.

S. F. Snively said he would like to ask Mr. Gay a question. The average water rate annually for an 8-room house with bath, in Duluth, is $26, he said, whereas in other cities it had been ascertained that the rate averages $11. He submitted then, that the increase boasted of by Mr. Gay came from unjustly high taxation. Was it not a surcharge, relatively speaking, laid on the city to make up this income? Mr. Gay replied that the council had made the rates. Mr. Snively replied that it was not attempted to fix the blame for the rates, the object was to get lower rates. He asked Mr. Gay further, if he knew that the civic committee now investigating the matter of pumphouse expenditures had found that the supplementary system is being built below the estimates and that the entire system can be built for $1,300,000. Mr. Gay scouted this as preposterous. Mr. Snively in conclusion, fired at Mr. Gay the statement that a responsible contractor had offered to parallel the present plant for $1,000,000 and guarantee its successful operation.

The following resolutions were passed: Waterworks, rescinding previous resolution to condemn right-of-way for spur track at Lakewood and appointing commissioners to condemn a rectangular strip of twelve acres for that purpose; Richardson, extending to Aug. 1 time of taking the $106,000 installment of water bonds by Gay & Co.; Richardson, for electric light at Fortieth avenue west, terminus of Lakeside car line; Stevens, for reconsideration of vote on confirmation of the appointment of Christ Johnson to the police force and confirming the same.

A resolution to refund to C. G. Anderson the sum of $106, part of the peddler's license fee paid by him, went over for a week.

The board of public works recommended that the assistant city engineer's salary be increased from $1400 to $1800. Referred. A communication from the fire commissioners was received, expressing a willingness to discuss fire department expenditures with the council. The commissioners were invited to meet the council Friday night, to which time an adjournment was taken.

Hood's Pills

Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Crescent

Strong Guarantee.

Crescent makers and Crescent agents are reliable. The Crescent guarantee is as good as a bond. It is backed by a concern of undoubted financial responsibility.

If anything prove wrong with a Crescent you know just where to go to have it made right; and you have the assurance that it will be done in a prompt and liberal manner.

Repair men say that Crescents are in the repair shop less than any other make. Best quality at honest prices—

$75 $50

Bicycles.

WESTERN WHEEL WORKS, Factory, Chicago.

CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

C. D. TROTT,
106 West Superior Street.
AGENT FOR THE
"Crescent Bicycle" in Duluth.

"The Two Orphans."

There was a fair audience at the Pavilion last evening to see "The Two Orphans" presented by the stock company which opened there Sunday. The performance was even better than Sunday's and the people present were greatly pleased. The specialties delighted everyone and were encored freely. Ross Snow's tramp act was received with a storm of applause and he won several recalls. Miss Smythe's piano numbers and Mr. De Truex's singing were also very popular. The performance will be repeated tonight and there will be a matinee Thursday.

Dividend Declared.

Hans Christenson, assignee for the Duluth Paper company, made application to the district court for an order allowing him to make a first dividend to the creditors of the insolvent company. After hearing the petition, Judge Ensign made an order allowing the assignee to declare a dividend of 40 per cent to all creditors who have filed releases.

Medical Board Meeting.

Last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William R. Stone, the annual meeting of the medical board of St. Luke's hospital was held. Dr. Eklund was elected president, and Dr. Robinson secretary. A course of lectures to be delivered at the hospital during the year beginning Aug. 1 is proposed and Dr. Robinson, Dr. Lynam and Dr. Stocker were appointed to outline the course. Those present were: Doctors Stocker, Robinson, Eklund, Homer Collins, Braden, McComb and Lynam.

THE TRUE REMEDY.

W. M. Repine, editor of the Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Millinery way down below cost all this week at Humes', over Suffel's store. Store open Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings.

Fresh sandwiches and lunches for picnic parties furnished on short notice by Mrs. Segrist, corner of First avenue West and Second street.

Duluth Citizens!

Can always secure lowest round trip rates at the Eastern Minnesota city ticket office, 432 West Superior street. San Francisco, June 29, July 3..$29 00
Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5..... 13 30
St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6 ..... 4 30
Nashville and return (daily)..... 43 30

Household goods stored in good brick storehouses for $1 per ton per month.

Duluth Van Co., 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van company, who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

ECZEMA

Most Torturing, Disfiguring, Humiliating

Of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly skin and scalp humors is instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Cuticura

REMEDIES speedily, permanently, and economically cure, when all else fails.

POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to Cure Every Skin and Blood Humor," free.

PIMPLY FACES Purified and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

BOOM IS EXPECTED

Koochiching People Look For the Establishment of Several Industries.

LARGE PAPER MILL

Work on the Port Arthur Road to Seine River Will Be Pushed.

A letter from Koochiching, one of the first settlements of the 1892 boom in the Rainy Lake country, contains information which would indicate that that town, which has been for several years in a state of dullness which bordered on total collapse, has taken a new lease of life. Indeed it seems to hold out now changes for becoming a future metropolis even greater than ever before. The new items which give hope leaked out in a general way during the recent visit of Horace V. Winemill, of Minneapolis, to the townsite in which he has been interested ever since its foundation.

It has been known ever since the first explorations in the Rainy Lake country that in the woods south of Koochiching, on the American side, were vast quantities of spruce trees, and that the opportunities for a paper mill or a good many paper mills were excellent. There are around Koochiching, both on Rainy river and on Rat river, a tributary of Rainy river, a number of unexcelled sites for water power of great force, lasting the year around.

During his visit in the northern country Mr. Winchill gave out information to the effect that the townsite company had under way arrangements for utilizing these resources, and he stated, without going into particulars, that 300,000 tons of paper would be manufactured at Koochiching and shipped. He also stated, without going into particulars, that these and other factories will be operated cheaply by the Rat river water power, all of which pleased the inhabitants of Koochiching immensely, they having been watching for the boom for several years.

After some months of waiting surveying has been resumed on the railroad between Port Arthur and the Seine river diggings. This part of the work will be concluded in a few weeks, and the officials of the road promise that grading will be commenced not later than July 15.

Louis Larson, proprietor of the hotel at Seine City, has agreed to build a good four-mile road between Rat river and Seine City if the transportation company will put on a small boat from Kettle Falls. This would mean five hours from Kettle Falls instead of two days, when the trip is made by way of Fort Francis.

Advices from the Seine river country are to the effect that the settlements of that Eldorado are experiencing a great building rush now that all the sawmills are running and lumber is to be had freely. At Bell City and Mine Center hotels, stores, saloons and private residences are going up as rapidly as possible. In the meantime every hotel, every boarding house and every private residence that will take in a tenderfoot are crowded constantly.

A Mr. Beebe, of New York, is erecting a forty-room hotel at Mine Center which is to be the most modern hostelry of these unknown settlements. The new hotel will contain an elevator, electric lights, billard parlor, etc., and will be quite a pretentious affair.

D. M. Blackwood & Co. are building a large wholesale liquor store and L. Hamel & Co. a large general store, also at Mine Center. The latter firm has general merchandise worth $20,000 ordered and waiting at Rat Portage for shipment. Its delay is caused by the fact that there are not boats enough to accommodate the traffic.

At Bell City A. Lunn has just completed a new thirty-room hotel, which was opened June 22 with a ball, which is described as being the grandest social affair ever held in the gold diggings. It might be added that it was practically the first of any size.

The new boats are all loaded as full as they can carry every trip and freight is "stuck" all along the line to Rat Portage.

WORK AT THE PRESTON.

Developments at the Mine Are Being Rapidly Pushed.

Word comes from the Seine River country that the Preston Mining company, the next one in line for bullion producing after the Foley, is rushing work. A sawmill is running, a tram road has been built, and a new blacksmith shop, a new boarding house and fourteen dwellings have been put up. A scow has been placed on Bad Vermilion lake and another on Little Turtle lake. A new road has been built across the portages and a warehouse has been built at Mine Center to hold supplies. At the mine a new shaft is down sixty-five feet in a vein which is producing a good quantity of rich ore. The old shaft is down 100 feet and drifting has been started. Machinery for a new shaft house is at Kettle Falls, and Preston said that he would get it to the mine this week if he had to chloroform all the customs officials on both sides of the line.

The Preston has 300 tons of ore on the stockpile now, and it is rapidly accumulating. The new stamp mill will be running by the middle of August and the bullion will begin to roll out.

The Foley mine has four new power drills on the way and will have a new compresser plant by Sept. 15. The new plant will have an engine of 180 horse power, and including ten new drills it will all be in operation by the above date. The result will be to at least treble the product of the mine. Gold bricks to the value of $4000 were sent out last week by way of Rat Portage. R. A. Demone, president, and W. H. Cawthra, treasurer of the company, left last week enthusiastic over the prospects of the mine and the country in general.

A big schute being constructed in the Bonanza vein is assuming larger proportions with every day's development.

After a year's hard work as superintendent of the Foley mine, R. H. Flaherty has left for his home in Iron Mountain, Mich., to visit his family. While away he will stop in Montreal to superintend the construction of the new compresser and drill plant now being built by the Rand Drill company. D. M. Tracey, bookkeeper for the Foley company, is also taking a short vacation in Chicago.

SOME THINGS WE SEE EVERY DAY.

To an observant person the constantly recurring scenes of life present an object lesson worthy of the highest consideration.

Such a person profits by the mishaps to his less fortunate brothers and guards against their pitfalls in his own pathway.

The results of excess and extravagance, as demonstrated by example, are avoided, and the creature contemplates, with greater reverence, the wondrous works of the Creator.

All are liable to accident. We are beset by dangers on all sides.

It may come to us while bicycling, rowing, driving, golfing, or in the pursuit of other athletic recreations.

On the street, in our homes, or places of business, we may meet with injury.

Now here is where the observant person shows his ability to grasp a situation.

He knows there is **nothing** he can procure to allay his pains, heal his wounds, remove all effects of violent exercise and cure the bites of insects, chafing, sunburn, itching or burning skin, like the remedy of his fathers, **POND'S EXTRACT**, the family remedy for all pain.

Cheapness does not imply **merit**, and it always **pays** to get the **best**.

Be observant! Do not allow unscrupulous dealers to sell you something else, under **any** pretense.

They are only consulting **their own** pecuniary welfare, **not yours**.

Look for our name on every label and wrapper.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

BARNUM & BAILEY.

Great Show Will Be Here Early Next Month.

Friday, July 9, the great Barnum & Bailey circus, the greatest show on earth, will visit Duluth. One thing connected with the Barnum & Bailey show is so conspicuously an element conducing to the success of the institution that it should be mentioned, as it is to be found with but few other shows, and that is the universal courtesy and politeness of the attaches. The rule holds good from the proprietor to the lowest employe. All are naturally inclined to treat the patrons politely and furnish information; but the fact is, they are all compelled to do so, owing to the inflexible and rigid rules of the institution. At an entertainment such as Barnum & Bailey present thousands and thousands of ladies and children daily visit it, more especially in the afternoon, and Mr. Bailey years ago recognized the importance from a business point of throwing around the patrons every possible safeguard, and engaging only those persons who would second his efforts in making the circus a resort for children and ladies. The result has been that the reserved seats in the Barnum show present an appearance like the orchesrta of an opera house, and are filled with the glad faces of the children of the best families in town. Of course, the wonderful circus, menagerie and aerial performances have something to do in drawing the best people to the show, but the guarantee of comfort, protection and freedom from all objectionable features is a great factor. This year the show is simply immense, the display of animals—trained and wild—the greatest ever seen, while the living curiosities, the giant, midget, Orissa twins and the entertainment given by the magicians, jugglers, musicians, lightning calculators, fire kings and others in the menagerie tents are only equalled in interest by the seventy trained horses, twenty-four elephants and other new sensations. The attractions in the three rings, on the three stages and the racing track are something wonderful. The new street parade will be found to be a revelation also, wherein are the 40-horse team and the pageant of the return of Columbus to Barcelona.

15 CENTS; TWO FOR 25 CENTS!

For the renowned "Peyser brand" of 2100 quality linen collars in all the latest styles.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

Farewell to Father George.

The farewell reception in honor of Rev. Father George, pastor of St. Clements' church, who left today for Europe for a visit to his old home, was held last evening at St. Clements' hall. A program arranged by Mrs. Franz Schultz was given. Vocal numbers were given by Mrs. Burt Holcomb, Mrs. Franz Schultz, Miss Margaret Wolke, Miss Clara Hector, Franz Schultz and J. W. Haben. Miss May Miller and Miss Shesgren played, and Miss Finnegan and R. H. Cox recited. Rev. Father George made a short address expressing his pleasure at the reception given him and his regret at leaving even though it was to visit his old home. Miss Knutson, on behalf of the Young Ladies' society of the church, presented Father George with a purse.

MAKE YOUR LITTLE WILLIE HAPPY!

And buy one of our wool junior suits at $2. Patent top free with each suit.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

Teachers!

An examination of applicants for schools in St. Louis county will be held in the High School building, Duluth, Tuesday and Wednesday, June 29 and 30.

W. H. STULTZ,
County Superintendent.

FULL of HEALTH

Every ingredient in Hires Rootbeer is health giving. The blood is improved, the nerves soothed, the stomach benefited by this delicious beverage.

HIRES
Rootbeer

Quenches the thirst, tickles the palate; full of snap, sparkle and effervescence. A temperance drink for everybody.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes five gallons.

DULUTH, FRIDAY JULY 9

THE WORLDS LARGEST, GRANDEST BEST AMUSEMENT INSTITUTION
64 CARS, 4 TRAINS. CONDUCTED ON SOUND BUSINESS PRINCIPLES
CAPITAL INVESTED $3.500.000. DAILY EXPENSES $7.300.00
3 CIRCUSES 3 STAGES.
TRUTHFULLY ADVERTISED HONORABLY PRESENTED
BARNUM AND BAILEY
GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH
THE SOURCE OF ALL THE REAL BEST AMUSEMENT IDEAS
P. T. BARNUM J. A. BAILEY
2 1000 WONDERS MENAGERIES.
PERMANENT WINTER QUARTERS BRIDGEPORT, CONN.
FOREIGN OFFICES: 3 NORTHUMBERLAND AV LONDON, ENG. 8 RUE DE PONT MANDE, PARIS, FRANCE. MAIN BUSINESS OFFICE, NEW YORK, CITY.
400 HORSES WORTH $130.000.
100 CAGES AND CHARIOTS.
1200 PEOPLE EMPLOYED
12 TENTS COVERING 12 ACRES

GREAT PETER THE SMALL!

Littlest Human Being Ever Born. Weighing only 6½ Pounds.

RADICA AND DOODICA,

The famous and Charming Orissa Twins. Two handsome and vivacious young Ladies, inseparably bound together for life.

MISS ELLA EWING, THE GIANT GIANTESS,

Standing Nearly Nine Feet Tall.

GRAND NEW VAUDEVILLE ENTERTAINMENT

In the big menagerie Pavilion. Entirely original in conception, and absolutely novel and unique.

Elegantly, Sumptuously and Elaborately Produced

Consisting of remarkable exhibitions by **Fire Kings, Snake Charmers, Magicians, Jugglers, Lightning Calculators, Dancers, Singers** and performers upon all kinds of **Curious, Quaint, Queer and Crude Musical Instruments.**

The whole picturesque, diversified entertainment, presented on the most generous and comprehensive scale.

Grandest Circus ever Organized

3 Rings, 3 Stages, a Big Race Track and

MONSTER AERIAL ENCLAVE.

A wondrous exhibition, elegantly presented with overpowering processions and champion displays, forming the most stupendous amusement institution ever organized, and now exhibited in all its magnificent and undivided greatness.

The MOST MARVELOUS ENTERTAINMENT ON THE FACE OF THE GLOBE.

Exciting the admiration of the refined. Eye feasts of kingly splendors and imperial pageants, combined with all the marvelous attractions of the

GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH

—ACTUALLY—

12 CHAMPION EQUESTRIANS

Positively 24 of the

Wisest and Biggest Elephants

ALAR,

The HUMAN ARROW, shot through the air from a big ancient crossbow.

Only lady clowns. The only lady ringmasters.

JOHANNA,

Only Gorilla in captivity, most human-like animal ever seen.

GRAND EQUESTRIAN TOURNAMENT.

May-pole dance and fox-hunters' Meet.

3 Circus Companies in 3 Rings

2 Menageries of Wild and Trained Beasts.
1 Elevated Stages for Olympian Games.
1 World's Fair of Modern Marvels.
1 Hippodrome, with all kinds of races.
1 Mammoth Museum, teeming with wonders.
1 Horse Fair, with actually 400 horses.
5 Advertising Cars. 120 agents.
12 Acres of Water-proof Tents.
50 Dens of Wild Beasts.
20 Pantomimic Clowns.
20 Animal Actors. 20 Exciting Races.
100 Circus Acts.
100 Circus Performers.
50 Aerialists. 50 Jockeys and Riders.

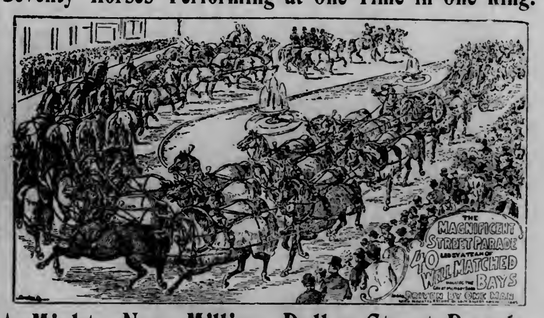
3 Herds of Elephants.
2 Droves of Camels.
100 Trained Animals.

Trained Cats, Dogs, Pigs, Goats, Geese, Storks, Zebras, Elephants, Horses, Ponies, Deer, Lions, Tigers, Hyenas, Leopards, Panthers, Bears, Wolves, Pigeons.

Wondrous 40-Horse Team

Hairless Mare, Dwarf Cattle, only 8 hands high; Diminutive Zebu, 7 hands high; Wonderful Bull, with 3 eyes, 3 nostrils and 3 horns.

Seventy Horses Performing at One Time in One Ring.



A Mighty New Million Dollar Street Parade.

Illustrating the Arabian Night's Tales, Nursery Rhymes and Children's Fables, 24 Elephants and 40-horse team, at 9 o'clock on morning of show.

EVERYBODY SHOULD SEE IT.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS ON ALL RAILROADS.

Admission to all 50c. Children Under 9 Years Half Price.

Two exhibitions daily, at 2 and 8 p. m. Doors open an hour earlier. Reserved seats at the regular price, and admission tickets at usual slight advance at E. A. Mattix's, Lyceum Drug Store.

"A MODERN GYPSY" Thrilling story of circus life, by the eminent novelist, Charles Theodore Murray, profusely illustrated, beautiful colored cover. For sale in all book stores, on advance advertising cars and in the circus. Price only 25 cents.

Boys' Dept.

Take Elevator—2nd floor.

Mothers, Dress the Boys Up for the..... **4th**

These prices make it very easy:

Boys Sweaters (Cotton) turtle neck—white and tan **25c**

Boys' Sweaters (Cotton) turtle neck—blue, black and tan **50c**

Boys' all wool Sweaters—sailor collar or turtle neck **$1.00**

Boys' Waists and Blouses—4 to 14 years **19c**

500 pairs Knee Pants for Boys and Children—in dark and light colors **19c**

1000 pairs Boys' 75c and $1.00 finest Cassimere and Cheviot Knee Pants—4 to 15 years **50c**

Boys' Summer Underwear—Shirts and Drawers—worth 50c a garment **25c**

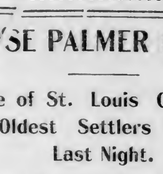
Boys' and Ladies' Linen Collars at **10c**

Children's Fauntleroy Blouses with large collars and ruffle fronts in linen—color blue and fancy checks and stripes—worth 75c and $1.00—for **50c**

100 dozen Boys' Suspenders for **10c**

Boys' and Children's Swimming Tights ..... **10c and 15c**

25c Hose for 19c—Boys' and Children's Stockings—"Iron Clad" **19c**



Duck and Crash Wash Tams for Misses and Children ..... **25c and 50c**

50 dozen Boys' Long Pants ..... **$1.00 and $1.50**

Boys' 2-piece Suits in fancy green over-plaid brown mixed, blue and black, worth $2.00—6 to 14 ..... **$1.49**

All wool Homespun and neat Scotch effects, all wool, double knee, worth $3.50 and $4.00, at **$2.49**

Extra Pants to match... **50c**

700 Boys' Knee Pants Suits—Ages 5 to 16 years—Sailor and plain double breasted styles—made of fine all wool material in black and fancy Cheviots, Tweeds, Cassimeres and Worsteds, in all the choicest and newest spring styles—extra well finished and in every way equal to the sort other stores sell for $4.00 and $5.00—at ..... **$3.00 and $4.00**

1000 Boys' Knee Pants Suits—ages 5 to 16—made of the finest imported and domestic Woolens—embracing everything that is choice, new and novel—manufactured by the best boys' tailors in the land—in style, fit and finish equal to the best that is offered elsewhere at $6.00 and $8.00 ..... **$5.00 and $6.00**

Ball and Bat given away FREE with every Boy's Suit.

M. S. BURROWS

Men's **Hat** Department....

Special Sale MEN'S FINE **Straw Hats.**

Prices slaughtered right and left—a backward season has left us badly overloaded on Straw Hats. Until the Fourth we offer the following reductions:

$2.50 Straw Hats for **$1.88**

$3.00 Straw Hats for **$2.25**

$4.00 Straw Hats for **$3.00**

$5.00 Straw Hats for **$3.75**

These include the finest and newest styles, the productions of the best Straw Hat makers in the country. Genuine French Palms, Javas, English Splits, Canton, Senate and Shansias, Yachts and Sailors, full leather sweats, plain and eyelet ventilation, and height of crown and width of brim at **50c, 75c and $1.00.** We show the grandest assortment and offer the best Straw Hat values ever seen in the city.

A Great Soft Hat offer--$3.50 Fedora for $2.50.

By a lucky cash deal from a leading Hat Maker we closed out about 50 dozen Fine Fedora Soft Hats in the very newest blocks—fresh from the factory in two shades of black and brown. Hats in a regular way would be good value at $3.50, take them for **$2.00.** $2.00 Stiff Hats for **$1.50.** While they last we offer 25 dozen Men's Fine Stiff Hats, new shapes, black and brown colors, silk trimmed, sateen lined, worth $2.00, for **$1.50.**

Bicycle and Golf Caps, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

M. S. BURROWS

VOSE PALMER DEAD.

One of St. Louis County's Oldest Settlers Died Last Night.

Vose Palmer, one of the oldest settlers of the head of the lakes, died quite suddenly last night at his farm on the north shore of Lake Superior, at the mouth of Sucker river. He went to bed at his usual hour feeling well, apparently, woke up during the night complaining of a choking sensation in his throat, and died shortly afterward. A stroke of paralysis was the cause of death.

Vose Palmer, who was 74 years of age when he died, was one of the best known of the older settlers. He came here in 1854, located on his farm at the mouth of Sucker river, and has held it ever since. In 1856 he was offered $75,000 for his property for mining purposes, but the crash in 1857 rendered useless the papers which had been drawn up for the transfer.

He held during his lifetime a number of local public offices, having been at one time a member of the board of county commissioners. He has been assessor of his town, and chairman of the board of supervisors, and was at the time of his death treasurer of the town of Duluth and of his school district. He has done considerable logging, and has also been a surveyor.

The deceased leaves two brothers, Roswell H. and Loren G. Palmer, in Duluth, a sister in Marquette, Mich., and five nephews in Duluth, as follows: Frank C., George, John A., John S. and Leander G. Palmer.

Try a "High-Ball" with "SOVERN GINGER ALE"

The cleverest of all Hot Weather Drinks.

Don't take something "just as good," insist on being served with

"SOVERN"

Telephone 666. **SOVERN CARBONATING CO., 413 Palladio**

Marks Bros' Company.

Next Monday Marks Bro.'s dramatic and vaudeville company will open a week's engagement in repertoire at Turner hall. The Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Democrat says of the company: "The company compares favorably with the best of repertoire combinations seen here for some time and their prices will no doubt have the effect of continuing their large business through their engagement which lasts all next week. May Bell, an old favorite with Soo play-goers, is in the company and is making a hit with her singing and dancing specialties. Tom Marks, the principal comedian, has the house with him from first to last at each performance."

DONS HIS WAR PAINT

Mayor Truelsen Lays Down the Law to the Concert Saloons.

NO WOMEN TO SING

Will Revoke Their Licenses If They Refuse to Obey the Order.

The mayor says he understands that the proprietors of the concert saloons intend to refuse to comply with his order forbidding the participation of women in the performances in their resorts. And if they want trouble, the mayor says they can have it.

"If they persist," he said, "their licenses will be revoked. There are five of these places that have sprung up here. They will give Duluth the notoriety of being 'wide open,' and I will not have it."

Chief Hansen made a tour of the concert saloons last evening. A woman was found singing in one of the places. This the mayor considers an overt act of rebellion, and he is girding himself for the fray.

WORK IS STOPPED.

Prospecting Back of Grand Marais Discontinued For the Present.

The diamond drill that has been employed in prospect work in the Gun Flint iron ore district back of Grand Marais has been brought to Duluth and operations have been discontinued. It is given out that work was done only on what is known as the old Paulson mine and that the result is far from satisfactory. In fact, it is stated that while good ore was found that it exists only in narrow ledges and not in paying quantities. It is reported that some work was done on section 25, where the largest outcropping of ore in the district is found, but what results were obtained there if any, is not known.

A gentleman who has watched the exploration work that has been going on about Gun Flint during the past few months said to a reporter for The Herald today that it was doubtful if the reported failure to find paying ore was true. He said that it would be the policy of the promoters of the Grand Marais railroad enterprise to lead the public to believe that there was no good ore found and that the scheme had been abandoned, to give them an opportunity to quietly acquire property at cheap prices, before going on with their developments. If it were known that their explorations had proven entirely satisfactory he said, owners of land would advance their prices and much more capital would be necessary to carry out their plans. In any event, he said, it is not likely that anything further will be done this year.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Ladies' Knox sailor hats at Big Duluth.

A charity concert will be given at Normanna hall Thursday evening. The following well known musicians will take part and will render an attractive program: Mrs. Inga Olund, Mrs. G. Tonning, Miss Inga Peterson, Messrs. Carl Riedelsberger, Gerard Tonning, R. Prytz, C. E. Halling and a male quartet.

Fishermen contemplating a visit to Deerwood should secure accommodations at the Inn. Rates, $1 per day, or $5 per week.

A couple of packages of supplies have been received at the United States land office addressed to "A. R. Bone, special agent of the general land office." From this it would seem that a new special agent has been sent here, but who he is nobobdy here knows.

Preparations are in progress for the Fourth of July celebration at Lincoln park Monday evening. The grand stand is being enlarged to accommodate 200 people and a platfoot is being put on the pavilion.

Vice President Olcott of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern furnished a free special train yesterday for the accommodation of the friends of the late Capt. Florada on the Mesaba range who desired to attend the funeral.

A marriage license has been issued to F. W. Densmore and Harriett Kent, of Mineral Point, Wis.

New York has Demonico, Duluth "Kelly."

Richard Smith, under arrest for robbing L. Goldberg's clothing store, was held to the grand jury on the charge of grand larceny in the first degree, yesterday afternoon.

Boards of Review Reporting.

The board of review of the various townships in St. Louis county held their meetings yesterday to pass upon the work of the town assessors, and this morning the returns of the assessors began to come in. Up to noon Rice Lake, Midway, Dinham and Kelsey towns had been heard from. The board of equalization of the county will meet about the third Monday in July to pass upon the work of the boards of review.

Are Ready For It.

The members of the board of public works court a full and fair investigation. So said President Smith of the board this morning, speaking for himself and the other members.

"If the committee finds anything on which to base an impeachment I will resign," continued Mr. Smith. "I am willing to stand or fall by the result."

The investigating committee was in session all the morning, and, it was understood, will continue in session this afternoon.

It's an Ill Wind

That blows no one good. Manufacturers find themselves with excessive stocks on hand owing to the backward season. Power & Settle ever ready with the cash for bargains made one of the largest purchases of the season and have the same now on sale at their store. Dry goods never sold for such little prices.

Don't Stop Tobacco Suddenly, to do so is injurious to the nervous system.

Baco-Curo The only scientific cure for the Tobacco habit.

Baco-Curo Has cured thousands where other remedies failed. (Write for proofs.)

Baco-Curo Does not depend on the will power of the user. It is *the* cure. Vegetable & harmless

Baco-Curo Is the *original written guarantee* remedy that refunds your money if it fails to cure.

All druggists are authorized to sell **Baco-Cura** with our iron-clad, written guarantee.

Fifty cents and $1.00 per box; 3 boxes (guaranteed cure) $2.50. If your druggist does not keep it, we will send it. **EUREKA CHEMICAL & MANUFACTURING CO., La Crosse, Wis.**

TRIP OF INSPECTION.

Railroad Commissioners Arrived In Duluth Today.

Ira B. Mills, Nathan Kingsley and George L. Becker, members of the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners; A. K. Teisberg, secretary of the board, and A. C. Clausen, state grain inspector, arrived in Duluth this morning. Mr. Kingsley, Mr. Becker and Mr. Teisberg left at 11 o'clock on a special for a tour of inspection over the Duluth, Superior & Western, Duluth, Mississippi & Northern and the Itasca Lumber company's logging road, to which an extension is now being built. They expect to arrive in Duluth tonight and will spend tomorrow in looking over the elevators in Duluth and will return to St. Paul tomorrow night. Mr. Mills and Mr. Clausen left on the North Land this afternoon for Buffalo.

Gen. Becker in an interview with an Evening Herald reporter this morning said that it was not the intention of the board to inspect the Duluth, Missabe & Northern or Duluth & Iron Range road at present and that the question of freight rates on those lines was not to be considered. In fact, he said, no complaint has ever been made to the board of exorbitant freight charges on these lines, although there had been some time ago allegations that passenger rates were unreasonable.

Gen. Becker is of the opinion that mine owners on the Minnesota ranges will have to adapt themselves to the changed conditions of the iron ore business and is not certain but that cheap iron has come to stay.

Surety Bonds!

Officers' Bonds!
Receivers' Bonds!
Assignees' Bonds!
Contractors' Bonds!

American Bonding and Trust Co.,

GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Gen. Agt., 14 Phoenix Blk.

ADJUDGED INSANE.

William Sheridan Is Ordered to Be Committed to Fergus Falls.

William Sheridan, the sawfiler who ran amuck on Superior street yesterday morning for a short time to the temporary damage of R. R. Briggs and others, was examined in probate court yesterday afternoon, before Court Commissioner McAdam and adjudged insane. He was ordered committed to Fergus Falls after being held for a day to see whether he would show any signs of recovery.

At the examination he had to be carried in and out, refused to talk and would not open his eyes. He remained in this dumb condition during the examination, resisting the efforts of the physicians to open his eyes. At the jail he continued in the same state until last night, when he suddenly became wild again and nearly scared a negro prisoner into epileptic fits by chasing him over the cage in the jail. He was strapped down after being caught and forced to remain quiet.

FRESH SUPPLIES OF VITALITY

To renew a waning stock may be gathered from a source accessible to all, and never sought in vain by any whose constitution and vigor are not so much dilapidated as to be wholly past repairing. Evidence direct, convincing and ample, indicates Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a tonic of unexampled efficacy and perfect purity, and possessed of properties that constitute it an invaluable remedy for dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint, urinary and uterine weakness, rheumatic complaints and malarial fever. Delicate females and infirm old persons are invigorated and solaced by it, and the physical prostration which usually follows a severe illness is in a great degree remedied, and convalescence accelerated through its use. It occupies a leading position among medicinal staples.

The Policemen's Picnic.

A meeting of the Police Relief association will be held tomorrow afternoon to discus plans for the policemen's picnic. There is a question whether a picnic will be given this year, it is said, some of the force being oposed to it.

Few Kicks Entered.

There were seventeen objections to the personal property tax assessment lodged with the board of review yesterday. Up to noon today thirteen kicks had been registered.

Ribbons.

You will be surprised at the assortment and little prices. Come before it is too late. POWER & SETTLE.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

WILL NOT APPEAL

Mrs. Rachel Spellman Has Decided to Receive Sentence for Arson.

TO BE PASSED SOON

Expert Fay Still Testifying Today as to the Value of Mines.

Mrs. Rachel Spellman, who was convicted a few weeks ago of arson in the third degree, has decided not to appeal, and will be sentenced by Judge Moer as soon as he concludes with the tax cases, which will probably be in a few days.

Mrs. Spellman was indicted with her husband for setting fire to their building at 1891 West Superior street. Her husband's indictment was knocked out after a jury had been drawn, so his case had to go over to the September grand jury. The court withdrew its order quashing the indictment as to Mrs. Spellman, however, and she was tried at the May term. The first trial resulted in a disagreement by the jury, and on the second trial she was convicted. A motion for a new trial was denied by Judge Moer last Wednesday, and C. O. Baldwin, Mrs. Spellman's attorney, took until Saturday to determine whether an appeal would be taken or not. Saturday he asked that he be given until today, and today he told the court that Mrs. Spellman was ready to receive sentence.

TAX CASES STILL ON.

Expert Fay Continues to Testify as to Mines.

The trial of the tax cases continued before Judge Moer today, Expert George A. Fay still occupying the stand up to noon. While he was giving his judgment as to the amount of ore on the Mahoning property W. B. Phelps, for the state, objected to the introduction of "approximate" guesses. He said that witnesses could be obtained who could tell exactly how much ore there was on the properties, while the witness, not having thoroughly examined this particular piece of property, could only guess at it. He did not think that Mr. Ayers' claim that other witnesses would refuse to testify was valid, because the court had means of forcing them to testify and to bring books containing the required information. Judge Moer allowed the testimony to go in, however, for what it purported to be. When the witness gave an estimate it would be taken for that, and when he gave a guess it would be considered as a guess. Through direct, cross, re-urect and re-cross-examination the witness was on the stand from yesterday morning to noon today.

Excursion TO Port Arthur

ON STMR. H. R. DIXON, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30,

Under the auspices of I. O. F.

Fare for Round Trip..... $2

Leave Booth's Dock Wednesday at 1 p. m., returning arrive Duluth Friday morning, giving an opportunity to enjoy Dominion Day celebrations.

Only a limited number of tickets will be sold, which can be obtained through any member of the order and at the office of A. Booth Packing Company.

Perpetrated a Fraud.

Yesterday an item was handed in to The Herald office for publication which proves to have been without foundation and was simply intended to worry and annoy the parties concerned. It was an item announcing the engagement of J. L. LaVigne, of the Midland hotel, to a young lady of Duluth. The item was handed in by an apparently respectable woman. A name was signed to it, but this proves to have been a piece of forgery. The person perpetrating this fraud probably considered it a joke, but anyone whose sense of humor is so dense ought to be taught a severe lesson. The Herald is well satisfied as to who the individual was and should it be possible after further investigation to establish the fact beyond a doubt, the name will be published in these columns.

Evidence is All In.

The case of Fannie S. Wilder against Mary S. Thompson et al., for the partition of Minnesota Point property, was concluded yesterday afternoon, with the exception of the arguments, which were put off until Aug. 3. Before the case was closed the city was made a party defendant. The city claims title to a street sixty feet wide which has been condemned, embodying 1,300,000 square feet of ground, and some of the owners deny the city's title to the condemned land.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* is on every wrapper.

Dr. Pillsbury has moved his office and residence to 503 West First street, the Peyton property across the avenue from the postoffice.

Muslin Underwear

Never sold so cheap as now at the store of Power & Settle.

Died—Vose Palmer, at 11 p. m. June 28, aged 74 years. Funeral will be held from the First M. E. church tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

THE KODOGRAPH

The best and most practical Plate Pocket Camera in the world. A child can operate it.

It is a handsome Russia Leather covered instrument, carries a fine lense and will do as fine work as any high-priced Camera on the market.

The Kodograph is a handsome Russia leather covered instrument, carries an extra fine lense and will do as good work as any of the highest priced cameras on the market. Its construction is so simple it cannot get out of order. It causes great joy to all. Every person can be their own photographer, as it does fine work and the results are obtained after a few moments' study. A child can operate it as well as any grown person. There are thousands of Kodographs in use and the best advertisement for them is their use, as it then recommends itself. You can produce a beautiful picture of your house, family, residence, surroundings of every nature at so small a cost, it cannot help but deeply interest you, in fact, you will feel lost without it. It being a pocket camera you will get so attached to it you will make it your constant companion. The actual size of picture of the Kodograph is 2¼ by 2¼, which is mounted on a card 3 by 4, thus making a beautiful and handy souvenir. Makes four (4) pictures without reloading. Should you go on a long journey, you can easily carry as many extra plate holders with you as you wish. Each plate holder holds two plates, is not at all bulky, but rather handy to carry. It is fast becoming recognized that the plate camera is the proper thing and is far superior to the film. In the Kodograph the negatives are made from glass. The amateur can get better results from plate than from film. If you use glass plates you can develop your own plates at any time. This is not so with the film; you must wait until you expose the full roll before you can see what you have. You can print as many pictures as you wish from each plate, in fact its results are always better, surer and more satisfactory. They are easier and a great deal less costly to develop, which you can do yourself after a few moments' practice. The actual size of the Kodograph is 2¾ by 2¾ by 6 inches. Can be easily carried in your pocket and is always ready to perform its work. All you have to do is to touch the button—the Kodograph does the rest. Remember the Kodograph has a **fine lense,** not a mere pinhead exposure, like other cheap cameras on the market, and will produce the best results. The Kodograph is well made, in fact better than a great many of the high priced cameras, with their numerous screws, rolls and wheels; it is simple—there is no complex mechanism to get out of order, yet it is provided with everything necessary.

FREE ***TO OUR PATRONS! One of these handsome Kodograph Cameras given FREE to our customers. For full particulars call on***

S. F. BOYCE, DRUGGIST, *335 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minnesota.*

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Della O'Leary is visiting her cousins, Pearl and Katie Sargent, 531 West First street.

Ex-Congressman T. A. E. Weadock, of Detroit, Mich., arrived in the city yesterday on the North Land and will remain here a few days visiting friends. Mr. Weadock has retired from active politics and is devoting his time exclusively to the practice of law.

Miss Florence Rackle will leave this week for her home in Cleveland.

Dr. and Mrs. S. R. Holden leave today for a month's visit in California.

Frank Williamson went over to the Brule this afternoon for a couple of days' sport with trout.

Mr. Oppy, manager of the National Tailoring company, will leave Monday for Peoria, Ill., to take charge of a company in which he has purchased an interest.

John P. Gordon, of Manitowoc, Wis., is in the city today.

Miss Flo Fuller, of Toronto, Canada, is visiting Miss Blanche Howe and will be here through the summer.

Miss Fanny E. Edwards and Miss Clara E. Humason returned this morning from California.

J. B. Patterson, of Minneapolis, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

W. P. Wheelihan and H. E. Potter, lumbermen from Necedah, Wis., are guests at the Spalding.

George H. Blake and Arthur Wilson, of Boston, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

R. C. Corbaley, of San Francisco, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

Capt. R. H. Flaherty, of the Foley mine, and D. M. Tracy are down from La Seine River, guests at the St. Louis.

Ex-Mayor A. G. Kingston of Tower arrived in the city today and registered at the St. Louis.

D. N. Richardson, traveling auditor of the Armour Packing company, of Kansas City, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

George J. Morton and wife, of Minneapolis, are guests at the Spalding.

E. R. Pope came up from Minneapolis this afternoon and registered at the Spalding.

F. H. Ellenberger, of Cleveland, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

Sam Simpson is up from Minneapolis today, a guest at the St. Louis.

D. G. Barringer, of St. Paul, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

M. J. Waulfe, of the United States postal service, with headquarters at St. Paul, is at the St. Louis.

Capt. H. B. Sturtevant, of the Pioneer mine, came down from Ely today and registered at the Spalding.

G. A. Whitman and wife, of Tower, are registered at the Spalding.

R. M. Weyerhauser, the Cloquet lumberman, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

NOTHING MORE TO SAY.

E. H. Gay Will Let His Proposition Rest as It Is.

E. H. Gay said this afternoon that he had nothing further to say at present concerning the gas and water plant purchase proposition. He is willing to rest his cae with fair-minded people on the statements he made at the council meeting last evening. He expressed his confidence that the council will, on further thought, be willing to consider the proposition as it stands.

Objected to Minnesota.

"Sink or swim, I won't go to Minnesota," was the exclamation that startled pasengers on the ferry tug Bruno on one of its trips yesterday afternoon. As the words left his mouth, the speaker leaped to the rail and went into the water with a souse and a splash. The boat was passing within a short distance of the car ferry dock at Connor's Point at the time. With a few lusty strokes the man who had a distaste for Minesota reached a scow moored to the dock and climbed aboard. He was one of three tramps who were exported to this side of the bay by the Superior police. He told the latter on his return that he was perfectly willing to leave their town by any other way than the Minnesota route.

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Duluth Drug company, druggists.

BATHING TIGHTS!

At 10c, 15c and 25c—combination suits 50c upwards.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Prices Were Never So Low

On dry goods as in the great sale now going on at the store of Power & Settle.

Bargains in pianos at Coon's.

THE NORTH WEST'S LIST.

Large Crowds Have Not Begun to Travel Yet.

The North West's passenger list this afternoon was a fair one, but the large lists, whether owing to cold weather or hard times, have not yet begun to meaterialize. Those who left this afternoon were as follows:

To Buffalo—Mrs. C. T. Curtis, Lucy Florence and Edith Curtis, Clinton, Iowa; Mr. and Mrs. H. Doyr, Clara Dorr, George and Harry Dorr, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Holman, J. W. Raymond, H. F. Douglas, Minneapolis; Miss Guy Rose, Miss E. Ford, Mrs. C. H. Chasburn, Miss Chasburn, Miss A. Banker, Ira B. Mills, A. C. Clausen, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Monk, St. Paul; Rev. T. H. West, Fertile, Iowa; J. O. A. Casper, Denver, Col.; Jane Gillis, Dedham, Wis.; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McCullagh, Omaha; J. L. Allen, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Barrett, Katonah, N. Y.; C. B. Benedict, Attica, N. Y.; S. L. Wheeler, Plattsburg, N. Y.; Mrs. C. H. Campbell, Miss Dora Loneway, Great Falls, Mont.; Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Fort, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. George D. Emery, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Clark, Patterson, N. J.

To Mackinac—Miss Woodward, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Keidler, Palo, Ill.

To Detroit—Mr. and Mrs. W. G. LaRue, Duluth; Miss Etta Dulzbuehu, Ely, Minn.; Arthur Wilson, G. H. Blake, Boston.

To Cleveland—Mrs. Amelia Martin, Miss Florence Martin, Minneapolis.

To the Sault—Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Drummond, Toronto; M. Mullen, Cleveland.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WASH VESTS!

Large and varied assortment of white and fancy duck vests—suitable for hot weather at 75c, $1, $1.50, $2.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Manufacturers and Importers

Were forced to sell and Power & Settle are now giving the greatest bargains of the year.

Wanted---to Buy

Cheap building lot on First or Second streets. East End. N. J. Upham & Co., Burrows building.

DO YOU WEAR PANTS?

We ar overstocked on 30-31-32-33-inch waists, in fine pants—have placed them on a separate table—and will offer them at prices that will make you smile.

First come, first served.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

St. James Hotel.

Cuisine First-Class. Excellent Service. Newly Refitted Throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests. **$1.50 Per Day.**

YOUR MONEY, DIAMONDS, JEWELERY AND VALUABLE PAPERS ARE SAFE IN THE

Duluth Safety Deposit Vaults

Strictly Burglar and Fire Proof (Diebold's Safe—Yale time lock.) You are cordially invited to call and inspect them. 5 West Superior street.

ROBERT B. EYSTER, Mgr.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary.

CAPITAL $500,000.00. SURPLUS $250,000.00.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to all Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

If you wish to drink a choice glass of Lager call for Fitger's Beer.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. | WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1897. | FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. | TWO CENTS.

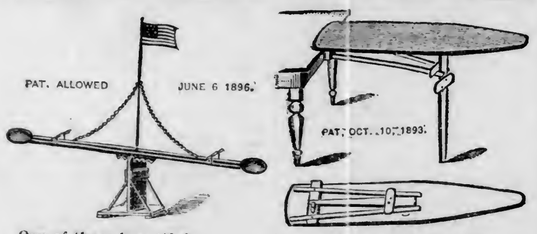
TWO GREAT VALUE-GIVING SUIT SALES FOR THE FOURTH.

First..... Your choice of Men's Strictly All-Wool Suits in Brown and Gray Checks, Homespuns, Plain Blue and Black Cheviots and Fancy Cassimeres that never sold before for less than $10 for **$6.75**

Second. Your choice of Men's Tailor-made Suits in beautiful Cassimeres and Cheviots in Broken Plaids and Checks, Fine Clay Worsteds, Handsome Homespuns, Serges and Worsteds that never sold before for less than $15, for..... **$9.85**

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.



One of these beautiful **SEE-SAWS** The Children's Delight, Also one of the Patent **Ironing Boards** The Woman's Favorite,

GIVEN FREE

with every $10.00 purchase of Furniture, Bedding, Baby Carriages, etc., at

Bayha & Co.'s

24 and 26 East Superior St.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER CO.,

Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.

Offices--Rooms 4-5-6, 216 West Sup. St.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

L. MENDENHALL. Established 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property

HORSE--RACES ..JULY 3..

AT THE AGRICULTURAL PARK, GOOD RACES, LOCAL HORSES, LOTS OF FUN.

COME ALL! TICKETS 50c!

GRAIN DEALERS' ELECTION.

Des Moines, Iowa, June 30.—The National Grain Dealers' association elected the following officers this morning: President, William T. McCray, Kentland, Ind.; first vice president, J. M. Sewall, Hastings, Neb.; second vice president, E. A. Grubbs, Greenville, Ohio; treasurer, E. L. Bowen, Des Moines; secretary, W. H. Chambers, Des Moines. E. J. Noble, chief grain inspector of Chicago, addressed the association, showing the impossibility of favoritism in inspection. J. R. Sago, director of the weather and crop service, addressed the convention this afternoon, arguing the necessity of reports on crop acreage every year by the township assessors or persons in employ of the government. The convention adjourned this afternoon.

A COLUMBUS WEDDING.

Columbus, Ohio, June 30.—At Killbuck, Ohio, at noon today, Florence Lillian, eldest daughter of the Rev. Ezra Crumblett, was married to Edgar Van Etten, general superintendent of the New York Central & Hudson River railway. The ceremony was performed by the bride's father.

STRAIGHT SILVER

Tenor of the Platform Adopted By Ohio Democrats at Columbus.

CUBA AND TRUSTS

Recognition of Belligerency Is Endorsed and Anti-Trust Laws Favored.

Columbus, Ohio, June 30.—The Democratic state convention here was the most largely attended of any such occasion since the civil war. At that time there were some mass conventions which attracted larger crowds, but the state conventions of recent years have not equalled the present one in attendance. While this convention was in some respects a mass meeting of free silver fusionists, the large attendance was partly due to the fact that a complete new ticket was to be nominated and there was an unusually large number of candidates for each place. These candidates had their respective troops of workers here in addition to the delegates and they aggregated several thousand enthusiastic hustlers. Over 1000 of such shouters came from the home counties of some of the candidates for governor, while there were many here for the candidates for minor places.

The new Columbus auditorium has seating capacity for 6000, but its capacity was not equal to the demand for admission. The auditorium was beautifully decorated with bunting and plants. There was a profusion of portraits of Democratic leaders about the walls, but that of ex-President Cleveland was not in the collection.

The Ohio state convention last year was not as strongly for free silver as the convention of today, and in the convention one year ago there was some disturbance because of a motion to "turn the picture of Cleveland to the wall." The picture of Senator Brice, as well as of other gold Democrats, was missing from the galaxy of heroes. The familiar portrait of William J. Bryan was the center of attraction and that of the late Allan G. Thurman was quite conspicuous.

Last year when John R. McLean was selected to head the Ohio delegation to Chicago, W. W. Durbin was made chairman of the state central committee and he was re-elected last night by the McLean influence, while Daniel McConville was also re-elected chairman of the state eexecutive committee.

When the convention was called to order at 10 a. m. by Chairman Durbin, he congratulated the party on the signs of the times and the enthusiastic condition of the party. He made a speech for free silver.

Prayer was offered by Rev. E. L. Rexford, pastor of the Universalist church in this city, and then Hon. Uhlric Sloan was introduced as the temporary chairman of the convention. Mr. Sloan said:

"The people of Ohio, and indeed, of the Union, are to be congratulated upon this large assemblage; for it is a convention of representatives of the whole people, the masses, and not of bosses, of trusts or syndicates, or of the hired tools of the despotism of Wall and Lombard street greed. This convention comes from the common people and owes its allegiance alone to them, and is not here to record the edict of any self-constituted boss ruling, not because of distinguished services to the country as statesmen, patriotic soldier, nor by force of great intellectual attainments, but by the sheer brute force of wealth.

"In these respects what a contrast it offers to the late convention at Toledo. I do not say the late Republican convention at Toledo, for that convention was not called, organized or controlled along the lines of what the fathers of the Republican party taught, but merely to obey the mandates and to do the will of Mark Hanna, ruling by as veritably brute force as did any robber baron of the middle ages. Assembled at Toledo were men, all bearing the ear-tag of either Hanna or Foraker, rival bosses, and representing the victory for one or the other such bosses, in every county of the state. And such a body hypocritically assumed to be acting for the country's welfare.

"The contests at the Democratic primaries, where there could be said to have been a contest, were, as to principle, a friendly rivalry as to candidates for governor. They were not as to which boss should be enthroned. It is said that your temporary chairman shall strike the keynote of the coming campaign. Well, that key-note shall be sounded on a silver chord. It will be no new note, but a prolongation of that sounded by the national convention at Chicago last summer, and one that has grown in power and volume since carried in a grand diapason of over 6,000,000 voices to the polls last November. There may be some in this convention, though I doubt it, who hoped that the silver note was silenced. There were many after the last November election who both hoped and believed the sound was silenced, but to all such Republicans, McKinley Democrats, or followers of the dudes and dotards who met at Indianapolis, the renewal of the slogan of free silver here and in Kentucky, will be a warning to them that the fiery cross is speeding over mountain and valley, over hill and dale, over field and forest, summoning the silver clansmen to fight the great battle for the people, and receiving no weak or uncertain response.

"Who doubts that the rch men are despots? Who that looks calmly ahead but knows that unless prevailing conditions are soon changed the poor will become banditti? Five millions of men are begging for leave to toil. All classes cry to the McKinley administration for bread and are offered a stone. The people ask for money and Charles Grosvenor pitches them a sugar beet. The panacea for all the ills attempted to be applied by the present administration is higher taxes.

"The duties provided for in the Dingley bill are paid expressly for the so-called protection of certain industries, which must be so favored because of an ante-election contract to that effect made by Mark Hanna, "for a valuable consideration." It is a bill such as James G. Blaine denounced as not designed to furnish a market for a barrel of flour or a pound of pork. The features of the bill if sufficient (as it claimed for it) to increase our revenue, do not disclose one element which will bring prosperity generally to the country, and the bill furnishes no remedy to put a stop to raids on the gold reserve, whenever it may suit the policy of the Pierpont-Morgans and the Rothschilds to make them.

"The Democratic party believes there is a remedy for the present ills. It is the restoration by law to its ancient constitutional and lawful place, alongside of gold, of the silver dollar with free and unlimited coinage for both at the ratio of 16 to 1, and both endowed by statute with full legal tender power in payment of all debts, public and private, with such legislation accomplished national bimetallism will exist, and international bimetallism will soon follow, and the peoples of the earth will be free from the tyranny of a selfish money oligarchy.

"All other questions sink into insignificance compared with that of the restoration of the 'dollar of the daddies.' Let that be our war cry, and make that the end and aim of our warfare. Victory thus won will be but the prelude to that much greater victory we shall win when, in 1900, under the leadership of William J. Bryan we shall sink the golden ideal in the sea of eternal obscurity, harmless forever more."

The greatest demonstration of the convention followed that part of Chairman Sloan's speech in which he referred to William J. Bryan as the leader of the silver cause for 1900, and it was with this climax that the speaker closed his keynote speech.

The committee on rules and order of business made the usual report with the exception of a supplemental report on the question of leaving one vacancy on the state ticket to be filled by the state league of Silver Republicans. The report referred the question back to the convention without recommendation.

A communication was then received from the Populist state convention asking for a place on the Democratic state ticket with a view to fusion, the place to be filled by the state committee of the People's party.

The special report and the communication to give the Silver Republicans and the Populists each a place on the state ticket were laid on the table after a heated discussion.

After the adoption of the report of the credentials committee which settles immaterial contests in the Fourth and Seventh congressional districts, the temporary organization was made permanent.

Just before the convention was called to order a large gold cross was carried into the hall. It had as ornaments the crown of thorns and a clock indicating 16 minutes to 1 o'clock. It was quite large, and as it formed the center piece among the floral designs about the platform, Chairman Sloan in gesture pointed to it with great effect as he proceeded with his vigorous speech. There was also a living white rooster perched on the stage to add to the enthusiasm.

The speech of Chairman Sloan was frequently interrupted with the wildest demonstrations of applause, especially in his references to silver. The keynote of everything was silver. The Glee club that entertained the large audience in the early hours sang only silver songs, and it was on the silver chords that Chairman Sloan struck the responses.

Gen. A. J. Warner, as chairman of the committee on resolutions, reported the platform, which was loudly cheered and adopted. The platform is for free silver, and nothing else. It simply reaffirms the Chicago platform, and repeats the language only of the financial plank. There is no new matter in the platform.

Gen. Warner explained that the committee was unanimous in presenting the majority report that covered ably the financial question, but that two supplemental resolutions would be offered by a minority of the committee.

The anti-trust resolution presented to the committee last night was offered by Casper Loewenstein and adopted, as follows:

"We hereby declare all trust and monopolies hostile and dangerous to the people's interest and a standing menace to the perpetuity of our free institutions, and we demand the vigorous enforcement of all anti-trust laws and such additional legislation as may be necessary for their immediate and final suppression."

L. C. Cole presented the Cuban resolution that had been offered to the committee last night, and it was adopted as follows:

"We demand the immediate recognition of the belligerent rights of the republic of Cuba as an act of justice to an American nation struggling for liberty against foreign oppression, and we denounce and protest against the action of Senator Hanna in voting to nullify the memorial presented to congress unanimously by the legislature of Ohio in favor of the Cuban patriots."

Names were presented for the nomination for governor as follows: Paul J. Sorg, by Allen Andrews; Allen D. Smalley, by E. B. Finley; Allen W. Thurman, by Benton W. Childers; D. D. Donovan, by Dr. J. Garrett; R. T. Hough, by Jesse L. Lewis; Horace L. Chapman, by William Finus; S. M. Hunter, by John McSweeney; I. M. Van Metre, by S. F. Garrett; A. W. Patrick, by J. H. Mitchell; James A. Rice, by John Reed.

When Stark county was called it was announced that the county had no name to present. This meant that John G. Welty, the neighbor of President McKinley at Canton, had withdrawn. The name of Mayor James A. Rice, of Canton, was afterwards presented instead of Mr. Welty.

Before the ballot proceeded the name of Hon. Robert T. Hough was withdrawn by Hon. Jesse L. Lewis, with the statement that there was no desire on the part of Mr. Hough's friends to dictate a nomination and that it was a free-for-all contest. Owing to the cheering on the announcement of the names of favorites and other confusion, the call of the eighty-eight counties proceeded slowly. In the ballot Hamilton county, the home of John R. McLean, divided its vote almost equally between the candidates, to contradict the report that McLean was dictating the slate nominations.

Before the ballot was completed Joseph Dowling withdrew the name of Paul J. Sorg and moved to suspend the rules and nominate Horace L. Chapman, a large owner and operator of coal mines in Jackson and other counties, by acclamation. Great confusion

(Continued on page 7.)

SUDDEN DEATH

Fatal Contact of a Derrick Cable With a Live Trolley Wire.

ONE OLD MAN KILLED

Others Were Severely Burned ---A Gamblers' Victim Loses $6900.

Cleveland, O., June 30.—One man was electrocuted near here this morning, another was horribly shocked and several were severely burned. The accident ocurred at Nine Mile Creek in the eastern suburbs. The men were building a stone abutment with the aid of a huge derrick over the creek. A guy rope went over the feed wire of the Big Consolidated trolley system. Some how or other the insulation wore off.

Several men took hold of the guy rope to tighten it. That meant death to one, severe injuries to another and dangerous shock to several. A current of several thousand volts was pulsating through the wire.

The first man to take hold of the rope was Jacob Miller. He was 65 years old, paralyzed when his hands touched the wire, he gave an ineffectual tug in an effort to free himself. Then with a shriek he fell dead.

Ed McGregor, another workman took hold of the wire. With superhuman effort he released his grasp but was hurled twenty feet. He was removed to the hospital. Three other workmen received dangerous shocks.

GAMBLERS' VICTIM SQUEALS.

Loses $6900 in a Brace Faro Game.

Chicago, June 30.—James Arnold, a mining man of Butte, Mont., reported to the police today that he had been victimized out of $6900 by Charles Dunn and William Metcalf, who the police say are noted gamblers and exconvicts. The money was secured by means of a faro game played in a house at Twentieth street and Wabash avenue, where Arnold had been taken by the men ostensibly to talk over the sale of a mine which he owned. Arnold says he met Dunn and Metcalf yesterday in the corridors of the Palmer house where he was a guest. By professing to be capitalists in search of a mining investment, the men became acquainted with Arnold, whose visit to the city was for the purpose of disposing of the mining property.

By engagement Arnold met the men at the house at Twentieth street and Wabash avenue. After a short business talk in which Dunn and Metcalf agreed to purchase the property, a game of faro was suggested. The result was that Arnold lost all he had. After unsuccessful attempts to regain his money he reported the matter to the police. Descriptions of Dunn and Metcalf have been printed and sent all over the country.

FILLING OFFICES.

Henry Bordewich, of Minnesota, Gets the Christiana Consulship.

Washington, June 30.—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations:

State—John Russell Young, of Pennsylvania, to be librarian of congress; Bernard R. Green, of the District of Columbia, to be superintendent of the library building and grounds; Francis B. Loomis, of Ohio, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Venezuela. To be consuls—Henry Bordewich, of Minnesota, at Christiania, Norway; John C. Caldwell, of Kansas, at San Jose, Costa Rica; Philip C. Hanna, of Iowa, at Trinidad, West Indies; Louis Lange, Jr., of Illinois, at Bremen, Germany; Joseph J. Stevens, of Indiana, at Plymouth, Eng.

War—Col. Henry C. Merriam, Seventh infantry, to be brigadier general.

Justice—Hon. R. Thomas, of Illinois, to be judge of the United States, in the Indian territory.

Treasury—Thomas J. Yandell, of Kentucky, to be collector of internal revenue for the second district of Kentucky; John W. Yerkes, of Kentucky, to be colector of internal revenue for the Eighth district of Kentucky.

SERIOUS CHARGES.

Ex-Senator Washburn Is Still Trying to Prevent Goodnow's Confirmation.

Washington, June 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ex-Senator Washburn will make his statement against the confirmation of John Goodnow as consul general to Shanghai before the full senate commerce committee tonight, and Chairman Frye has decided that Mr. Goodnow cannot be present to hear Washburn's charges. As Senator Nelson is a member of this committee, however, his friends are confident that his interests will be well taken care of.

Mr. Washburn has intimated to several Minnesotans here that the charges he will make against Goodnow are of a far more serious nature than was suggested in interviews published in the Minneapolis papers before he left for Washington. Mr. Goodnow still insists that he is perfectly able to explain any accusations Mr. Washburn can make against him.

Panton & White,

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

THURSDAY BARGAINS: The last Thursday Trade Stimulators before the Great and Glorious Fourth.

Be on hand tomorrow and secure what you need before the Fourth—Only Three Days left.

Don't Fail To visit the Jewelry Counter and see the Watches we are offering at .... Half Price.

SPECIAL SALE OF **DRESS PATTERNS.**

$2.25 Dress Patterns $1.19.
All-wool Dress Patterns in plain and fancy Dress Fabrics; these goods are cut from the piece; regular price $2.25, sale price **$1.19**

$2.50 Dress Patterns $1.59.
All-wool Dress Patterns in Scotch Suitings, fancy mixtures, all new colors, excellent for street or bicycle suits; regular price $2.50, sale price **$1.59**

$3.50 Dress Patterns $2.63.
30 Dress Patterns in Pebble Cloths, English Suitings, etc., in full dress lengths; regular price $3.50, sale price **$2.63**

$5.00 Dress Patterns $3.29.
20 Imported Dress Patterns, every new shade represented in this lot; regular price $5.00, sale price **$3.29**

Lining Sale.
10c yard-wide Black Rustle Taffeta, 5c
Remnants of 10c Rustle Taffeta 3½c
15c Silesia Waist Lining 8c

WASH GOODS SALE. Bargain Counter No. 1.
1 case 36-inch English Percales and 1 case 32-inch fine Colored Batistes, lengths from 1 to 10 yards, 12½c and 15c qualities, sale price—per yard **6c**

10c Lawns 5c
12½c German Print 9½c
25c French Lawns 9½c
15c Dress Ginghams 8c
25c Organdies 15c

JUST RECEIVED—
50 pieces New Percales, 36-inches wide, styles we have never shown before, at—per yard **12½c**

THE TIME FOR PARASOLS HAS COME.
We have them; we want to sell them; we will give you a rare bargain. A beautiful Silk Parasol in colors with the "nattiest" handles. You have seen them at $3.25 each; take them while they last at, each **$2.19**

At Our Glove Dept.
We will give you some rare bargains. For instance, French Kid Gloves in 2-clasp lacing and button, white and colors, as good as you are shown elsewhere at $1.50 per pair. Per pair **75c**
Again we will give you an opportunity to buy Ladies' Black Gloves (Silk) that you have been paying 45c for, per pair **29c**

Jewelry Dept.
WHITE KID BELTS—
Thursday **25c**
SHIRT WAIST SETS—
Your choice of our 75c sets, Thursday **50c**

Notion Dept.
PROTECT YOUR DRESSES.
Stockinet Dress Shields, 10c size for, per pair **5c**
Stockinet Dress Shields, 12½c size for, per pair **8c**
Stockinet Dress Shields, 15c size for, per pair **10c**

Art Department.
Stamped Linen Doilies,
Pure fine linen, and stamped with the latest designs, including Egyptian, Empire, Persian, Flower and Conventional Patterns.
5x5 inch Doilies 5c
7x7 inch Doilies 6c
Instruction given free at the Art Department.

Silverware Dept.
The most complete line of reliable silver plated ware in the city is to be seen at our new Silverware Department on the first floor. The assortment contains many articles appropriate for prizes, birthday and wedding presents. Price about half what you pay elsewhere.

Millinery.
If you desire anything in Millinery from a "chic" little "Tam" to a full grown, full fledged flower garden of a hat at the lowest prices you have ever had them offered you, call on us Thursday. Everything in this line marked way down.

Shoe Department.
Good Shoes for Little Money.
Ladies' Julia Marlow low Shoes in Tan or Black, latest style toe, the price for Thursday **$1.50**
200 pairs Ladies' kid, button and lace, narrow square and pic toes, regular price $2.98, to close out the lot. **$2.25**
A full line of Ladies' strap sandals in tan, black and patent leather **98c**
Boy's and Youth's Tennis Slippers, sizes 11 to 2 and 3-6 **48c**

Cloak Room Bargains.
15 Ladies' Suits—
Just the thing for traveling — Jackets lined with Silk; Skirts with fine percaline, velvet bound, worth up to $10.00; price tomorrow **$5.38**

Skirt Bargains.
Another great Skirt sale tomorrow. 50 black figured Dress Skirts, same as you have been waiting for; bargain price Thursday **$1.79**

Shirt Waists.

Balance of those Ladies' Lawn Shirt Waists; new sleeve, detachable collar; worth up to 75c; Bargain price Thursday **33c**
15 doz Dimitie, Lawn and Percale Shirt Waists worth up to $1.25; Thursday's price **69c**
10 dozen Organdie Dimitie and Batiste Shirt Waists, worth up to $1.75 Thursday's price **98c**
Some beautiful Waists in fine Organdie Dimities and Taffetas, worth up to $2.00 Thursday's price **$1.49**

Misses' Waists.
1 lot Misses' Waists, sizes 14 and 16, all new detachable collars, new sleeves, worth up to $1.25, Thursday's Special **69c**

Children's Wash Suits.
Children's Wash Suits Blouse and Skirt trimmed with lace, worth up to $1.75, Thursday's price **$1.25**

Bargain Counter No. 3.
Ladies' Teck Ties and Bows—
The 15 and 25 cent ones, all at Each **5c**
Ladies' Teck Ties—
Of Silk and Linen, worth from 20 to 30c each. Each **10c**

At Tie Counter.
Ladies' China Silk Ties, Dresden effects, about which so much "boasting" has been done; our regular price 10c, 3 for **25c**
We have just opened the most elegant line of Ladies' Ties and Bows ever shown in Duluth; equal in quality and style to anything you have seen at 35c. Each **25c**

Have you visited our Ladies' Hosiery Department?
If not, come now and see the saving we will make you. Think of Ladies' extra fine cotton hose, absolutely fast black and seamless, such as "small shops" sell you for 35c to 40c, per pair **25c**
If you desire a stocking for rapid changes when traveling you should buy our Black Cotton Stocking, Hermsdorf dye, that you have seen about town at 18c per pair, our price per pair **10c**

At our Ladies' Underwear Counter we are offering some Great Values, such as:
Ladies' Jersy Ribbed and Richelieu Ribbed Vests, with long sleeves, such as you have seen at 35c each, each **25c**
Ladies' low neck, sleeveless Vests, white Richelieu ribbed, the best 18c value, each **10c**

Drapery Dept.
The Fourth of July is coming. Our Flags must be closed out. Read our price list before purchasing:

SIZE	DOZ	EACH
3½x6 inches	5c	1c
5½x9½ inches	12½c	2c
8x14 inches	25c	3c
12x22 inches	50c	5c
18x27 inches	75c	7c
20x36 inches	$1.25	12½c
28x45 inches	$1.75	15c

We have 100 Oil Opaque Window Shades, made by us from odd lengths from our shade room, mounted on good spring rollers; if made to order would cost you from 65c to 85c each; we offer them at—each **25c**
We have 25 Rope Portieres, seven colors to choose from; price $4.98 to $5.98, to close—each **$4.00**
We have a good quality Silkoline, 15 pieces only; you will have them offered you at 10c per yard—our price **5c**

PANTON & WHITE. -:- PANTON & WHITE.

CRUSHED TO DEATH

Awful Collision on the Northwestern Road Very Near Chicago.

THREE WERE KILLED

And Many Others Were Severely Injured---The Wreck Story.

Chicago, June 30.—Three persons were killed outright and about twenty or thirty persons injured in a rear end collision on the Chicago & Northwestern road at 1:25 this morning at West Chicago, thirty miles out of Chicago, on the Galena division. The dead are:

Mrs. John Gooding, Appleton, Wis.

Mrs. R. Shipman, Appleton, Wis.

Unidentified man, riding between the engine and baggage car, supposed to be a tramp.

The injured are: Mrs. M. M. Baird, Neenah, Wis.; Mrs. Daisy Blackwood, Depere, Wis.; Mrs. A. E. Fifer, Green Bay, Wis., injured about the head; W. H. Finney, Oconto, Wis.; Mrs. Algernon Galpin, Appleton, Wis.; W. D. Gibson, Appleton, Wis.; Raymond Gibson, 5 years old, a son of the foregoing; Miss Irene Macallister, Oconto, Wis., hurt about head; Miss C. E. Shipman, Appleton, Wis.; Miss Amelia McKay, fracture of left arm; Mrs. Ripley, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Mrs. S. B. Mersh, Appleton, Wis.; Mrs. McKay; William M. Micklestetter, Seymour, Wis.; Miss Micklestetter, Seymour, Wis.; Dr. E. A. Kelley, Clinton, Wis.; S. A. Russell, Appleton, Wis.; Mrs. S. A. Russell, Appleton, Wis.; Mr. Ripley, Fond du Lac, Wis., seriously; Miss S. C. Shipman, Apleton, Wis.; Michael St. Letler, ankle broken and internally injured; Mrs. Michael St. Letler, back sprained and internally injured; Professor Williams, Fond du Lac, Wis., arm and wrist injured; Charles Courtney, Belvidere, Ill., engineer of section 5, fatally injured.

Mrs. W. D. Gibson, Appleton, Wis.; L. B. Mersh, Appleton, Wis.; Raymond Mersh, Appleton, Wis.; three children of Mr. and Mrs. William Wickelstetter, of Seymour, Wis.

The victims of the collision were Christian Endeavor delegates who left Chicago last night en route for the great convention in San Francisco. The colliding trains were sections Nos. 4 and 5 of a Christian Endeavor special sent out in nine sections beginning at 10:30 p. m. Section No. 5 ran into section No. 4, which left Chicago several minutes ahead of it. Section No. 4 carried the Wisconsin delegates, nearly 500 strong, and in the rear sleeper were people from Fond du Lac, Green Bay, Appleton and other Wisconsin cities. Section No. 4 had come to a stop just out of Chicago where the Freeport line divides, leaves the main line. Section No. 5 came up behind at great speed, and the shock of the collision was terrific.

The passengers in the two rear sleepers of section No. 4 were all in their berths and most of them were fast asleep. They received no warning, and those not killed outright awoke to find themselves jammed in the wreckage. Pasengers on both trains hastened to the spot and began the work of rescue. One of the first injured taken out was Engineer Charles Courtney of section No. 5. He had stuck to his post like a hero and is so seriously injured that he cannot live.

The body of an unidentified man, supposed to be a tramp, was found between the baggage car and the engine. The man had been crushed to death. An immediate call was made for help on every point within reaching distance. Chicago was notified and asked to send physicians at once and medical help was requested from Geneva, Wheaton and Aurora.

The engine of section No. 5 struck the rear sleeper of section No. 4 with terrific force. The engine was totally wrecked. Strange to say the rear sleeper of section No. 4 was not the one to suffer most. It was driven with terrific force upon the second sleeper, and such was its impetus that it crushed through it as if it had been a card box, and reduced it to a mass of wreckage. The passengers in the second sleeper were, therefore, the ones to suffer most, and it was in it that most of the victims were hurt. Mrs. Shipman and Mrs. John Gooding were both in this sleeper. Men and women could be seen struggling to extricate themselves from the wreckage. Others pinned down by some crushing weight were crying for help. Here and there was an arm or a leg protruding from the debris.

A pathetic scene was the rescue of the two daughters of Mrs. Shipman, of Appleton. The rescuers were attracted to them by their cries. They were unable to extricate themselves, and though hurt, refused assistance, begging that their mother be first helped. Mrs. Shipman was found crushed under a part of the roof and life was extinct when she was taken out. It is strange that the two daughters escaped with comparatively slight injuries, while the mother, close by, met instant death. Mrs. John Gooding, of Appleton, was instantly killed. The force of the collision crushed together the partitions of her berth, and she had no possible chance of escape.

Professor Leo A. Williams, of Fond Du Lac, was found buried under a pile of debris, and though he was unable to extricate himself and it seemed as if he was most seriously injured, he escaped with a broken arm and a cut wrist.

The Chicago & Northwestern officials did everything in their power to relieve the sufferers. The two hotels in West Chicago were turned into hospitals and able physicians were promptly in attendance.

The sections following those which met disaster—6, 7, 8 and 9—carrying 2500 people were delayed upwards of three hours. Finally the north track was cleared and they were enabled to proceed.

As soon as the wreck was reported to the local offices of the Chicago & Northwestern, Superintendent Gardner and a corps of surgeons left immediately for West Chicago.

Owing to the crush caused by the rush of Christian Endeavorers business, all schedules were abandoned and trains were sent out as fast as filled. Nine sections left the Northwestern depot at intervals of fifteen minutes, beginning at 10:30, to say nothing of trains sent out earlier in the evening. Sections Nos. 1, 2 and 3 got through West Chicago safely. Section 4 was made up of a baggage car, day coach and seven sleepers, containing about 400 passengers.

Assistant General Superintendent William A. Gardner said this morning that he could give no tangible reason yet as to the cause of the accident. "The road is run on a semaphore block line all the way to Turner Junction," said Mr. Gardner. "This blocks a train every 1600 feet, and in addition we were using last night what we call the positive block system. This consisted in the operators at Maywood, Wheaton and Turner running the trains by wire and keeping a close tab on all the dispatches as to the time each passed a station. Then the dispatcher regulated the speed and distance between trains. Of course, he was compelled to rely entirely on the accuracy of the time checking done by the operators at the stations named, and unless one of these made a mistake and transmitted the wrong check time, either to the next station or to the dispatcher, I cannot imagine what could have caused the wreck.

"We had taken every possible precaution to guard against delay and accident and, as I said, worked the positive block as well as our regular semaphore system."

As soon as possible after the immediate wants of the injured were attended to they were carefully removed to a special train which had been prepared for their reception and accompanied by Dr. Ollens, chief surgeon of the company, and twelve assistants were brought to Chicago. At Western avenue they were put in ambulances and taken to St. Luke's hospital.

The responsibility for the wreck has not yet been fixed, but the investigation indicates that it was caused by Engineer Charles Courtney, of section No. 5, running by the station this side of West Chicago without having been released. No statement is obtainable from Courtney at present as he is too badly injured to talk.

"The road between Chicago and Turner Junction is protected by the Hall block system, and imediately after my arrival last night I tested the signals and found them to be in perfect order," said Assistant General Superintendent W. C. Gardner today. "Engineer Courtney must have been insane to pass without seeing the two danger signals, which indicated that a train was ahead. These signals are placed 1000 feet apart, and when at night cars pass over the place where they are situated a red light shows, and any train following the one which released the switch is supposed to stop until a white light shows. There can be no doubt that the scarlet signal for caution was exhibited."

A HEAD END COLLISION.

Another Endeavor Train Has a Fatal Smash-up.

Indianapolis, June 30.—Train 11, on the Vandalia road, which left this city at 7 o'clock last evening containing a large number of Christian Endeavorers, collided with train No. 6, bound East from St. Louis at 8:20 o'clock, near Vandalia. J. J. Turner, general manager, telegraphed the following to this city this morning: The killed are:

T. Sherman, mail clerk on No. 6, Indianapolis.

W. P. Coon, baggage master on No. 11, Indianapolis.

Those fatally injured are: Samuel Parkinson, mail clerk, of Columbus, O., crushed in the wreck; Frank Owens, fireman of Terre Haute, mangled under the engine.

Train No. 11 left Indianapolis in two sections, on account of the heavy San Francisco travel occasioned by the Christian Endeavor meeting. Orders were given to meet No. 6, the eastbound passenger train at Vandalia, these two trains being due to meet at that place about 1:30 o'clock this morning.

At 1:30 o'clock further information was received which confirmed the first report of the accident. It seems from the best information obtainable that the westbound train pulled out of Vandalia without waiting for the train from St. Louis. The headlight of the westbound engine was extinguished for some time before the crash came. Horace Kearns, of this city, was conductor on train No. 11, and Tom Manafee, of Terra Haute, was the engineer. None of the passengers on either train were injured.

JENNINGS IS RECOVERING.

New York, June 29.—Hugh Jennings, the player of the Baltimore team who was hurt by a pitched ball striking him on the head during the New York-Baltimore game at the Polo grounds yesterday afternoon, is said to be very much improved today. He fell into a sound sleep late last night.

"The Grecian dames are sunburned."
Tro. and Cres., Act 1, Scene 3.
Our dames soon rid themselves of this trouble, they used Pond's Extract.

When love knocks at a woman's heart he usually comes in disguise. Doesn't want it known what he's up to. If she knew all about the little rascal, would she let him in? That's a question.

Women are apt to look upon love and marriage as purely a matter of sentiment and affection. That is pretty nearly right; yet there is a practical side to it too; and the best way to preserve the ideal aspect of marriage and maternity is not to forget the practical part of it. A woman cannot be a thoroughly happy wife and mother unless the distinctive physical organism of her sex is in a healthy and vigorous condition. The best friend that woman ever had is the "Favorite Prescription," of Dr. R. V. Pierce, Chief Consulting Physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. The "Prescription," is a perfect and infallible remedy for every form of "female weakness." It cures by restoring health and strength to the internal organism, which cannot be reached by "local applications;" thus the cure is radical, complete and constitutional.

Dr. Pierce's eminent reputation as a physician of wide learning; and his special knowledge of the delicate and intricate organism of women, accounts for the unparalleled confidence, which women place in his "Favorite Prescription," over every other remedy. Its use obviates the necessity of dreaded "examinations" and the stereotyped "local treatments."

Dr. R. V. Pierce, *Dear Sir*:—I suffered fourteen years with female weakness, nervousness, and general debility, trying everything I could find to help me—all to no avail. I then heard of Dr. Pierce's medicines and although I was thoroughly discouraged, I thought I would try once more to find relief. I took your "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Favorite Prescription," and too great praise cannot be given for the rapid relief they gave me. I am now free from the former troubles. Very sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Mary J. Stewart.
Box 46, Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal.

MYSTERY SOLVED

Severed Human Body in New York is Fully Identified at Last.

IT WAS A MURDER

He Was William Guldensuppe a Rubber in Turkish Baths.

New York, June 30.—The positive identification by nine men makes it seem certain that the man who was murdered some time last week, and who was cut into pieces, one of the parts being taken to the woods, near Washington bridge, and the other being thrown into the East river, from which it was taken at Eleventh street, is William Guldensuppe, a rubber in the Murray Hill baths. All the rubbers in the baths, as well as Dr. J. S. Cosby, a frequenter of the baths, have identified the remains of the man at the morgue.

Mrs. Augusta Nackbenack, the midwife with whom Guldensuppe had lived, was at police headquarters today. Capt. O'Brien, of the detective bureau, had an hour's secret conference with the woman, Dr. Crosby and the bath attendants, after which he said that in the course of a short time he would make a statement regarding the case.

Herman Nack, husban of the woman with whom Guldensuppe had been consorting, has been placed under arrest. Mrs. Nack has been identified as one of the two women who purchased the figured oil cloth in which the parts of Guldensuppe's body were wrapped when they were found.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

This part of the state is enjoying perfect weather for growing perfect crops, and most of the fields look excellent, says a Grand Forks dispatch. For twelve miles directly west of here, however, much of it will be almost ruined by mustard and weeds. In the vicinity of Ojata there appears to be little else than mustard and the yellow blossoms predominate as far as the eye can see in every direction. As a rule mustard flourishes only in localities. As a whole the crops are even with, or a little in advance of the season. A good rain fell Monday.

A bold but unsuccessful attempt was made at Fargo to rob the residence of Register Sunderhauf of the land office Monday night and Mrs. Sunderhauf was badly choked by one of the thieves to prevent an outcry. The police have no clue.

C. A. Schaefer, treasurer of Jerauld county, is reported as having been held up Monday night by the same gang that made an attack on the county commissioners last fall. He resisted the attack and the result will keep him under a physician's care for a few days. His funds were in the banks.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

During a thunder storm lightning struck a herd shanty southeast of Gary and instantly killed Roe Bohnton, aged 16 years, and two children of Knut Holstenson, and injured a third, who will probably die.

The rainfall during the last twenty-four hours has been the heaviest at Lead City for the same length of time in many years. The fall has been very heavy during every day for a week past. Comparatively little hail fell here, but some parts of the valley have suffered much.

LUMBER FOR CHINA.

San Francisco, June 30.—The lumber trade of the Pacific coast with oriental counties is increasing at a rapid rate. D. H. Bibb has returned from Portland, Ore., after closing a contract with the Chinese government representatives for 10,000,000 feet of railway ties and 7,000,000 feet of bridge stringers to be used in the construction of a railway through the province of Manchuria, the grading for which has been completed. The same company has also secured a contract to deliver 5,000,000 feet of pine lumber at Nagazaki, and the steamer Fausang is now loading 1,500,000 feet of it at Portland. This shipment of Oregon lumber to the Orient since Jan. 1, 1897, approximate 30,000,000.

THE NASHVILLE CHINESE.

Washington, June 29.—Information has reached the treasury department that large numbers of Chinese admitted into this country as participants in the Tennessee exposition, were clandestinely leaving Nashville for San Francisco, St. Louis, New York and other cities, thus evading the spirit and letter of their admission.

WHERE FISHING IS GOOD.

Those looking for the best fishing grounds are reminded of Lake Tetonka, at Waterville, and Madison lake, on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad.

Wall-eyed pike, bass and crappies are found in great abundance at both of these lakes, which have not been fished out to the extent of some of the older and better known localities.

Excellent hotel accommodations, boats, bait, etc., on hand, and all charges are very reasonable.

For further information, address,
A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.
Minneapolis, Minn.

PARK POINT.

Subscribers to The Evening Herald who intend camping on the Point this summer can have the paper delivered to their camp by notifying this office.

ITCHING "For fifteen years my daughter suffered terribly with inherited Eczema. She received the best medical attention, was given many patent medicines, and used various external applications, but they had no effect whatever. S. S. S. was finally given, and it promptly reached the seat of the disease, so that she is cured sound and well, her skin is perfectly clear and pure, and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever." E. D. Jenkins, Lithonia, Ga.

ECZEMA **SSS**

S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable, and is the only cure for deep seated blood diseases.

Books free; address, Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Thin People

are thin because they do not digest their food properly and do not get sufficient nourishment. Thin, wiry, nervous men and women feel weak and shivery in cold, raw weather because they lack stamina, good rich blood and natural vitality.

To increase the weight, build up the system of thin, consumptive-looking people there is nothing better than the stimulative nourishment furnished by

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

which feeds the tissues, tones up the digestive organs, enables the food to be properly assimilated, enriches the blood and quickens the circulation. It replaces weakness with vigor and fortifies the system against all attacks of cold, chills, the grip or pneumonia.

Tell your grocer or druggist that you will have only Duffy's.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani spent some time in the private senate gallery at Washington yesterday. She was accompanied by three members of her suite and listened attentively to the tariff debate.

Joseph Smith, a carpenter of Rapid River, was brought to Escanaba, Mich., on the charge of murder. Smith was hired by a saloonkeeper named George Demitt to do some carpenter work at $1.75 per day. When the work was finished Demitt wanted to pay only $1.50 per day which Smith refused and swore he would have $1.75. He left the saloon and soon returned with a revolver which he fired at Demitt, the bullet passing through Demitt's check and causing death.

At Springfield, Ill., Arthur Gardiner, of Chicago, in the races of the National Circuit bicycle meet yesterday broke the world's one mile handicap record. There were eighteen starters in the race, Gardiner, Mertens and Will Cohurn being the scratch men. Gardiner won the race, his time being 2:05 1-5. The world's previous record was 2:05 3-5, made by Mertens.

The boiler of an engine attached to a threshing machine exploded at Adair, Ga., killing three men instantly and fatally wounding four others, while another man had his leg broken, necessitating amputation. The cause of the explosion was low water.

Charles A. Zschan, receiving teller of the German American National bank at St. Paul, who on Monday pleaded guilty to stealing several thousand dollars from the bank, was yesterday sentenced to eight years in state prison.

Mrs. F. J. Jackson, who is wealthy and owns a big laundry and a paying hotel business in Kansas City, Mo., was arrested yesterday charged with complicity in the murder of her husband, Fred J. Jackson, who was shot several months ago in Mrs. Jackson's apartments at the Woodland hotel by Dr. J. D. Goddard, who is manager of Mrs. Jackson's drug business.

At Texarkana, Ark., yesterday afternoon Deputy Sheriff Frank J. Barnum shot and instantly killed Deputy City Marshal O. D. Perry. The deceased was a witness against Barnum for killing Dick Dannon at Fort Worth, Tex.

The rector of the Roman Catholic university at Washington, Dr. Thomas A. Conaty, has been elevated by Pope Leo He is now Mgr. Conaty, domestic prelate to the holy see with the title of right reverend.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 6; Pittsburg, 9.

At New York—New York, 8; Baltimore, 2.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 10; Washington, 9.

At Boston—Boston, 8; Brooklyn, 7.

At Chicago—Chicago, 36; Louisville, 7.

At St. Louis with Cincinnati, stopped by rain in third inning; St. Louis, 4; Cincinnati, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 15; Kansas City, 6.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 2; St. Paul, 8.

At Detroit—Detroit, 5; Indianapolis, 7.

At Columbus with Grand Rapids, rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	53	39	.736
Baltimore	52	35	.673
Cincinnati	49	32	.653
New York	52	33	.635
Brooklyn	53	26	.491
Cleveland	53	26	.491
Pittsburg	53	26	.491
Philadelphia	56	27	.482
Washington	51	21	.412
Louisville	53	20	.377
Chicago	54	20	.370
St. Louis	54	11	.204

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Columbus	54	37	.685
Indianapolis	54	36	.667
St. Paul	61	40	.656
Milwaukee	60	35	.583
Detroit	58	26	.552
Grand Rapids	58	21	.362
Kansas City	62	20	.323
Minneapolis	59	18	.305

HIS ESTATE IS SMALL.

Chicago, June 29.—Letters of administration were issued today on the estate of the late Watson Ruddy, who died June 4. The administratrix is the widow, Martha Ruddy. The value of the estate, as estimated, is $10,550, of which $10,000 is in real property. The heirs are the widow and one daughter 2 years of age. The value of the estate is a surprise as Mr. Ruddy was reputed to be very wealthy. At one time he had large interests in race horses and was a well-known figure at nearly every race track in the country. Mr. Ruddy married the widow of the millionaire contractor Thomas Mackin son after the death of the latter. Mrs. Ruddy received about $200,000 from the Mackin estate after a good deal of litigation.

PENSION BILLS REPORTED.

Washington, June 29.—Several hundred pension bills were reported to the senate today as the result of the first meeting of the pension committee since the present congress assembled. Mr. Callinger, of New Hampshire, chairman of the committee, stated that it had been decided to report favorably all of those bills which had formerly passed either branch of congress or had been favorably considered in committee. Three general pension bills were included, two of them amending the law of 1890, and another referring to proof in pension cases.

ST. LOUIS POOL ROOMS.

St. Louis, June 29.—All the pool rooms in this city are still closed and the police have orders to raid all found open. It is announced today that the validity of the Breeders law, which recently went into effect, has not been tested and the question as to whether pool rooms can be operated in St. Louis, outside a race track enclosure, has not been decided. Judge Murphy, however, decided that places where money was telegraphed away for betting purposes were not pool rooms and did not come under the provisions of the Breeders law.

IN SUPREME COURT.

Case Which Recalls Struck Jury Law---Red River Elevator Taxation.

St. Paul, June 30.—In the long fought personal damage case of Margaret A. Perry against the Minneapolis Street Railway company, a decision was handed down by Justice Mitchell in the state supreme court yesterday, reversing the action of Judge Seagrave Smith in granting a new trial on the defendant's motion. This is a victory for the plaintiff, who will now collect a judgment of $1000. The plaintiff was injured about two years ago while getting off a car. She sued for $15,500 and the first trial resulted in a disagreement. The second trial resulted in a verdict for $1000.

The case has been a notable one throughout from the fact that the plaintiff made a hard fight on the struck jury with signal success. In the first trial the struck jury was knocked out on the ground that it had not been drawn by the sheriff in person, and in the second case was defeated through a clerical error in copying the list. The action was then tried before an ordinary jury and the $1000 verdict returned.

At the close of the case the defendant moved for a new trial, which was granted on the ground that the court had erred in setting aside the struck jury list. It was on this point that the plaintiff appealed. In the meantime the legislature had repealed the struck jury law, and in arguing the matter before the supreme court counsel made the point that if error existed it was without prejudice, inasmuch as the new trial, if brought off, would still be before a common jury. This point was that on which the case was won.

Central Park Methodist church, of St. Paul, is the richer by a decision handed down by Justice Canty. The Salvation Army, as an incorporated body, cannot take advantage of the legacy left it by Charles Eton, who died some years ago, leaving in trust for the army certain property, the proceeds of which were to be used by the army in erecting a place of worship.

To Central Park church Mr. Eton made an absolute gift of the remainder of his property, to be used by the church in the aid of home and foreign missions equally. The court finds that the church was incorporated and authorized by statute to acquire property by gift for mission purposes, and to accept any gift trust for the purpose for which given. The devise of Mr. Eton is held to be an absolute gift to the church, and not a devise in trust and that it is valid.

The decision is in two cases of John W. Lane et al, appellants, against Charles Eton et al respondents.

Other decisions were as follows:

Louis Laramee, respondent, vs. W. A. Turner, appellant. Order reversed and new trial granted.

Gustav A. Blomberg, Jr., respondent, vs. Sarah Montgomery et al, defendants. Thomas Montgomery, appellant. Order affirmed.

Minna Kleeberg, respondent, vs. E. Zehrader, administrator of the estate of Sarah Leberbaum, appellant. Order affirmed.

In re assignment of the Dickinson company, insolvent, respondent, vs. Elias Fullerton, appellant. Judgment reversed and a new trial granted.

Hannah A. White, respondent, vs. John A. Holmberg, appellant. Order affirmed.

Cargill Elevator company, respondent, vs. John H. Eklund et al, appellants. Order affirmed.

State of Minnesota, respondent, vs. Red River Valley Elevator company et al, M. J. Forbes, petitioner. Judgment reversed. Syllabus:

Elevators owned by private parties situated on the right-of-way of a railroad company are for the purposes of taxation personal property, and where a receiver of the assets of a corporation has been appointed under section 9, chapter 76, of the general statutes, the personal property of the corporation continues assessable at the same place at which it was assessable before the receiver was appointed, without reference to the residence of the receiver.

The supreme court thus defines the law of the state as called in question in the case of the state against the Red River Elevator company, by its receiver, M. J. Forbes, of Duluth. The property involved in the decision consists of fourteen elevators along the line of the Great Northern railway in Polk county. The decision is a reversal of the judgment of the lower court, which declared the property to be real estate and taxable only at the residence of the receiver in Duluth. On another point in the suit the court declares that a personal tax assessed against the corporation cannot be collected in an action or proceedings against the receiver personally, instituted under general statutes of 1894, section 1569.

DETROIT AND RETURN, $12.00.

VIA DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

First excursion, July 2-6. Return limit, July 15. Second excursion, July 10-12. Return limit, July 20.

T. H. LARKE, Com'l Agent,
426 Spalding House block.

SENT FREE TO MEN.

INDIANA MAN DISCOVERS A REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR LOST VIGOR.

Samples Will Be Sent Free to All Who Write For It.

James P. Johnston, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood has found the exact remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully but is willing to send a sample of the medicine to all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak back, varicocele and emaciation. The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act directly giving needed strength and development wherever needed. The remedy cured Mr. Johnston completely of all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the naturally ordained functions and is said to be absolutely reliable in every case.

A request to Mr. James P. Johnston, Box 1001, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you would like a sample of his remedy for men, will be complied with promptly and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is very much interested in spreading the news of this great remedy and he is careful to send the sample securely sealed in a perfectly plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity.

Readers are requested to write without delay.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea —the Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the semi-annual installment of interest amounting to thirty-six dollars ($36.00), which became due on the first day of May, 1897, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles W. Hoyt and Jennie M. Hoyt, his wife, mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of November, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on November 26th, 1892, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. in Book 99 of mortgages, on page 47; and

Whereas, said mortgagors made default in paying taxes against the mortgaged premises for the years 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895, and it was provided in said mortgage that the undersigned mortgagee might pay said taxes upon default of said mortgagors. The undersigned paid said taxes on the mortgaged premises for the above years on June 8th, 1897, amounting to one hundred twenty-five and 19-100 dollars ($125.19). The undersigned claims and has a lien against said mortgaged premises under the terms of said mortgage, for the amount so paid, with interest from day of payment at the rate of six per cent per annum.

More than ten days have elapsed since the default made in the payment of said installment of interest and the said The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, at the date of this notice, under the terms of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained. There is therefore actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal on said mortgage debt and interest the sum of twelve hundred forty-three and 82-100 dollars ($1243.82), and for taxes as above stated, one hundred twenty-five and 19-100 dollars ($125.19), amounting in all to the sum of thirteen hundred sixty-nine and 01-100 dollars ($1369.01). No action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Therefore Notice is given that under the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The westerly thirty (30) feet of the easterly ninety-five (95) feet of lot one hundred and eighty-one (181), in block sixty-seven (67), of Duluth Proper, Second Division, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the northerly line of First street fifty (50) feet easterly from the westerly line of lot one hundred and eighty-one (181), block sixty-seven (67), Second Division; running thence northerly on a line parallel to the westerly line of said lot one hundred and eighty-one (181) one hundred and twenty feet (120), to a point on Summit avenue; thence along the westerly line of Summit avenue in a southeasterly direction to a point on said line of Summit avenue, eighty (80) feet distant from westerly line of said lot one hundred and eighty-one (181), and in a line drawn at right angles to said westerly line of said lot one hundred and eighty-one (181); thence southerly to a point in the northerly line of First street, eighty (80) feet easterly from the westerly line of lot one hundred and eighty-one (181); thence westerly along the northerly line of First street thirty (30) feet to place of beginning, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, and said lands being in St. Louis county, Minnesota. Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the 22nd day of July, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. on that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of thirteen hundred sixty-nine and 01-100 dollars ($1369.01) and interest thereon, and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorneys' fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 8th, 1897.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-9-16-23-30-July-7-14.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, upon a judgment duly rendered in the municipal court of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 28th day of April, 1897, in an action therein, wherein Jacob D. Zien was plaintiff, and John Mattila, defendant, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant for the sum of sixty-eight and 76-100 dollars, a transcript of which said judgment was thereafter and upon the 30th day of April, 1897, duly filed and docketed in the office of the clerk of said district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, which said execution has to me as sheriff of said St. Louis county, been duly directed and delivered I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 10th day of July, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereafter described on the 30th day of April, 1897, that being the date of filing and docketing of said judgment, in said office of said clerk of said district court as the same existed upon the 30th day of April, A. D. 1897, or as the same has since been enlarged or increased, said property being described as follows, to-wit: Lot four (4), in block four (4), in the town of Grant, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Lot two (2), in block twenty-eight (28), in the town of Virginia, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Lot thirty (30), in block eleven (11), in Central Division of Mesaba, according to the recorded plat thereof.

All the above described land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 24, 1897.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
ALLEN, BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 26, June 2-9-16-23-30.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT AT a regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Olean Land Company, held at the office of said company in the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota, on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1897, at which were present in person or represented by proxy the holders of all the shares of the capital stock of said company, it was duly resolved and unanimously voted, by all of the said stockholders, being the holders of all of the capital stock of said company, that the Articles of Incorporation of said company be amended as follows, to-wit: That Article third of said Articles of Incorporation shall read as follows:

"THIRD. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be seventy thousand dollars ($70,000) consisting of seven hundred (700) shares each of the par value of one hundred dollars ($100), to be paid in, in cash, at least twenty-five (25) per cent thereof before commencing business, and the remainder thereof at such time or times as the board of directors shall determine."

And it is hereby further certified that the directors of said company at a regular meeting of the board of directors held at the said office of said company on the same day, subsequent to said meeting of stockholders, duly adopted said new article altering, modifying and changing said original Articles of Incorporation relating to and affecting the number and amount of the shares of the capital stock of said company.

In witness whereof the said Olean Land Company has caused this certificate to be subscribed and sworn to by its president and also by its secretary the 7th day of June, A. D. 1897.

GILES GILBERT,
President.
FRANK S. SMITH,
Secretary.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

Giles Gilbert and Frank S. Smith being severally duly sworn each for himself deposes and says: The said Giles Gilbert, that he is the president and the said Frank S. Smith, that he is the secretary of the Olean Land Company; that the foregoing certificate contains a true statement of the time when and the respect in which the Articles of Incorporation of said company were amended as therein set forth.

GILES GILBERT.
FRANK S. SMITH.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 7th day of June, 1897.

ROBERT C. RAY,
Notary Public.
St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, June-9-16-23-30.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Alfred M. Brindos, (unmarried), mortgagor, to Henry J. Bierman, mortgagee, bearing date March thirteenth (13th), 1890, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on March seventeenth (17th), 1890, at four (4) o'clock p. m., in Book forty-one (41) of mortgages, on page three hundred eighty-seven (387) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage, together with interest thereon from the date of said mortgage, no part of either of which sums has ever been paid;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand four hundred eighty-four and 55-100 ($1484.55) dollars, principal and interest;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

And whereas said Henry J. Bierman thereafter died intestate, and letters of administration upon his estate were thereafter duly issued by the probate court of St. Louis County, Minnesota, to the undersigned, as administrator of the estate of said Henry J. Bierman, deceased, and the undersigned duly qualified, and has ever since been, and is now, acting as such administrator.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The west one-half (w½) of the northwest one-quarter (nw¼), and lot one (1), in section thirty (30), township fifty-one (51), range fifteen (15) west, containing one hundred twenty-eight (128) acres, according to the U. S. government survey; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the sixth (6th) day of August, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, paid before said sale, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, 1897.

N. J. MILLER, as Administrator of the Estate of Henry J. Bierman, deceased.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Administrator.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-23-30-July-7-14-21-28.

WHEAT DECLINED

The Scare Over the Supposed July Corner Has Died Out.

WEAK AT LIVERPOOL

Rains in Winter Wheat Belt Where Harvesting Is In Progress.

Wheat had fully resumed its normal condition at the opening today, the scare over the July corner having apparently died out. July started at a small advance, while the opening in September was steady, though at a slight decline, rains in the winter wheat belt where harvesting is in progress offsetting the effect of the weakness at Liverpool, which market showed a 1@2d decline. Trading was very light and prices moved slowly within a narrow range early. Northwest receipts were light, 211 cars against 179 last week and 410 a year ago. Crop reports from Kansas were very encouraging. After 10 o'clock prices began to decline.

The statement of last week's shipments of wheat and flour from all exporting countries to Europe was completed this morning and made a total of 4,716,000 bus, compared with 7,845,000 bus for the similar week of the year before. The closing cablegrams quoted the net decline for the day at Liverpool ½d, at Paris 25 centimes and at Antwerp 12½ centimes. The foreigners were said to have sold some wheat for December at the opening in New York. The Atlantic port clearances of wheat and flour together were equal to 295,000 bus.

Trading was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ⅛c lower at 72c, declined to 71⅞c during the first hour, and later sold off to 71¼c, at which it closed with buyers, showing a decline of ⅝c for the day. September wheat started ⅝c lower at 65⅝c and sold down to 65c, closing with sellers at that figure, being ⅜c lower than yesterday. The shippers bought 16,000 bus of cash stuff at the July price. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72¼c; No. 1 northern, cash, 71¼c; July, 71¼c bid; September, 65c asked; December, 65¾c. No. 2 northern, 69¾c. No. 3, 58⅝@64¾c. Rejected, 47⅝@62⅜c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 72¼c; No. 1 northern, 71¼c. Rye, 34c. No. 2 oats, 30½c; No. 3 oats, 29c. Flax, 75c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 66; oats, 5; rye, 3; barley, 9; flax, 8. Receipts—Wheat, 34,669 bus; oats, 14,683 bus; rye, 945 bus; barley, 11,870 bus; flax, 9748 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 84,659 bus; oats, 26,146 bus; barley, 27,988 bus; flax, 94,592 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, June 30.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 38,000; left over, 1500. Market fairly active, 2½@5c lower. Light, $3.45@3.90; mixed, $3.10@3.57½; heavy, $3.15@3.55; rough, $3.15@3.30. Cattle, receipts, 12,500. Market steady to shade higher. Beeves, $3.30@5.15; cows and heifers, $1.75@4.25; Texas steers, $2.80@4.15; stockers and feeders, $3.30@4.20. Sheep, receipts, 14,000. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 22,776; shipments, 3808. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 2445; shipments, 2127. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 10,274; shipments, 969. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 35,000.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 30.—Money on call nominally 1@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange dull and easy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.87¼ for demand and at $4.85⅝@4.86 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86½@4.87¼ and $4.88@4.88½. Commercial bills $4.85¼. Silver certificates, 60¾@61c. Bar silver, 60¾c. Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.25½; coupon, $1.25½; 5s registered, $1.14½; coupon, $1.14½; 4s registered, $1.11½; coupon, $1.12; 2s registered, 96¾; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.01½.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 30.—Close, wheat futures steady, ¼d lower. July, 5s 7½d; September, 5s 6d. December, 5s 6¼d. Corn, spot quiet; futures steady and unchanged. July, 2s 7½d; September, 2s 8½d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 30.—Close, wheat, July, 74¼c; September, 70⅝c; December, 71⅝c. Corn, July, 28½c. Oats, July, 21¾c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock brower, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 397 Board of Trade.

Chicago, June 30.—The Liverpool wheat market was weaker than for some time past. During the past few days it has declined so much faster than Chicago that the difference has materially narrowed. Added to this is the elegant growing weather and renewed promise of a record breaking crop. September wheat weakened under these conditions and closes at 3c decline. The selling was largely local and probably for short account. July wheat declined to 69c at which price there seemed a large quantity wanted by various brokers. Some selling was credited to the party supposed to be in control but the trade was not large. There was a lack of cash demand and this feature of the market appears to be spasmodic. Millers report slack demand for flour.

Corn weaker on favorable weather and rains in Iowa and Nebraska. Some selling for country account and by the local trade in anticipation of a rate reduction, which if it comes will probably have had its effect beforehand. Oats weak on lack of cash demand.

Provisions some easier without special feature.

Puts, September wheat, 64¼-¼c.
Calls, September wheat, 64⅜c asked.
Curb, September wheat, 64¼-⅜c.
Puts, September corn, 25⅞c bid.
Calls, September corn, 25¾c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	12	12	11⅞	11⅞
Atchison preferred	25	25	24¼	24½
Sugar	127¼	128⅝	126⅞	126⅞
Canada Southern	49⅝	50	49⅝	50
C., B. & Q.	83	84	83	83⅝
St. Paul	83¼	83¾	81⅝	82⅜
Chicago Gas	94¼	95¼	94⅛	94¼
D., L. & W.				
General Electric	34¼	34⅜	33¾	33¾
Omaha	63⅜	64¼	63⅛	64
Reading	25⅞	25⅞	25½	25⅝
L. & N.	51	51¼	50½	50⅝
Manhattan	88¾	89⅜	88¾	89
Missouri Pacific	19⅝	20	19¼	19¼
Tobacco	76½	79¼	77½	77½
C. & N. W.	116½	117¼	116⅝	116¾
N. P. preferred	41⅛	41⅜	39⅞	40
Rock Island	74	75½	74	74⅝
Union Pacific	57⅛	61⅜	57⅛	61½
Western Union	84¼	85	84	84¼
Leather				
Lake Shore				

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, June 30.—Close, wheat, June, 65¾c; July, 69¼c; September, 64½@¼c. December, new, 69¼@⅝c; old, 65¾c. Corn, June, 24⅝c; July, 24½c; September, 25⅜@⅝c. Oats, June, 17¾c; July, 17¾c; September, 17⅝c; May, 20⅝c. Pork, June, $7.52; July, $7.52; September, $7.67½. Lard, June, $4.05; July, $4.05; September, $4.15; October, $4.20; December, $4.25. Ribs, June, $4.40@4.42; September, $4.52@4.55. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 72@73c; No. 3 red, 70@72c; No. 2 spring, 69@70c; No. 3 spring, 62@67c; No. 2 hard winter, 67@72c; No. 3 hard winter, 62@65c; No. 1 northern spring, 71@72c. Corn, No. 2, 24⅜@⅝c; No. 3, 23½@24c. Oats, No. 2, 18c; No. 3, 16½@19½c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 27@34c. Rye, cash, 33¾c; July, 33¼c; September, 34c. Flax, cash, 71½c; cash, Northwestern, 78@78c; July, 71½c; September, 73½c. Timothy, cash, $2.70; August, $2.85; September, $2.70.

Holes in Your Health.

What does that mean? Suppose you are taking in money all day, and drop it into a pocket with holes; you will find yourself a loser instead of a gainer by the day's business. Same with your health. You eat and drink and sleep, yet lose instead of gain strength. There's a hole in your health. Some blood disease, probably, sapping your vitality. You can't begin, too soon, to take the great blood purifier,

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

THE FIRST MINNESOTA.

Minnesotans in Washington Are Going to Gettysburg.

Washington, June 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The full Minnesota congressional delegation, Capt. Castle, T. E. Byrnes and other Minnesotans now in Washington will attend the ceremonies at the unveiling of the monument to the First Minnesota regiment next Friday.

Senator Davis will speak on this occasion. Representative Tawney was born on this battlefield, witnessed the three days' fight and when a member of the Minnesota legislature secured the passage of the bill apropriating money to build this monument. Through some strange oversight, however, he has not been invited to make an address at the unveiling.

WILL REMAIN SOME TIME.

Maj. Baldwin Will Not Be Removed Very Soon.

Washington, June 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—It has practically been determined at the interior department that Chippewa Commisioner Baldwin will retain his position for some time to come. It is equally certain that the civil service commission will be asked to reinstate Dar S. Hall, to succeed Baldwin.

An official of the department, in discussing Baldwin's removal some days ago, asked Secretary Bliss whether Baldwin would be removed shortly. Although the secretary did not make any direct answer, he gave his questioner the impression that Maj. Baldwin will be allowed to finish up a portion of the work already assigned to him, and that no change will be made until this work is finished.

DICKINSON ESCAPES AGAIN.

His Second Bribery Trial Jury Disagrees.

Minneapolis, June 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The second trial of Alderman C. E. Dickinson on the charge of receiving a bribe in connection with the city printing contract resulted in a disagreement of the jury today. The jury stood 10 to 2 for acquittal.

DISMISSED THE NAVY.

What the Naval Court Decides For Commander Mullan.

New York, June 30.—A special from Washington says: Dismissal from the naval service is the penalty imposed by the court which recently tried Commander Dennis W. Mullan. The records and finding of the court, together with the indorsements of Judge Advocate General Lemly and Acting Secretary Roosevelt, will be laid before the president at once, and because of the desire to promote Commander N. M. Lyer to the vacancy existing in the grade of captain, President McKinley will be requested to act as quickly as is consistent with a thorough consideration of the case.

Commander Mullan was charged with neglect of duty, etc., while in command of the Pensacola navy yard. He is best known in connection with the Samoan disaster, which occurred in March, 1889. He was in command of the third-rate United States steamship Nipsic at the time, and in order to save her from total destruction, and to save the lives of those under his command, he was compelled to beach her. His course at that time was approved by the secretary of the navy.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Electrical Bolts Kill Four Michigan People.

Cadillac, Mich., June 30.—The house of George Copeland was struck by lightning and his wife and sister and her little child were instantly killed.

Howard City, Mich., June 30.—Lightning struck the house of J. Bandine this morning, burning it to the ground, killing one child 10 years old and badly burning Mrs. Bandine and another child 4 years old.

HABEAS CORPUS FREED HIM.

Auburn, Cal., June 30.—Chris A. Wagner, a prominent hop grower, who was arrested in Sacramento on a requisition from the governor of Wisconsin for alleged embezzlement, his accusers being Milwaukee residents, was being taken East when the trip was interrupted and the arresting officers and their prisoner detained on a writ of habeas corpus. Judge Prewett upheld the writ, maintaining that the governor of Wisconsin could not obtain extradition if the alleged crimes were committed not in Wisconsin, but in California.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Memphis, Tenn., June 30.—Rev. E. M. Richardson, D.D., secretary of education of the Presbyterian church in the United States, was found dead in his bed, in this city, this morning. He was one of the best known divines in the South, his official duties calling him to almost every city of any size in the country. Heart failure was the cause.

$13.30—MILWAUKEE AND RETURN.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

Tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5. The annual convention of the National Educational association. Pullman palace sleepers and fine dining car service. Meals served a la carte. Tickets good returning until Aug. 31.

For sleeping car reservations, tickets and additional information call at office, No. 428 Superior street west.

A. W. KUEHNOW,
Passenger Agent, N. P. Ry.

AT WEST DULUTH

Hugo Iron Works Will Complete Its Contract Within Ten Days.

WILL CLOSE DOWN

New Maccabees Lodge to Be Organized at West End---Other News.

The Hugo Iron works will have completed its contract for the large force main pipes for the new waterworks plant within the next ten days, and unless it is awarded the contract for the thirty-six-inch pipe the plant will be closed and about thirty men will be thrown out of employment. The Hugo Iron works has been engaged on the force main pipe contract since Nov. 1, and during that time has furnished employment to between thirty and sixty men in West Duluth. Last month the company's pay roll amounted in all to about $6000. This includes not only the men employed at the works, but at Lakeside in laying the pipe. The operation of the works during the winter months especially was of great benefit to West Duluth, furnishing employment to a large number of men who would otherwise have been idle.

NEW MACCABEES LODGE.

Peter Rowan, of West Duluth, state organizer of the Knights of the Maccabees, will soon organize a new lodge in the West End, to take the place of the old Central Duluth lodge, No. 49. No. 49 was until a year ago in a flourishing condition, when Duluth lodge No. 1 procured a lot of new lodge paraphernalia and made its lodge meetings so interesting that members of No. 49 began to attend it regularly, and finding it such a good thing finally joined in a body, throwing up their own organization, or rather merging into the older and apparently more attractive one. The new lodge, the name of which has not been decided on, will probably met at the hall on Eighteenth avenue west.

CELEBRATING THE FOURTH.

The Fourth of July festivities will break loose in West Duluth on Saturday night, and will continue possibly with a brief intermission Sunday, until the dawn of Tuesday morning. The old pool room and hall in the Gilley building has ben leased for a continuous dance, both rooms to be used when the rush demands it. A union orchestra has been employed to furnish the music, and the galety will proceed without interruption, so far as is now known, as long as the music holds out.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A. T. Knox has moved his family from Bay View Heights to Fifty-seventh avenue west, near Main street.

The benefit dance given in Merrich hall last night by a number of West Duluth young ladies for the benefit of Mrs. Allen and family was liberally patronized, and a good sum was realized for the worthy woman.

The Police association will probably hold its picnic this year at Zenith Park. A committee visited the island yesterday, and will probably report in favor of them. The time for holding the picnic will be decided on today.

Bert Mallory, the young son of George J. Mallory, is on a farm, near Fargo, N. D., where he will spend the summer months. His father says that he went there with his assistance and permission and is doing nicely.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of Plymouth Congregational church will hold its semi-annual business meeting in the vestry tomorrow night. The various officers and committee chairmen will read their reports, and officers for the ensuing six months will be elected.

Ring up tel. 3060, West Duluth Steam laundry.

The Densmore Typewriter.

On exhibition today at the entrance to the Chamber of Commerce building is a Densmore typewriter, which is without a doubt a perfect machine and one bound to become the favorite one with business and professional men. It is so simple in construction that any one can learn to operate it in a few moments, and with a little practice can do far better work than is possible on other machines. A gentleman who has one in his office said this morning that it has not cost him 1 cent for repairs or given him any trouble at all, which was quite in contrast to a high-priced machine that he parted with before buying a Densmore. Like a bicycle, the Densmore is ball bearing in all parts that are subject to hard wear.

Garfield Avenue Case.

Judge Ensign this morning took up again the mandamus case of the city against the St. Paul & Duluth and Northern Pacific railroads, to compel them to build a viaduct over their grade crossings on Garfield avenue. The morning was spent in hearing the testimony of old settlers as to the condition of Garfield avenue prior to the time when the first road was built across it, to settle the contention of the St. Paul & Duluth that it was there before the avenue was.

FLEISCHMAN PARDONED.

Washington, June 30.—The president has pardoned Charles R. Fleischman, sentenced in Illinois to five years imprisonment in the Milwaukee house of correction, Dec. 8 last, for embezzling the funds of the National Bank of Illinois.

Special Excursions.

Excursion tickets as follows are on sale via "The North-Western Line:" San Francisco, Los Angeles, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Kansas City and intermediate points at greatly reduced rates, one way, on June 29 to July 3. All points within 200 miles, July 3, 4 and 5, one and one-third fare, round trip.

ROUND TRIP TO

Milwaukee, July 3 to 5, $13.30.
Detroit, July 2 to 6, $18.75.
Chautauqua, N. Y., July 12, 13, $23.50.
Detroit, July 10, 12, $18.75.
Toronto, July 12, 13, $23.90.
Chattanooga, July 12 to 15, $27.80.
Salt Lake, July 8, 9, $40.00.
Salt Lake, July 16, 17, $40.00.

Other excursions later. For particulars call at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
Agent.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COOKS FOR PRIVATE places; girls for general housework. Good wages. At Mrs. M. Shattuck's employment office, 25 West Superior street.

GIRL WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEwork. 1909 Dingwall street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework, 1215 East Second street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 2217 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRLS FOR general housework. Room 410 Masonic temple.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Good home and good wages. 1926 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL. MUST UNDERstand cooking. No. 211 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—RELIABLE GIRL FOR chambermaid. Good wages. Apply to Mr. Robel, superintendent the Bethel, Lake avenue, between 9 and 10 a. m.

WANTED—GOOD STRONG KITCHEN girl at once. 102 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN COOK AT once at the Cadillac hotel.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COOK AT 120 First avenue west.

WANTED—A HOUSEMAID, WHO IS A good seamstress at Twenty-seventa avenue east and Superior street.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Seibold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—LUMBER GRADER AND pliers at once. 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED SCANDINAVIAN, GERMAN and English speaking salesmen. Salary and commission. Work in city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS.

RELIABLE AGENTS WHO ARE hustlers, to solicit insurance for the Union Men's Mutual Insurance company. Big inducements. Address or call at 507 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKroach perishes. Sure death to vermin. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs, killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

TO EXCHANGE.

UNENCUMBERED REAL ESTATE IN St. Louis and Itasca counties to exchange for stock of general merchandise. Enquire of F. Blackmarr, Duluth.

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

THE DULUTH TRANSIT EXPRESS line is prepared to move pianos and furniture. Trunks removed for 25 cents. Office 501 West Michigan street. Tel. 623.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

A Selling Movement Caused a Price Slump.

New York, June 30.—Trading in stocks at the outset showed a resumption of yesterday's selling movement, despite a higher range of prices from London. Business was in considerable volume and fairly well distributed, but the losses did not exceed sharp fractions in the standard shares. Some of the industrial stocks displayed steadiness with Sugar and Tobacco gaining slightly.

The market became quiet after the initial dealings and a better tone developed for most shares. Sugar was the leading and touched 128. The improvements in the balance of the list were only a fraction and were caused by covering operations. Tobacco was pressed for sale at the high range, and receded a point. Colorado fuel and Laclede Gas also suffered a similar loss. The absence of any pronounced selling pressure against the leading stocks has induced some general purchases for the long account. The bulls accorded effective support to the market after the first hour, and on heavy purchases prices improved throughout the list. The shorts were thoroughly alarmed and in their efforts to cover bid prices up rapidly on themselves. The anthracite coal stocks were especially strong on the proposed increased circular prices of coal on July and on encouraging May statements of earnings. The Industrials generally were quite buoyant on account of the failure to secure a conviction in the tobacco trust case. Near midday the market eased oy a fraction on profit making. The bond market was less animated but displayed a fair degree of strength. Sales of stocks to noon were 153,600 shares.

RATCLIFFE GIVES BAIL.

Chicago, June 30.—Edward J. Ratcliffe, the actor, was brought into court today to answer to the charge of being a fugitive from justice. The case was continued, however, until next Tuesday, both sides agreeing to a postponement until the requisition papers asked for have arrived from New York. Alderman John Powers signed Ratcliffe's new bail bond.

Summer Excursion Rates.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

San Francisco, Los Angeles, June 29, July 3, $29.

Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, June 29-July 3, $22.15.

Milwaukee, Wis., and return July 3, 4, 5, $13.30.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6, $4.30.

Detroit, Mich., and return, July 3-6, $18.75.

Lake Chautauqua, N. Y., and return, July 10, 11, 12, $23.50.

Detroit, Mich., and return, July 10, 11, 12, $18.75.

Chattanooga, Tenn., and return, July 12-15, $27.80.

Toronto, Ont., and return, July 12, 13, $23.90.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16-18, $18.55.

Indianapolis, Ind., and return, Sept. 7, 8, 9, $18.75.

Buffalo, N. Y., and return, G. A. R., Aug. 21, 22, announced later.

Nashville, Tenn., and return, Centennial, $43.30.

Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, $46.45.

Summer tourist tickets to Colorado, Yellowstone Park, Pacific coast, and to all Eastern and Western resorts.

For rates and particulars, call or address city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF 23, work of any kind. Six years' experience in grocery business; good collector; willing to work for any reasonable wages. Best of references given. Address B 76, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A COMPEtent housemaid in private family. Address 327 West Fourth street.

WANTED—POSITION BY A FIRSTclass dining room girl in hotel or private boarding house. Address 327 West Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WATCHman or janitor by middle-aged married man with good recommendations. N 100, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as governess or companion in nice family. Will leave the city. Address N 34, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION IN SOME OFfice or collecting, have had experience in both. By a young man 17 years of age. Have worked in several offices in city. Can give references. Address A 1, Herald.

YOUNG GIRL WANTS SITUATION AS nurse girl or to do light housework. Address N 1, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER will work for 75 cents a day. R 32, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY STEADY man. Would work in restaurant or hotel or take care horses and work around house. Good references. Write F. C. Johnson, 27 East Third street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS NURSE. Call or address 1116 West Superior street.

WANTED—POSITION IN SOME OFfice by boy 17 years of age. Can give references. Address C., Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL OF 14, place to do light housework in small family, or care for children. 1107 West First street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT DRESSmaker desires to go out sewing by the day or week to do plain sewing or dressmaking. Price $1 a day. Address 1409 Weeks avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 230 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—PLACES TO WASH AND iron by the day by German woman. Leave word at 327 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—100 SHARES OF CINCINnati iron stock cheap. Address N 2, Herald.

FURNITURE OF TWO ROOMS, REcently purchased. 224 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS BOARDING house, nicely furnished, central location, seventeen rooms. Owner going South. 17 First avenue west. W. D. Gordon's auction mart.

BAKERY FOR SALE—BEST LOCAtion, owner leaving city. R 38, Herald.

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE—JUST REceived, two carloads of household furniture from the Newell Furniture company, which failed last week. Folding beds, desks, parlor goods, etc., at great bargains. Sale opens Tuesday, June 8. Markus & Co., 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, SOME SECOND hand household furniture, cheap for cash. Address N 3, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, PINE LAND IN town 62, range 22, or vicinity. N 26, Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND upright piano. Box 772 West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—GIRL'S BICYCLE, WITH 26-inch wheel. Must be in good condition. Will pay cash. Address "Wheel," Herald office, giving price and where can be seen.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

FORTY ACRES TWO AND THREEquarters miles from Barnum, about seven acres clear, new house 20 by 24, horse, wagon, three cows, chickens, ducks, pigs and all implements, standing crop of potatoes, oats, wheat, garden stuff, etc., the rest all sowed in timothy, for the very low price of $450 if taken now on account of sickness in the family. Small creek near the house. Will make a nice home. The birch and maple wood alone will pay more than for the land. Title perfectly clear. No better soil in this locality. William Herzog, Barnum.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMANENTLY REMOVED.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMANENTly removed. Latest process, superior to electricity. Complexion cleared of freckles, pimples, black heads. Facial massage for wrinkles, medicated shampoo and scalp treatment a specialty. Hair restored to its natural color. Not a dye. Mrs. McKiel, 202 Lowell block.

LOST.

WANTED—THE HAT TAKEN FROM the public library Monday afternoon returned at once.

LOST—LAST WEEK, BUNCH OF keys on ring. $2 reward if returned to this office.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife. 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — WELL FURNISHED house, about eight rooms, in central part of city. Address M 37, Herald.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Adele Reano to Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, lands in section 12-51-18	$ 150
G. L. Peck to J. A. Ledingham, part lot 291, block 94, Duluth proper, Second division	700
Wilhelmine Faust to John Behning, lands in section 2-51-15	100
Duluth Building and Loan Association to Anna A. Evered, lot 4, block 42, West Duluth, First division	700
James Sheridan to Katy Johnson, lots 11 and 12, block 2, Ely	579
C. E. Levy ex. et al to G. W. Horton, lots 5, 6, 11, 12, block 34; lots 12 and 15, block 44; lot 7, block 77; lots 10, 11, 12, block 85, London addition	2,000
One unpublished	500
Total	$ 4,729

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
10 00 am *† 54 pm *†† 35 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis.	*6 30 am *† 10 pm †7 45 pm

From UNION DEPOT. CITY TICKET OFFICE, 401 W. Superior street, corner Palladio building. Telephone 218.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

The Superb ROUTE

Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union Depot at 6:30 P. M. Daily EXCEPT SATURDAY with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie.

West bound train arrives 8:50 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding Hotel building and Union Depot.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

8-ROOM HOUSE, TWO BLOCKS FROM Merchants hotel; all improvements. R. P. Paine, No. 206 West Superior street, room 4.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Ecksteln, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

INGALLS' FLATS, STEAM HEAT, GAS, range. 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

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NICELY FURNISHED ROOM FOR rent cheap, 809 East First street.

ONE FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT, $4 per month. 308 West Second street.

LARGE, WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, electric lights, bath. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH bath. 315 West Second street.

DOUBLE PARLORS, CARPETS, PORtiers, lake view, modern and cheap; also two other rooms, light housekeeping allowed. 305 East Third.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED rooms. All modern conveniences. 121 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 912 EAST Sixth street. Good well and soft water. Arthur A. Fider.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired; price reasonable. 120 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD, if desired; centrally located. Modern conveniences. 211 Third avenue west.

FIRST CLASS TABLE BOARD AND rooms at Cadillac hotel, opposite High School. Mrs. J. T. Condon.

DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST AVENUE W.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 529 West Second street. $1.50 per day.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting July 5, 1897. Work, Third degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting July 12, 1897. Work, Third degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. ——— degree. John F. McLraen, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105, Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

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STORAGE — LICENSED AND BONDed, are you going to move or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material, and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

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BUSINESS CLAIRVOYANT. 1421 WEST Michigan street.

PROFESSOR ANFIN, CLAIRVOYANT—Nature has gifted Professor Anfin with a clairvoyant power unusually strong, and he has never made it a subject to falsehood and deceit. He does not deal in charms or other humbuggery, but gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs or on any other subject of importance. His advice, if followed, and his help, if desired, shows everyone the road to happiness and prosperity. 123 Second avenue west.

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Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

Fire Insurance, ... Life Insurance, ...Investments....

I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500.00 up.

A. R. Macfarlane,
13 Exchange Building.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

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Duluth's Popular Highway to the East!

Northern Steamship Company's
EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS,

North West and North Land

Sailing from Duluth to Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo

Every Saturday and Tuesday at 1:45 p. m.

Ships arrive from the East every Friday and Monday at 6:30 p. m.

C. D. HARPER,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 432 W. Superior St.

Steamer Dixon

Will make an extra trip to

Grand Marais

during the summer season, leaving Duluth every Friday morning at 10 a. m. Other sailing days Sunday and Wednesdays at 10 a. m.

Steam Yacht Nautilus.

Will leave Duluth at 8 a. m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for all points on the North Shore between Duluth and Chicago Bay, landing passengers at all points and stopping for them as they may wish. This gives pleasure seekers and FISHING PARTIES an opportunity to avail themselves of fishing in the streams on the North Shore and a delightful trip on the lake. For further information inquire on board of boat at dock,

Foot of Sixth Avenue West.

Eastern Railway

Of Minnesota.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 422 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†1 15 pm *†† 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†† 15 pm *7 00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains. New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

Fargo, Winnipeg, Butte, Portland, and Japan.
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At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

Office: 405 West Superior Street. 'Phone No. 20.

Leave	*Daily. †Except Sunday	Arrive
†10 45 am	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	†5 10 pm
*†11 00 pm	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	†7 00 am
*5 10 pm	Chicago Limited	*†10 30 am

Parlor cars on day trains; Wagner's Finest Sleepers on night trains.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. P. M.	*Daily except Sunday.	EAST A. M.
*3:05	0 Lv Duluth Ar	* 11:40
4:05	23 Ar Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:32	70 Ar Swan River Lv	8:09
7:40	Ar Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:02	94 Ar Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	109 Ar Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

7:45 a.m.	Lv Duluth Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar Virginia Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar Eveleth Lv	10:56 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar Biwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
11.00 a.m.	Ar Mt. Iron Lv	12:30 p.m.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark,

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), June 30.—Local showers are reported in Michigan, Wisconsin, Eastern Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, Montana and the region north of Montana, with thunder storms at Detroit, Omaha, Miles City, Havre and in the Canadian provinces. The rainfalls of .60 inch at Battleford and .50 inch at Omaha, are the largest reported.

The barometer is now lowest in the Saskatchewan valley, an area of low pressure having advanced from British Columbia.

The temperature has risen generally. It continues highest in the Mississippi and Ohio valleys, the southern part of the lake region and the Southwest, where yesterday's maximum thermometer readings ranged from 86 at St. Paul and Kansas City, to 88 at Chicago and Omaha, and 91 at Dodge City.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 64; maximum yesterday, 86; minimum yesterday, 48.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Fair tonight; probably a thunder shower Thursday; continued warm; light to fresh winds, mostly from southeast to southwest.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 30.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally fair and continued warm tonight and Thursday; variable winds. For Minnesota: Generally fair tonight and Thursday with possibly showers Thursday; variable winds.

CONCERT SALOONS MUST GO.

Mayor Truelson is deserving of strong commendation for the firm stand which he has taken against the employment of women singers and dancers in the music halls conducted in connection with several saloons. Every reputable citizen should give his earnest support to the mayor in the effort to crush out this degrading feature, particularly as it is reported the offending saloon keepers have determined to resist the mayor's attempt to compel them to run orderly and law-abiding places. The aid of the aldermen may also be required, and the council should not hesitate to promptly revoke the licenses of the saloon keepers who are reported by the mayor to be disobeying his orders and defying his authority to prevent the appearance of women performers in such places. The passage of a new ordinance covering this subject will probably be necessary.

There can be no question that the presence of women singers and dancers in the concert saloons has a very bad moral effect. It is a promoter of vice and is calculated to morally ruin the young men who are drawn into such places.

The mayor has shown sufficient leniency with the proprietors of these saloons. When they represented some time ago that they had signed contracts with a number of women performers and pleaded that to compel them to quit then would result in heavy financial loss, the mayor permitted them to carry out the contracts, on the distinct understanding that, at the expiration of that time, no more women performers would be allowed to appear. The concert saloon managers have violated this understanding and are entitled to no further consideration on this score.

The sentiment of the respectable people of Duluth is opposed to the continuance of such degrading exhibitions and the council should heartily second the mayor in the warfare which he has begun against their existence.

The concert saloons must go.

THE SUMMER VACATION.

Edward W. Bok gives some sensible advice in the July Ladies' Home Journal upon "Going Away in Summer." He points to the mistake that instead of a rest and change so many women and girls, physically tired and in need of recuperation, make of their vacations a round of continuous gayety, every moment crowded with some excitement or pleasure. In consequence the woman who goes away for a rest comes back tired and worn out. Mr. Bok very truly says: "We all speak of 'going away' when we start on a vacation. But most of us do not 'go away.' 'Going away' means cutting ourselves entirely free from everything that has entered into our lives during the year—away from things which have occupied us, away from disturbing troubles, away from depressing surroundings, away from one's daily self to seek for one's best self, away from familiar places and people. Such a change means a change in ourselves, in our thoughts, in our ideas, in our motives, in our outlook on everything. The idea that we must ever keep ourselves busy, even in vacation, so that the mind may not become rusted, is all nonsense."

For those who cannot go away Mr. Bok advises a change in their mode of living, or in their daily work. "We need a change in our lives," he contends, "even if it is only a change in our rooms; of merely not sleeping in the same rooms in summer as we do in winter, or even a rearrangement of the furniture, of the curtains, carpets or pictures in our rooms—any change. No woman is so humble of circumstances that she cannot make her life pleasanter and higher, bringing some change into it. A rest at home, with the mind refreshed by compassing minor changes from day to day, is oftimes as much needed and as beneficial as a long journey to other places or in other lands. One's limitations are often of immeasurable good as they show up how to get personal benefit in spite of them. 'Going away' in the summer need not always mean leaving the city or leaving one's home. It is, of course, better if it can be so. But we can stay at home and yet 'go away'—go away from things as we have had them for a twelve-month, and make them different."

Mr. Bok addresses the above advice to the ladies who read his periodical, but it is equally applicable to those of the other sex.

THE MODERN TEMPTATIONS.

In a recent address to the students at Northfield, Mass., the Rev. Dwight L. Moody stated that the young man of today is exposed to three great temptations, the trolley car, the bicycle and the Sunday newspaper. The bicycle and the Sunday newspaper have frequently been subjects of ecclesiastical denunciation. Their evils have been portrayed at length, and the virtuous have been cautioned to avoid them as they would a deadly sin. And yet they still exist and are doing business as of yore, and hundreds and even thousands of people who are otherwise accounted orderly, respectable and right living members of the community patronize them and never stop for one moment to consider that they are in danger of reaching perdition thereby.

That the bicycle interferes with Mr. Moody's own business is probably true, because Mr. Moody's religion is of the dyspeptic variety, and there is no greater foe to dyspepsia than the bicycle, according to the opinions of eminent physicians and the testimony of many men who have been made strong and vigorous by its proper use. That the Sunday newspaper injures the young man or the old man is a nonsensical claim. There may be some Sunday newspapers which are not beneficial in their influence, because of their sensationalism, but they are not worse in that respect than the sensational preacher; nor do they drive or lead as many people away from the church as do the ministers who preach that fire and brimstone will be the portion of all who do not embrace their style of religion and reach salvation by the narrow, very narrow, route which they are advertising as the only direct road to the better land.

The trolley car has heretofore generally escaped the argus eye of the ecclesiastical censor, and Mr. Moody's attempt to indict it at this time consequently possesses the charm of novelty. He can well be forgiven for reviving the old charges against the pernicious Sunday newspaper and the uncertain and tricky bicycle, when he thus brings out in bold relief as the third of the modern temptations the new evil—the trolley car. Just what the trolley car has done to create in Mr. Moody's mind the idea that it is a wicked and abominable thing, a tempter in the path of the unwary young man, has not been disclosed, but there can be no doubt that it was something dreadful, because Mr. Moody has placed it at the head of his list of great temptations—the trolley car, the bicyle and the Sunday newspaper, but the greatest of these is the trolley car. The young men of the country should forward to Mr. Moody their heartfelt thanks for having drawn their attention to the innate wickedness of the trolley car, from which they should flee as they are adjured to do "from the wrath to come."

THE NEXT REGISTER.

The announcement by The Herald last evening that Congressman Morris had filed at the interior department an endorsement of State Senator W. E. Culkin, of Wright county, for register of the Duluth land office, created a little ripple of excitement in local political circles. While it was almost a foregone conclusion that Mr. Culkin would be selected by Mr. Morris for either register or receiver, there was strong pressure brought to bear upon the congressman, when in Duluth last week, to give the registership to a Duluth man. But the congressman refused to yield to the pressure, and there is not a little bitter feeling over the importation of an outsider, who even resides in another land district, to fill a Duluth office.

It is too bad that an outsider should capture one of the fattest federal offices in Duluth, when there are so many Duluth Republicans eager and competent to fill the office. But no doubt Judge Morris feels that he should reward the man who stepped aside in order that he might have a unanimous nomination at St. Cloud and at the same time recognize the strong support he received in that section of the district.

A writer for the Galveston News who is fond of statistics has been making some interesting calculations, as follows: It is estimated that 124,000 babies have been born in Texas so far this year. If all the colic they have suffered could be gathered together in one pain, ten carloads of soothing syrup would not be sufficient to relieve it. Estimating that each baby has been walked twenty miles, it appears that the combined distance walked has been 2,480,000 miles. If one parent had been compelled to do the walking for this infantile crop of 1897, it would have been necessary for him to average twenty miles a day for 339 years eight months and twenty-five days, and the distance would have equaled ten times the circumference of the earth.

The state board of pardons has received a petition to pardon Cole Younger, and notice has been given that there will be a hearing in the matter on July 12 at the capital. The Northfield News says: "Let the Youngers stay where they are during their natural lives." With this sentiment the majority of Minnesota people will agree. The Youngers should never have been sent to prison. They committed a cold-blooded murder and should have been hanged. But having escaped the gallows, they should be kept at Stillwater as long as they live.

The Chicago Record says: "The Wiscopsin clergyman who would locate the garden of Eden in Milwaukee may be getting confused from the fact that in these latter days more marriages seem to be made in Milwaukee than anywhere else except in heaven." But how does the Record know that more marriages are being made in heaven? Has it not been said that there will be no marriage in heaven?

The history of the past four years, says the Knoxville Sentinel, will disclose the fact that despite the gradual decline of values, the cutting of revenues and decrease of salaries, taxation and cost of government, state, county and municipal, as well as federal, has been reduced very little, if at all. The consequence is the fixed charges have been eating up the landowner's rents, and he knows not where to turn.

The English "society editor" is very frank and outspoken. The London Mail's chronicle of society movements has this item: "Among those who were seen about in the streets are Mr. and Mrs. Lancelot Lowther, who were walking together, and she, although seldom well dressed, is extremely pretty, and was looking her best in dark blue."

State Auditor Dunn is visiting Duluth today, but there is no truth in the rumor that he came here to carry away the Mountain Iron mine or section 30. He will permit them to remain in St. Louis county at least a few months longer.

Rev. Thomas Dixon, of New York, says he has great hopes that Bob Ingersoll will yet be converted. Possibly he may, but it is safe to predict that he will not be converted by the sensational pulpit pyrotechnics of the Rev. Thomas Dixon.

The French republic provides for ex-Empress Eugenie a constant bodyguard in the person of a Corsican, whose service dates from her own reign. He "shadows" her faithfully at a distance to protect her life in her frequent walks.

Pope Leo's long life is truly miraculous if the London Daily News' account of his usual dinner is correct. "His faithful valet serves him with a light vegetable soup, two fried pumpkins, a morsel of veal or fowl, and half a glass of Bordeaux."

The Ohio Democrat seems to be as willing as his Republican neighbor to hold a public office. Note the large number of candiates for gubernatorial nomination at Columbus today.

"Sore Toe" is said to be disappointed because he has drawn only a $2000 consulship at Rotterdam. He should count himself lucky to get even that much in these hard times.

The Beltrami Eagle predicts that before the next presidential election there will be ten independent newspapers to one inside the party lines.

John R. McLean seems to be "the whole thing" at Columbus, as Mark Hanna was at Toledo.

The concert saloons must go.

Rich and Tasty.

St. Cloud Times: The Duluth Herald is one of Minnesota's ablest and most influential journals. It is also one of its most prosperous, as is again evidenced by its recent donning of a new dress—none of your fleecy "summer girl" pattern, either, but something rich, substantial and tasty. In the words of Rip Van Winkle, may The Herald "live long und prosper—and your family."

The Scorcher and the Ordinance.

(After Kipling—A long ways.)

A fool there was and his wheel he sent,
Even as you and I,
Swifter by far than he really meant,
To catch a fair rider was his intent
(So scorching after the bloomers he went),
Even as you and I.

Oh the toil he lost and the spoil he lost
And the excellent things he planned,
Belong to the justice who did not know
(And now we know he never could know),
Why the fool rode fast instead of slow,
And did not understand.

A fool there was and he made his prayer,
Even as you and I,
To the robust judge in the justice chair,
We call him the judge with the auburn hair
(He calls him the justice who didn't care),
Even as you and I.

Oh the tears we waste and the fears we waste,
And our hard-earned cash on hand,
Belongs to the justice who didn't know
(And now we know that he never could know),
Why the fool rode fast instead of slow,
And did not understand.

And it isn't the blame and it isn't the shame
That stings like a white-hot brand;
It's coming to know that the judge never knew
(Seeing at last that he never could know),
And never did understand.

—REA PACKARD.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: A woman never forgives a man for understanding her.

A widower is always afraid that if he doesn't act broken hearted all the women will talk about him, and if he does none of them will look at him.

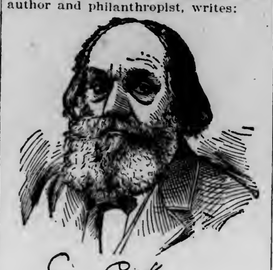
Love is back of half the fool breaks a man makes, and indigestion is back of the other half.

When the minister says there will be no marriage in heaven all the old maids look pleased, because they think they will have the laugh on the other women.

DR. EDW. E. HALE

Tells of a Positive Specific For Nervous Diseases.

Edward Everett Hale, D.D., LL.D., the celebrated New England preacher, author and philanthropist, writes:



Edw. E. Hale

"I am assured by a careful inquiry among leading physicians and personal friends who have used it and in whom I have the utmost confidence, that Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are invaluable in insomnia and all nervous diseases."

Fifty cents and $1 per box. Write for testimonials of cures. Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing company, La Crosse, Wis.

POINTED OBSERVATIONS.

Puck: Bacon—Each salmon, it is said, produces about 20,000,000 eggs.

Egbert—And they don't cackle about it, either.

Cincinnati Commercial: Love is a hallucination which makes otherwise sane men believe that they can set up housekeeping on a gas stove and a canary bird.

Brooklyn Life: The fond mother—Everybody says he is such a pretty baby! I am sure the poet was right when he said that "heaven lies about us in our infancy."

The uncle (unfeelingly)—But he should have added, "So does everybody else."

Indianapolis Journal: "Ever notice," asked the boarder who thinks he is sarcastic, "what a chilly reception a man gets when he walks in on a pair of lovers?"

"It seems to me," said the cheerful idiot, "that it would be better form for him to walk in on a pair of feet."

Chicago Post: "You seem to have taken quite a fancy to Miss Barnes."

"Yes. She's a very strong girl."

"Strong! What has that to do with it?"

"She's the right kind of a girl to take out on a tandem. I never was fond of work myself."

Detroit Journal: "Trouble," repeated the hostess in speaking of it afterward, "you don't know what trouble is until you try to give such a function. You lie awake nights to make up the list of those whom you won't invite and even then there will be painful omissions. It is so provoking to please somebody you really wanted to hurt."

The following lines from a sweet singer of Missouri are commended by the Washington Post as a tonic for the poet laureate of England:

Little Willie, from the mirror,
Licked the mercury all off,
Thinking, in his childish error,
It would cure the whooping cough.
At the funeral, Willie's mother
Smartly said to Mrs. Brown:
"'Twas a chilly day for Willie
When the mercury went down."

"Brotherly Love."

Chicago Chronicle: The old saying that there is no such thing as friendship in business might be amended to include brotherly love. The saintly Rockefeller, who endows universities and acts as superintendent of Sunday schools, has just "frozen out" his brother in a mining deal in Minnesota. According to the latter he has a million dollars invested in the iron mines there, but he cannot realize a cent because the mines in which his brother is interested have entered into a combine with an iron company and are putting the ore down in Cleveland at less than it costs to mine it in Minnesota. When the brother gets tired of losing money his property will be kindly bid in at about 25 cents on the dollar and the university will get another gift.

Let the Commission Speak.

Duluth Herald: The voice of the people of Minnesota has declared in favor of Minnesota stone only being used in the construction of the new state capitol.

Winona Herald: Now let us hear from the commission.

OBJECT TO THE SHEEP.

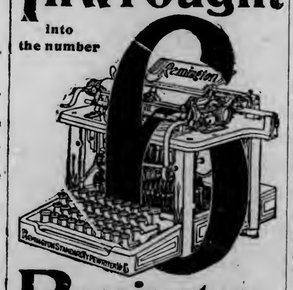
Cheyenne, Wyo., June 30.—Governor Richards last night received a message from Ten Sleep, Big Horn basin, advising him that ranchmen of the region were arming and gathering to resist Flockmaster James Scott, who proposes driving a band of 10,000 shop sheep into the country in the vicinity of the ranchmen's homes. The ranchmen threaten to ambush and kill Scott and his herders if they persist in attempting to take the sheep into the region. Ten Sleep is 150 miles from Casper, the nearest railroad point, and it is feared nothing can be done to prevent a conflict.

Governor Richards has sent a courier advising the ranchmen to obey the laws and calling on the country authorities to preserve the peace.

HAMBURG DOCK FIRE.

Hamburg, June 30.—The fire which broke out last evening at the Hamburg electric works in the Bost Strasse has been extinguished. Much valuable electrical machinery has been destroyed, and the electric street car service has been crippled.

Inwrought into the number



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Standard Typewriter

are certain sterling qualities of Excellent Construction and Reliable Service for which all Remington models have always been famous. LIKEWISE... Scientific Improvements notably increasing its usefulness and durability.

Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict

327 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

94 E. Fourth Street, ST. PAUL.

323 West Superior St., DULUTH.

LAKE TRANSPORTATION.

Latest Record Breaking Vessels of the Great Lakes.

Minneapolis Journal: That a ship is afloat that can carry out of Duluth on a draught of not more than sixteen feet 6000 tons of freight, less but thirty, is noteworthy and of sufficient importance to lead to a glance at the tremendous advance that has been made by lake shipping interests in the past few years, and the relation of this advance to the commerce of the Northwest.

Six thousand tons of cargo means about seven train loads; in wheat it is the product of from 18,000 to 20,000 average acres; carried in farmers' grain wagons it would make an imposing procession ten miles long. At the average rates for rail transportation from the Red River valley to this city it would pay the railroads not far from $25,000. And yet this cargo can be carried the 1000 miles, Duluth to Buffalo, at the present time at an expenditure of but $3000, and the cosumption of little more coal than would be burned by one locomotive running the same distance.

A few years ago the average freight on wheat from the Northwest lake ports to Buffalo was about from 6 to 8 cents a bushel; now it is frequently less than 1½ cents. Coal freight rates are 20 cents a ton from the Lake Erie ports to the head of Lake Superior, while iron ore is carried from the docks at Duluth and Two Harbors to Cleveland for 50 and 60 cents a ton, or about ½ mill per ton per mile, a tenth as much as the lowest rail freight rates continuedly in force.

The importance in these reductions in rates to the agriculturists of the West, as well as the manufacturers of the East, cannot be overestimated. They have contributed very largely to the reductions in cost that have marked the past few years, and have averted incalculable loss. It is said the limit has been reached in the size of lake ships and that 6000 tons will be the maximum for a long time to come. Five years ago vesselmen and lake contractors were discussing the possibility of ever economically operating a lake ship of over 3000 tons, and the general opinion was that such ships would not be found in the lake service for many years, if at all. The limit of size may not have yet been reached, but it is quite apparent that the limit of low freights has been pretty closely approximated, to say the least.

The number of ocean vessels plying to the port of New York that carry more freight than the ships of the great lakes is few indeed, and with the single exception of the vessels of one transcontinental line, there is nothing to equal the newest lake ships. Many of the most notable advances in marine architecture have been made on the lakes. The first quadruple expansion engines to be used in the merchant marine were in the two express passenger steamers of the Great Northern line and the first similar engine ever in a freight ship is now in the fourth vessel of the Duluth-owned fleet of the Wolvin syndicate, launched a week ago at Cleveland, and planed to carry 6000 tons on sixteen feet of water. On the lakes were first used tubulous steam generators in place of the time-honored marine boilers. The lakes, under stress of circumstances, developed new methods of construction for hulls, and the channel system is supposed to be ahead of any other for strength and saving. The lakes, too, have the only exclusive passenger express steamers for long runs and have facilities for taking and discharging cargoes that are the wonder and admiration of all who see them. Lake ships are loaded with grain at the rate of 1500 bushels an hour, or with ore at 1000 tons in the same time, or with coal by whole carloads at once, the loaded freight cars being picked up in hoists, run on the ships, turned bottomside up and returned to the docks empty, all in less than two minutes for a single car. Ore and coal are unloaded from the vessel's holds, either by hand or automatic machines, at the rate of 250 or 300 tons an hour. There are but two fleets in the world capable of handling 2,500,000 tons of freight in a single season; one is that ancient line, the P. & O. whose ships dot the seas from Cathay to the Mersey, and the other is the Rockefeller line from Duluth to Cleveland, the initial contract for the construction of which was signed less than eighteen months ago.

That Chicago is a greater port than New York or London, that Duluth is the tenth in point of tonnage handled by water on the globe, or that the shipping and allied interests of the inland lakes of the United States represent a value of over $100,000,000, are but three facts in a group of similar ones that need occasional reference to remind Americans of the great and growing glory of their country.

BANKS OF MINNESOTA.

Bank Examiner Kenyon Makes an Interesting Report.

St. Paul, June 30.—Bank Examiner Kenyon has completed a statement of the condition of the state and national banks of Minnesota at the close of business May 14. There are 214 banks in the state, of which 143 are state and 73 national. The statement:

State bank resources: Loans and discounts, $16,449,269.51; overdrafts, $122,986.32; United States bonds on hand, $12,412.50; other stocks and bonds, $457,782.35; due from other banks, $3,976,529.28; banking house furniture and fixtures, $969,856.32; other real estate, $721,029.68; expenses paid, $25,-610.59; taxes paid, $3272.28; checks and cash items, $89,399.70; exchanges for clearing house, $159,351.28; cash on hand, $2,137,934.80; other resources, $136,622.88; total, $25,262,157.49.

Resources of national banks: Loans and discounts, $21,137,565.53; overdrafts, $94,542.28; United States bonds on hand, $2,462,504.68; other stocks and bonds, $2,152,211.75; due from other banks, $12,033,589.71; banking house furniture and fixtures, $1,722,137.21; other real estate, $504,356.63; checks and cash items, $168,188.01; exchanges for clearing house, $646,320.35; cash on hand, $5,883,059.80; other resources, $117,338.83; total, $56,421,814.78.

Liabilities of state banks: Capital stock paid in, $6,161,200; surplus funds, $960,263.33; other undivided profits, $612,840.66; dividends unpaid, $2697.90; due to depositors, $16,064,499.95; due to other banks, $1,299,635.70; notes and bills re-discounted, $14,900; bills payable, $127,942.06; other liabilities, $18,-178.86; total, $25,262,157.49.

Liabilities of national banks: Capital stock paid in, $13,090,000; surplus fund, $2,360,500; other undivided profits, $1,-770,331.32; dividends unpaid, $5206; due to depositors, $20,317,223.37; due to other banks, $7,403,590.70; notes and bills re-discounted, $7,753.50; bills payable, $280,000; other liabilities, $44,789.89; circulation, $1,552,215.

JOE M'AULIFF TRAINING.

San Francisco, June 30.—Big Joe McAuliffe is again in training. He is matched to meet Jack Stelzner before the Pacific Athletic club upon a date not yet agreed upon.

A NECKLACE OF PEARLS

Is a beautiful possession. If a woman owns one, and if a single pearl drops off the string, she makes haste to find and restore it.

Good health is a more valuable possession than a necklace of the most beautiful pearls, yet one by one the jewels of health slip away, and women seem indifferent until it is almost too late, and they cannot be restored.

To die before you are really old is to suffer premature death, and that is a sin. It is a sin because it is the result of repeated violations of nature's laws.

Pain, lassitude and weariness, inability to sleep, dreadful dreams, starting violently from sleep, are all symptoms of nerve trouble.

You cannot have nerve trouble and keep your health. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred the womb, the ovaries and the bladder are affected. They are not vital organs, hence they give out soonest.

Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, by building up the nerves and restoring woman's organism to its natural state, relieves all these troublesome uterine symptoms. In confirmation of this we, by permission, refer to the following women, all of whom speak from experience: MISS CELIA VAN HORN, 1912 Sharswood St., Philadelphia, Pa.; MISS GRACE COLLORD, 1434 Eastern Ave., Cincinnati, O.; MRS. NEWELL, 50 Ryerson St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; MRS. ISABEL OBERG, 220 Chestnut St., Woburn, Mass., MRS. A. B. COLE, New Rochelle, N. Y., and many others

For special symptoms Mrs. Pinkham has prepared a Sanative Wash, which will cure local troubles. Give these medicines a trial.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., if you are not quite satisfied; you can address private questions to a woman.

The Best 10-cent Union Cigar Ever Made.

Manufactured by H. T. DINHAM,

21 West Superior Street.

CRUSHED BY COURTS.

Supreme Court Decision Causes a Bank Suspension.

Tacoma, Wash., June 30.—The Union Savings Bank Trust company has closed its doors and gone into the hands of a receiver as a direct result of the recent supreme court decision declaring a large amount of city warrants to be illegal. Judge Williamson appointed Charles Richardson to take charge of the assets of the concern. The bank was organized in February, 1891, with the late Gen. William Sprague as president. Chester Thorne is vice president and A. R. Nichols cashier, the latter having been the active manager of the bank since it began business. The capital stock is $100,-000.

The local deposits are small, the bank having been engaged chiefly in the purchase of securities of cities, counties, towns and school districts throughout the Northwest. It owns $155,000 of Tacoma general fund warrants and $18,-000 of city hall fund warrants, the validity of which is thrown into question by the supreme court decision handed down Friday.

The bank will now ask for a rehearing in the supreme court and will also sue the city for moneys paid for the warrants. In view of the supreme court decision a receivership was considered advisable to protect all interests. Cashier Nichols says that every depositor will be paid in full.

'FRISCO DOCK FIRE.

Caused By Workmen With a Pot of Tar.

San Francisco, June 30.—While laying block pavement upon the new Folsom street wharf, occupied by the Oceanic Steamship company and recently constructed at a cost of $50,000 some workmen upset a pot of boiling tar, and in a few minutes the whole wharf was in flames. A general alarm was rung in and the entire fire department responded, but owing to a stiff breeze which was blowing off the bay, could do little.

The American ship Commodore was considerably damaged before she could be towed into the bay and the flames which had caught her bow were extinguished. The litlte schooner Katie Mack burned to the water's edge before a tug could be summoned and is a total loss. The damage will reach fully $40,000, of which $30,000 will fall on the state for the wharf.

STARVING TO DEATH.

Denver, Col., June 30.—Peter B. Therkelson, the Highland cobbler, founder of "Free Christian Spiritual Redeemer Liberty Church of God," is dying of self-imposed starvation. For the past week, with the exception of a few mouthfuls of buckwheat cake and a little milk, no nourishment of any kind has passed his lips.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE PAVILION

Duluth's Only Recognized Summer Theater.

TONIGHT AT 8.

Tomorrow, Thursday, at 2, Ladies' Bargain Matinee.

10c to all parts of the house; Children 5c.

The Two Orphans

Herschell Mayall and Ruth Russell.

Sunday Last Time of The Hit of Duluth.

ROSS SNOW, the original tramp of "RICE'S 1492."

MISS ALICE SMYTHE and HENRY DU TREUX.

Popular Prices. Performances commence after arrival 8 o'clock car nights and 2 o'clock car Thursday, Saturday and Sunday Matinees.

Marks Bros.' Dramatic Co.

TURNER HALL.

Third Street and Sixth Avenue East.

Four Weeks and Saturday Matinees

July 5th to 31st.

Plays and Specialties Changed Every Night.

Opening Monday, July 5th with the sensational Five Act Drama

Master and Man!

Admission Only 10c.

Best Reserved Seats only 15c.

Tell Your Cook

there is nothing equal to

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO CORN STARCH

in the preparation of delicious

Puddings, Custards, Blanc Mange, etc.

It costs no more than others. Why not get the original and best?

For sale by all first class grocers.

FERGUSON TO RESUME

Big Seine River Mine Which Has Been Closed Will Open.

ANOTHER MANAGER

H. V. Winchell Talks on American and Canadian Attitude Toward Mining.

A private letter from the Seine River district states that the Ferguson mine, which has been closed down for some time for reasons unknown to the people of that district, is about to be opened again. E. G. Murdoch, of London, the secretary of the company, was there until a few days ago, and during his stay he had the mine pumped out and made ready for a continuation of the work. He stated to the writer of the letter that he was confident that they had a very valuable property, and that as soon as a new manager can be sent out from London they will start up with a large force. Maj. Arthur W. B. Whitely, who is known in Duluth, has resigned his position as manager.

The Randolph shaft is down forty-six feet and producing marvelous ore. Some picked specimens have assayed into the thousands.

George Hillyear, the pioneer of the Rainy Lake country, is back again with a force of men engaged upon the encouraging prospect, "Alice A.," location K 191.

W. W. Butchart's location, A D 2, is being worked by a crew of men who are using the Lucky Coon mine until they can build for themselves.

The boom of blasting along the north shore of Wild Potato and Shoal lakes makes one think that two or three Fourths of July are being celebrated.

The correspondent states that H. V. Winchell, of Minneapolis, had been there for ten days reporting on large tracts of land for London capitalists. Mr. Winchell was the first expert to report on the Foley prospect of two years ago, and he predicted at that time that it would become a paying mine. Today the Foley mill pounding out bullion every day makes merry music for the prospectors in the neighborhood, spurring their endeavors with hopes that they may come to do likewise.

Professor J. H. Chewitt is in the Seine River country reporting on a property for Ottawa people who expect to invest.

Edgar P. Rathbone, formerly inspector of mines in the Transvaal, arrived in the Seine River country June 25 to look over the Foley and other advanced mines. He has very high standing in London.

H. V. WINCHELL TALKS.

Tells What He Found in the Gold Country.

Horace V. Winchell, of Minneapolis, who recently returned from a three weeks' trip in the Rainy Lake and Lake of the Woods districts, gave the Minneapolis Journal an interesting talk on the development of the Northern country.

"I should not be surprised," said Mr. Winchell, "to see work begun on the Greenway Winnipeg railroad this season. I am informed that arrangements for the capital are practically completed and that very little remains to be done before actual operations can be commenced. This line will pass about twelve miles southwest of Lake of the Woods, and swinging to the north will come within twenty or thirty miles of Koochiching and then swerve south and run to Hibbing. A branch will be built into Koochiching. The Canadians have a double interest in keeping well toward the north. They will secure the traffic from the Rainy Lake River country and will also get the lumber business from the southern tributaries of the river. They want to get logs and haul them to Winnipeg to be sawed into lumber; they say that they need the waste for fuel and can afford to haul the logs that distance on this account. From Koochiching they will get a good business. The wood pulp men are looking over the field and are ready to put in extensive plants as soon as the railroad is assured."

Mr. Winchell expressed himself emphatically on the comparative attitudes of the Canadian and United States governments regarding this northern region.

"The Canadian government," he said, "is doing everything in its power to open up the country for settlement, while the United States government takes the opposite position. On the Canadian side of the Rainy Lake river every quarter section for ninety miles is occupied by a farmer, while on the American side the farmers are obliged to squat unlawfully on free public lands because the government has not attended to opening them regularly for settlement. These are the old lands of the Red Lake Indian reservation, which have been ceded by the Indians and which should have been opened for settlement at once. The southern part of the reservation which the lumbermen wanted opened was attended to promptly, but the excellent farming lands along the river have been allowed to go by default.

"The settlers are coming in there by scores and hundreds and would soon occupy all the land if they had a chance. While I was in Koochiching the other day a number of emigrants arrived. One man with his family and four additional men came from Grand Rapids. They had traveled by boat all the way. If these lands were occupied we should not only get settlers from the United States but Canada as well.

"The same disparity between the attitude of the Canadian and United States governments is shown in their attention to improvements. The Canadians have made appropriations for improving the rapids on the Rainy Lake river, for completing the lock and canal around the falls at Koochiching, and have given a large bonus to the new Ontario & Western railroad, which is to run from Stanley on the Port Arthur, Duluth & Western to Rainy Lake. This road will be 165 miles long and has a government bonus of $3400 a mile, which will practically build the line. It will follow the valley of the Mattawin river for some distance, and then cross a divide into the Seine valley, which it will follow to the lake. With the Winnipeg line this will give the Canadians two railroads into this territory.

"On the other hand, the United States government is doing nothing whatever for transportation matters or to encourage the settlement of the country. The United States steamers on Rainy lake have nothing done for the improvement of navigation. The effect is that the carrying business of the region is in the hands of the Canadians. There are thirty-five steam vessels of Canadian license plying on Lake of the Woods and Rainy Lake river. It is a shame that our interests are neglected while the Canadians are so active."

THE LITTLE AMERICAN.

Ore in the Mine Gets Richer With Depth.

Ventilating apparatus has been placed in operation on the Little American mine, and Tuesday work of sinking was commenced under contract at so much per foot, says the Rainy Lake Journal of June 24. It is thought that this method will be more rapid and economical than that of day labor. The shaft is to be pushed to the 200-foot level and drifts and crosscuts run on that level and on the 150-foot level, so as to block out a large reserve supply of ore. When this is done and the 20-stamp mill put on the mine, the mill need never cease operations on account of lack of ore. The ore gets richer with depth, and it now pans great chunks. The sawmill is now being put together on the mine, and it will be running inside of the week. The lumber will be used for timbering the shaft. The clean-up of the mill is said to be remarkably good.

W. H. Holman, of Grand Rapids, has been doing some work the past week on his property, lot 4, section 25-71-22, two miles and a half from Rainy Lake city. On the surface the vein was six feet wide and the rock did not pan. At a depth of four feet some colors were obtained and fine specks of gold could be seen with a glass. With every shot the pannings improved and free gold was scattered through the rock. At a depth of eight feet the vein is eight feet wide, pans big, shows lots of free gold and it looks as if it would widen as more sinking is done.

The shaft on the Big American is now down about thirty feet and good pannings are obtained from the ore. It is well mineralized, and is identical with that of the Little American. If the value of the ore continues as the shaft goes down, another shaft will be sunk and levels run so as to give stoping ground. Then if it is found that the ore is adapted to stamp milling, a big mill will be put in and the Big American will soon be turning out big bricks.

William H. Landon and Joseph Eno are recorded as having made the biggest strike so far heard of this season. They brought home some rock which shows free gold all through, and they don't dare assay it as it will break the assayer's scales. And, unlike some of our prospectors, they know where they got it and have surveyed the land.

J. B. Jacquemart, of St. Cloud, arrived Saturday on the steamer Moose over the Tower route, and will spend the summer looking over our gold fields. He says people outside of the district have been very sceptical of the existence of gold in the region, but for the past year they have begun to think there may be something in it. He says there is now plenty of money on the outside for good property. Mr. Jacquemart has been in Cripple Creek, Kootenay and other Western mining camps, and says the Rainy Lake gold fields possess many advantages over those regions; in fact we have all the natural advantages necessary to make a great mining country.

D. W. Scott, of Duluth, and Ed L. Ward, general manager of the Seine River and Rainy Lake Exploration company, came down Saturday from the Seine, where they had been looking over gold properties. They were much pleased with the Randoph property, now being developed by the above company. The property has a shaft thirty feet deep, and some say the showing is the best yet obtained in the country, and the property must be very good to have that said about it.

Rainy Lake city is soon to be connected by telephone with the Little and Big American mines, and with others later on.

J. F. Tilson is greatly pleased over the result of development work on his property on Grassy island. He has discovered several very promising veins. On one of them he has done some work. He has a shaft down eight fet on it, and the vein has widened somewhat in that distance. At that depth the vein is nearly six feet wide and pans great chunks. The vein is a true fissure cutting the formation at an angle of about 45 degrees. The vein looks as well as any in the country and promises great things. There is another vein, from eight to ten feet wide, but a short distance from the other, and the two can be worked by a single shaft and crosscut, making it possible to produce ore very cheaply. He put a shot into the big vein and it showed up in fine style. Mr. Tilson has not yet learned the result of assays from the property, but he feels confident of good returns. He left Wednesday for a visit with his family in Duluth. He will return soon prepared to continue the development of the property systematically. Every one is pleased to hear of Mr. Tilson's good fortune, as he is one of the pioneers, and believed in this country in its adversity.

COULD NOT EAT OR SLEEP

Serious Condition After Bilious Fever —How Cured.

EAGLE BEND, MINN.—"I was taken sick with bilious fever, and for three weeks I could not sleep and I could eat very little. The medicine which I took from the doctor did not help me, and I made up my mind to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had taken two bottles I was well. Hood's Sarsaparilla has also cured me of headache, with which I was troubled." MISS AGDA E. YOUNGBERG.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

Teachers!

An examination of applicants for schools in St. Louis county will be held in the High School building, Duluth, Tuesday and Wednesday, June 29 and 30.

W. H. STULTZ,
County Superintendent.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouses for $1 per ton per month.

Duluth Van Co., 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

UNDISPUTED FACT

That Dr. S. Clay Todd Cures After all Physicians Fail.

Deafness Steals on a Man

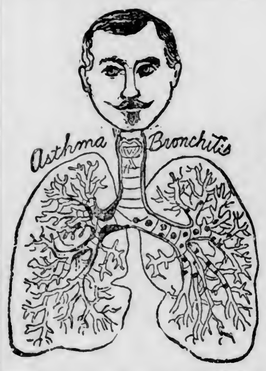
So gradually that he finds himself unable to hear ordinary conversation without a warning, except a ringing or roaring in the head. These noises in the head are caused by quinine, catarrh, discharges from ears, nervous debility, a sudden shock or cold, etc., and always lead to deafness. The above and blindness, sore eyes, dimness of sight, granulated lids and all diseases of the eye and ear can always be cured by Prof. S. Clay Todd, M. D., of Grand Rapids, Mich., now at his medical institute, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wisconsin.

Wonderful Cures!

The Excitement Increasing!

Open Your Mouth! Stick Out Your Tongue! Now Look in the Glass!

YOUR THROAT is red and ulcerated. There are little patches or ridges, or white or yellow ulcers in your mouth as far back as you can see; the same ulcers or congested condition may be in your nose, bronchial tubes or lungs. Perhaps you have a cough; if no cough now, you will have as soon as you take cold. The disease is there, and only needs the "exciting cause" of a cold to be developed into a lung trouble. You will then begin to raise a froth, then a slight mucous, then a heavier phlegm until very thick, as the disease advances. There is one physician of great experience in our midst; he has had experience in all parts of the world, in hospital and special practice in the treatment of these diseases. This is DR. S. CLAY TODD, who has had a practical knowledge of the treatment required, and has the remedies shipped directly to him from the countries where they grow, and these remedies are compounded by him and put up for use before each patient in his office, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Immediate relief and permanent cures. Catarrh, bronchitis, consumption and all



LUNG DISEASES CURED

BY

Dr. S. Clay Todd

Services Free Until Cured For all Who Apply Before July 4.

PROF. S. CLAY TODD, M.D.

The Famous Nerve Specialist of Grand Rapids, Mich., Can be Consulted Free of Charge at

Dr. S. Clay Todd's Medical Institute, 1224 Tower Ave. West Superior, Wisconsin.

(All Street Cars Pass the Door.)

All Diseases and Deformities Cured.

Cures paralysis, twitching, pinching or prickling sensations, tremulous feelings, back of head ache, back of neck pains, sometimes running down the arms or back, dizziness and other symptoms leading to paralysis, nervous debility and female complaints and chronic diseases.

Consultation free and confidential.

No charge for services until cured, six months.

Directions in ten languages.

Rheumatism always cured, catarrh and head noises cured, dropsy cured, fits and all nerve and brain diseases cured, blindness, deafness and all eye and ear diseases cured, nerves of tongue and nerves and muscles of limbs being developed.

REV. WEBER.

The Great Evangelist, Recovering From a Dreadful Case of Catarrh—He Had Been a Great Sufferer.

Dr. S. Clay Todd.

My Dear Brother: I do believe that medicine of yours will cure my catarrh. I am better now than ever before. Wonderful meetings here. Address me at Adrian, Mich., care of Lawrence house. Yours in Jesus,

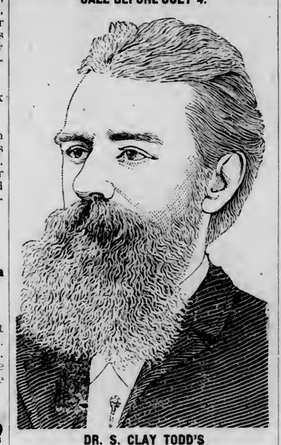
J. H. WEBER.

ARE YOU ALWAYS SLEEPY?

Do you get up nights?
Can you control your urine?
Is there pain in your back?
Or nervous prostration?
Or nervous debility?
Or impotency? Or varicocele?
Any inclination to paralysis?
Ever had rheumatism?
Is stomach weak?
Do you feel worn out?
Is there a sense of goneness?
Pains in back of head?
Are you dreadful nervous?
Not much or too much urine?
Does it hurt you to urinate?
Does it smart or burn?
Is there weight or pressure in lower parts of abdomen? Or in the lungs?
Does your urine settle?
Brickdust or cloudy deposit?
How long this way?
Married or single?
About what age?

Then call on Dr. S. Clay Todd. He is the famous specialist physician who is curing all these dreadful complaints.

SERVICES FREE UNTIL CURED FOR ALL WHO CALL BEFORE JULY 4.



DR. S. CLAY TODD'S
Medical Institute, 1224 Tower Ave., West Superior, Wis.

HE CURES THE CHILDREN.

Is your child unable to stand, or walk, or talk or sit up?

Does your child not have perfect use of arms, hands, legs or feet?

Have your children or your neighbor's children spinal complaint?

Does anything all their back or hips or knees?

Did they fall on their backs when they were babies?

Is your child ructured? In groin or navel?

Then take them at once to Dr. S. Clay Todd.

Under his treatment they will come all right.

People are bringing their children from all the United States and Canada, and they are getting well. Many come prepared to stay a week or more, and by Dr. Todd's treatments they receive their perfect health and shape.

Dr. S. Clay Todd has nearly a ton of Medicines at his Medical Institute, No. 1224 Tower Avenue, West Superior, Wis. Medicines sent everywhere, consultations free, Office hours 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Sunday, all but church hours.

EUROPE OUTDONE.

FROM THE HOSPITALS OF EUROPE.

Blind Sixteen Years, Now Recovering.

My brother, Fred Frendt, has been blind sixteen years. He has been six weeks in one of the best hospitals in Europe, the famous Arostock hospital of Germany. He came to this country three years ago and has since resided with me. We heard about Chris Swanson getting over a defect, a scum over his eyes, injuring his sight from birth, under the treatment of Dr. S. Clay Todd, and I took my brother to Dr. Todd March 9, 1896. He gave him a little medicine to take internally, but nothing to put in his eyes. He told us to return in three days and my brother would be better, and we did so, and now my brother's eyes feel better and do not run water so much, and do not hurt any more. He was better yesterday and can see some better today, and we are very glad.

MRS. MARIE FAHLKHAMM,
March 12, 1896. Hanna, Ind.

Mr. Frendt then came to Dr. S. Clay Todd's home for medicine and daily personal treatment. The first two days he had to be led to and from Dr. Todd's medical institute. After the second day he could see well enough to go alone, and continued to improve in his sight until he was perfectly well.

He Was Deaf 33 Years.

R. W. Smith, of 214 Mechanic street, LaPorte, Ind., was deaf thirty-three years, and the last eight years very deaf indeed, but now he can hear ordinary conversation. He says: "I was deaf thirty-three years until I took one treatment, and a little medicine internally, of Dr. S. Clay Todd last Friday, Feb. 21, and now I can hear ordinary conversation.

"R. W. SMITH, Boilermaker.
"Feb. 23, 1896."

SOME SALES MADE.

More Mesaba Ore Sold But Amounts Are Not Yet Reported.

More sale of ore have been made by the Consolidated Mines, although the extent of them and the prices realized has not been reported to the local officers of the company. They have been large enough, however, to warrant the resumption of operations at the Adams and shipments on a more extensive scale will be commenced at once. Shipments of Rust ore have been going forward steadily for several weeks and a few cars each day are being forwarded from the Ohio.

The Zenith mine at Ely, the property of Franklin Rockefeller, is also shipping, and notwithstanding the recent statement made by Mr. Rockefeller that he intended to suspend operations entirely on his Minnesota property, the force at the Zenith has been increased. It is possible, however, that he only intends to forward ore already mined and that the increased force has been employed that the work may be concluded as soon as possible.

While shipments from both ranges are steadily increasing there is no betterment of prices, and reports of unheard of low quotations for Mesaba ores have been received from Cleveland. Much ore is being forwarded to Cleveland to meet an expected demand, and it has accumulated on the docks there in such large quantities that a blockade is imminent. Considerable delay has already been experienced by boats and unless the docks are speedily relieved, it will be necessary to hold back shipments from Lake Superior ports.

The report has been circulated that the Illinois Steel company has bought an option on the Arcturus mine on the Western Mesaba range and that it is doing the exploration work now in progress there. The report is generally discredited for various reasons, principle among which is the close alliance existing between the Minnesota Iron company and the Illinois Steel company, and the former has already sufficient Mesaba ore properties to supply any probable demand that may be made for it for many years. The Arcturus is located twelve miles west of Grand Rapids and before it can become a shipping mine a spur will have to be built to it from the Duluth, Superior & Western road.

HAIR HUMORS

Itching, irritated, scaly, crusted Scalps, dry, thin, and falling Hair, cleansed, purified, and beautified by warm shampoos with CUTICURA SOAP, and occasional dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollients, the greatest skin cures.

Cuticura

Treatment will produce a clean, healthy scalp with luxuriant, lustrous hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to produce Luxuriant Hair," mailed free.

SKINS ON FIRE with Eczema instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

BAPTISTS IN SESSION.

Lake Superior Association Is Meeting at Superior.

The second annual meeting of the Lake Superior Baptist association began yesterday afternoon in the First Baptist church of West Superior and continued throughout today. The association is composed of the Baptist churches of Duluth, Superior and Ashland. At last evening's session the following were elected officers for the ensuing year: Rev. J. W. Loughridge, pastor of the Second Baptist church of Duluth, moderator; A. J. Wentzel, of the First church of West Superior, secretary; Carl Rosln, of the First Swedish church of Duluth, treasurer; Christian Becklinger, of New Duluth, auditor.

This morning's session was opened with a praise service led by Miss Agnes Ostergren. The history of the First church, Superior, was given. There were addresses on mission, church and educational work, both in the morning and afternoon. There was to be a praise service and addresses by the president and Rev. W. W. Dawley, formerly of Duluth, this evening.

BOAT CLUB MATTERS.

Duluth Officials Confer With Minnesota Club Men.

Capt. W. C. Sargent and F. H. White, of the Duluth Boat club, were in St. Paul Sunday, and while there talked over boating matters with Capt. James Denegre and Henry Blakely, of the Minnesota club. It was decided to give up the attempt to get an 8-oared race for July 5 between the Duluths and the Minnesotas, to take the place of the Minnesota-Wisconsin race. There was some discussion of the Minnesota and Winnipeg regatta, and Mr. Blakely, who is secretary of the association, stated that a meeting of delegates would be held in a short time, when the date of the regatta will be fixed and the details arranged.

Duluth will send an eight, senior and junior fours and doubles, and possibly a single or two. The Lurlines, of Minneapolis, will also be represented, and Winnipeg, as usual, will come in force.

The Duluth Boat club has received a reply from the Delawares, of Chicago, in response to a challenge for a race. The Delawares gave no definite answer, but held out a possibility.

Duluth Citizens!

Can always secure lowest round trip rates at the Eastern Minnesota city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

San Francisco, June 29, July 3..$29 00
Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5..... 13 30
St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6..... 4 30
Nashville and return (daily)..... 43 30

Millinery way down below cost all this week at Humes', over Suffel's store. Store open Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings.

Fresh sandwiches and lunches for picnic parties furnished on short notice by Mrs. Segrist, corner of First avenue West and Second street.

UNDER THE WHEELS.

James Fitzgerald Fatally Injured at the Garfield Avenue Crossing.

James Fitzgerald, a cattle dealer, residing at 501 Clough avenue, Superior, was run over by a St. Paul & Duluth freight train at the Garfield avenue crossing last evening, receiving injuries from which he died early this morning. The accident occurred at 7:50 o'clock. He was trying to board the train at the time, losing his hold and falling under the wheels, which ran over both his legs.

Young Fitzgerald and his father, who are engaged in business together, had loaded a car with cattle during the day, and the car was attached to the night freight on the St. Paul & Duluth, it being arranged that the son should accompany it. He was late in getting over from Superior and reached the crossing just as his train was approaching. The engineer shut off steam to slack up for him, but instead of waiting, Fitzgerald seized the ladder on the first car and tried to clamber up. He had a mackintosh on his arm, and thus encumbered, he swung around and fell under the second car. He was very weak from loss of blood when the ambulance arrived. He was taken to St. Mary's hospital, where it was found that the right leg was so terribly crushed above the knee that amputation would be necessary. The left thigh was broken also and the flesh of the left leg fearfully lacerated. The operation was performed by Drs. Wilson, Braden and Bakke. The injured man's vitality had been too heavily sapped by loss of blood and he failed to rally. Death occurred at 1:20 this morning.

When picked up Fitzgerald was conscious and gave his name and place of residence. His parents were notified and were with him when he died. He was 23 years old and single.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE PAVILION.

The Pavilion had another good audience last evening, and the performance of "The Two Orphans" was well received. The specialties made great hits. Ross Snow as Tatters the Tramp was encored many times. Sunday will be his last appearance. For tomorrow afternoon a great ladies' bargain matinee is advertised, with reduced admission to all parts of the house. The full performance will be given the same as in the evening.

THE MARKS COMPANY.

The Ottawa Journal has this to say of the Marks Bros. Dramatic company, which will play four weeks at Turner hall, beginning next Monday:

"The Mark's Bros.' company turned several hundred people away last night. The romantic Irish drama 'The Rose of Kerry' was presented. T. H. Marks, the leading attraction, is a clever artist, and one of the best repertoire comedians in Canada, support is good, and altogether they have one of the best popular priced attractions now traveling."

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van company, who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

FOR HUMPY JOHN.

All Kinds of Mail at Postoffice For the Mythical Gentleman.

If John Haney, alias "Humpy John," could only assume some more tangible shape than that which sprang into being in the wild brain of a Chicago newspaper "fakir," and if he would call at the Duluth postoffice he would receive prety nearly a bag full of mail—mail that is as incongruous in its makeup as the Duluth harbor towing agreement.

To begin with John Haney is a myth, and his sobriquet of "Humpy John" is merely an embellishment. The statement that he was left $90,000 is an ornament to the mythical John's career and his special train has no other wheels than those in the head of the fakir who created him.

The story runs that John Haney, known to all people in Duluth as "Humpy John," was left $90,000 by the death of a Philadelphia relative; that he is a section boss on the Wisconsin Central railroad at Duluth, and that he is going to entertain his friends with a free ride to Philadelphia, on a special train, where he will proceed to blow in his little inheritance in the most approved "Coal Oil Johnny" style.

The fact that the Wisconsin Central road has no section bosses any nearer than Ashland, ninety miles away, seems to have been forgotten by the flimy fabricator of fakes, but the story caught and the American hustlers—male and female—are laying for a few crumbs from "Humpy John's" cash windfall.

The general delivery at the postoffice here is accumulating an immense amount of mail for John Haney, and the directions are somewhat refreshing. Here are three of the choicest:

"Humpy John Haney."

"Hon. John Haney, the richest section boss in the world."

"John Haney, alias Humpy John."

There are others, but the list is a long one—too long for The Herald. The envelopes are large and small—white, corn color, blue and chocolate—some clean and some very dirty; some nicely written in dainty little feminine handwriting and others in a heavy scrawl that look as if they were written with a stub pen in a caboose with a flat wheel on a curved down grade. What the letters contain is a secret which will never be known until they reach the dead letter office at Washington, but there will undoubtedly be some amusing reading for the employes of that useful bureau.

Postmaster Helinski has been a sharer in the "Humpy John" Haney boom, and he could tell, if he would, some very funny stories of love sick maidens who want him to act as agent for them in securing the affections—and money—of Humpy John. Here is one letter with the name of the writer witheld, that is rich, which made Duluth's worthy postmaster relax his official dignity and cause him to exclaim: "What fools these mortals be!" It is given verbatim:

Philadelphia, June 24th, 1897.

For the Postmaster of Duluth, Minn. Dear Sir, Please Mr. Postmaster will you be so kind as to favor a young lady who is very much interested in a young gentleman by the name of Mr. John Haney who recently inherited $90,000 by the death of an uncle in Philadelphia I understand by the Philadelphia Record he is to visit this city not later than July the 5th so I hope you will locate him before that time and inform him of this letter so as I may have the pleasure of him calling on me when he comes to this City I forgot to mention this gentleman Mr. John Haney is a Section Boss In Duluth, Minn.

I am entirely unknown to this gentleman but I am in hopes I will know him. I am a Young lady 25 Years old has a very quite and pleasant disspotion, fairly good looking and has a good common school education I am not to Say poor I have a small Bank account of my own Yet I would be the happiest woman over ground if I could meet Mr. John Haney and marry him there are several young men who would like to have my hand in Marriage but are to poor I could not marry them, although very fine Young men.

"Mr. Haney is my Ideal He certainly will need a companion and in me would find a perfect gem. Mr. Postmaster kind friend please take an interest in this Young man and myself and You will without doubt receive your reward some day, enclosed you will find a a stamp please let me hear from You at an early date Your Humble Friend

MISS ——

Conductors' Excursion.

Duluth division, Order of Railway Conductors, is projecting a big excursion to Tower Saturday, July 3, to attend an extensive Fourth of July celebration to be given at Tower. The train will leave Duluth at 8 a. m., Two Harbors at 8:45, Eveleth at 7:45, Virginia at 8, McKinley at 8:22 and Biwabik at 8:40. Duluth will be reached on the return at 10 p. m. At Tower there will be races, games, etc., including the usual and some unusual contests.

Capt. Jas. A. Duffey,

OF TOLEDO, OHIO.

The Great Railway Detective Tells What Dr. Miles' Remedies Have Done For Himself and Wife.

DETECTIVE work requires constant vigilance, steady nerves, a clear head and active brain. "A year ago," writes Capt. Duffey, of 631 Orchard St., Toledo, Ohio, "I overworked myself, was in such a condition sleep was impossible. I was so nervous I could not lie in bed; my arms and limbs twitched and my system seemed completely exhausted. I began using Dr. Miles' Nervine and the fourth bottle restored me to health, Mrs. Duffey had suffered for eighteen years with heart disease, had tried every remedy without avail until she took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure two years ago. For the past year she has been free from the trouble."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

At Power & Settle's. The Great Crowds That throng every aisle--And never did we satisfy them with more wonderful bargains than now--With each succeeding day interest in the great sale grows greater and the life of trade livelier every moment--You will see wonderful crowds here tomorrow.

At the Parasol Counter Tomorrow.

One lot of beautiful white parasols, white sticks, lower than you ever had them in your life. **88c**

One lot white Parasols, drawn thread border, fancy checks, French foulards, &c., worth up to $3.00, all go tomorrow **$1.98**

Umbrellas Tomorrow.

One lot of twill silk Gloria, extra heavy and very fine 26-inch steel rod, natural wood handles, solid sterling silver trimming. Others want $2.00. We are are going to sell them to you at **$1.29**

One lot of Umbrellas, taffeta silk, blue and black, 26-inch steel rod. Others want $2.75. We are going to ask you only **$1.98**

One lot of Umbrellas, solid sterling silver nobs, twill silks, orange wood sticks, worth $2.25. All we are going to ask you is. **$1.50**

Wonderful Hosiery Selling Tomorrow.

80 dozen "Onyx" Shining Maco Cotton, fast black high spliced heel and sole, such as others want 45c; we are going to sell them to you at. **25c**

50 dozen "Onyx" Lisle and very fine Maco Cotton, 50c quality **35c** (3 pair for **$1.00**)

60 dozen Ladies' extra fine 1x1 Rib Hose, fast black, such as you pay 25c for, tomorrow **15c**

50 dozen more of the Famous Double Knee Bicycle Hose, boys and girls, such as you pay 25c and 35c for around town; we are going to sell them to you **15c**

At the Underwear Counter Tomorrow.

40 dozen beautiful Lisle Vests, very fine quality silk tape, tomorrow. **35c**

Wonderful Bargains in Ladies' Underwear, Maco Cotton, long sleeves, also Vests, tomorrow only **25c**

Ladies' Vests.

Special Values for Tomorrow—5 styles **10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c**

Union Suits, worth 65c **25c**

At the Tie Counters Tomorrow.

All the latest novelties, all the dainty kind for the lowest prices you ever saw.

Ladies' beautiful Silk Ties **11c**

Ladies' beautiful Wash Ties **10c** (3 for **25c**)

Ladies' Ties in Roman Stripes; novelty plaids, cream silk, fancy dots, etc. All the choicest novelties for the summer trade just in and going for the trifling price **25c**

At the Ribbon Counter Tomorrow

2000 yards of Fancy Ribbons—Plaids, Stripes, Gauzes, Morea Taffetas, bought at less than half their actual worth, and we are going to sell them to you for the most trifling prices: Ribbons worth up to 85c and $1.00, all going in the big lot at **38c**

Belts--

For the great Crowds Tomorrow—All the new things **10c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c**

Beautiful for Ties, Beautiful for Sashes, Beautiful for Stocks.

1000 yards assorted colors, beautiful all-silk Taffeta Ribbons, so popular for ruffling and trimming the gauzy wash dresses;

No. 5	No. 9.	No. 22.
Only 3c.	Only 5c.	Only 10c.

All Bicycle Suits Half Price.

All the latest high novelty Silk Waists at Big Reductions.

Remarkable Suit Bargains tomorrow.

White Duck Skirts tomorrow, one lot **$1.98**

One lot **$2.25**

One lot White Pique Skirts **$3.75**

Crash Skirts **$1.98 to $2.98** (and every one a bargain.)

Bargains tomorrow in Linen Suits.

What You Can Buy for 1c.

A good Hamburg Edging.
A good Lace Edging.
A roll Cotton Tape.
A good Corset Lace.
2 papers Daisy Pins.
Spool Embroidery Silk.
A paper good Hair Pins.

Go to the Cloak Department Tomorrow for

Bargains in Suits.
Bargains in Jackets.
Bargains in Skirts.
Bargains in Shirt Waists.

All Jackets go tomorrow at Half Price All Children's Jackets Half Price.

3000 cakes James A. Kirk's Buttermilk Soap, English Violet, at a cake only **3c**

At the Notion Counter.

Hose Supporters—black—Lindsay fasteners—

Children's first size **5c**
Second size **8c**
Misses' size **10c**
Ladies' size **12c**

That new Hair Pin, 200 in box, only **10c**
Belt Pins only **3c**
Curling Irons **5c** and **10c**

Hundreds of other items in Notions, Laces, Embroideries, etc., which limited time prevents us mentioning.

At the Wash Goods Counter Tomorrow

The big crowds will find displayed the entire shipment from the Manufacturers' Great Sacrifice Sale. Thousands of yards of beautiful Wash Goods will not bring one-half their worth.

2,000 yards of Swiss Lawns, worth 8c, for. **3¾c**

1900 yards Dimities, Scotch Jackonets, Sheer-Zephyrs, wash goods of many kinds, worth up to 22c, bought at a sacrifice and going at **9c**

1500 yards Imported Wash Goods in the most beautiful colorings and quality, worth up to 25c, 30c **12½c, 15c**

1700 yards of Imported French Organdy, all the dainty kinds for the great tomorrow's crowds, worth 48c, but you get them at **25c**

Bargains in Swiss Flouncing, all colors and white.

Stacks of Dress Goods

Tomorrow—out on the counters—bought at the manufacturer's great sacrifice sale—and you are going to get them for half and less than half the real worth. We never owned such bargains—watch for them tomorrow, down the Dress Goods Aisle. We are going to sell you some 40c Dress Goods for **19c**

We are going to sell you some 45c Dress goods for **23c**

We are going to sell you some 75c and 85c Dress Goods for **49c and 53c**

We are going to sell you some 90c Dress Goods for **57c**

We are going to give you the greatest Black Goods Bargains you ever had in your life.

Untrimmed Hats.

Beginning tomorrow, Thursday, until Saturday.

Untrimmed Hats, Women's Sailor Hats Children's Hats, at prices that give you a profit on purchases. Over-stocked manufacturers are clearing out their stock, our buyers saw a chance to give our patrons bargains fresh from the cases.

In order to prevent dealers obtaining them, we will sell but two of each to a customer.

Lot 1—Ladies' and Misses' Fancy Straw Sailors, combination colors, silk bands, correct shape, made to sell at $1.25, our price **35c**

Lot 2—White Sailors, three kinds, going at **19c**

Lot 3—Walking Hats at **35c**

Trimmed Millinery.

Including imported Models, Carriage and Street Hats.

Lot 1 going at **$1.50**
Lot 2 going at **$2.00**
Lot 3 going at **$3.50**

All our Trimmed Millinery strictly up-to-date, at 50 per cent discount.

The Great Muslin Underwear Sale.

Corset Covers.

Good Muslin, soft finish, well made, 3 to a customer **7c**

Corset Covers.

Good Muslin, neck edged with embroidery, 3 to a customer **10c**

Corset Covers.

Fine Muslin, V yoke, 10 rows tucks, hemstitched, embroidery edge, 6 to a customer **25c**

Corset Covers.

Choice Cambric, V shape, beautiful embroidery, 6 to a customer **25c**

Corset Covers.

Very choice, square yoke, fine embroidery front, back and over shoulder **35c, 3 for $1.00**

Corset Covers.

Very fine Cambric, 40 rows tucks, 3 inserting, nainsook edging, 6 to a customer **50c**

Corset Covers.

Fine Cambric, ruffle embroidered yoke, beading and ribbon trimmed **59c**

Corset Covers.

French Yoke, beading and ribbon, Valenciennes trimming **89c**

Drawers.

Fine Soft Muslin, 4 rows ½-inch tucks, French yoke band, 3 to a customer **22c**

Drawers.

Fine Soft Muslin, 3 rows fine tucks, Hamberg ruffle, 6 to a customer **25c**

Drawers.

Fruit of the Loom Muslin, French yoke band, 3 fine tucks, 6 to a customer **32c**

Drawers.

Choice Muslin, umbrella shape, 6-inch cambric ruffle, French yoke band, 6 to a customer **34c**

Drawers.

Choice Muslin, 8 fine tucks, nainsook embroidered ruffle, French yoke band, 6 to a customer **42c**

Drawers.

Umbrella shape, 3 rows fine tucks, 6-in. embroidered ruffle, fine muslin, 3 to a customer **57c**

Drawers.

Umbrella shape, choice India Linon, 6-inch ruffle, fine embroidery, 3 to a customer **75c**

Drawers.

Our assorted lot, very handsome styles, beautiful quality, lace and embroidery trimmed **$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.65 and $1.98**

Gowns.

Good Muslin Cambric, ruffle neck, front and sleeve, tucked yoke, full width and length, 2 to a customer **39c**

Gowns.

Good Mustlin, solid yoke, fine tucks, Hamberg inserting, cambric ruffle feather stitch finished, 3 to a customer **50c**

Gowns.

Fruit of the Loom Muslin, pointed collar and cuffs, gea gaff hemstitched, solid yoke, 40 fine tucks **98c**

Gowns.

Choice Soft Finish Muslin, round yoke, fine tucks, ruffle, embroidery trimming **98c**

Gowns.

A most remarkable collection of gowns, beautiful styles, choice fine muslins, fluffy ruffles, gauzy laces, dainty effects tempting values in each lot, at such a price **$1.28**

Gowns.

Fine Cambric, ruffles edged with Valenciennes lace embroidery, V yoke collar **$1.69**

Skirts.

Choice Soft Finish Muslin, 2 nee flounce India Linon, 8-inch embroidered ruffle **99c**

Gowns.

India Linon, square yoke, Antoinet collar, ruffle of embroidery **$1.48**

Gowns.

A most attractive collection of gowns in the Bishop styles, Bolera, Gretchen, Empress and French ideas of the latest order, in Dimities, Nainsooks, India Linon, Long Cloth, etc., excellent values **$1.75, $1.98, $2.25, $2.39, $2.75, $2.98, $3.75, etc.**

Chemise.

Long Cloths, full length, ruffle flounce, 10-inch, trimmed with tuck and lace, Marguerite style **99c**

Chemise.

India Linon, circular yoke, Point de Paris lace, clusters of tucks and flounces of lace at bottom **$1.35**

Skirts.

Good Muslin, soft finish, cambric flounce, edge, with embroidery **49c**

Skirts.

Full Umbrella shape, cambric ruffle, 3 rows hemstitched, 5-yard flounce **$1.33**

Children's Drawers.

Made of Choice Soft Finish Muslin, say nothing of the making, you could scarcely buy the material for the price **10c, 13c, 15c, 17c, 19c**

Children's Drawers.

Made of Good Muslin, Hamberg edge, 5 tucks **20c, 25c, 28c, 30c, 35c**

Ladies' Fast Black Skirts.

Made of fine quality fast black percaline, 7-inch ruffle flounce, umbrella flare **98c**

Ladies' Fast Black Skirts.

Made of choice fast black Percaline, umbrella knee flounce, extra wide **$1.98**

Ladies' Silk Skirts.

You will buy the best values in Silk Skirts ever offered in this store—first come, first to get the best **$1.98, $5.78 $6.65, $10.88**

POWER & SETTLE. POWER & SETTLE.

MANITOU ASHORE

One of the Finest Passenger Steamships on the Lakes Stranded.

THE FOG WAS DENSE

The Passengers Were Taken Off and Conveyed to Harbor Springs.

Harbor Springs, Mich., June 30.—(Special to The Herald.)The steamer Manitou, bound from Chicago to Mackinaw with 100 passengers aboard, went ashore during a fog at 3 o'clock this morning at Three Mile point, Little Traverse bay. The steamer Hazel took off the passengers and brought them to this place. The wrecking tugs Favorite and Onaping are on the way from Cheboygan to pull the steamer off. The Manitou was under good headway at the time she struck the sandy beach.

This was the first time in thirty years on the Lake Superior line that Capt. Allan McIntyre, the veteran commander of the Manitou, has suffered a stranding. The fog last night was so dense that navigation was practically suspended. But one vessel passed Sault Ste. Marie last night. Reports from Mackinaw City at midnight said that the fog on the water was so thick that it was impossible to see a boat's length.

Later—The steamer Manitou was released from the bar by the tug Eigen and steamer Hazel this afternon.

TUG BROWER SINKS.

Collided With the Barge Keyes This Morning.

The tug Henry F. Brower, of the Stevens line, collided with the barge Keyes shortly after 1 o'clock this morning and sank in the channel near the Duluth-Superior bridge. The Keyes was loaded with 3000 cubic yards of stone and was in tow of the Inman tug Dudley. The Brower, with Capt. Harry Wheeler at the wheel, was coming out of Tower bay slip. Capt. Wheeler saw the lights of the Dudley, but did not see the Keyes until the Brower was almost up to her, when the Brower's own lights showed up the Keyes.

The Brower struck the Keyes with a broadside glancing blow, started a few planks, filled and sank almost immediately. The crew had little difficulty in scrambling aboard the Keyes, and no lives were lost. The loss of time consumed in raising the tug will probably be the principal damage, as the injury to the tug is not believed to be great. The Keyes was carrying lights, but they were mixed in with those of the Dudley so that Capt. Wheeler could not locate the barge.

COAL CHARTERS.

Buffalo, June 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The coal clearances for the past twenty-four hours, 24,000 tons, are the largest of the season. This is for the most part mere bunching, although it is apparent that more is to be shipped hereafter than since the opening of navigation.

BOATS ARE SOLD.

And the Big Four Gets Them Tomorrow.

Milwaukee, June 30.—A circular letter by President S. D. Fisher, of the Lake Michigan Car Ferry Transportation company, states that the company has not the remotest intention of abandoning its line between South Chicago and Peshtigo in connection with the Wisconsin & Michigan railway and the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie railway.

Whether or not the company expects to charter and put on other boats for this line is not known, but it is a fact that its car ferry outfit, consisting of barges and three powerful tugs, has been secured by the Big Four system, and the vessels will pass into the control of the latter company tomorrow. As soon as the necessary enlargement and changes of the Big Four slips at Benton Harbor are completed, which will be in about three weeks, these boats and tugs will be delivered to the Bentor Harbor-Manitowoc line of the Big Four.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Colorado, 8:30 a. m. Navigation was suspended last night on account of the heavy fog, which at 8:30 this morning was just lifting. Peshtigo, 9; Sieken, Spademan, McVea, 10; Grecian, 10:20. Up: Yale, 8:30 a. m.

Later—Up: Pioneer, Pontiac, 12:30 p. m.; City of Naples, 1; Sheriff, Mowatt, 1:30.

Up yesterday: Colby and whalebacks, 3 p. m.; Craig, Georger, Moonlight, 6. Down: Canisteo, Stewart, Pomeroy, Alden, 4:20 p. m.; Portage, Zenith City, 5.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., June 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Langell Boys, Comstock, 12:20 a. m.; Schuylkill, 5:15.

Down yesterday: Mariska, Magna, 11:20 a. m.; Dyer, 3:20 p. m.; John Mitchell and consort, 3:30; Maria, Martin, 3:45; North Wind, 4:20; Mary Everrett, 5; Oregon and consort, 5:45; Veronica, Amber, 6:20; George King and consort, 6:35; Sitka, Yukon, 7:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Frontenac, 9 last night; Pawnee and consorts, 10; J. B. Ketcham, 11:30; City of Cleveland, 2:30 a. m.; Gilchrist and consorts, 5:20; Pathfinder, Sagamore, Mohawk, 10:30; Norwalk Peck and whaleback, 11:20.

Up yesterday: Mesaba, noon; Street and consorts, 1:20 p. m.; Neilson, Whitworth, 3:40; Fulton, Thomas, 5:30; Fedora, 6:50.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Toledo—Cleared: Keystone, Masten, Superior; Gilchrist, Rhodes, Duluth; Fay, Calumet.

Buffalo—Cleared: City of Cleveland, Jesse Farwell, Duluth.

Ashland—Cleared: Lagonda, Tampa, Merida.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Rockefeller, 137, Cleveland; Rhodes, Erie.

Cleveland—Cleared: Alva, Waldo, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Trevor, C. E. Eddy, Bessemer, Duluth.

Washburn—Arrived: Madagascar, Stephenson, Neil, Foster.

Bayfield—Arrived: Desmond.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Roman, Lake Erie, light for ore; Spokane, Fayette Brown, Schuck, Onoko, Siberia, Wright, Lake Erie, coal; Northern King, Japan, Osceola, Buffalo, mdse; Pentland, Dobbins, Buffalo, mdse; Arabian, Kingston, light for grain.

Departed—North Star, Nicol, Gilbert, Codorus, Mahoning, Buffalo, flour; United Empire, Sarnia, pass and flour; Rhodes, Marina, Two Harbors, light; Republic, Louisiana, Ashland, light; Mather, 107, Devereaux, German, Whitaker, Marquette, Stone, Lake Erie, ore; Normandie, Lake Erie, lumber.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Servia, Liverpool; Havel, Bremen; Megantic, Rotterdam.

Southampton—Arrived: St. Louis, from New York.

Liverpool—Arrived Scythia, Boston.

Bremen—Arrived: Munchen, from Baltimore.

Queenstown—Arrived: Rhyneland, from Philadelphia for Liverpool.

THE RACING MATINEE.

Interest in Saturday's Event Increasing Every Day.

Considerable interest is being manifested in the racing matinee to be held at the Driving park in the West End Saturday afternoon under the auspices of the St. Louis County Agricultural association. The interest exists not only in prospective spectators but in owners of horses, and there will be enough entries to make up some nice events. In the three-minute and 2:30 classes, each with a purse of $60, there will be half-mile heats and the purse will go to the winner of the best three in four. The colt race, for 3-year-olds and under, will have a number of contestants, many colts having been in training at the park for several weeks. The purse will go to the winner of the best two in three. There will be several other races.

Objected to the Raise.

The Duluth Street Railway company was one of the kickers before the board of review this morning. Its returns placed the value of its property, including the track, at $144,000. The assessor raised it to $200,000, hence there were sparks from the trolley. The board took the matter under consideration.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

HAWAII BOBS UP

Senate Listens to a Memorial Favoring Annexation of Hawaii.

IN THE TARIFF ALSO

Senator Allison Causes House Hawaiian Treaty Provision to Be Restored.

Washington, June 30.—In the senate today Mr. Perkins, of California, presented a telegraphic memorial in favor of the annexation of Hawaii.

Mr. Rawlins, of Utah, changed his vote of yesterday on the lead ore paragraph to the affirmative, having voted under misapprehension, the effect being to give one Democratic vote in favor of the committee rate of 1½c per pound.

The tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Quay, of Pennsylvania, gave notice of reconsideration of paragraph 118 of iron ore, the purpose being to secure further action on the clause inserting manganese ore at $1 per ton. He said he would not urge the subject until he had consulted the finance committee.

Mr. Allison then proceeded with the detached paragraphs heretofore passed over. On bleaching powder the duty was changed from ¼ to 1-5 cent per pound. Mr. Vest moved to place the article on the free list, and an extended debate ensued on the use of bleach in paper pulp factories. Mr. Allison, in charge of the tariff bill has moved to restore the house provision relative to the Hawaiian treaty as follows:

"Provided that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to abrogate or in any manner impair or affect the provisions of the treaty of commercial reciprocity concluded between the United States and the king of the Hawaiian islands, Jan. 30, 1875, or the provisions of any act of congress heretofore passed for the execution of the same."

The Hawaiian treaty provision of the house was restored to the tariff bill after a brief discussion and without a vote.

The senate has adopted the coal paragraph of the tariff bill, fixing the duty at 67c. The vote was: Yeas, 31; nays, 24.

$12—DETROIT AND RETURN—$12.

Via D., S. S. & A. Ry., in connection with Detroit and Cleveland steamers from St. Ignace.

1st excursion, July 2-6.
Return limit, July 15.
2nd excursion, July 10-12.
Return limit, July 20.
T. H. LARKE, Com'l Agent.
426 Spalding House block.

To the Traveling Public.

The Evening Herald is on sale at the news stands in the Great Northern hotel, Chicago; Windsor hotel, St. Paul; West hotel, Minneapolis.

NEW YORK'S DIRECTORY.

Names of the Laboring Classes Will Be Omitted.

New York, June 30.—The annual city directory will be issued in three weeks, but to meet the conditions of Greater New York, many names that have heretofore appeared will be omitted. The laboring classes will be omitted and the change will be entered upon at once, so 500,000 inhabitants will not be represented by the heads of families in "The New York city directory for the year ending July 1, 1898."

To get at the exact plan on which the directory is being compiled one of the canvassers was asked what his instructions were. "My orders are," he said, "to omit all laborers, which class, we are told, includes bod carriers, diggers and helpers of all sorts, street sweepers and laborers in the street department. Then we are to leave out all Chinamen, excepting the well-to-do merchants and those who are above keeping laundries. We are to skip the poor Hebrews and Italians of the East Side and omit some sections altogether.

BANK CASHIER SUICIDES.

Cripple Creek, Col., June 30.—City Marshal Williams has received from Evanston, Wyo., a telegram stating that E. L. Streit had committed suicide near that place. He was formerly cashier of the Miners' State bank at Cripple Creek. Streit disappeared from the camp about three weeks before the failure of the bank, which occurred May 20. He owed the bank $4000.

SMURR SUCCEEDS SPROUT.

San Francisco, June 30.—By an order issued today, Charles F. Smurr, who for a number of years has held the position of general freight agent of the lines south of Oregon and the California lines of the Southern Pacific system, is to be installed as freight traffic manager of the Pacific system. Mr. Sprout, at present assistant freight agent for the territory mentioned, will succeed Mr. Smurr.

HAD MAN YWIVES.

Portland, Ore., June 30.—Abner Forsythe, 76 years old, has arrived in San San Francisco, where he has been staying with the son of his eighth wife. He goes to Victoria to meet a son of his ninth wife, whom he has not seen for seven years. Last night while walking the streets he was buncoed by two men out of $9, leaving him only his ticket to Victoria. He applied to the police for lodging and there his remarkable matrimonial record come out. "I have been married nine times," said the old man. "All my wives are dead, and I lived very happily with each."

RATE WAR MAY TERMINATE.

Seattle, Wash., June 30.—There is in prospect a termination of the rate war between the Southern Pacific and the Oregon Railway and Navigation company as sudden as its beginning. The peace treaty has progressed so far, indeed, that it is stated with some authority that on July 10 railway rates between Portland and San Francisco will be restored to the old figure.

KILLED BY THE COURTS.

Louisville, June 30.—The Commercial Building Trust company, a corporation doing a building and loan business at 249 Fifth street, assigned at noon to the Columbia Finance and Trust company. The assets and liabilities are estimated about $500,000 each. The assignment is caused directly by the recent decision of the appellate court in which it was held that all interest charged or collected by any corporation or persons in Kentucky in excess of 6 per cent was usury. The building and loan asociations of the state were greatly injured by the decision, and at a meeting of the directors and stockholders of the Commercial Trust company, held last night, it was decided to go into liquidation rather than continue business under such disadvantages.

OREGON SHORT LINE WRECK.

Salt Lake, Utah, June 30.—The west bound passenger train on the Oregon Short Line road went into the ditch near Glenns Ferry, Idaho, last night, owing to a broken axle. One person was seriously injured and one slightly injured. Names of the injured are not given. Superintendent Galvin and Chief Surgeon Pinkerton left on a special train for the scene of the accident.

CALIFORNIA FIELD FIRE.

Lodi, Cal., June 30.—A destructive field fire is raging in the hills around Bushen, east of here. Back firing has been started to save the town of Bushen from destruction. Several buildings are reported to have been burned in the hills. A railroad train was delayed to fight the flames, which attacked the track and trestles last night.

RAMON TORRE FOUND.

Chicago, June 30.—Ramon Torre, former chancellor of the Spanish consulate in Chicago and professor of Spanish in the Berlitz school of languages, who disappeared from his home a few days ago, deserting his wife, it is alleged, and taking with him $5000 of their savings, has been located at Buffalo, N. Y. Steps have been taken to have him arrested and brought back to Chicago.

MRS GOODING'S HOME.

Milwaukee, June 30.—Mrs. Gooding, killed in the West Chicago wreck, is not a resident of Appleton, Wis., as reported. Her home is in Austin, Nev. She and her husband have been visiting their son, Attorney J. M. Gooding, of Fond du Lac, Wis., and took advantage of the excursion rates to return to their home in Nevada.

QUEER FAMILY QUARREL.

Portland, Ore., June 30.—Albert E. Northrup has been arrested on a warrant sworn to his father charging him with trespassing in the home of his parents. The accused, who is a member of the Seventh Day Adventist church, refused to work in his father's barber shop on Saturday, that day being the Sabbath of his church. The senior Northrup ordered him to leave home and upon his refusal had him arrested.

RECEIVER FELLON'S REPORT.

Baltimore, Md., June 30.—President and Receiver S. M. Fellon of the Queen & Crescent route has returned from his tour of inspection over the Baltimore & Ohio system and is now on his way to New York to report the result of his investigations to J. P. Morgan & Co., in whose interest he made the trip. It is understood that he appeared before Special Examiner Spamer, of the United States court, yesterday, and gave testimony as to the application for a new issue of receivers' certificates to pay for 40,000 tons of steel rails recently ordered from the Carnegie company, and that his testimony was unfavorable to the application, in that he stated it to be his opinion that 23,000 tons would be sufficient for the actual present needs of the road.

THEY DIED TOGETHER.

Mother and Daughter Suicide With Carbolic Acid.

Owensboro, Ky., June 30.—Mrs. Pauline Weitmeier and her daughter, Miss Pauline Weitmeier, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid last night. On a table by the bedside were two glasses which had contained carbolic acid, and a note saying they desired to be buried just as found. They conducted a dyeing establishment and were in comfortable circumstances. Mrs. Weitmeier has a brother, Dr. Hengler, who is a prominent physician in Paterson, N. J.

THE FRESHMAN RACE.

Triangular College Boating Event Has Good Weather.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 30.—Rain before 7 and clear before 11 held good here today and after a stormy night and morning the weather has changed to an ideal day for the triangular boat race. The Pennsylvania freshmen weighed in this morning, the lightest averaging but 152 pounds, while the Columbia men were the heaviest, weighing upon an average 157 pounds. Cornell comes in between with an average of 154 ponds, so that it will be seen that in weight the men are decidedly better matched than the crews of last week were.

JEWELERS' CONVENTION.

Philadelphia, June 30.—The National Jewelers' association of the United States will hold its fifth annual convention at the Hotel Cadillac, Detroit, July 19 and 20. The national officers are: Richard O'Neill, Lincoln, Neb., president; O. O. Stilman, New Brunswick, N. J., vice president; Asa Collier Plainfield, N. J., treasurer; F. A. Hannis, York, Neb., secretary.

KANSAS BANK SUSPENDS.

Salina, Kan., June 30.—The Salina State bank today voluntarily went into the hands of the state bank commissioner. The depositors will be paid in full, according to the bank officials' statement. No statement of assets or liabilities is made.

DETERMINE THEIR STANDING.

Milwaukee, June 30.—A special to the Wisconsin from LaCrosse, Wis., says: The Emberson-Byrne suit, brought in the circuit court to determine the legal standing of the various boards of police and fire commissioners, has been set for trial Friday next. The case will be fought to a finish in the circuit court and then taken up to the supreme court.

A Benefit Concert.

The program for the concert to be given tomorrow evening at Normanna hall for the benefit of a poor family is as follows:

Duet for baritone and bass—"Gluntarne".....Wenerberg
Messrs. Roy Prytz and C. E. Halling.

Solo.....Selected
Mrs. Olund.

Contralto solo.....Selected
Mrs. Inga Peterson.

Piano solo—"Norwegian Bridal Party Passing By".....Edward Grieg
Gerard Tonning.

Baritone solo.....Selected
Roy Prytz.

Soprano solo—'O var lidt barmhjartig".....J. S. Svendsen
Mrs. G. Tonning.

Violin solo—"Souvenir de Moscow".....Wieniawski
Carl Riedelsberger.

Bass solo.....Selected
C. E. Halling.

Male quartet.....Selected

There'll be Big Selling of These Goods For the Next Three Days.

Wash Goods, Parasols, Sun Umbrellas, Straw Sailors, Children's Bonnets and Hats.

SHIRT WAISTS
A Big Snap!
$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.
For Thursday, Friday and Saturday
50 cents.
Dozens and dozens of them taken from the regular stock, broken lots $1.00, $1.25, $1.50. All this season's styles. No old ones amongst them. But in place of waiting until after the 4th to clean them out, we're going to do it now just when you want them. It is a snap sure, for Thursday, Friday and Saturday only ---- **50 cents**
Be on hand early.

Hosiery, Light Underwear, Gloves, Ribbons, Neckwear, Belts and Waist Sets.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS for all or any of these Goods. Comparison has proved this to be true and we invite you to come and test the truth of our say-so.

Silberstein & Bonde Company.

A GREAT CONCERT.

Rare Musical Treat at Turner Hall Last Evening.

The concert at Turner hall last evening was one of the greatest that Duluth people have ever been privileged to hear. The audience was not large, the hall being only fairly well filled, but those who were there were lovers of music and thoroughly appreciated the pains that given them. The stage was beautifully decorated, it was almost entirely banked with palms, green branches and flowers. This relieved the stage air, and gave it the chamber concert aspect.

Herr Carl Riedelsberger played three magnificent compositions. The first was Vieuxtemps' "Ballade et Polonaise op. 38," one of his very best fantasies, simple but grand in its theme and idea. The "Concerto Romantique, op. 35," by Godard, is a tremendous composition of four movements. Herr Riedelsberger gave a brief explanation of the number before playing it, which greatly aided the audience in understanding it. His closing number was Wieniawski's "Legende," a beautiful composition of rather slow movement, melancholy and passionate. The close is played with united strings, and is rather wierd, gradually dying into silence. Every number was superbly rendered. The execution was faultless, and the idea of every passage was beautifully and intelligently brought out. The passionate and melancholy movements were given with a sympathy and feeling that was soul-stirring, the brilliant passages with a dash and force that was fascinating, and in every way Herr Riedelsberger demonstrated his mastery of the instrument and made for himself an even higher place in the estimation of Duluth musicians than he has held, if that be possible.

Mrs. Emil Schmied won a great triumph in her piano numbers. For her first she played Chopin's "Ballad," in A flat major, op. 37, which is truly described as a work of colossal form. It is not only exceedingly difficult to execute, but a high order of musical intelligence is necessary to understand it. For some time it baffled the critics. Mrs. Schmied played it perfectly and won a storm of applause. Later she played Chopin's "Berceuse," op. 57, a dainty cradle song, one of the prettiest ever written, and "Hark! Hark! the Lark!" by Schubert-Liszt, a most delightful composition. The last named was probably the favorite with the audience. All of the numbers were excellently given. Mrs. Schmied also played all of the accompaniments, and they were exceedingly heavy and difficult.

Theodore L. Lammers, who had not been heard here for three years, was given a cordial reception. Mr. Lammers is a fine singer in all that the term implies. His vocal quality is excellent, though not extraordinary, but he has a perfect sense of the artistic and an absolute control and mastery of his voice. It might almost be said that the audience has a feeling of security while he sings, for no matter how stirring or full the tone or how high the note, there is no suggestion of straining and the audience feels that there is a wealth of reserve power still at his command. Three numbers from Grieg were his opening songs, and for an encore he gave "Thine Eyes So Blue and Tender." "Der Wanderer and "Wanderer's Nachtlied," by Schubert, were the gems of the program, and the audience sat fairly breathless through them. As the closing number he sang "Elegy," by Massenet, with a violin obligato by Herr Riedelsberger.

A Famous Runner.

A Profession Demanding Good Lungs and Heart.

Thomas J. Lee, of the New York Athletic club, whose performances have attracted great attention in athletic circles in this country and Canada says: "It is impossible for me to use coffee when training. Postum Cereal supplies the want to my complete satisfaction, without any of the ill effects of the former. To my mind it is the best thing for athletes that has ever been marketed."

A thoughtful man would quite naturally conclude that if the powerful athletes sought out and used specially selected food in the form of a food coffee it would be a wise thing for a brain worker to do.

An athlete needs energy, vigor, vital force, to win.

How much greater the need of these by the man or woman who wins by the exhaustive mental processes.

Postum is delicious when well made. It must be boiled fifteen minutes.

Low Rate Excursions.

Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5, $13.30.

Detroit, Mich., and return, July 3 to 6, $18.75.

Via "The Northwestern Line" (Omaha railway), the short line. Tickets and particulars at 405 West Superior street.

$13.30—MILWAUKEE AND RETURN.
WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

Tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5. The annual convention of the National Educational association. Pullman palace sleepers and fine dining car service. Meals served a la carte. Tickets good returning until Aug. 31.

For sleeping car reservations, tickets and additional information call at office, No. 428 Superior street west.

A. W. KUEHNOW,
Passenger Agent, N. P. Ry.

Sweeping Reductions in Columbia and Hartford Bicycles.

The following letter received by us today explains itself:

HARTFORD, CONN., July 1, 1897.
FRENCH & BASSETT,
Duluth, Minn.

DEAR SIRS—On and after July 1, 1897, the price on bicycles manufactured and sold by us will be as follows:

1897 Columbias—Models 45, 46, 49	$ 75.00
1897 Columbias—Models 47 and 48 Tandems	125.00
1896 Columbias—Models 40, 41, 44	60.00
1896 Columbias—Model 42	50.00
1896 Columbias—Model 43 Tandem	80.00
1897 Hartfords—Models 7, 8, 9, 10	50.00
1897 Hartfords—Model 1	40.00
1897 Hartfords—Model 2	45.00
1896 Hartfords—Models 5, 6	30.00

YOURS TRULY,
Pope Manufacturing Co.

This is a great opportunity to get one of the best Bicycles ever made for a small price.

Terms. We will arrange the terms in a liberal manner if desired.

French & Bassett Liberal Bicycle Dealers.

WANTED HIS ROLL

Burglars Ransacked Living Apartments of E. E. Moseman Last Evening.

IN SEARCH OF CASH

The Thieves Tore Open Mattresses and Ripped Up the Furniture.

Burglars entered the apartments of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Moseman, at 928 East Superior street, last evening, while the occupants were out, and ransacked the rooms throughout in an attempt to find a sum of money Mr. Moseman was supposed to have had. On their return home Mr. and Mrs. Moseman found their lares and penates and goods and chattels in a very much stirred up condition. In the search for the hidden treasure, the marauders had riped open mattresses and pillows and the contents of which were strewn about the floors, emptied bureau drawers, pulled the furniture about and even pried into the seats of upholstered chairs. The place looked as if a tribe of drunken "brownies" had lived there three weeks.

The sole object of the search was, apparently the money it was supposed was kept in the rooms. It is said that Mr. Moseman had, in fact, a snug little sum, about $700 or $800 and that he had the precaution to take it with him, thus saving it probably. Word was at once sent to police headquarters and the detectives put to work on the case.

A Mrs. Hoyt, who, with her husband, occupies the apartments on the second floor in the rear of those of the Mosemans, says she thought she heard a noise in the front rooms about 9 o'clock. She tried the door and found it locked. Nothing was heard and she thought the sound was imaginary. She thinks now that the intruders were in the room when she tried the door.

P. S. Knowlton saw a man sitting on the curbstone in front of the grocery store over which the Mosemans reside, late in the evening. When Mr. Knowlton rode up, the man walked away, going diagonally across the street and passing behind a car that had stopped at the corner. Mr. Knowlton's attention was attracted to the man at the time for the same reason. He is inclined to connect this man with the affair and says he can identify him.

It appears that the Mosemans apartments were entered also some time Saturday afternoon and $5 taken.

IS DETERMINED.

Mayor Truelsen Bound to Get After the Concert Hall Saloons.

The mayor said this morning that he had conferred with the city attorney relative to measures to be taken to bring the concert saloons to time. It had been found that under the present ordinance relating to places of amusement, nothing can be done, it being possible for the proprietors of these places to protect themselves by taking out a license permitting liquor to be sold on the premises where variety performances are given. The mayor says that he will ask the council to amend the ordinance so that singing and performing by women at these resorts may be prevented.

The mayor said that he stood at the corner of Superior street and Sixth avenue west last evening and watched the crowd that emerged from a concert saloon in that vicinity, where women are performing. There were a number of young men, apparently between 18 and 22 years of age in the crowd. It is among young men of this age that the most damage is done, the mayor says, and he is determined to put a stop to the evil.

SAILOR DROWNED.

Samuel Cade, of the Steamer Prentice, Falls Into a Slip.

Samuel Cade, a sailor on the steamer James H. Prentice, fell into Scott & Holston's slip this afternoon and was drowned. He was on a wagon load of lumber helping load the boat, when he lost his footing and fell into the water, striking his head on the vessel's side in his descent. Two deck hands of the Prentice dove after Cade but failed to find him. He was taken out with grappling irons after having been in the water about fifteen minutes. Dr. Wilson was called and worked over the man about twenty-five minutes, but was unable to resuscitate him.

Cade was about 22 years old. He shipped at Chicago, giving 370 Oakwood avenue, in that city, as his address.

JUDGE COOLEY BREAKS DOWN.

Detroit, Mich., June 30.—A dispatch from Ann Arbor, Mich., to the News says that Judge Thomas M. Cooley, the noted authority on constitutional law, who served many years as justice of the supreme court and who was later the head of the interstate commerce commission, has become a hopeless invalid. It is stated that his health, already impaired by age and overwork, was further broken down by excessive work on the interstate commerce commission. His memory is almost gone and his loss of power has been followed by deep melancholy.

A POPULAR RESORT.

Lake Park hotel, at Lake Minnetonka, is the most popular tourist resort in Minnesota. It is only a half hour's ride from Minneapolis, and reached by frequent trains. The accommodations are in every way of the best and prices extremely reasonable. Good fishing, boating, yachting and bathing. Hotel will open for the season of 1897 on June 24. For further particulars and a beautifully illustrated pamphlet, address A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Killed by Two Doses.

Worms are killed by from two to four doses of Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer. Don't waste time on any other treatment. Don't waste money on any other medicine. There's just one thing to do with worms—KILL THEM! There's just one medicine will do that—

Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer

STATE LAND SALE.

State Auditor Dunn Will Dispose of Agricultural Lands Tomorrow.

Robert C. Dunn, state auditor, and August T. Koerner, state treasurer, are in the city for the purpose of offering a lot of state agricultural lands for sale at the court house tomorrow morning. They have just concluded similar sales in Aitken and Crow Wing counties, but bidders were not plentiful and little land was disposed of, about 340 acres in Aitken and 1200 acres in Crow Wing. Land in six townships in the southern part of St. Louis county will be put up at tomorrow's sale. Much of that which was originally included in this sale has been found to be more valuable for pine than for farming purposes and has been withdrawn.

In an interview with a reporter for The Evening Terald, Mr. Dunn said this afternoon that his position relative to the land grant of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad had been misrepresented. He declared that he had no feeling in regard to it and that he was only anxious to have the question settled for all time. Judge Lochren's decision on the injunction proceedings recently instituted by Mr. Cobb for the land grant bond holders, Mr. Dunn said, simply restrained the state from disposing of any of the land in the grant, but does not prohibit it from bringing suit to settle title to the land on its merits. He said that suit would probably be brought by the state in the district court of St. Louis county and if the state is defeated then it will be taken to the state supreme court and so far as the state is concerned the result then will be accepted as final. However, it is expected that if the state wins in the state supreme court, the railroad company will carry it to the United States supreme court.

State Treasurer Koerner does not believe the state will profit any by its fight for the Iron Range land grant and considers that the railroad company has already firmly established its title to the property. Mr. Dunn, on the other hand, thinks that if the case is not pushed to a final conclusion the Republican party will be blamed for it. With him it is a matter of politics rather than business.

The state reserves all mineral rights on the lands to be sold tomorrow. L. R. Martin recently wrote Auditor Dunn asking as to this and was informed that no mineral rights would be conveyed.

IOWANS HAVE RAKE-OFFS.

Sensational Suits Are Commenced Against Ex-State Officials.

Des Moines, Iowa, June 30.—Suit was begun in the district court today against W. W. McFarland, ex-secretary of state, and W. W. Weldy and A. Holland, his bondsmen, to recover $5000, the amount of his bond, because of failure to discharge without favor, fear, fraud or oppression the duties of his office. The suit is brought in the name of the state.

The secretary is accused of causing certain employes on the state census to return to him a portion of the warrants they drew for salary. The matter was investigated by the special session of te general assembly some time ago, but no action was taken aside from condemning the practice resorted to by McFarland. It is alleged the state has lost far more than the bond represents.

A suit was also begun today against S. J. Spaulding and his bondsmen, Edwin H. Hunter, postmaster, and C. S. Worthington, for the return of money acknowledged to have been used from the pharmacy commission fund by Spaulding as its secretary. Spaulding was indicted some time ago, acquitted, and this civil suit is the outcome.

HELPED BY A HYPNOTIST.

Detroit Free Press: "After the war they had a land fever down in West Virginia, and I was there doing the best I could," said the all-round speculator. "There was an old fellow there from South Carolina plodding around in the same business as myself, but being a Yankee hustler, I didn't look upon him as cutting much of a figure in the plots and counterplots of the boomers. There was a story current that he knew of a certain place in the mountains where there was plenty of gold, and was trying to make enough money to acquire the title without having to pay anything for the hidden treasure. He had a vehement way of denying the report that made me believe it. I exhausted all my ingenuity in trying to get his secret and two or three others united their efforts with mine.

"When a professional hypnotist came through there I was seized with the idea that he might help us out. He saw the old man and expressed the belief that he was a good subject. One night we had him at our room in the hotel, and after some refreshments we called on the 'professor' for an exhibition of his powers. Soon he had the South Carolina doing just what he was told to do, and then asked him about the gold deposit. He told everything with a detail that left no room for doubt, and when restored to himself asked in a dazed way what had happened.

"Next morning on going to the place described we found a few men on guard keeping off trespassers. I hurried to New York, had a company formed and was soon back with authority to buy inside of some very generous figures. We were eager to deal before the old man got next to our scheme. We paid 1000 times what the tract was worth, and then dug it all to pieces to find that there wasn't a trace of gold. The man we bought from was the partner of the old Carolina fox. He was no more hypnotized than I am this minute."

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

EXPERTS TESTIFY

Continuation of Tax Cases in the District Court Today.

MERRITT A WITNESS

He Testifies as to the Value of Ore in the Ground.

The tax cases still continued before Judge Moer in district court today. Yesterday afternoon Joseph Sellwood, of the Minnesota Iron company, and W. J. Olcott, of the Lake Superior Consolidated, were on the stand. They gave testimony as to the conditions and values of the various iron properties with which they are connected. John Helmer gave testimony as to the value of Mesaba range properties.

This morning Leonidas Merritt was placed upon the stand to give the court the benefit of his experience in the iron regions. J. B. Cotton, attorney for the Rockefeller interests, was present in court, and while not an attorney of record in the case, he sat behind W. B. Phelps and displayed an active interest in the proceedings in behalf of the state.

Mr. Merritt this morning testified that the minimum value of non-Bessemer ore in the ground is 15 cents a ton. A fair selling value for Bessemer ore in the ground he considered to be 25 cents per ton. He said that in 1894, when the mines were assessed $3.25 per ton was a low price for Bessemer ore. He was asked by Mr. Phelps if it did not occasionally happen that ore was valued at a fair price while at the same time there was no demand for it. In reply the witness said that "these things are manipulated by trusts," which manipulation he considered responsible for such conditions. If the market was allowed to take its own course, such a condition would not be responsible.

George N. La Vaque, who was county auditor at the time that the disputed assessments were made, was the next witness. His attention was called to cases where the assessor had returned a high valuation, and it had been stricken out by the board of equalization, and he was asked how that occurred. He replied that it was where mines had by resolution adopted the law of 1881, allowing them to pay a tax of 1 cent per ton. Asked if any of these reductions were made without the board being sure that the mines had adopted the law of 1881, he replied that he was not sure, but he did not believe that they had. The state auditor was supposed to notify the county auditor when the mines adopted the cent a ton tax, but he failed to do so. The only way the local authorities could get information was to inquire of the state auditor, though a few mines filed copies of their resolutions with the county auditor. Asked as to cases where the assessors' valuations had been greatly reduced, he stated that in such cases interested parties appeared before the board of equalization and made pleas for cutting down the valuations. No such reductions were made unless a reason was shown or a request entered that they should be made.

In response to a question from Mr. Phelps, the witness stated that at that time he doubted the validity of the law of 1881, though he had not heard that it had been legally pronounced so.

This afternoon County Auditor Halden was placed upon the stand.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The death of the infant daughter of Thomas and Breta Knutson, of West Duluth, of gastro-enteritis, has been reported to the health department.

The birth of a daughter to R. W. and Bertha Murray, of West Duluth, has been reported to the health department.

W. R. Triggs, who has been in St. Luke's hospital nine weeks with typhoid fever, will be out in a few days, it is thought.

There was no grist for the police court this morning.

The Deerwood Inn affords proper accommodations for fishermen and tourists, and will make a rate of $5 per week.

In the stockholders' liability suit of the Crane-Ordway company against the stockholders of the Ricinate company, in which judgment was recently entered against the stockholders for $9265.06, Judge Moer made an order this morning authorizing the issuance of executions against the defendants for the amounts assessed against them.

The following is the panel of jurors for the next term of the municipal court: T. F. Dean, A. Gibson, F. S. Brown, L. H. Geiser, S. L. Frazer, H. Moore, S. Hendrikson, E. F. Krelwitz, N. W. Scherer, O. S. Ollson, J. A. Scott, J. B. Gibson, G. V. Quilliard, C. Poirier, C. F. Todd, H. B. Moore, E. Rowarth, C. D. Pattinson, S. H. Rothermel, F. B. Lazier, J. Green, L. Merritt, H. Lamont, H. O. West.

The funeral of Vose Palmer was held this afternoon from the First Methodist church. A large number of the old settlers of Duluth and vicinity were present.

Lawrence Carr, of St. Paul, will talk on the money question Saturday evening back of the Palladio building.

The case of J. McDonald against the city, in which the plaintiff seeks to recover the sum of $205 for material and work alleged to have been done in cribbing on Railroad street, was on trial before Judge Edson today.

G. M. Nelson, a prominent attorney of St. Paul, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

Independence Day Rates.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad has arranged to give all those who desire to celebrate the Fourth away from home an opportunity to do so at very cheap rates. Excursion tickets between all points on this road within a radius of 200 miles, including points on the B. C. R., & N. and C. R. I & P., will be on sale at one and one-third fare on July 2, 3, 4 and 5, limited to July 6.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore the best advertising medium.

Your Grocer Will Give You **FREE** This Silver-Plated **TEASPOON** with every large size cake of

White Cloud Floating Soap

OR---A Spool containing 20 yards of the best sewing silk with every small size cake **White Cloud Floating Soap**. The cost of this spoon and spool of silk comes out of our pocket entirely—it's one of our ways of advertising. We want you to get acquainted with the whitest floating soap on the market. If your grocer can not supply you, send us his address.

Made by the MONOTUCK SILK CO.

MADE ONLY BY **JAS. S. KIRK & CO.**, CHICAGO.
THE LARGEST SOAP MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD. ESTABLISHED 1839.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. George Potter and children, of Lester Park, left last evening on the United Empire for an extended visit with relatives at Owen Sound and vicinity.

State Treasurer A. T. Koerner and C. H. Warren, of the state land department, are in the city to conduct the sale of state lands tomorrow.

F. L. Gilbert has leased the N. J. Upham house at 1523 East Third street, and is occupying it as a residence.

Mayor Truelsen will go to the National Guard encampment at Lake City as the guest of Company C.

Mrs. Ida M. Cherry and daughter, Miss Lella, of Minneapolis, are spending the week at Camp Bell on Park Point, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Campbell.

Miss Tottie Dodge left yesterday for Cleveland on the steamer Marina. She will be away for a year or more.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Coffey, of Ottawa, Canada, who have been visiting M. S. Burrows, returned home on the United Empire last evening.

Mrs. R. G. Smith, of Minneapolis, who is prominently identified with the state missionary work of the Baptist denomination was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Campbell at Camp Bell on Park Point last evening.

J. Morgan Clements, of Madison, Wis., is a guest at the Spalding.

J. S. Carney, of Marshalltown, Iowa, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

C. R. Van Hise, of Madison, Wis., is at the Spalding.

Judge W. H. Fleming, wife and child, of Brainerd, are in the city on their way East. This afternoon they took a drive over the boulevard in company with State Auditor R. C. Dunn and State Treasurer August T. Koerner.

Charles Millan and M. D. Kelly, of St. Paul, are registered at the St. Louis.

William Dwyer, of Trout Creek, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis. Mr. Dwyer has just returned from Walker, Cass county, where he has investments.

John Pengilly, general manager of the Chandler mine, arrived in Duluth today on his way to his home in Ely from his farm near Northfield. He is accompanied by his wife and daughter.

Dr. Charles G. Shipman came down from Ely today and registered at the St. Louis.

E. J. Nelson is down from Eveleth today, a guest at the St. Louis.

B. Doherty, one of the few remaining residents of Clevedon, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

Matt Clark came up from St. Paul this morning. He is a guest at the Spalding.

T. F. Cole, of Negaunee, Mich., is a late arrival at the Spalding.

C. D. Gould and wife, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city on the Japan this morning on their way home from an Eastern trip.

J. C. McGreevy, of Eveleth, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

C. E. Bailey is down from Virginia, a guest at the St. Louis.

William Sauntry, the well-known Stillwater lumberman, arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Spalding.

Mrs. John Coventry and children left this afternoon for Port Huron, Mich., to remain several weeks.

P. Simonds, Western traveling agent of the Hamburg-American line, with headquarters in St. Paul, returned today from a trip over the ranges and left this afternoon for Chicago.

HIS INITIATION.

Staid Evanston has been rudely shocked at intervals by beer wagons driving through the town, and occasionally by a chicken fight in some barn, says the Chicago Chronicle. Monday evening the proprietors of the suburb were again disturbed. A peculiar looking young man, more peculiarly attired, went about ringing door bells, and in some instances entering the houses, with a huge bottle held aloft, the purchase of which he urged upon the astonished householders.

"It is worth $25," he said, "but if you won't give me that I'll take 25 cents. If you won't do that I'll trade it for a square meal."

The individual had on a dress coat, over a gray colored waistcoat, white cotton bloomers, a Pat Rooney plug hat, with one pink and one black stocking. At Judge McCallum's he pushed boldly past the maid who answered the ring and appeared before a room full of visitors. Believing they were confronted by a maniac, the household was about to summon the police, when members of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity appeared and saved the unbidden visitor by explaining that he was William Hard, a freshman of Northwestern university, who was being initiated into the fraternity.

STRAIGHT SILVER

(Continued from page 1.)

followed, and the chair could not control the convention.

The motion of Mr. Dowling was declared out of order, and pandemonium reigned for sometime. There were 959 votes cast, with 480 necessary for a choice. The first ballot for governor resulted as follows: Sorg, 118; Smalley, 128¾; Thurman, 78; Donavin, 110¾; Chapman, 241½; Hunter, 61; Van Meter, 29; Patrick, 60; Rice, 113; Reeves, 17; Warner, 3; Lentz, 9.

It was announced that there was no nomination. Before the second ballot began it was announced that the names of Hough and Sorg had been withdrawn.

Before the second ballot was completed, Horace L. Chapman was nominated for governor.

SUBJECT WAS DROPPED.

"That reminds me," remarked an old pioneer to a San Francisco Post reporter, when Gen. Halleck's name was mentioned, "of the banquet we gave Halleck in 1865, when he returned from the war. The people here were proud of him, for he had more than regained the laurels he had lost at Corinth, when he permitted the enemy to escape under cover of a big battery of wooden guns that had been made out of logs during the night.

"Among the friends of Halleck who met him at the banquet was 'Bully' Waterman, the old sea captain who in early days commanded a clipper ship plying between San Francisco and New York. On one voyage he had laid a big wager to beat a rival clipper, but when he found on going to sea that some of his crew who had shipped as able-bodied seamen were incompetent he was so mad he hanged three to the yard. Just how many more were hanged was never known, but Waterman was tried for murder and acquitted.

"During one of these silences that will fall over the merriest of banquets Gen. Halleck called to Waterman, who was at the other end of the room:

"'Now that you have been tried and acquitted, Waterman, won't you tell us how many men you hanged on that voyage?'

"'Yes, general, I will,' responded Waterman, 'if you will first tell us how many wooden guns stopped you at Corinth.'

"The subject dropped there."

TO SLEEP WELL.

A light supper just before retiring is usually of advantage, says the Medical Journal. Baby and brute animals are usually somnolent when their stomachs are well supplied with food, the activity of the stomach withdrawing the excess of blood from the brain, where it is not needed during sleep. On the other hand, people who are very hungry usually find it very difficult to sleep. And then a habit of sleep at a regulation time and during proper hours should be cultivated in case this habit has been lost. In accomplishing this the attainment of a favorable state of mind is of great importance. Sleep cannot be enforced by a direct exercise of the will.

The very effort of the will to command sleep is enough to render its attainment negatory. The mental state to be encouraged is one of quiescence, one of indifference, a feeling that the recumbent posture is a proper one for rest, and that if the thoughts are disposed to continue active they may be safely allowed to take their course without any effort toward control. This state of mind and thought is next akin to dreams, and reaming is next to sound sleep.

VALAROUS.

Chicago Post: The boy came into the house weeping, and his mother was naturally solicitous.

"What's the matter, Tommy?" she asked.

"The boy across the street hit me," he replied.

"Oh, well, I wouldn't cry for that," she returned. "Show that you can be a little man."

"I ain't crying for that," he retorted. "Then what are you crying for?"

"He ran into the house before I could get at him."

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

..THE CONSUMER..

IS BLOWING THE HORN FOR

Blatz The STAR Milwaukee Beer

Because he cannot help liking it, and we continue to maintain its high standard to keep him a-blowing.

CALL FOR BLATZ. SEE THAT "BLATZ" IS ON THE CORK.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A.
Duluth Branch, Tel. 62.

SUFFEL & CO.
129-131 W. Superior St.

Read These Prices for Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Kid Gloves.
Another Lot. A PAIR... **89c**
The greatest values ever given in Kid Gloves in Duluth. For 4 days more all $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 Kid Gloves go at the uniform price of 89c a pair.

Hosiery.
Ladies' Fast Black Hose--
5c 10c 15c 20c
and upwards.
Children's Fast Black Hose--
5c 8c 10c 15c 19c
Boys' 25c Ribbed Heavy Cotton Hose **25c**
Men's Fast Black Cotton Hose
5c 10c 19c
8c 15c 25c

Special.
Ladies' extra fine "Burlington" Fast Black Hose, with "Split Jersey" tops, worth 40c, for tomorrow per pair..... **25c**

Ladies' Mackintoshes.
Ladies' $5 Mackintoshes **$2.19**
Ladies' $5 Mackintoshes **$3.98**
Ladies' $5 Mackintoshes **$4.48**

Men's Furnishings.
Men's Black and White stripe Working Shirts, others ask 50c; our price..... **29c**
Men's fancy light stripe Percale Shirts, each..... **25c**
Men's laundered 75c Shirts reduced to..... **49c**
Men's unlaundered 75c Shirts reduced to..... **69c**
Men's Heavy Working Overalls **49c**
Men's 25c and 50c Suspenders reduced to..... **15c**

Men's Underwear and Hosiery.
Men's Natural Underwear, worth $1.00 per suit..... **50c**
Men's $1.00 Balbriggan Underwear reduced to..... **59c**
Men's 85c Jersey Ribbed Balbriggan Underwear, now..... **49c**
Men's fine $1.50 Summer all-wool Cashmere Underwear..... **98c**
Men's "Fast Black" 10c Sox, per pair..... **5c**
6 pairs for 25c
Men's fancy Colored Working Sox, reduced to per pair..... **4c**
Men's 12c Cotton Sox, per pair..... **9c**
3 pairs for 25c
Men's 25c Burlington Fast Black Sox, per pair..... **15c**
2 pairs for 25c
Men's 50c Burlington Fast Black Sox reduced to..... **29c**
Men's latest and newest style Linen Collars..... **9c**
Men's 50c Bicycle Stockings reduced to..... **25c**

Boys' Shirt Waists.
Boys' 75c and 85c Mothers' Friend Shirt Waists, now at..... **25c**
Boys' 75c Mothers' Friend Shirt Waists reduced to..... **35c**
Boys' 85c and $1.25 Mothers' Friend Shirt Waists reduced to..... **49c**
Boys' $1.50 Mothers' Friend Shirt Waists reduced to..... **69c**
We are closing out our entire stock of Boy's Shirt Waists. We must have the room.

Boys' Sweaters.
Boys' $1.00 Sweaters reduced to..... 69c
Boys' $1.25 Sweaters reduced to..... 75c
Boys' heavy ribbed Sweaters reduced to..... 25c

READ THE PRICES.

Ladies' Wrappers

Ladies' $1.25 House Wrappers..... **79c**
Ladies' $1.50 House Wrappers..... **98c**
Ladies' $1.75 House Wrappers..... **$1.19**
Ladies' $2.00 House Wrappers..... **$1.49**
Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 House Wrappers..... **$1.98**

Corsets.

Ladies! Wear the C-B Corsets Best in the World. Try Them.

50c Corsets reduced to..... 39c
$1.00 Corsets reduced to..... 69c
$1.25 C-B Corsets for two days..... 89c
$1.50 C-B Corsets for two days..... 58c
$2.00 C-B Corsets reduced to..... $1.48
75c Summer Corsets reduced to..... 49c
$1.00 Summer Corsets reduced to..... 69c
Cycle C-B Corsets reduced to..... 59c

EXTRA SPECIALS
FOR
Thursday Only!

One lot of Fancy Dress Buttons, worth up to 35c a doz., Tomorrow only
5c a dozen

Mosquito Netting, worth 8c per yard, all colors, tomorrow only
3½c a yrd

Leonard's Sewing Silk, this brand is "superior to many, inferior to none," 100-yard spools, all colors, tomorrow only
4c a spool.

Window Shades, made of felt with spring roller, tomorrow only
8c each.

Window Screens, both sizes, tomorrow only
24c each

THE
ONE CENT STORE
109 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

ELKS AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Large Crowd Expected to Go From Duluth.

The Duluth Elks are making preparations for their trip to Minneapolis next Wednesday night to attend the grand lodge meeting and national reunion meeting. They will leave by the Omaha road, a rate of $2 for the round trip having been given them to go on the one train only, tickets good to return on any train over the Eastern Minnesota up to and including Sunday night. While these tickets are sold by the Elks' committee only at M. S. Burrows' store any one can buy them.

The Duluth Elks will take the City band with them to furnish music and compete for the $100 prize offered for the best band in the parade Thursday. W. M. Abrahamson, who for two years was drum major in a regular army band, will lead the Duluth division in the parade. The Duluth-Minneapolis Elk club has procured neat and attractive uniforms and next Saturday night all members will meet in the Armory for drill, to prepare for the parade. The indications are that this city will be well represented at the reunion.

Slightly Better Today.

William Sheridan, who is lying in the county jail pending a determination by the authorities as to whether the madness which caused him to upset several estimable citizens on Superior street is permanent or not, is slightly better today. This morning he recognized several people he had known, and he talked quite clearly. He was given an opiate this morning and slept the greater part of the day. It is not yet determined whether the order committing him to Fergus Falls will be carried out or not.

Suit For Insurance.

Julia A. Park this morning had a suit against the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance company pending in the district court for a few minutes. It was filed merely for the purpose of removing it to the United States circuit court and was removed soon after it was entered. It is understood that the suit is for the collection of insurance upon the life of W. G. Park, payment of which was disputed by the company on the ground of suicide.

Wanted---to Buy

Cheap building lot on First or Second streets, East End. N. J. Upham & Co., Burrows building.

Bargains in pianos at Coon's.

PHILLIPS
& CO.
218 West Superior Street.

The Cold, Backward Spring

has played havoc with our Oxford trade. Too cold for them. Couldn't sell them. We must get our money out of them soon or carry them over until next year. This will not do.

Big Bargains This Week.

350 Pairs of Ladies' Best Vici Kid Tan and Oxblood Oxfords; worth $2.50 and $3; all sizes, all widths..... **$2.19**

Your choice of 10 different styles of Ladies' Vici Kid Patent Leather Tan and Oxblood Oxfords, worth $3.00 and $3.50, all this season's goods..... **$2.69**

It's a shame to slaughter goods this way, but we must. We need money and—profit or no profit—we will have it.

Big Values in--
Men's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Summer Footwear.

HAS ITS FUN TOO.

Health Board Meeting Develops Saucy Talk as Well as the Council.

The board of health is a body that emulates the council in offering special attractions in the way of novel and exciting features at its meetings. So successful has it been that on many occasions the performance in the side show has fairly outrivaled that in the main tent.

There was the usual program this morning. The question was as to the comparative merits of Formaldehyde disinfecting gas generators. F. W. Kugler offered a resolution that the secretary of the state board be requested to give pointers on gas generators, either the Formaldehyde or something better, if he knew of any.

"That is, better for the purpose of disinfecting," suggested Alderman Simpson.

"That's what I meant," said Mr. Kugler.

Alderman Simpson replied that the resolution might be taken to mean a generator of better finish instead of better disinfecting qualities.

"Oh, you make me tired," ejaculated Mr. Kugler. And then he withdrew his motion and told Mr. Simpson he had better try it.

Then the latter dictated a resolution, and Mr. Kugler, in turn, found fault with Mr. Simpson's resolution because it was too general. Then there was more talk. Finally Health Officer Murray suggested that the whole matter of wording the request be left to Secretary Hurlbut.

This solved the question, Mr. Kugler and Mr. Simpson succeeding in agreeing on this way out of the difficulty, and the meeting adjourned after having allowed the pay roll and a few bills.

Ho for Tower! Conductors' Picnic!
Excursion train will leave Union Depot SATURDAY JULY 3rd AT 8 A. M. returning arriving at Duluth to p.m. The Grandest Celebration ever held in the Iron Country. Round trip tickets $2.00, Children half fare.

Education Lacking.

On a large neat looking house, the surroundings of which indicate good taste and refinement, and within a stone's throw of a magnificent school building near Thirteenth avenue west is a sign which reads "Borders Wanted." It is not likely that any of the inmates of the handsome residence are pupils at the neighboring school.

Milk Wagon Damaged.

An incoming Lakeside car, at Tenth avenue east, this morning, took a wheel off a milk wagon belonging to Fred Sick. One of the car windows was broken and a few passengers scared, but nobody was hurt. The driver of the wagon turned across the track to avoid an eastbound car just as the Lakeside car approached.

AUTHORIZED TO SETTLE.

Several Marine Bank Claims Are to Be Compromised.

Receiver W. E. Lucas of the Marine National bank has received authority from Judge Lochren of the United States court to settle some of the claims which the bank has against other people. One of these is a judgment for $12,862.13 against W. G. Joerns and Amos Shephard. The receiver is to satisfy the judgment as against Shephard upon the payment of $500. Another is a claim of $1475 on a note given by E. J. Crossett and endorsed by Alfred Merritt. Upon payment of $448.38 by Alfred Merritt, the receiver is to release him from all responsibility. The receiver has three orders against the town of Stuntz, amounting to $1149.25. He has been offered face value without any interest, and he is authorized to accept this.

An order was also filed permitting the receiver to settle as best he can any claims under $2500 which are classed as bad or worthless in his schedules forwarded to the comptroller.

Purchased the Pickett.

Maj. Clinton B. Sears, government engineer, has purchased the steam yacht Pickett from G. G. Barnum, and will use her as one of the boats necessary for the inspection of the dumping of material from the continuous contract work. The work will be in progress four or five years, and it is considered cheaper to buy than to rent. Another boat is needed. If the Nautilus could be obtained at what Maj. Sears thinks is a fair price he might purchase her, but she is not to be had.

Just after Maj. Sears had closed the purchase, a party went to him in hot haste to get the boat for a fishing trip on July Fourth. He was informed that he was too late.

An Eminent Specialist.

Profesor S. Clay Todd, of Grand Rapids, Mich., has come to the head of the lakes to spend the summer, and has opened a medical institute at 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior. Dr. Todd is a nerve specialist, who has attracted much attention in medical circles in the United States, Canada and Europe during his thirty-six years of practice, and some wonderful cures of cases abandoned by other physicians are reported from many parts of the world. To all who apply before July 4 Dr. Todd has magnanimously offered to give his services free until cured.

Special Agent Arrives.

A. R. Bone, the special agent of the land office, for whom mail was received yesterday at the United States land office, arrived here today. He is not a new agent, but was laid off in March when the appropriation was exhausted. He has now been reinstated. He was formerly at Fargo, and is an Indiana man.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

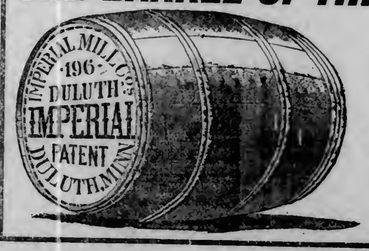
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FISHING AT PIKE LAKE.

RESORT AT MIDDLEBROOK STATION NOW OPEN.

The resort for fishermen at Middlebrook Station on the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway has been opened for the season. This string of lakes is well known to Duluth fishermen for black bass and muskallonge fishing. The South Shore road makes low fare excursion rates from Duluth.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR



Will Make More Than **300 Loaves** Of the **Best Bread You Ever Ate**
Sold Everywhere.

FREIMUTH'S
THE RELIABLE STORE.

Hot weather Bargains for Tomorrow's Trade

Millinery.

Ladies' Fancy Straw Sailor Hats, in the popular fashionable shapes, regular value $1.75 to $2.00, tomorrow..... $1.29

Ladies' Combination Straw two-colored Sailor Hats, very stylish; regular value $1.50, at only..... 98c

Ladies' Fine Milan Sailor Hats, In white, black, brown and navy; regular value $1.00 and $1.25, at..... 69c

Ladies' Linen Crash Bicycle Hats, Cheap at $1.00, tomorrow only..... 50c

Ladies' Trimmed Dress Hats at bargain prices.

Children's Embroidered
Muslin Caps, worth 30c, tomorrow at..... 15c
Children's Embroidered Muslin Caps, worth 50c, tomorrow at..... 25c
Children's Muslin Sun Bonnets, worth 75c, tomorrow at..... 50c

Corsets. 2d floor.

Ferris Ventilating Summer Waists for Ladies, slightly soiled, regular price $1.00, to close out..... 75c

Ferris Ventilating Summer Waists for Misses, slightly soiled, regular price 75c to 85c, to close out..... 58c

Ferris Children's Ventilating Waists, slightly soiled, regular price 50c, to close out..... 37c

Ventilating Summer Corsets, Extra well boned and stylish, regular price 50c, tomorrow only..... 39c

Cloak Room.

Ladies' Separate Dress Skirts Made from Figured Mohair, fully 4 yards wide, with good lining and velveteen binding, tomorrow only..... $1.95

Ladies' Plain Brilliantine Dress Skirts, lined with percaline, perfect hanging and well finished, a bargain at $5.00, for tomorrow only..... $3.75

Ladies' Duck Skirts In white and tan, worth $2.50, tomorrow only..... $1.50

Ladies' Duck Suits In light and dark colors, Eaton and Blazer Jackets, regular price $2.50 to $3.50, your choice tomorrow at..... $1.50

Ladies' Derby Shirt Waists In lawn and percale, made to sell at $1.25, tomorrow only..... 75c

Ladies' House Wrappers Made in light color percale, lawn and gingham, worth up to $2.00, special tomorrow only..... 98c

Special Low Prices for Bicycle Suits.

Ladies' Leather Belts In black and tan, regular price 25c, tomorrow..... 19c

Ladies' Pearl Shirt Waist Sets Cheap at 75c, tomorrow only..... 39c

Ladies' Shirt Waist Sets regular value $1.00 to $1.25, tomorrow only..... 50c

Ladies' Shirt Waist Sets Cheap at 50c, tomorrow only..... 25c

Link Cuff Buttons Cheap at 50 and 75c, tomorrow only..... 25c

Ladies' Mitts Warranted pure silk, regular value 25c, tomorrow only..... 15c

Ladies' Extra Heavy Quality Silk Mitts, good value at 45c, tomorrow..... 25c

Colgate's Handkerchief Perfumes in all odors, tomorrow only, per ounce
25 cents.

Parasols.

In pure white, heavy Japanese Silk, with white handles at only..... 98c

White Silk Parasols with a wide silk ruffle at only..... $1.50

White Silk Parasols with two silk ruffles, at only..... $1.75

Fancy Silk Foulard Parasols in a large variety of colors at only..... $1.50

Silk String Neck Ties Suitable for Men or Ladies' wear, large variety of patterns, at only..... 10c

Warm Weather Dress fabrics

Silk-striped Wool Challies, 31-inches wide, in very pretty designs, cheap at 45c, at only..... 25c

20 pieces Figured Silk Foulards The correct silk for Shirt Waists, regular value 50c, at only..... 38c

Extra good quality Waist Silk In pretty stripes and checks, well worth 35c, at only..... 25c

A small lot of dark and light colored Silk Ginghams, cheap at 50c, to close out, only..... 25c

French Satin Ray Organdies In a large variety of patterns and colorings, cheap at 45c, at only..... 29c

American Queen Dimities and Organdies in a large variety of colors and patterns, well worth 22c, of only..... 15c

Another lot of Figured Dimities 28 inches wide, regular value 12½c, tomorrow at..... 6½c

Best Outing Shirt Waist Percale 36 inches wide, regular price 12½c, tomorrow only..... 9½c

One case Outing Flannel In pretty patterns, regular price 10c, at only..... 7½c

Ladies Underw'r

Ladies' Sleeveless Swiss Ribbed Vests in white only, cheap at 18c, only..... 10c

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests In ecru and white, cheap at 20c, only..... 12½c

Ladies' extra quality Swiss Ribbed Sleeveless Vests in ecru only, worth 30c, at only..... 18c

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOE BARGAINS

Misses' Dongola Lace Oxfords Your choice of 150 pairs Misses' Dongola Lace Oxfords, such makes as P. Cox and Williams, Hoyt & Co., of Rochester, sold right along at $1.50 and $1.75, owing to the unseasonable weather we find ourselves overstocked, closing price, per pair..... $1.00

Children's Patent Leather Oxfords Children's Patent Leather Lace Oxfords, very best quality, sold at $1.50, sizes 8½ to 11, per pair..... 98c

Children's Strap Slippers Children's Fancy Strap Slippers, black or tan, sizes 5 to 8, per pair..... 69c

Children's Strap Slippers Children's Fancy Strap Slippers, black or tan, sizes 8½ to 10½, per pair..... 75c

Ladies' Strap Slippers Ladies' Fancy Strap Slippers, black or brown..... 89c

Ladies' Tan Oxfords Ladies' Hand Turn Tan Oxfords, flexible soles, $1.50 grade..... $1.00

Ladies' Tan Oxfords Ladies' Hand Turn Oxfords, brown or black, none better for wear, $2.00 grade..... $1.48

Ladies' Oxfords. Ladies' Silk Vesting Top Oxfords, very handsome, positively cannot be equalled in Duluth under $3.00. Tomorrow only, a pair..... $2.00

Ladies' Lace Shoes. Ladies' Dark Brown Lace Shoes, heel or spring heel, an all solid Shoe, good styles, $2.50 value, a pair..... $1.69

Misses' Chocolate Button Shoes. Misses' Chocolate Button Shoes, hand turned, the $1.75 kind..... $1.25

Children's Button Shoes. Children's Chocolate Button Shoes, hand turned, 8½ to 10½, the $1.50 kind..... $1.00

Child's Button Shoes. Child's Chocolate Button Shoes, hand turned, 5 to 8, the 90c kind..... 69c

Infants' Button Shoes. Infants' Chocolate Button Shoes, hand turned, 2 to 5, the 65c kind..... 48c

Special Bargains in Boy's and Youth's Shoes.

FREIMUTH'S

OVER THE IRON RANGE.

Railroad Commissioners Changed Their Plans Yesterday.

George L. Becker and Nathan Kingsley, of the state railroad and warehouse commission, and I. T. Telsberg, secretary of the board, returned about 8 o'clock last night from their tour of inspection over the Duluth, Superior & Western road. It was the intention of the party on leaving here yesterday morning to run over the Wright & Davis road and the Itasca Lumber company's logging road, but the program was changed and they went direct to Deer River and at once doubled back to Duluth, reaching here three hours sooner than was originally intended. Shortly after 10 o'clock they left on a special in President Greatsinger's private car for a trip over the Duluth & Iron Range. They will arrive in Duluth on the return this afternoon and will leave for St. Paul tonight. The Duluth, Superior & Western was found in excellent condition.

Excursion to the Missabe Range.

On July 2 and 3 excursion tickets to all points on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway will be sold at one and one-third fare for the round trip, tickets good returning until July 6 inclusive. Train leaves Union depot at 7:45 a. m., returning arrives at Duluth 3:35 p. m.

Purchase tickets at Union depot.

Died—Andrew Knutson, at Fergus Falls, Minn., Tuesday, June 29, of apopletic fits, aged 28 years. Funeral from St. Clement's church tomorrow morning at 8:30.

July Weather Data.

The weather bureau has issued the data for the month of July covering a period of twenty-six years. The mean or normal temperature has been 66 degrees. The warmest July was 71 degrees in 1878 and the coldest 61 degrees in 1891. The highest temperature recorded in any July was 99 degrees on the 1st in 1883 and the lowest 45 degrees on the 2nd in 1895. The average precipitation has been 3.62 inches, the greatest being 10.42 inches in 1879 and the least 0.47 inches in 1875. The average number of cloudy days has been 7, partly cloudy 15, and clear 9. Prevailing winds have been northeast and the highest velocity 42 miles from the west on the 24th in 1882.

DETROIT AND RETURN, $12.00.
VIA DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.
First excursion, July 2-6. Return limit, July 15. Second excursion, July 10-12. Return limit, July 20.
T. H. LARKE, Com'l Agent, 426 Spalding House block.

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United States Government Depositary.
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Pale Bohemian and Bavarian.
2 Dozen Quarts..... $2.25
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EVENING HERALD

MAY 1 THRU JUN 30

1897 1897

Duluth Evening HERALD

Inclusive Dates: May 1 1897 — June 30 1897

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